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A STUDY OF APPLICATION OF REMOTE SENSING TO RIVER FORECASTING

IBM No. 75W-00056

FINAL REPORT

VOLUME II - DETAILED TECHNICAL REPORT: NASA-IBM STREAMFLOW
FORECAST MODEL USER'S GUIDE

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

This volume is intended to aid a prospective user to operate the NASA-IBM Streamflow Forecast Model. This includes data preparation, determining model parameters, initializing and optimizing parameters (calibration) selecting control options and interpreting results. Some background information has been included in Section 2. Appendices contain a dictionary of variables, a source program listing and flow charts. A bibliography, with abstracts, several related documents, and computer programs are to be delivered separately.

The model has been operated for this study on an IBM System/360 Model 44, using a Model 2250 keyboard/graphics terminal for interactive operation. The model can be set up and operated in a batch processing mode on any System/360 or 370 that has the memory capacity. The model requires 210K bytes of core storage, and the optimization program, OPSET (which was used previous to but not in this study), requires 240K bytes. The data bank for one small watershed requires approximately 32 tracks of disk storage (Model 2314).

The models described in this report have evolved from the well-known Stanford Watershed Models (Crawford and Linsley, 1962; Crawford and Linsley, 1966; Anderson and Crawford, 1964). These original models were written in the BALGOL computer language for the Burroughs Computer at the Stanford Research Institute. Since BALGOL is not used extensively, a number of FORTRAN translations have been published (James, 1968; Claborn and Moore, 1970; Ricci, 1972, among others). The translation by James, known as the Kentucky Watershed Model, was selected for the previous study and used with some modifications.

The Kentucky Watershed Model is basically a FORTRAN version of the Stanford Watershed Model III (Anderson and Crawford, 1964). A few modifications have been added from the Stanford Watershed Model IV (Crawford and Linsley, 1966) by James for use in Eastern watersheds. A self-calibrating version of the KWM (OPSET) was developed and tested by Liou (1970) and applied by James (1970) and Ross (1970).

Modifications introduced by IBM under NASA contract consist principally of adding routines for man-machine interfaces, multi-year simulations, statistical analysis of results, and plot output options. Additionally, shortened, variable simulation periods have been introduced for forecast applications.

For more detailed discussions of the model structure and application, the reader is referred to reports by Anderson and Crawford (1964), Crawford and Linsley (1966), Liou (1970), Ross (1970), James (1970), Ricci (1972 a, b, c), and Striffler (1973).

SECTION 2

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

2.1 HYDROLOGIC PHENOMENA IN THE WATERSHED

That aspect of hydrology known as streamflow forecasting undertakes to predict the outflow from a river basin, in terms of flow rate as a function of time, in response to a given precipitation event under given initial conditions. This capability is vital to effective planning for urban/industrial development, flood control, hydroelectric power, navigation, and water resources management.

Figure 2-1 depicts the cross section of a somewhat idealized rural catchment and identifies the principal phenomena at work in the rainfall-runoff relationship. The input (precipitation) is partially intercepted by vegetation and water retention areas. Moisture reaching pervious surfaces divides among overland flow, infiltration, and evaporation. Through subsurface processes, interflow and groundwater flow contribute ultimately to streamflow, with some losses due to transpiration through plant life. In certain regions, in winter, moisture is stored in the form of snow in portions of the basin, and melts to produce additional moisture movement in spring.

All the phenomena involved in this portion of the hydrologic cycle are widely and well understood qualitatively, and several empirical relationships have been developed from a combination of theory and experiment. The relationships are numerous, many of them are nonlinear, and they are interrelated. Manual solutions for streamflow by manipulation of such a set of equations are inefficient and so time consuming as to be of little value in an operational situation. Individuals and organizations responsible for streamflow forecasting have turned to watershed models as effective tools for their work. Development of such models has been facilitated by the increasing availability of large, high-speed computers.

2.2 MOISTURE ACCOUNTING IN THE SIMULATION MODEL

The streamflow forecast model uses a moisture accounting system to synthesize a continuous hydrograph (a graph of streamflow volume per unit time or stream height as a function of time) from the following:

1. Recorded climatological data, precipitation, evaporation, and (for snowmelt situations) temperature,
2. Measurable watershed characteristics such as drainage area and friction of the watershed in impervious surfaces, and

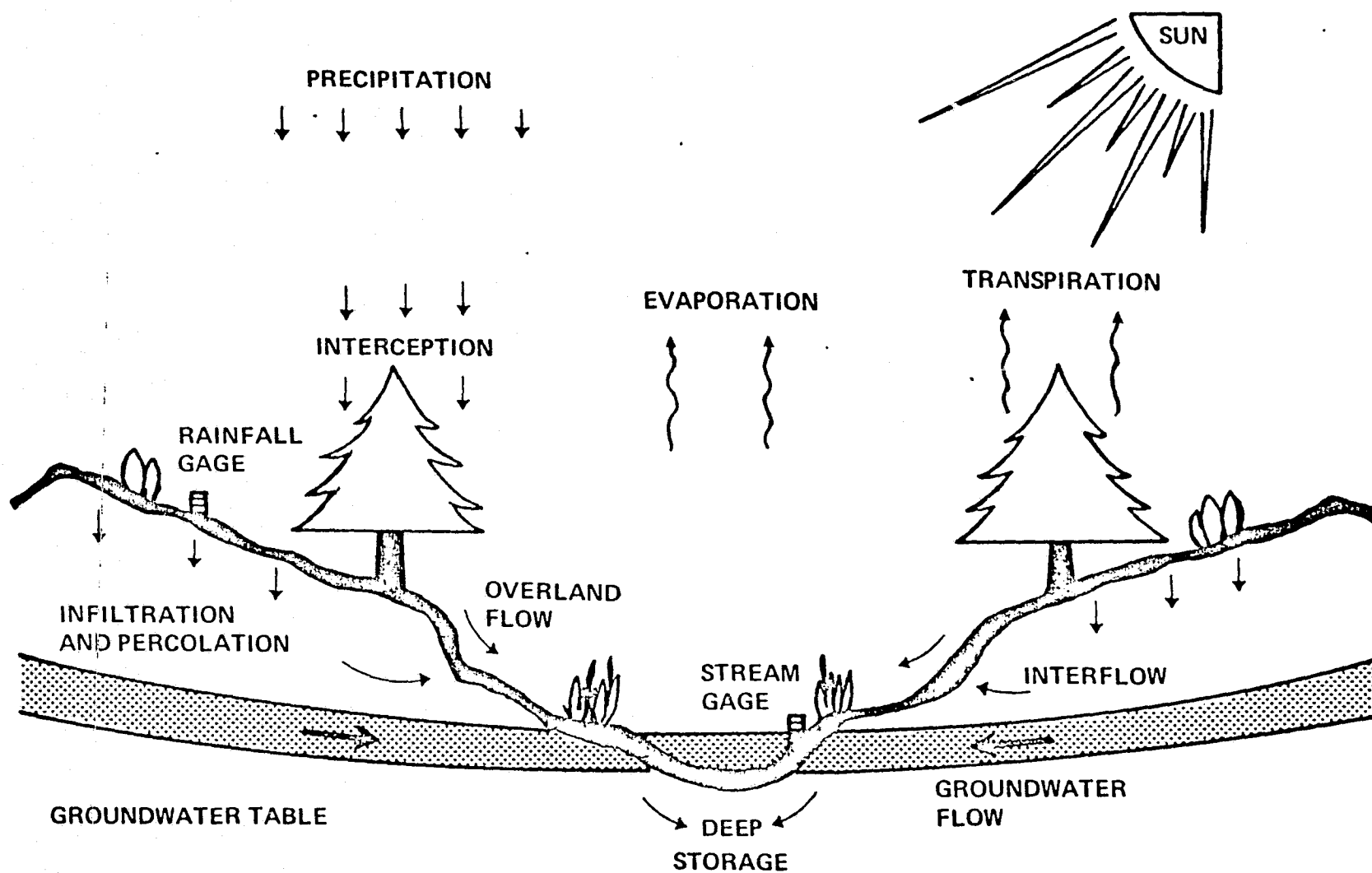


Figure 2-1. Cross Section of Idealized Rural Catchment

3. Parameters used in the computation process which are known to vary in magnitude among watersheds but have not been quantitatively tied to specific measurable watershed properties. For example, one parameter indexes the capacity of the soil of the watershed as a whole to retain water.

The third class of inputs requires a trial-and-error series of calibration runs to quantify a set of model parameters which will synthesize flows with acceptable accuracy.

Figure 2-2 depicts the accounting of moisture entering the watershed until it leaves by streamflow, evapotranspiration, or subsurface outflow. A series of relations, each based on empirical observation or theoretical description of a specific hydrologic process, is used to estimate rates and volumes of moisture movement from one storage category to another, in accordance with current storage states and the calibrated watershed parameters. The model routes channel inflow from the point where it enters a tributary channel to the downstream point for which a hydrographic is required. The flow chart provides the basis for the logical interlocking of a set of empirical equations into the algorithm that is at the heart of the model.

2.3 MODEL PARAMETERS AND CALIBRATION

When a user applies a simulation model to a watershed, there are several parameters whose values he must initially guess and subsequently adjust, between trial runs of the model and comparisons of synthesized with observed flows. This trial-and-error calibration requires ingenuity, understanding of the sensitivity of simulated flows to specific parameter adjustments. The process is aided greatly by a thorough understanding of the hydrologic process and by the guidance published by Crawford and Linsley (1962, 1966). Through careful parameter adjustment, one can cause simulated flows to approximate recorded flows but never to match them exactly. Several combinations of parameter values can produce comparable results from an overall viewpoint, and the final choice may well hinge on whether a particular comparison emphasizes flood peaks, annual runoff volume, or some other hydrographic feature. The final acceptance of a set of parameters may depend heavily on subjective factors.

Figure 2-3 lists the principal inputs (exclusive of control options) used by the watershed model to simulate streamflow. Climatological data can be obtained from precipitation records or can be hypothetical, the latter being useful in generating rainfall-runoff predictions. The inputs classed as "overland flow parameters" and "watershed parameters" are readily obtainable from analysis and interpretation of images (maps and/or photographs). The inputs on the right side of the figure must be estimated by a calibration process.

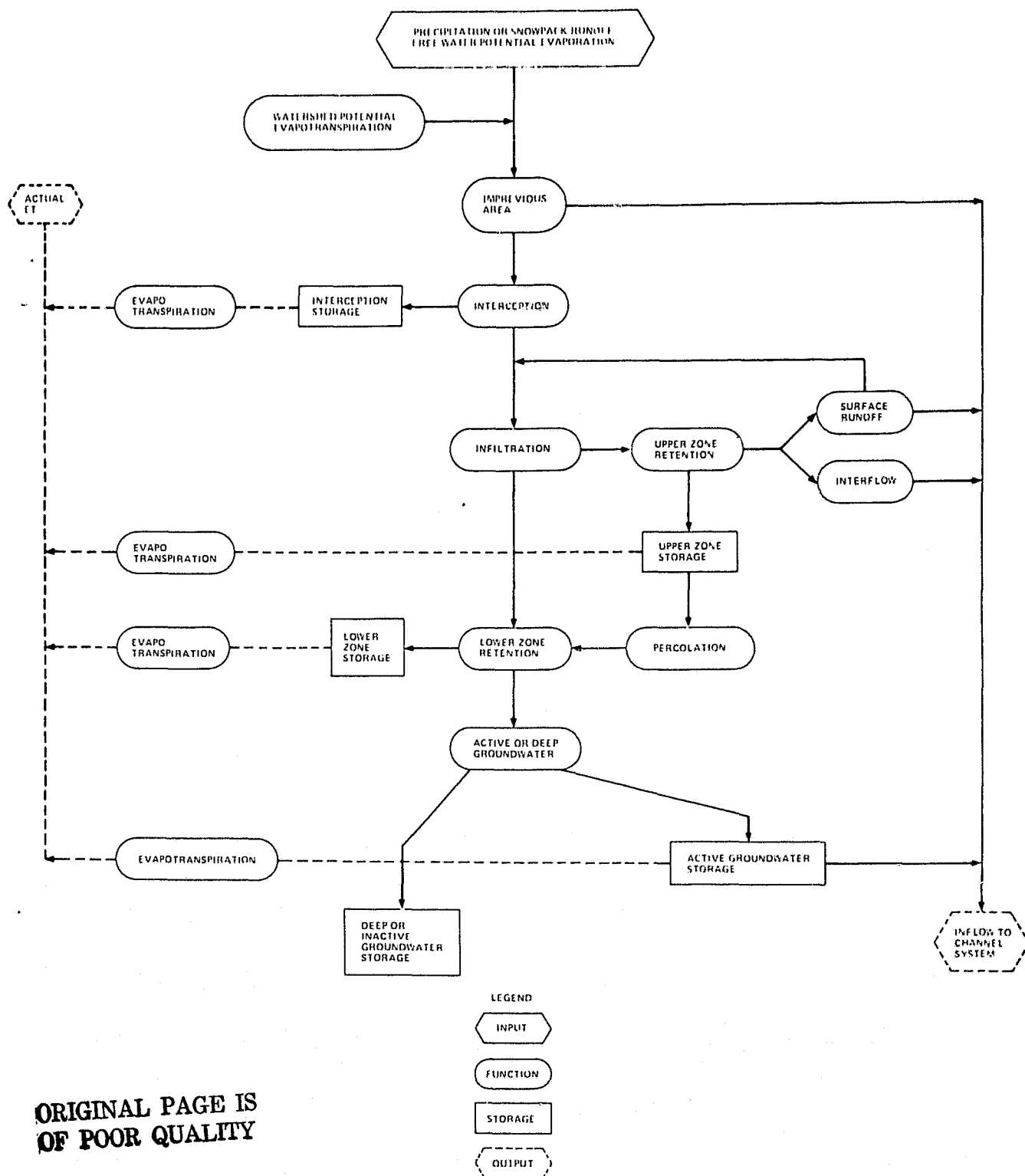


Figure 2-2. Moisture Accounting in the Stanford Watershed Model

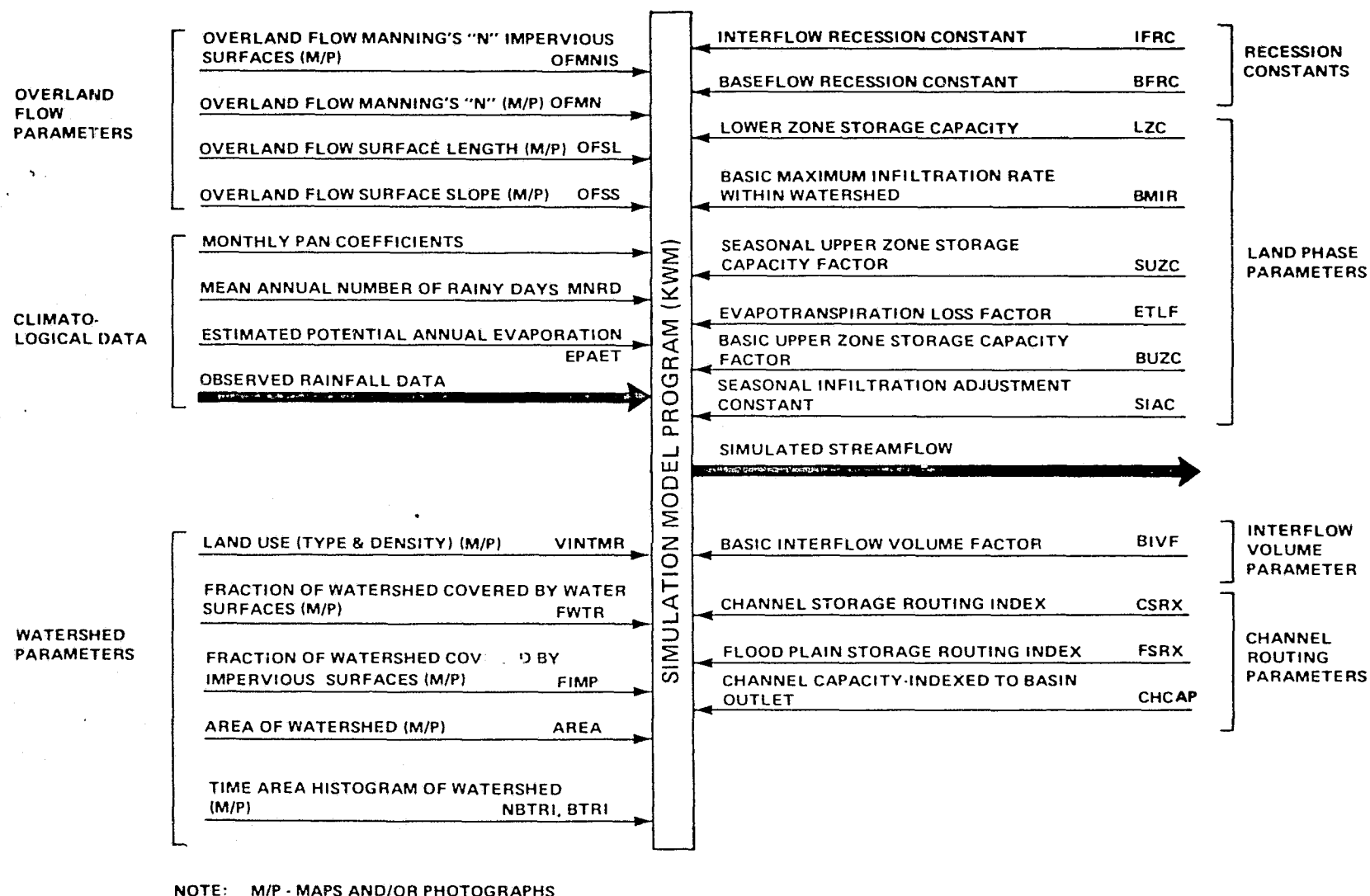


Figure 2-3. Simulation Model (KWM) Inputs and Outputs

In developing OPSET, Liou (1970) provided a tool for calibrating the KWM with a minimum of subjective decisions. The parameter optimization concept is depicted in flow chart form in Figure 2-4. The input data consists of control options and initial conditions as well as the inputs listed in Figure 2-5. A simulation is performed, one year at a time. The synthesized flows are compared with the observed flows. An objective function is used to determine when an optimum set of parameters has been found. If the best match has not been achieved, parameters are again adjusted and the simulation run again. This sequence is repeated until a satisfactory parameter set has been quantified.

Figure 2-5 also lists the outputs of OPSET, in addition to simulated streamflow. (Comparison with Figure 2-3 shows the relationship to the simulation model.) These parameters are the most difficult to measure directly and are the ones to which simulated flow values are sensitive. The calibration process should be based on three separate water years for the same basin. Simulation model parameters are then derived by averaging the results of the three calibration runs. A minor modification to OPSET has been implemented to generate a more precise Base Flow Recession Constant (BFRC). As it is presently designed, OPSET estimates parameters which produce accurate simulations of major winter storms (with respect to flood peak magnitude and timing) but misses summer and autumn storm peaks by significant factors. Manual adjustments are required to achieve accurate simulation in the latter. An improvement in OPSET efficiency could be achieved by modifying it to calibrate on the basis of several consecutive years rather than one year at a time.

Snowmelt parameters have not been treated in the foregoing because OPSET does not estimate them. Their quantification is described in Section 4.1.

2.4 INPUT DATA PREPARATION

Simulation of a watershed requires (1) acquisition, formatting and integration of a historical data base, (2) quantification of some of the model parameters from direct observation, measurement and application of empirical relationships, and (3) calibration, the adjustment of the remaining parameters to achieve an acceptable match between simulated (synthesized) and actual streamflow. After calibration, the system may be used to predict streamflow resulting from any given precipitation event.

The historical data base for the system is constructed from the following types of data.

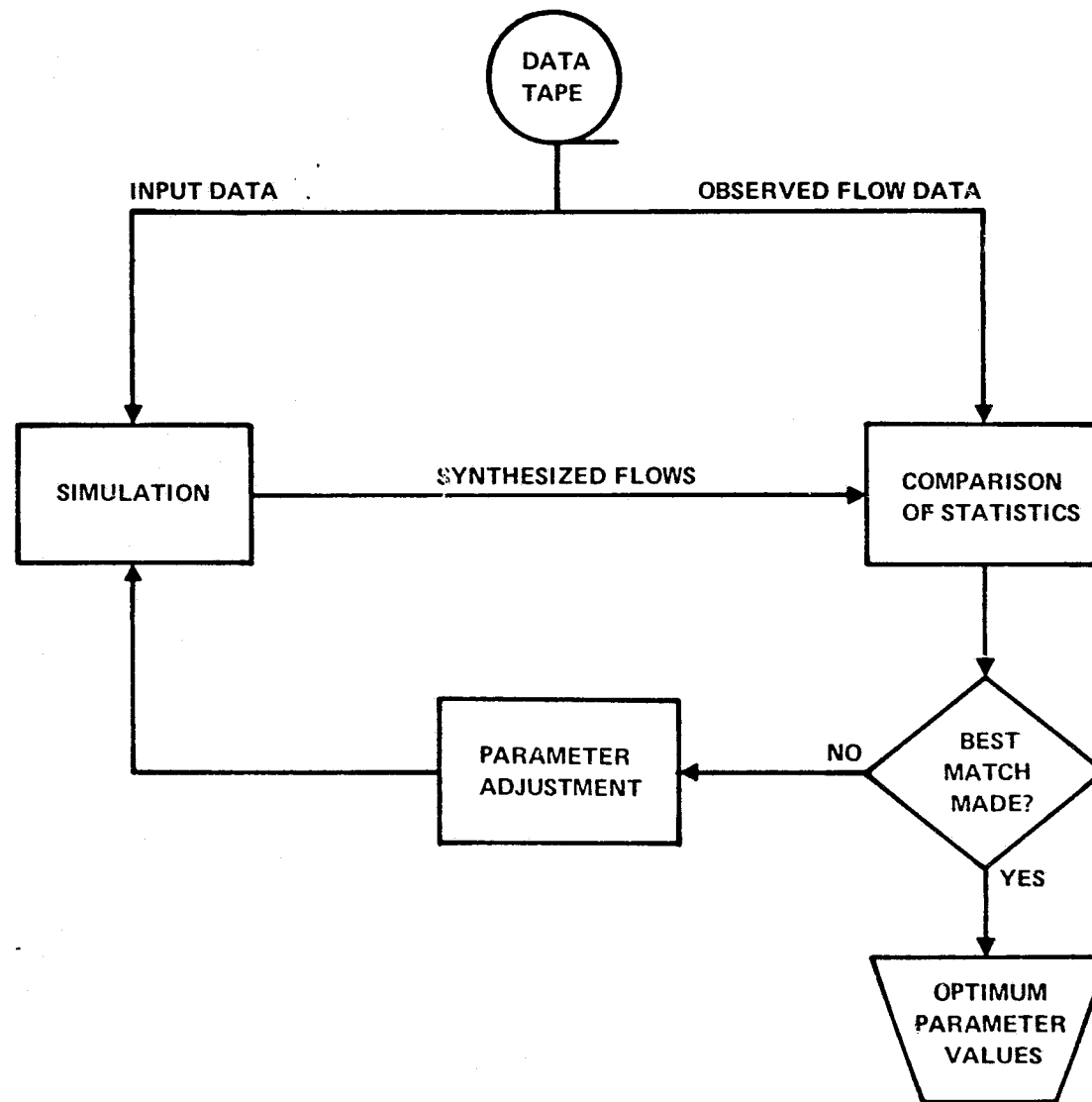


Figure 2-4. Parameter Optimization Concept

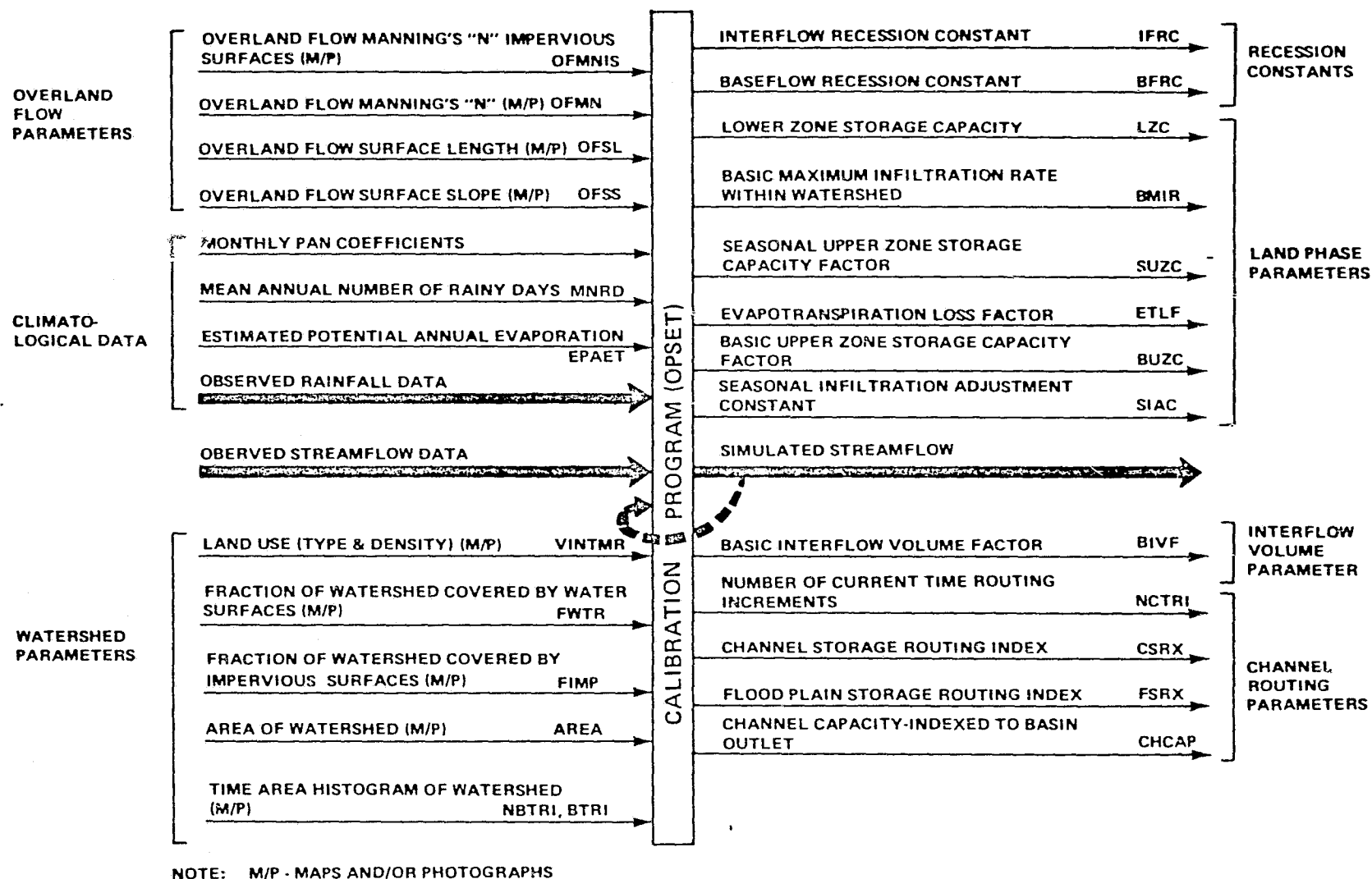


Figure 2-5. Calibration Program (OPSET) Inputs and Outputs

- o Precipitation records - hourly and daily
- o Stream stage charts - actual strip chart hydrographs
- o Rating tables for conversion of stream stage charts from height (feet) to flow rate (cubic feet per second, cfs)
- o Daily streamflow (discharge) records
- o Temperature records - maximum and minimum each day (used with snow routine only)
- o Evaporation data - three options:
 - Daily evaporation and monthly pan coefficients; or
 - Total annual evaporation, mean annual number of rainy days and estimated potential annual evapotranspiration; or
 - Average daily evaporation values over ten-day periods through the year and monthly pan coefficients.
- o Snowmelt data arrays

Data are converted from published documents or charts or magnetic tape, to digital formats suitable for input to the calibration and simulation programs, as described in Section 3.

2.5 OPERATION

Once the model parameters and historical data have been integrated into a master data bank, actual operation of the models, whether by batch processing (over-the-counter or remote job entry) or interactive will depend on the configuration, capabilities and procedures of the supporting computer center.

2.6 OUTPUTS

There is a variety of outputs available from the multi-year simulation program in the NASA-IBM system. The operator and analyst can choose those which best suit his needs from the following.

- o A tabulation of hourly synthesized streamflow, with daily values for the following:

- peak flow and time of peak
- snowpack depth
- snow total moisture density
- snow albedo index
- total accumulated negative snowmelt
- snowpack liquid water content
- o A table of monthly annual totals.
- o A yearly statistical summary.
- o A table of mean daily reference streamflow, with monthly and annual totals.
- o A table of mean daily simulated streamflow, with monthly and annual totals.
- o A table of monthly moisture storages and indices.
- o A table of flow duration and error statistics.
- o A list of the 20 highest clock hour rainfall events in the water year.
- o A list of the 20 highest clock hour overland flow runoff events in the water year.
- o A table of daily soil moisture.
- o A comparison table of storm events, reference and simulated, with respect to peak flow, time of peak, and runoff, one table per storm event.
- o Total daily and monthly statistical summary.
- o Print-plots for total year, each month and each storm event.
- o Tapes of data for SC-4020 plot outputs for total year, each month and each storm event.

In the forecast and past-run modes, the following outputs are available (see Section 7).

- o Superimposed forecast hydrographs for worst case, forecast and zero precipitation.
- o Superimposed simulated and observed hydrographs for past (fine tune) runs.
- o Tables of hourly streamflow by day for each forecast case.
- o Table of daily precipitation, surface runoff, interflow, baseflow, and stream runoff for each forecast case.
- o Table of peak flow, time of peak, runoff and total precipitation for the forecast period for each forecast case. This table also shows differences and percent differences between worst case and forecast peaks.
- o Table of soil moisture storages at the end of each day of the forecast period.

SECTION 3

BASIC DATA*

The input data required to operate the model consists of a minimum basic core plus supplemental data required by various control options in the program. The various data components will be discussed in the order in which the data is read into the program, which is also essentially the order in which the data is arranged in the data deck.

3.1 TIME-AREA-HISTOGRAM DEFINITION

Both the original Stanford Model IV (Crawford and Linsley, 1966) and the Kentucky Watershed Model (Ross, 1970; Liou, 1970) use an empirical routing procedure developed by C. O. Clark (1945). This procedure routes channel inflow to the basin outlet using a time-delay histogram. The time-area histogram divides the basin into zones of equal travel time by drawing isochrones on a topographic map. The fraction of the watershed area within each set of isochrones defines the time-area histogram. The procedure for determining these zones is outlined below.

1. Determine the Time of Concentration

The time of concentration (T_c) is defined as the time required for water falling on the most distant part of the watershed to reach the outlet via the channel. It can be estimated using the empirical equation of Kirpich (Chow, 1964):

$$T_c = .0078 \frac{L^{0.77}}{S^{0.385}}$$

When T_c is in minutes; L is the length in feet of the basin area measured from the channel outlet along the channel, and in a direct line from end of the channel to the furthest point in the basin; and S is the ratio of the length (L) to the fall in feet from the furthest point to the basin outlet.

2. Determine the average velocity of a flood wave through the basin:

$$V_{av} = \frac{T_c}{L}$$

* This section draws heavily on Striffler (1973) for organization and interpretation.

3. Select a desired isochrone spacing. Since routing is either done on a 15-minute or hourly basis in the model, the isochrone spacing selected should agree with the routing interval. On a large watershed, longer intervals will help hold down computer time requirements.
4. From the average velocity, calculate the distance required for the water to flow one isochrone distance. For example, if the average velocity is 4.0 mph and isochrone interval selected is 15 minutes, an isochrone would cross the channel every mile above the basin outlet.
5. Divide the basin into isochrone areas by measuring the channel distance between isochrones and determining the watershed area contributing flow to that section of the channel. Planimeter the area between each set of isochrones and determine the fraction of basin area in each area. Beginning with the isochrone area above the outlet, these fractions represent the time-area histogram. Data required by the model includes the number of base time routing increments (NBTRI) and the base time routing increment (BTRI) data array (see Figure 3-1).

3.2 SNOWMELT DATA ARRAYS

If snow and snowmelt are important processes on the watershed and called in the model (CONOPT 7 = 1), the following data arrays are required.

FIRR - The fraction of incoming radiation reflected by a snow surface as a function of age.

This is an array of 15 values which is used to adjust snowmelt rates as snow surface albedo changes. It is well known that snow surface albedos change with age and also with rainfall on the surface. Snow albedos have been shown to vary from a maximum of about 0.80 for new fallen snow to a minimum of about 0.40 for a ripe snow pack during the melt season. Under melting conditions, the albedo can change from the maximum to the minimum in about fifteen days (Figure 3-2). This relationship is the basis for the FIRR array. Anderson and Crawford (1964) discussed the application of the reduction factor in the Stanford Snowmelt Model but didn't discuss how they derived the array used. Their data are also plotted on Figure 3-2. In this study, adjustment factors were taken directly from the albedo curve. A more representative array could be determined if data for a total energy budget were available for the watershed.

RICY - Radiation Incidence over the Calendar Year.

The RICY data array is an array of 37 values, each representing an adjustment factor to the snowmelt rate for each 10-day period during the calendar year. In the snowmelt model of Anderson and Crawford (1964), snowmelt is calculated on the basis of a degree day heat input to the snow pack.

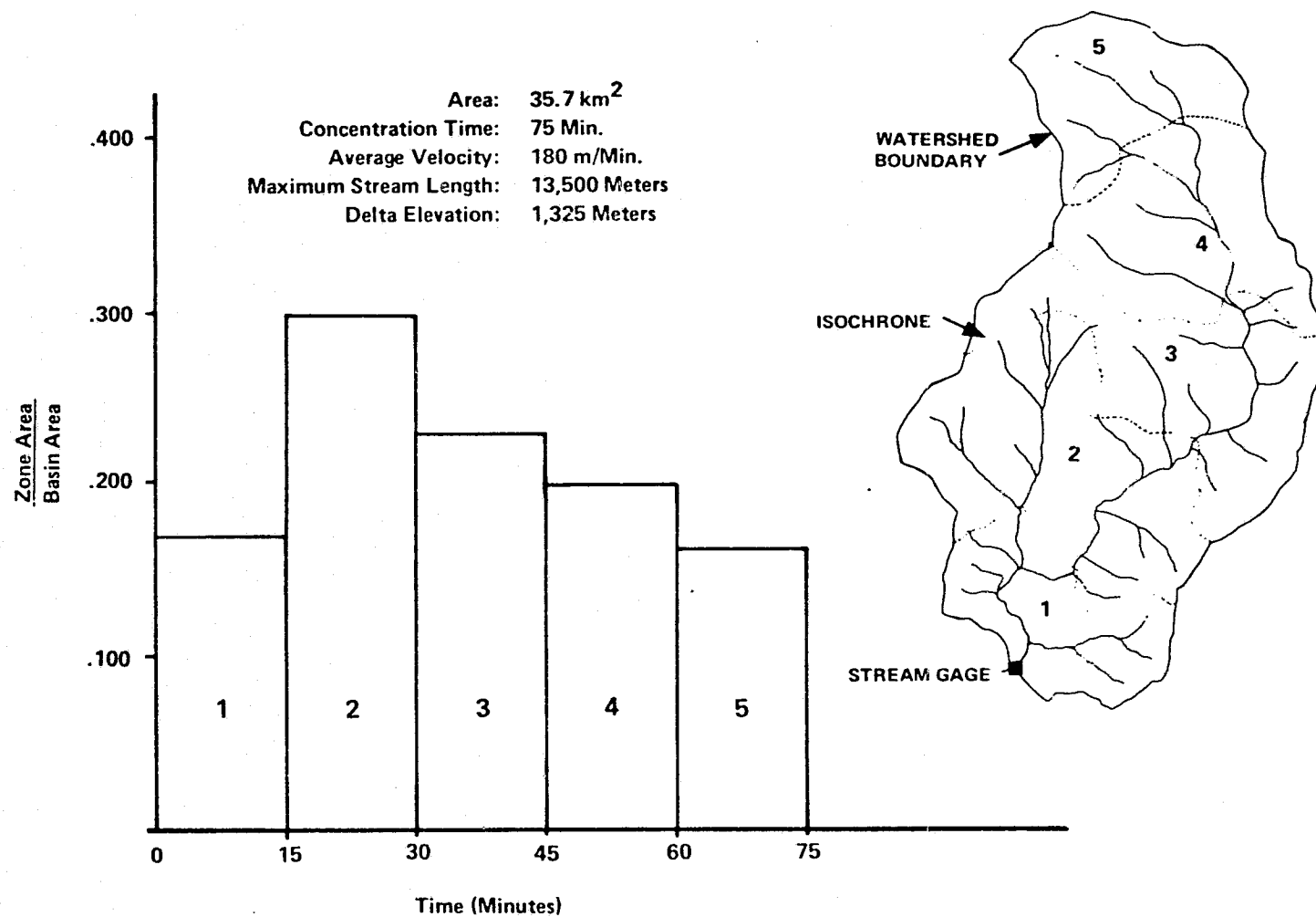


Figure 3-1. Typical Watershed Divided by Isochrones

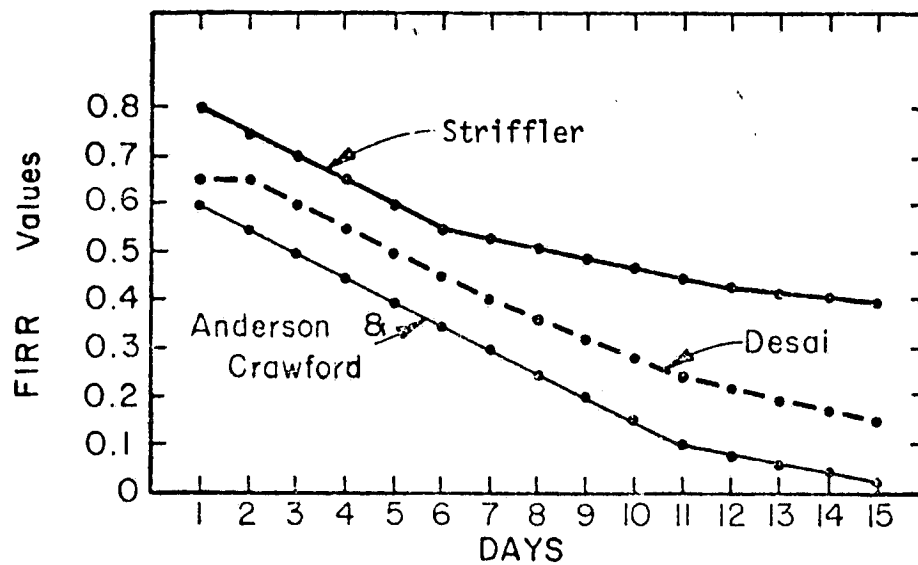


Figure 3-2. FIRR Array

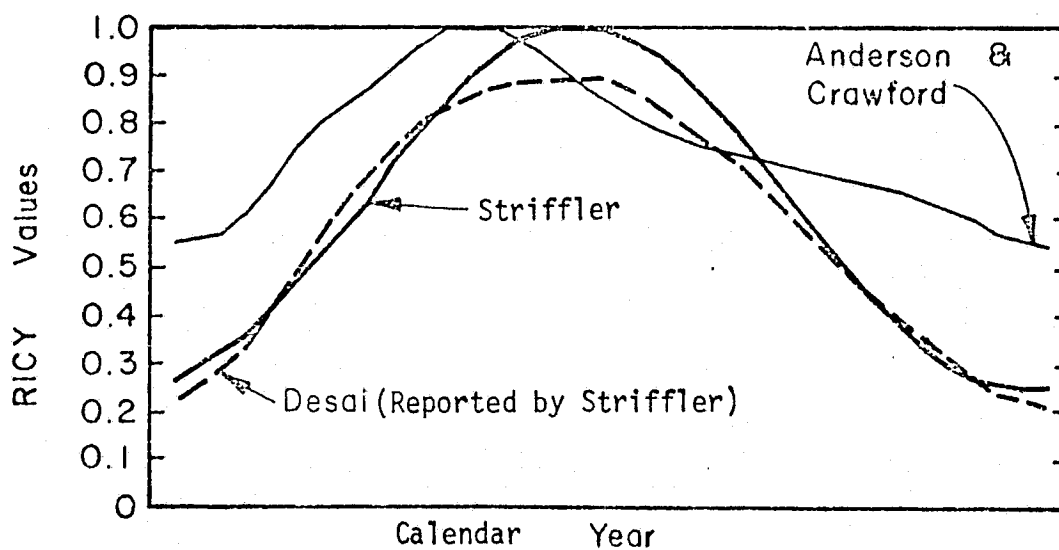


Figure 3-3. RICY Array

The parameter BDDFSM represents the maximum melt rate which would occur during the melt season. However, melt does not occur at the maximum rate during the melt season; and since melt is a function of solar energy as well as air temperature, the maximum melt rate (BDDFSM) represents the maximum input of both sensible heat and solar energy. Anderson (1968) calculated degree day melt factors using daily streamflow hydrographs and a continuous energy balance calculation for the snow pack. His data show a seasonal distribution of melt factors which roughly approximates the distribution of solar energy. Anderson (reported by Striffler) suggests that the RICY data array should approximate a sine wave with the maximum occurring on June 21, and the minimum, about one-fourth the maximum, on December 21. A sine wave distribution and the data array used in the Stanford Snowmelt Model are shown in Figure 3-3. Desai's data was determined from the seasonal distribution of radiation data at Laramie, Wyoming.

DPSE - Dated Potential Snow Evaporation.

In the Stanford Snowmelt Model, evapotranspiration and evaporation from the snow surface are considered separately. The DPSE data array is the data source for snow evaporation and represents daily snow evaporation for 10-day periods during the water year. In the calculations, snow evaporation does not occur if the daily minimum temperature is greater than 32° or if the snow pack total water content is less than the daily potential snow evaporation.

Anderson and Crawford (1964) derived snow evaporation data using the following equation and data from the Central Sierra Snow Laboratory (CSSL) watershed:

$$E = \frac{b' V_W}{Q_t} (\rho_a - \rho_s)$$

where E is evaporation in inches, b' is an empirical constant, V_W is the wind velocity, Q_t is the thermal quality of the snow (percent by weight of ice), ρ_a is the vapor pressure of the air in millibars, and ρ_s is the saturation vapor pressure over the snow.

3.3 EVAPORATION DATA ARRAYS

Three different forms of evaporation data can be used in the model (CONOPT 3 = 0,1,2). These include daily potential evapotranspiration (DPET) values (CONOPT 3 = 0), average daily potential evaporation values for 10-day periods (CONOPT 3 = 1), and an average annual potential evapotranspiration value (EPAET). Although DPET is defined as "dated potential evapotranspiration," the Kentucky Report (Ross, 1970) reduces evaporation data to lake evaporation which is derived from measured pan evaporation and a pan coefficient. Thus DPET values can be measured pan evaporation data or calculated potential ET data. Ideally daily pan evaporation data from a pan located within or adjacent to the watershed should be used. However, since good pan data are rare in most parts of the country and particularly the mountain west, calculated PET values, using an appropriate ET formula will suffice.

In this study, the Hamon Formula (Hamon, 1961) was used:

$$PET = C D^2 P_t$$

in which PET = potential ET in inches, C is a constant, D is the possible hours of sunshine in units of 12 hours, and P_t is the saturated water vapor density (absolute humidity) in grams per cubic meter at the mean daily temperature. The constant C was adjusted so that calculated PET values agreed with a partial pan record in the watershed.

Although daily values of potential ET are most desirable in the daily accounting in the model, averages over 10-day periods can be used if it is desirable to reduce the calculation required to assemble daily values. DPET values for 10-day periods are input as an array of 37 values. The 37 values should correspond to the time distribution shown in Table 3-1.

The third option (EPAET) (CONOPT 3 = 2) requires an annual potential evaporation value plus a correction factor for the number of rainy days during the year (MNRD). These values can either be measured values for a particular year or average values for a number of years. Average values should be used for years in which climatic data are not available. Under this option, an adjusted annual PET value is calculated and distributed over the water year by subroutine EVAPDAY. The EPAET (estimated potential average evapotranspiration) and MNRD (mean number of rainy days) are the only values read, in this option.

If DPET data are read (CONOPT 3 = 0 or 1) an array of monthly pan coefficients (EPCM) must also be entered. This consists of an array of 12 values comprising the evaporation pan coefficient for each month of the water year. If the DPET values are already converted to lake evaporation, or potential evapotranspiration values, pan coefficients should be read as 1.0's.

3.4 STREAMFLOW DATA

Daily discharge data is the average volume in cubic feet of water per second that flows past the stream gage during a 24-hour period. This data exists on magnetic tape and/or written tables for all stream gages in the Tennessee Valley. The data format which exists on magnetic tape must be altered to be compatible with the simulation model. Where the data exists in written tables, it is necessary to manually extract that information, convert to punched card format, and develop a listing compatible with model requirements.

For operation of the OPSET program, it is necessary to select up to five flood hydrographs for each of the years for which the model is to be calibrated. This requires a manual search of precipitation and discharge records to select storms useful to the calibration. The digitized input data include the number of hydrographs chosen and three parameters related

Table 3-1. 10-day Intervals for Averaging Evaporation Data (Ross, 1970)

Oct.	1-Oct. 10	Apr.	1-Apr. 10
Oct.	11-Oct. 20	Apr.	11-Apr. 20
Oct.	21-Oct. 30	Apr.	21-Apr. 30
Oct.	31-Nov. 9	May	1-May 10
Nov.	10-Nov. 19	May	11-May 20
Nov.	20-Nov. 29	May	21-May 30
Nov.	30-Dec. 9	May	31-June 9
Dec.	10-Dec. 19	June	10-June 19
Dec.	20-Dec. 31	June	20-June 29
Jan.	1-Jan. 10	June	30-July 9
Jan.	11-Jan. 20	July	10-July 19
Jan.	21-Jan. 30	July	20-July 29
Jan.	31-Feb. 9	July	30-Aug. 8
Feb.	10-Feb. 19	Aug.	9-Aug. 18
Feb.	20-Mar. 1*	Aug.	19-Aug. 28
Mar.	2-Mar. 11	Aug.	29-Sep. 7
Mar.	12-Mar. 21	Sep.	8-Sep. 17
Mar.	22-Mar. 31	Sep.	18-Sep. 27
		Sep.	28-Sep. 30

* This is an 11-day interval on leap years.

to each hydrograph: day of occurrence of the flood peak, hour of occurrence of the flood peak, and flow rate at the peak. These hydrographs parameters are essential for the OPSET program to determine watershed model routing parameters, so that total flows will represent accurate predictions, with respect to the time of occurrence of hydrograph peaks as well as the total volume of flow for a given period of time. In practice the selected storm hydrograph parameters are not available in daily discharge records. It is necessary to obtain them from the strip charts produced by the stream gage recorders. Rating tables are also digitized and stored for conversion of gage height readings into flow rate.

The procedure employed to obtain this data requires manual analysis of each strip chart and manual recording of the rise and fall of the stream gage on an hourly basis. The time frame should extend from midnight of the day in which the storm occurred until some time at which the stream height returns to or approaches its initial stage. This hourly height recording is then formatted for entry into the computer where a subroutine will fetch the appropriate rating table into memory and convert the data to cubic feet per second. This flood hydrograph data is then in a usable form when required by the simulation model.

3.5 CLIMATIC DATA

Climatic data required in the model includes data required in the basic operation of the model and data required by various optional features of the model. These are described in the order in which they are read into the model.

3.5.1 DMXT, DMNT - DAILY VALUES OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TEMPERATURES

Daily maximum and minimum air temperature is required in the model if the snowmelt subroutine is called (CONOPT 7 = 1). These values are read in as an array of alternating maximum and minimum values for each day of the water year. Since air temperatures vary over a watershed, recorded temperatures from a station (preferably within the watershed) are adjusted by the main program to the mean elevation of the basin. Adjusted temperatures are then used for the remainder of the calculations involving temperature.

3.5.2 HOURLY PRECIPITATION DATA

Hourly precipitation data in digital form is the primary input. In a very small watershed having its own hourly precipitation gage, one can (with reasonable safety) assume that the gage reading applies uniformly to the entire watershed. This assumption (which is implicit in both programs) departs from reality more and more with increase in watershed size. It has been necessary to implement a method whereby several precipitation records are used to synthesize a single hourly rainfall history for each watershed or subwatershed.

The number of precipitation stations associated with any given watershed may vary from one station located twenty or thirty miles from the watershed centroid to five or six stations located within or closely adjacent to the watershed boundaries. Typically, a watershed will have one or two hourly stations, and one or more daily stations. In addition to the varying distances of these stations from the centroid, the reading time for the daily stations might be different. It is also quite likely that data will appear from the several gages in both magnetic tape and tabular formats. The latter must be manually extracted from the tables and converted to punched data card format.

The precipitation gage outputs are assigned weighting factors, using the Thiessen technique (Linsley, et al, 1958; Chow, 1964) in accordance with their physical locations relative to the basin centroid. A software program developed by IBM automatically performs the interpolation and correlation of the precipitation data. This program accepts all precipitation data, the reading time for each daily station, and the weighting factor developed from the Thiessen Analysis, and produces an hourly precipitation record for the applicable water years associated with a given watershed. This hourly precipitation data record is then used as one of the climatological inputs required by the models.

SECTION 4

PARAMETER SELECTION

The operating parameters required for proper model operation include eleven snowmelt parameters, one output parameter, four watershed parameters, ten soil water parameters, five overland flow parameters, six channel routing and ground water parameters, and five starting moisture condition parameters (Table 4-1). The parameter values are used in the model as factors or coefficients in the various process calculations or as starting points in the moisture accounting routines. A number of parameters describe specific watershed characteristics and can be determined from topographic maps, while other parameters serve to control process rates and can be estimated from the literature. Accurate determination of parameter values is desirable from a hydrologic standpoint, since accurate simulation of the various hydrologic processes requires selection of parameter values representative of the particular watershed being tested. The sensitivity of the model to the various parameters varies considerably among the parameters. In some instances, small changes to parameters cause large changes in simulation results, while other parameters can be varied substantially without affecting simulation results significantly. Since in most applications some parameters cannot be determined accurately, the customary procedure is to vary the parameters until the best fit or output simulation results. This calibration procedure can be completely manual or computer aided.

4.1 SNOWMELT PARAMETERS

BDDFSM - The basic degree day factor for snowmelt. Although defined by Liou (1970) as a degree day melt factor, this parameter is actually a degree hour melt factor, since the melt calculation is done hourly throughout the melt season. The parameter value represents the amount of melt which will occur in one hour for every degree F above a base temperature, usually 32°F, during the maximum melt rate season. The maximum melt rate calculated is reduced by several other factors, since it is known that degree day melt factors are not uniform over a melt season (Corps of Engineers, 1956). This parameter is important in determining the timing of snowmelt runoff and the height of peak runoff events during the snowmelt season. It is difficult to determine for any particular watershed. However, the values used by Anderson and Crawford (1964) ranged from .0035 to .0085. This parameter is usually optimized for a best fit value.

SPTWCC - The snow pack minimum total water content for complete basin coverage. In mountain watersheds with large elevation differences, considerable snow accumulation can take place on the upper watershed before the entire watershed is covered. This parameter attempts to define the water content at the point

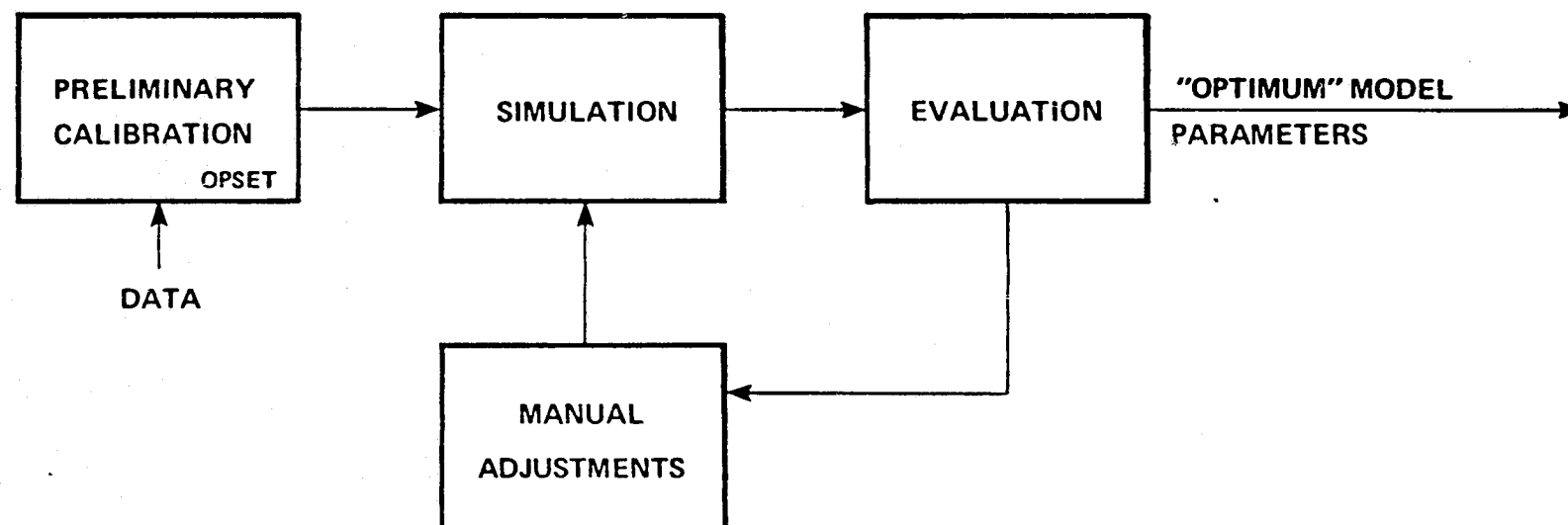


Figure 4-1. Calibration Methodology

Table 4-1 - Parameters Required in the Kentucky
Watershed Model

Snowmelt Parameters

- BDDFSM - Basic degree day factor for snowmelt.
- SPBFLW - Snowpack basic maximum fraction in liquid water.
- SPTWCC - Snowpack minimum total water for complete basin cover.
- SPM - Snow precipitation multiplier.
- ELDIF - Elevation difference between base temperature station and mean basin elevation.
- XDNFS - Index density of new fallen snow.
- FFOR - Fraction of the watershed forested.
- FFSI - Fraction of snow intercepted.
- MRNSM - Maximum rate of negative snowmelt (chilling).
- DSMGH - Daily snowmelt from ground heat.
- PXCSA - Precipitation index for changing snow albedo.

Output Parameter

- RMPF - Requested minimum daily peak flow to be printed.

Watershed Parameters

- RGPMB - Recording gage precipitation multiplier.
- AREA - Area of the watershed.
- FIMP - Fraction of watershed covered by impermeable surfaces.
- FWTR - Fraction of watershed covered by water surfaces.

Soil Water Parameters

- VINTMR - Vegetation Interception, maximum rate.
- BUZC - Basic upper zone storage capacity factor.
- SUZC - Seasonal upper zone storage capacity factor.
- LZC - Lower zone storage capacity.
- ETLF - ET loss factor.
- SUBWF - Subsurface water flow out of the basin.
- GWETF - Ground water evapotranspiration factor.
- SIAC - Seasonal infiltration adjustment factor.
- BMIR - Basic maximum infiltration rate within basin.
- BIVF - Basic interflow volume factor.

Overland Flow and Interflow Parameters

- OFSS - Overland flow surface slope.
- OFSL - Overland flow surface length.
- OFMN - Manning's n for overland flow.
- OFMNIS - Manning's n for impervious surface.
- IFRC - Interflow recession constant.

Channel Routine and Groundwater Parameters

CSRX - Channel Storage routing index.
FSRX - Flood plain storage routing index.
CHCAP - Channel capacity indexed to basin outlet.
EXQPV - Exponent of flow proportional to velocity.
BFNLR - Base flow nonlinear recession adjustment factor.
BFRC - Base flow recession constant.

Starting Moisture Values as of Oct. 1.

GWS - Current groundwater storage.
UZS - Current upper zone storage.
LZS - Current lower zone storage.
BFNX - Current value of base flow recession index.
IFS - Current interflow storage.

the entire basin becomes covered with snow. The parameter is used to adjust snowmelt for incomplete snow cover on the basin. When the water equivalent is less than the parameter index value, it is assumed that the snow covered area is proportionately less and melt is adjusted accordingly. This parameter is generally estimated and optimized for a best fit. A knowledge of snow pack water contents and accumulation patterns on the watershed is essential to assign a realistic value to the parameter.

SPM - The snow precipitation multiplier. If simulated snowmelt runoff is consistently lower than measured runoff, it is reasonable to assume that the precipitation gages are not as efficient in measuring snow catch as rain. This occurs frequently for gages in exposed sites or non-shielded gages. This parameter attempts to adjust for this difference by increasing the hourly precipitation value for all snowfall events. This parameter is estimated and optimized for a best fit.

ELDIF - The elevation difference between the base thermometer and the mean basin elevation. This parameter provides an elevation adjustment for temperature data. Since temperature stations on mountain watersheds are generally located at more accessible sites, usually low on the watershed, a temperature adjustment to estimate mean basin temperature from measured station temperature is required. The parameter, expressed in thousands of feet, is easily determined from a topographic map of the watershed. The parameter is positive if the station is below the mean basin elevation.

XDNFS - Index density of new-fallen snow. Since the snowmelt subroutine maintains a running account of snow depth, it is necessary to know the density of new snow accumulation to the snow pack. New snow density values ranging from 0.004 to 0.34 have been reported (Gray, 1970). Anderson and Crawford (1964) used a density value of 0.05 based on CSSL data (Corps of Engineers, 1956).

FFOR - Fraction of watershed forested. This parameter, called Net Forest Cover by Anderson and Crawford (1964) is defined as the area of forest cover times the average cover density. Thus, a knowledge of the proportion of forest cover plus the average density of the forest is required to estimate this parameter. The proportion of forest cover on a watershed can easily be determined from cover type maps or aerial photographs. For larger watersheds, satisfactory estimates can be obtained from the USGS topographic quadrangle maps with the green forest cover overprint. An estimate of the average canopy density on the watershed is more difficult, although satisfactory estimates can be obtained from cover type maps and aerial photographs. This parameter is important in that it determines snow interception losses and snowmelt adjustments due to reflected radiation.

FFSI - Fraction of snow intercepted. This parameter is defined as the proportion of snow which would be intercepted by a forest canopy if the cover density were 100 percent. This assumes that the amount of snow intercepted is a linear function of the total snowfall. This may be true to a

point but for very large snowfalls or snowfall events accompanied by strong winds, the assumption does not hold. Leaf and Brink (1973a) calculated snow interception of spruce-fir and lodgepole pine forests as 0.15 and 0.10 respectively of the snowfall for canopy densities up to a maximum of 0.30 and 0.20. Anderson and Crawford (1964) use a value of 0.15 for sub-alpine watershed in the Sierras.

MRNSM - The maximum rate of negative snowmelt (chilling). This parameter represents the rate at which liquid water in the snow pack will refreeze when the air temperature falls below freezing. Since the parameter as defined is used empirically to calculate chilling and negative melt, it is best determined by estimating an initial value and optimizing for a best fit. Anderson and Crawford (1964) used values ranging from 0.006 to 0.016 for the various watersheds used in their report. The parameter is important in that it controls the rate and timing of snowmelt. Increasing the value will delay the snowmelt hydrograph.

DSMGH - The rate of daily snowmelt from ground heat. This parameter is an estimate of the amount of water released from the snow pack to the soil from ground heat above. The subroutine assumes that this is a constant rate throughout the season, although in fact it will vary depending upon the depth of the snow pack and the time of year. In those areas where the snow pack is not deep enough to prevent soil freezing, the parameter would be zero. Literature values cited for this parameter are in the order of 0.02 inches per day. Anderson and Crawford used values between 0.0 and 0.02. A value of 0.01 or 0.02 will maintain soil moisture contents and help to maintain a base flow during the winter months.

PXCSA - Precipitation Index for changing snow albedo (inches). In the snowmelt subroutine the maximum snowmelt rate as determined by the basic degree hour factor is adjusted for shortwave radiation inputs and changes in the albedo of the snow pack. Various processes will affect the albedo of the snowpack including aging and the deposition of fresh snow or rain on the pack. The deposition of fresh snow deposit on the snow pack will increase the albedo, while a rain on a snow pack will decrease the albedo. In the accounting procedure, the snowmelt adjustment factor (FIRR) is increased or decreased whenever an index value of new snow or rain is reached. The parameter, PXCSA, represents the index value for determining when changes in the albedo occur. Since the parameter is empirical and does not necessarily represent actual conditions, it is best determined by estimating and optimizing for a best fit. Anderson and Crawford used an index value of 0.2 inches.

4.2 OUTPUT PARAMETER

RMPF - Requested minimum daily peak flow to be printed. This parameter simply controls the printed output of storm hydrographs by specifying a minimum discharge level below which storm hydrographs will not be printed. The parameter does not enter into any one of the calculations and is used primarily to limit paper output.

4.3 WATERSHED PARAMETERS

RGPMB - Recording gage precipitation multiplier - basic. This parameter permits adjustment of the precipitation data. If, during the calibration procedure it is observed that simulated stream discharge values are consistently high or low, it may be due to a consistent under or over estimation of precipitation gage data which may be corrected by this parameter. The parameter, then, represents a ratio between average basin precipitation and precipitation at the recording rain gage station.

AREA - Area of the watershed (square miles). The area of the watershed may be determined from aerial photographs or good quality topographic maps such as the USGS 1:12500 quadrangle maps. For gaged watersheds, the area may be taken directly from the water supply papers.

FIMP - Fraction of impervious surface on the watershed. This parameter refers to the proportion of watershed area which may be considered as impervious to water intake and contributes its runoff directly to channel flow. For most rural or mountain watersheds, this factor will be near zero unless large areas of rock outcrops occur. For urban watersheds, the parameter may be much greater. The parameter is difficult to determine, although aerial photographs and cover type maps may be helpful. A good knowledge of the character of the watershed is also helpful.

FWTR - Fraction of watershed covered by water surface. This parameter refers to the proportion of water surface on the watershed including lakes, ponds, and the area of stream surface. In the calculation it is used to determine the proportion of the watershed at which evaporation occurs at the potential rate. It may be estimated using aerial photographs or maps. Ricci (1972) suggests a technique from Linsley et al. (1949) to estimate the surface area of a channel system as follows:

$$A = \frac{1}{2} BL$$

in which A = water surface area
B = Channel width at outlet
L = total channel length.

4.4 SOIL WATER PARAMETERS

VINTMR - The maximum volume of interception by vegetation (inches). This parameter refers to the maximum volume of water which will be caught and held by a vegetation canopy during a period of rainfall. Ricci (1972) and Ross (1970) both use the table of values suggested by Crawford and Linsley (1966).

Table 4-2. Interception Values for Various Cover Types

Watershed Cover	VINTMR (inches)
Grassland	0.10
Moderate Forest Cover	0.15
Heavy Forest Cover	0.20

Ross (1970) indicates that the parameter was not particularly sensitive and therefore was not optimized. Sensitivity analyses performed by IBM in recent studies support this conclusion.

BUZC - Basic Upper Zone Storage Capacity Factor. This parameter is an index for estimating the storage capacity of the soil surface to store water in depression storage. The parameter is usually estimated initially and optimized for a best fit. Ross (1970) found best fit values ranging from 0.43 to 7.42 for 17 rural watersheds. He also observed a probable relationship between BUZC and the average overland slope, forest cover, and permeability of the "A" Horizon. Clarke (1968) suggested initial values of BUZC ranging from 0.10 to 1.65. Other values reported range from 0.5 to 3.0 Ricci (1972). Sensitivity studies by Ricci (1972) and Ross (1970) indicate that BUZC is not a sensitive parameter with respect to simulated runoff and is used primarily for fine tuning the model.

Crawford and Linsley (1966) suggested a relationship between BUZC and LZC for various slope and cover conditions (Table 3.3).

SUZC - Seasonal upper zone storage capacity factor. The seasonal upper zone storage capacity factor is essentially an index to adjust the BUZC index for seasonal variation. For example, growth of ground vegetation

Table 4-3. Approximate Relationship Between BUZC and LCZ (Crawford and Linsley, 1966)

Surface Characteristics	BUZC
Steep slopes Limited vegetation Low depression storage	0.06 LZC
Moderate slopes Moderate vegetation Moderate depression storage	0.08 LZC
Heavy vegetation or forest cover Soil subject to cracking Mild slopes High depression storage	0.14 LZC

or cultivation of fields may increase the upper zone storage during the summer season. SUZC, like BUZC, is estimated and optimized for a best fit. Ross (1970) reported values ranging from 0.35 to 6.63 for 17 rural watersheds, and observed that higher values of SUZC were associated with more porous soil types. Sensitivity studies by Ricci (1972) indicate that increasing SUZC values will decrease simulated summer storm peaks and run-off volumes.

LZC - Lower zone storage capacity (inches). This parameter is essentially an estimate of the average water holding capacity of the soil. Ross (1970) found a close correlation between LZC and the plant available water capacity. Ricci (1972) defined LZC as the volume of water which may be stored in the soil between the ground surface and the water table, including water draining to ground water. LZC is therefore closely related to the texture of the soil and the depth of the soil mantle. Clarke (1968) suggests that LZC may be estimated as 20 percent of the soil depth. Crawford and Linsley (1966) suggest the following criteria:

For Seasonal Rainfall

$$LZC = 4 + 0.5 (\text{Mean Annual Rainfall})$$

For Uniform Rainfall

$$LZC = 4 + .0125 (\text{Mean Annual Rainfall})$$

A knowledge of the water holding capacity of the soils in a watershed should be of considerable help in estimating LZC. Leaf and Brink (1973b) use a water holding capacity of 5.3 inches for a sub-alpine watershed in Central Colorado. LZC is a highly sensitive parameter in simulating streamflow. Increasing LZC decreases volume of flow, storm peaks, and snowmelt hydrograph peaks.

ETLF - Evapotranspiration loss factor. The ETLF is described as an index used to determine the maximum evapotranspiration (ET) opportunity on the watershed. The evapotranspiration opportunity is described as controlling ET losses from the lower zone storage (LZS). A number of assumptions are involved in calculating ET from lower zone storage. First, it is assumed that, on a given day, the ET opportunity will vary over the watershed from zero to some maximum value. The distribution is assumed linear. The maximum rate is determined from the equation:

$$\text{Maximum Rate} = \text{ETLF} * \text{LZS/LZC}$$

Thus, for drier soil condition, the maximum rate or maximum ET opportunity will be low; but when the soil is at field capacity, the opportunity will equal ETLF.

Crawford and Linsley (1966) suggested initial ETLF values for the following watershed covers.

Table 4-4. ETLF Value for Various Cover Types

Cover Type	ETLF
Barren Ground	0.20
Grassland	0.23
Light Forest	0.28
Heavy Forest	0.30

However, Ross found optimum values ranging from 0.78 to 0.10 for his seventeen rural watersheds, although only two were greater than 0.35. He found a relationship between ETLF and the overland flow surface slope (OFSS) and the presence or absence of forest cover on the flood plain. In general, ETLF decreased sharply with an increase in slope.

Ricci (1972) indicates that yields are sensitive to changes in the parameter and storm peaks are moderately sensitive. Increasing ETLF reduces both yields and storm peaks.

SUBWF - Subsurface water flow out of the basin. This parameter refers to the fraction of water entering ground water storage and leaving the basin through the subsurface flow bypassing the stream gage. Ross (1970) suggests this parameter be estimated and optimized for a best fit. The parameter is usually set at zero unless there is strong evidence that ground water losses occur. A knowledge of the geology of the basin will be helpful in determining potential losses.

GWETF - Ground water evapotranspiration factor. This parameter provides an adjustment to basic ET rates to account for direct plan use of water from ground water. Examples would be watersheds with significant areas of phreatophytes or swamps. The parameter is the fraction of the watershed area covered with swamp or wetland vegetation. This factor is generally zero for most watersheds. This parameter would probably have the same effect as ETLF, decreased yields and peak flows, as the parameter is increased.

SIAC - Seasonal infiltration adjustment constant. This parameter is an index to adjust infiltration rates for seasonal variation. In general, summer infiltration rates are higher than winter rates. Ross (1970) determined a relationship between SIAC and the percent of forest cover on the watershed which he suggests as a guide to determine SIAC values.

Table 4-5 Estimates of SIAC by Percent Forest Cover (From Ross, 1970)

SIAC	Percent Forested Area
.15	0 - 20
.50	21 - 60
.70	61 -100

Values reported by Ross (1970) for his 17 rural watersheds ranged from 0.03 to 3.63. Values reported by Ricci (1972) for a number of other studies ranged from 0.2 to 4.0. It is suggested that an initial value be selected and the parameter optimized for a best fit.

BMIR - Basic maximum infiltration rate. The Stanford Watershed Model infiltration calculation is based on the assumption that infiltration rates within a watershed vary considerably and that this range of rates is distributed linearly from zero to some maximum value at some point on the watershed. The parameter BMIR is used to determine this maximum rate. Crawford and Linsley (1966) suggest values ranging from 0.3 to 1.2. Clarke (1968) suggests that the parameter is approximately twenty percent of the soil permeability.¹ Values reported by Ross ranged from 0.27 to 14.29. Values reported by Ricci (1970) for a number of other studies ranged from 0.65 to 3.25.

The parameter is important since it determines the basic division between surface runoff and infiltration to interflow, soil water, and ground water. As such, it is highly sensitive in the model. Increasing BMIR will cause a decrease in yield and peak flow, and an increase in interflow recession and base flow recession.

BIVF - Basic interflow volume factor. This parameter is an index which controls the time distribution and volume of water entering interflow. It is assumed that, at any point in time, there is a maximum infiltration capacity at some point on the watershed and that the infiltration capacity is distributed linearly over the watershed from the maximum rate to zero. The maximum rate is a function of soil storage capacity, current infiltration rates, and current interflow rate. The current interflow volume multiplier (CIVM) is defined as the product of BIVF and soil storage (LZS/LZC). Increasing the parameter, BIVF, thus increases the portion of water going into interflow. This decreases peak flows and increases base flows or recession flows. BIVF is difficult to estimate. Crawford and Linsley (1966) indicate that the value ranges from 0.5 to 3.0 and is adjusted on a trial-and-error basis. Ross (1970) using optimization procedures, found BIVF values ranging from 0.0 to 3.91. Of his 17 rural watersheds, 14 had no evidence of interflow which was attributed to the small size of his watersheds. Ricci (1972) reported values ranging from 0.65 to 4.5 from a number of other studies. His studies indicated that BIVF is not a sensitive parameter with respect to simulating runoff. However, it appears to be important in adjusting peak flows and recession rates in Rocky Mountain Watersheds where interflow volumes are a significant proportion of the total yield.

4.5 OVERLAND AND INTERFLOW PARAMETERS

OFSS - Overland Flow Surface Slope. This parameter is defined as the average slope of the overland flow surface (inches per foot) and is usually determined from topographic maps of the watershed. Ross (1970) suggests randomly selecting points on the watershed and determining the slope at those points. In this study a one-half mile grid was superimposed on the watershed and the average slope of the overland flow path passing through each point was determined by measuring the length of the flow path and the elevation change along the flow path. The average of these values was taken as the overland flow surface slope.

¹Ross found that $BMIR = 2.3595 p_A$ where p_A is the permeability of the A horizon.

OFSL - Overland flow surface length. The average length of the overland flow path (feet) is taken as the average length of the flow surface from a divide perpendicular to the contour to the nearest channel. This parameter is also measured on topographic maps. In this study, the length of the flow distances passing through each of the grid points was measured and averaged to obtain the parameter. A degree of judgement is required to determine whether topographic depression represents channels or not.

In this study neither the OFSS or OFSL parameters are considered critical since, in sub-alpine watersheds, overload flow is considered a rare event. However, in the interest of simulating the hydrologic performance of the basin, the parameter should be measured as accurately as possible.

A sensitivity study by Ross (1970) in which OFSL was changed from 100 to 1,000 feet, increased infiltration opportunity, and slightly increased baseflow and interflow and decreased runoff changes were slight.

OFMN - Manning's n for overland flow. Manning's n for overland flow is used in the overland flow calculation to determine the equilibrium flow depth and the rate of discharge from overland flow surfaces. The roughness coefficient n is generally taken from published tables of n values. Ross (1970) presented a table of n values ranging from .013 for smooth asphalt to .100 for heavy timber. These do not agree with values given by Crawford and Linsley (1966) and Ricci (1972) who give values ranging from 0.012 for smooth asphalt to .400 for forest litter and dense shrubbery. The original table from Crawford and Linsley (1966) is presented here.

Table 3.6 Manning's Roughness Value for Overland Flow for Various Surface Types (From Crawford and Linsley, 1966).

Watershed Surface	Manning's n
Smooth Asphalt	0.012
Asphalt or Concrete Paving	0.014
Packed Clay	0.03
Light Turf	0.20
Dense Turf	0.35
Dense Shrubby and Forest Litter	0.40

OFMNIS - Manning's roughness coefficient for overland flow from impervious surfaces. This parameter is estimated as discussed above and may be determined using the same table.

IFRC - Interflow recession constant. This parameter controls the rate at which water moves through the upper soil zones. It can basically

be defined as the ratio of the interflow discharge on any day to the interflow discharge of the previous day. Various methods of estimating are available. Barnes (1940) suggests a graphical hydrograph analysis method. Ross (1970) uses a least squares method of estimating IFRC (James and Thompson, 1970) and reported values ranging from .100 to .403. However, he indicated that interflow was a minor flow component on his watersheds and that a minimum value of .400 is required to produce interflow in the model. Other literature values reported by Ricci (1972) range from .001 to .82. The parameter is of slight importance on small watersheds where interflow volumes are small but considerably more important on large mountain watersheds with large snowmelt components.

If recommended procedures for determining the parameter are not used, it can be initially estimated and optimized for a best fit.

4.6 CHANNEL ROUTING AND GROUND WATER PARAMETERS

CSRX - Channel storage routing index. CSRX is a streamflow routing parameter used to account for channel storage effects when channel storage is less than one-half of capacity (CHCAP). In the calculations, the channel system is considered as a reservoir with an outflow and inflow, and temporary storage occurring throughout the length of the channel:

$$Q_2 = \bar{I} - \text{CSRX} (\bar{I} - Q_1)$$

where Q_2 is the outflow at the end of a time interval, Q_1 is the outflow at the beginning of the time interval and \bar{I} is the average inflow during the interval. For a channel with no inflow during the interval, CSRX is essentially equal to the recession rate for the interval.

CSRX can be determined using graphical methods or the equation (Ricci, 1972):

$$\text{CSRX} = \frac{K - 0.5t}{K + 0.5t}$$

Where t is the routing period and

$$K = -Q / \frac{dQ}{dt}$$

Where dQ/dt is the slope of a line tangent to the hydrograph at the point of contraflexure, and Q is the rate of surface runoff at the point of contraflexure.

Ross (1970) reported CSRX values ranging from 0.887 to 0.962 for his 17 rural watersheds. It is satisfactory to estimate the parameter and optimize for a best fit. Increasing the value of CSRX will decrease small flood peaks.

FSRX - Flood storage routing index. FSRX is a streamflow routing parameter to adjust for channel storage plus flood-plain storage when streamflows are greater than twice the Channel Capacity (CHCAP). When large flows are to be routed, the program substitutes FSRX for CSRX. For streamflow values between one-half CHCAP and two CHCAP, the program interpolates values between FSRX and CSRX. Increasing FSRX decreases large flood peaks. FSRX is determined following the same procedure as outlined above for CSRX. Values for FSRX can also be estimated and optimized for a best fit. However, it is necessary to optimize on data which includes flood flows exceeding twice the channel capacity.

CHCAP - Channel capacity indexed to the basin outlet. CHCAP is defined as the flow at the mouth of the channel (gaging station) which is associated with wide spread flooding occurring on the tributary channels. It is not necessarily the flow at which the channel at the gaging station begins to overflow. In the calculation it is used as a reference base to determine at which point to make adjustments in the channel storage volume.

CHCAP can be determined from a hydraulic analysis of the channel dimensions (cross section and profile). Ross (1970) also suggests estimating the gage height at a bank full flow from a topographic map. For streams with a USGS gaging station at the simulation point, a base flooding is usually listed in the USGS water supply papers reporting streamflow at the station. This base value, which is used by the USGS in determining a "base" for reporting flood flows, can be used directly in CHCAP.

EXQPV - Exponent of flow proportional to velocity. This parameter is an exponent used in control option 13 (subroutine RTVARY). Its primary function is to cause flood flows to move downstream faster with the result that storm peaks are magnified. Ross (1970) indicates that Leopold and Maddock (1953) recommend a value of 0.1 for EXQPV but that 0.25 seems to work better.

BFNLR - Base flow nonlinear recession adjustment factor. Some watersheds demonstrate a non-linear ground water recession rate. This may be determined by plotting the ground water depletion hydrograph on a semi-log graph. If the depletion rate is linear, a straight line plot will result. BFNLR is a parameter which permits adjustment to the base flow recession coefficient where a nonlinear depletion is encountered.

The parameter is generally estimated on a trial and error basis. Ross (1970) and Liou (1970) suggest setting the initial value of BFNLR at 1.0 and testing the model to see whether additional adjustments are required. Liou (1970) suggests a method of determining nonlinearity in the base flow recession curve using the distribution of BFRC values calculated for different time intervals

(flow regimes). Ross (1970) suggests that BFNLR values should seldom be dropped below 0.90 although values as low as 0.36 have been reported in the literature (Ricci, 1972).

BFRC - Base flow recession constant. BFRC determines the rate at which base flow recedes as ground water supplies decrease. The parameter may be defined as the ratio of base flow at the end of a twenty-four hour period to the base flow at the beginning of the period. BFRC may be determined using the graphical technique of Barnes (1940). Ross (1970) and Liou (1970) in the OPSET version of the Kentucky Watershed Model, use a least square method of calculating the parameter (James and Thompson, 1970). For watersheds with stratified aquifers supplying water to the stream at different rates, a method of multiple recession constants has been developed by Owen (1970). In SDOPTM, where BFRC is optimized, it is possible to estimate an initial parameter value and optimize for a best fit.

Sensitivity studies by Briggs (1969) indicates that BFRC is an important parameter in simulating peak flows, interflow recession, and base flow recessions (Ricci, 1972). Increasing the parameter value decreases peak flows and interflow recessions and increases base flow recessions.

4.7 STARTING MOISTURE VALUES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FORECAST PERIOD

GWS - Current ground water storage (inches). This parameter sets the beginning value of ground water storage for the moisture accounting routine. A knowledge of ground water conditions on the watershed at the beginning of the year should be helpful in determining this value. However, since this type of information is not available on many watersheds, particularly high mountain watersheds, it is usually necessary to estimate a value and adjust it in subsequent runs until it "fits." A knowledge of the rainfall/runoff pattern for the month preceding October 1 should also be helpful in setting initial values. Liou (1970, p. 41) outlines a procedure for estimating GWS, based on the recorded October 1 streamflow.

UZS - Current upper zone storage (inches). UZS is the beginning value of upper zone water storage which includes water intercepted on the surface and/or held in depression storage. This value is generally set at zero unless a storm has occurred in the day or two preceding October 1. The value selected should fall between BUZC and zero depending upon the time since the last rain and the amount of rain in the last storm.

LZS - Current lower zone storage (inches). LZS refers to the beginning value of soil water storage and should be some value between LZC and zero. Again, considering the rainfall pattern for a week or two prior to October 1 should be helpful in estimating LZS. If a rain large enough to recharge part of the soil profile has occurred, this should be reflected in the initial estimate. Liou (1970) indicates that LZS is a certain proportion of LZC and that changes

in LZC during optimization should be accompanied by proportional changes in LZS. Liou also presents an empirical technique for estimating beginning values of LZS.

BFNX - Current value of the ground water slope index. Ross (1970) and Liou (1970) define this parameter as the current value of the Base Flow Nonlinear Recession Index. However, the definition of Crawford and Linsley (1966) and Ricci (1972) as the slope of the ground water seem to describe the parameter more appropriately. This parameter is multiplied by the Base Flow Nonlinear Recession Adjustment Factor in the calculation to provide the adjustment for variable recession rates. Ross (1970) suggests an initial approximation of the value is to set BFNX equal to GWS. Briggs (1969) suggests that initial values should be set between 0.15 and 0.25. Other values reported have ranged up to 1.56 (Ricci, 1972).

IFS - Current value of interflow storage (inches). This value represents the water in interflow storage at the beginning of the water year and should fall between zero and the Basic Interflow Volume Factor (BIVF). The parameter should be set at zero unless a rain has occurred within several days prior to October 1.

Note: If simulation is being run over a number of years, the starting moisture values for each year except the first are given in printout for the previous year as the ending moisture condition.

4.8 OPTIMIZATION

The process of parameter calibration, using a computer program such as OPSET (Liou, 1970), was described previously in Section 2.3. The program as developed and documented by Liou has been changed very little in previous uses by the IBM study team. In the study reported here it was not used at all; the Town Creek model had been calibrated previously. The following additional information is given to assist the reader who may wish to apply the model to another watershed.

4.8.1 PARAMETERS OPTIMIZED

The optimization process, a combination of automatic calibration and manual adjustments, as summarized previously, is used to quantify the following simulation model parameters.

1. BFRC, Base Flow Recession Constant, governs the rate at which groundwater flow recedes in the model.
2. IFRC, Interflow Recession Constant, governs interflow recession.
3. BUZC, Basic Upper Zone Capacity, is an index for estimating the capacity of the soil surface (upper zone) to store water in interception and depression storage.
4. SUZC, Seasonal Upper Zone capacity adjustment constant, is used to adjust upper zone variations in vegetation and cultivation.

5. LZC, Lower Zone Capacity, is an estimate of the capacity of the basin soil to hold water. Decreasing LZC in the model has the effect of increasing synthesized runoff.
6. BMIR, Basic Maximum Infiltration Rate, is the index used to control the basic rate of moisture infiltration. This is a parameter to which simulation accuracy is very sensitive, particularly as it affects storm peaks.
7. SIAC, the Seasonal Infiltration Adjustment Constant, is an evaporation-infiltration factor relating infiltration rates to evaporation rates to account for more rapid infiltration during warmer periods.
8. ETLF, Evapotranspiration Loss Factor, is an index used to estimate the maximum rate of evapotranspiration which could occur within the watershed under current conditions of soil moisture content.
9. BIVF, Basic Interflow Volume Factor, controls time distribution and quantities of moisture entering interflow. Increasing BIVF tends to reduce storm runoff peaks and extend hydrograph recession limbs.
10. NCTRI, Number of Current Time Routing Increments, is the number of subareas into which the basin should be divided, given 15 minutes or one hour separation between isochrones.
11. CSRX, Channel Storage Routing Index, is used to account for channel storage when channel flows are less than half of channel capacity (CHCAP). Channel storage effects are simulated by having the hydrograph time routed to the mouth of the watershed through an imaginary reservoir.
12. FSRX, Flood plain Storage Routine Index, is used to account for channel storage plus flood plain storage when streamflows are greater than twice the channel capacity. Between one-half and twice channel capacity, the program interpolate values between FSRX and CSRX.
13. CHCAP, Channel Capacity, is that value of streamflow, measured at the gage, at which a transition is made from channel routine to flood plain routine. In mountainous watersheds, this is not an critical parameter, and OPSET seldom adjusts it.

After OPSET has adjusted the parameters listed above to achieve a "best match" based on mean daily streamflow, it is usually found that synthesized flood peaks fail to match observed peaks, in magnitude and/or time. Since the study attempted to address as wide a variety of applications as practicable, some manual "fine tuning" was undertaken to achieve an acceptable match between synthesized and observed flood peaks while maintaining an acceptable correlation between synthesized and observed mean daily and monthly flows.

This manual adjustment process requires some knowledge of the hydrologic processes occurring in the watershed and some subjective judgment. No firm rules or recipes have been developed, but the following are useful guidelines.

1. Overall results are affected by soil moisture capacities and infiltration rates (LZC, BUZC, BMIR) and their related seasonal adjustment constants (SUZC, SIAC).
2. Initial storages (LZS and UZS) can be varied to improve accuracy in the first two months of the multiyear simulation.
3. Summer storm peaks are affected more than winter storm peaks by changes in SIAC and SUZC, and the latter has more influence on mean daily flow in drier months than the former.
4. Consistent phasing errors (differences in times of occurrence between synthesized and observed flood peaks) can usually be reduced by adjustment if the number and sizes of subareas in the time-area histogram. Phasing errors which appear random are attributable to errors in input precipitation and/or evaporation data.
5. Since there are parameter interactions, all performance indices should be re-checked after any parameter adjustment and others re-adjusted as needed until a "best simulation" is realized.

The above comments apply equally to "fine tuning" the streamflow forecast model after a past run has been executed.

SECTION 5

CONTROL OPTIONS

The structure of the model permits the user to select a number of control options to meet his specific requirements. These include operating modes (long-term calibration, forecast and "fine tune"), inclusion or exclusion of snowmelt, selection of how evaporation is to be treated, and selection of input data. The sixteen control options, their meanings and their applications are listed in Table 5-1.

Table 5-1. CONTROL OPTIONS

OPTION NUMBER	APPLICATION	VALUE	EFFECT/MEANING
1	ENABLES OPERATOR TO REQUEST STORM DETAILS IN 15-MINUTE INTERVALS (SELDOM USED)	0	15-MINUTE DETAILS REQUESTED
		1	15-MINUTE DETAILS NOT REQUESTED
2	DIVIDE EACH HOUR'S RAINFALL BY STORED STATISTICS AMONG 15-MINUTE PERIODS	0	DIVIDE RAINFALL EQUALLY
		1	DIVIDE RAINFALL STATISTICALLY
3	SELECT WAY IN WHICH EVAPORATION DATA ARE READ	0	READ DAILY EVAPORATION
		1	READ BY 10-DAY PERIODS
		2	USE ANNUAL EVAPORATION TOTAL, MNRD AND SUBROUTINE EVPDAY
4	SELECT DAILY FLOW ERROR TABLE	0	TABLE NOT REQUESTED
		1	TABLE IS REQUESTED
5	REQUEST 20 GREATEST RAINFALLS AND OVERLAND FLOWS	0	DATA NOT REQUESTED
		1	DATA REQUESTED
6	REQUEST DAILY VALUES OF SOIL MOISTURE STORAGE (TABLE OUTPUT)	0	DATA NOT REQUESTED
		1	DATA REQUESTED
7	INCLUDE SNOW IN ANALYSIS	0	SNOW NOT INCLUDED
		1	SNOW INCLUDED
8	SELECT PRECIPITATION PLOTS (ALWAYS SET=2 IN CURRENT MODEL)	0	NO PRECIPITATION PLOTS
		1	PRECIPITATION PLOTS ONLY
		2	PRECIPITATION PLOTS SUPERIMPOSED ON STREAMFLOW PLOTS
9	SELECT WHETHER DAILY RECORDED STREAMFLOWS ARE READ IN	0	RECORDED FLOWS NOT READ
		1	RECORDED FLOWS ARE READ
10	NOT USED IN PILOT FORECAST MODEL; ALWAYS SET=0	0	SINGLE-YEAR SIMULATION ONLY
11	INSTRUCT MODEL TO READ OR NOT READ DIVERSIONS (E.G., PUMPING IN OR OUT)	0	NO DIVERSIONS
		1	READ DIVERSIONS
12	SELECT STREAM ROUTING INTERVALS (DEPENDS ON BASIN SIZE)	0	15-MINUTE INTERVALS
		1	1-HOUR INTERVALS
13	CHOOSE IF LENGTH OF TIME - AREA HISTOGRAM IS TO VARY WITH FLOW VELOCITY; ALWAYS SET=0	0	FIXED TIME-AREA HISTOGRAM (TAH) LENGTH
		1	VARIABLE TAH LENGTH
14	PRINTING RECORDED STREAMFLOW	0	DO NOT PRINT
		1	PRINT
15	SELECT MODE OF OPERATION FOR RIVER FORECAST APPLICATION	0	INITIALIZATION AND FORECAST RUN
		1	FORECAST RUN
		2	PAST ("FINE TUNE") RUN
16	SET INITIAL CONDITIONS IN DATA BANK FOR NEXT FORECAST RUN	0	DO NOT SET
		1	SET

SECTION 6

THE STREAMFLOW FORECAST MODEL

Early in 1972, IBM acquired a copy of the Kentucky Watershed Model through the courtesy of one of its developers, Dr. L. D. James, for use in investigations of remote sensing applications in hydrologic modeling. It has been modified several times since then by the addition of statistical analysis routines, plot outputs, multi-year simulations, and some efficiencies in inputting observed streamflow data. Additionally, it has been adapted to interface with terminal management software in two computer system installations. The principal modifications implemented for this study are those providing for a variable simulation period, a "past-run" capability, simulations based on three different precipitation inputs, and output formats suitable for CRT display. The forecast model subroutines are listed in Table 6-1.

6.1 THE MAIN PROGRAMS

The main program consists of the executive routine MAIN and the moisture accounting subroutines KWMAIN, WORSTC, ZEROP, FORCST, and PASTRN. The choice of moisture accounting subroutine depends upon the value assigned to CONOPT (15). If CONOPT (15) = 0, the KWMAIN subroutine is used to initialize the system, i.e., to read in all the parameter values, control options and initial values assigned to the variables. If CONOPT (15) = 1, the three subroutines WORSTC, ZEROP and FORCST are used to generate the three forecast runs and store the resulting simulated streamflow arrays. If CONOPT (15) = 2, the subroutine PASTRN is used to run a simulation (up to a selected day in the past) using actual precipitation inputs.

A flow diagram of the water accounting calculations is shown in Figure 6-1. The calculations are conducted in a series of nested daily, hourly, and 15-minute loops in the main program. The basic calculations are discussed as follows.

6.1.1 PRECIPITATION INPUTS

As discussed in Section 2.0, hourly rainfall values and auxiliary daily storage gage data are used to obtain a weighted hourly precipitation value for the watershed. This value, in turn, may be adjusted by the recording gage precipitation multiplier (RGPMB), depending on the degree of watershed calibration attained.

6.1.2 INTERCEPTION

All incoming precipitation is assigned to interception storage until the assigned interception storage parameter (VINTMR) is satisfied. Precipitation in excess of interception storage passes on to Upper Zone Storage (UZS) for the previous land surface area. Precipitation intercepted by the impervious land surface (FIMP) runs off the impervious surface to the channel. Interception storage is depleted by evaporation at the potential rate.

TABLE 6-1
STREAMFLOW FORECAST MODEL SUBROUTINES

<u>NAME AND CONTROL OPTION*</u>	<u>FUNCTIONAL SUMMARY</u>
MAIN	Executive subroutine; calls others in order, as governed by their respective control options.
KWMAIN CONOPT(15)=0	Moisture accounting subroutine, adapted from KWM; initializes model from beginning of the water year to the beginning of the forecast period.
WORSTC ZEROP FORCST CONOPT(15)=1	Moisture accounting subroutines for worst-case, zero and quantitative precipitation forecast, respectively; simulates streamflows through the forecast period.
PASTRN CONOPT(15)=2	Moisture accounting subroutine for actual precipitation input for up to 14 days in the past. Outputs actual and simulated streamflow for comparison and "fine tuning" of soil moisture storages.
OUTPUT	Formats Tables and Plots for past run and forecast run outputs for terminal CRT.
ATTEN	Model 2250 Terminal Operator Interface Routine.
BCDWD	Creates words for display/output from the decimal equivalents of given words; in BAL language.
CHANGE	Rearranges hourly precipitation inputs to normal order (October 1 - September 30), with February 29 taken into account. KWM normal order input is January 1 - September 30 (year 2), followed by October 1 - December 31 (year 1) and February 29.
CONVER	Converts hexadecimal data format to EBCDIC format for display on the 2250 terminal.
CORREL	Calculates correlation coefficients between daily and monthly simulated and observed streamflow.

*As applicable

TABLE 6-1
STREAMFLOW FORECAST MODEL SUBROUTINES (CONTINUED)

<u>NAME AND CONTROL</u>	<u>FUNCTIONAL SUMMARY</u>
DAYNXT	Calculates the number in the water year of the next day, taking leap years into account.
DAYOUT	Formats and prints tables of daily values.
DICTRY	Formats dictionary (choice of displays) for display.
DLPO	Residue routine - not used.
DMSG	Residue routine - not used.
DSMRG	Formats the updated test line displayed on the 2250 terminal.
DSREAD	Performs the contiguous read and display of the Hydrology Data Base on the 2250 terminal.
DSUPDT	Performs the actual update of Hydrology Data Base which is displayed on 2250 terminal.
DSWRITE	Performs the contiguous write to disk of the updated Hydrology Data Base.
DVAR	Display/Option Processing Module; allows the calling program to communicate with the user(s); processes light pen and keyboard entries.
EVPDAY CONOPT(3)=2	Determines pan evaporation totals for each day of the water year from mean annual evapotranspiration total.
GSPD	Common Data Block module from which Hydrology Simulator updates and accesses stored data.
INT	Finds the integral of a given hydrograph (i.e., runoff) and plots the hydrograph. Print plots and tabular plots are available.

TABLE 6-1

STREAMFLOW FORECAST MODEL SUBROUTINES (CONTINUED)

<u>NAME AND CONTROL OPTION</u>	<u>FUNCTIONAL SUMMARY</u>
INTEG	Performs the actual integration for the hydrograph plot represented on display and printer.
TABLE	Performs a table look-up and linear interpolation.
LABELS	Creates the labels associated with the coordinates of hydrograph plots.
PL360	Plots N points using the coordinates from two input arrays. Scalers are adjusted for maximum and minimum values in both arrays. This output is represented on printer plots only.
PL4020	Performs the generation of hydrograph plots to be displayed as specified by the parameter argument list.
PLOTID	Performs the necessary 2250 terminal I/O and Data Set initialization.
PLOTEND	Terminates on-line status of the 2250 terminal.
POINTS	Performs the actual plotting of points for requested hydrograph.
PR360	Performs the printing of requested hydrograph plot.
PRECHK	Checks precipitation - streamflow anomalies and adjusts precipitation where necessary.
PREPRD CONOPT(3)=1	Divides hourly precipitation among 15 minute accounting periods according to an algorithm developed by Liou (1970).
RTVARY	Increase flow velocity (in routing) as discharge increased.
SGRID	Creates the coordinates necessary for requested hydrograph.

TABLE 6-1

STREAMFLOW FORECAST MODEL SUBROUTINES (CONTINUED)

<u>NAME AND CONTROL OPTION</u>	<u>FUNCTIONAL SUMMARY</u>
SHIFT1	Performs the actual creation and storing of Display Dictionary elements.
SNOMEL CONOPT(7)=1	Moisture accounting in the snowpack. Calculates equivalent precipitation input from snowmelt. Obtained from W. D. Striffler (1973).
STAT	Statistical analysis of simulated vs recorded streamflow. Calculations include sums, maxima, means, sums of squares, variances and correlation coefficients.

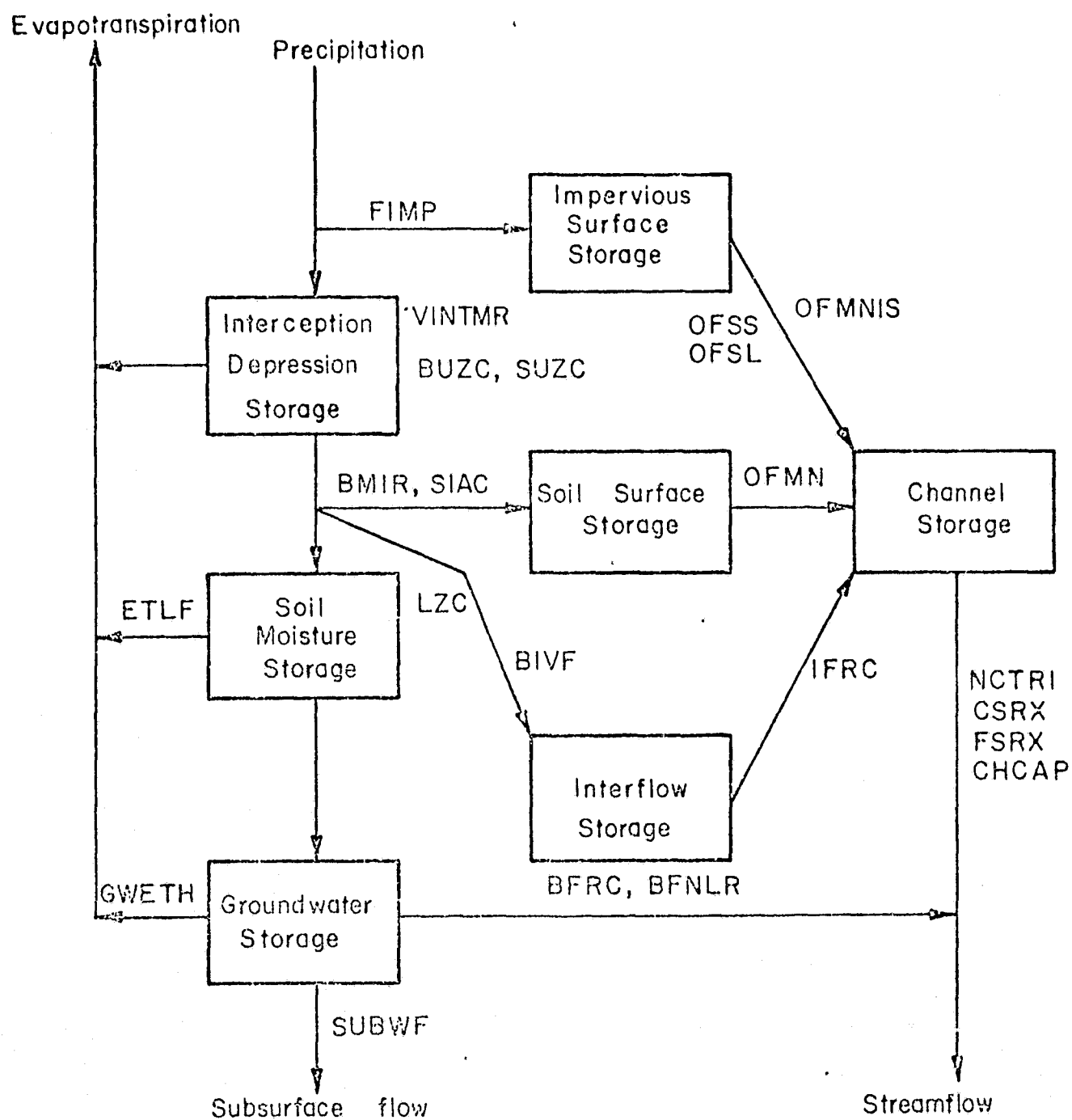


Figure 6-1. Water Accounting in the Stanford Watershed Model (Ross, 1970)

6.1.3 UPPER ZONE STORAGE

Precipitation in excess of interception storage reaches the ground surface where it either infiltrates into the soil or, if precipitation rates are greater than infiltration rates, accumulates on the surface as depression storage or overland flow detention storage. Water infiltrating will go either to lower zone storage or interflow storage. The distribution of surface water into the various components (surface detention, interflow storage, infiltration) depends upon the upper zone storage capacity (UZC), the lower zone storage ratio (LZS/LZC), the basic interflow volume factor (BIVF), and the seasonal adjustment factor (SIAC). The model for distributing surface water is illustrated in Figure 6-2.

The upper zone storage capacity is calculated as:

$$UZC = SUZC (AEX90) + BUZC(e^{-2.7 LZSR})$$

where SUZC is the seasonal upper zone storage

AEX90 is an evaporation index.

BUZC is the basic upper zone storage capacity.

and LZSR is the ratio of current lower zone storage to the lower zone storage capacity (LZS/LZC).

The fraction of moisture retained (FMR) is then calculated as a function of the Upper Zone Storage Ratio (UZS/UZC) according to the relationship shown in Figure 6-3. Upper zone storage is depleted by both infiltration (delayed) and evaporation. Delayed infiltration is calculated as:

$$UZINLZ = 0.003 BMIR * UZC * UZINFX ** 3.0$$

where UZINLZ = current upper zone infiltration to lower zone.

BMIR = basic maximum infiltration rate.

UZC = upper zone storage capacity.

and UZINFX = upper zone infiltration index.

$$= (UZS/UZC) - (LZS/LZC).$$

Upper zone losses to evaporation are at potential rate as long as storage is present.

6.1.4 ACTIVE INFILTRATION

Water in excess of the upper zone storage capacity will be distributed to interflow storage, infiltration, or overland flow according to the model in Figure 6.2. The proportion of water going to lower zone and ground water storage depends upon the infiltration rate. As illustrated in Figure 6.2, infiltration rates are distributed linearly over the watershed from 0 to a maximum (BMIR) at some point on the watershed. The basic maximum infiltration rate (CMIR) for each 15-minute period during a storm:

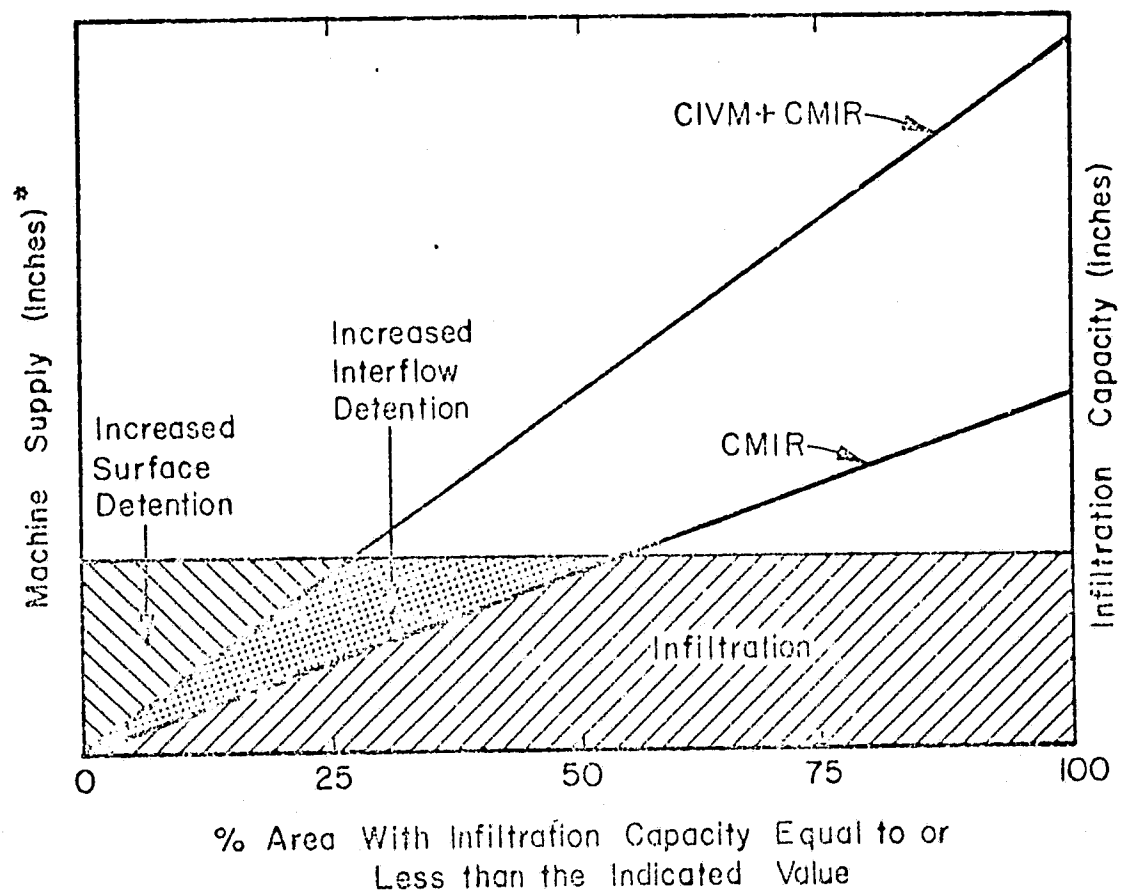


Figure 6-2. Model for Estimating Infiltration Capacity (Ross, 1970)

* Rainfall Passing Through the Upper Zone Plus Holdover Direct Runoff.

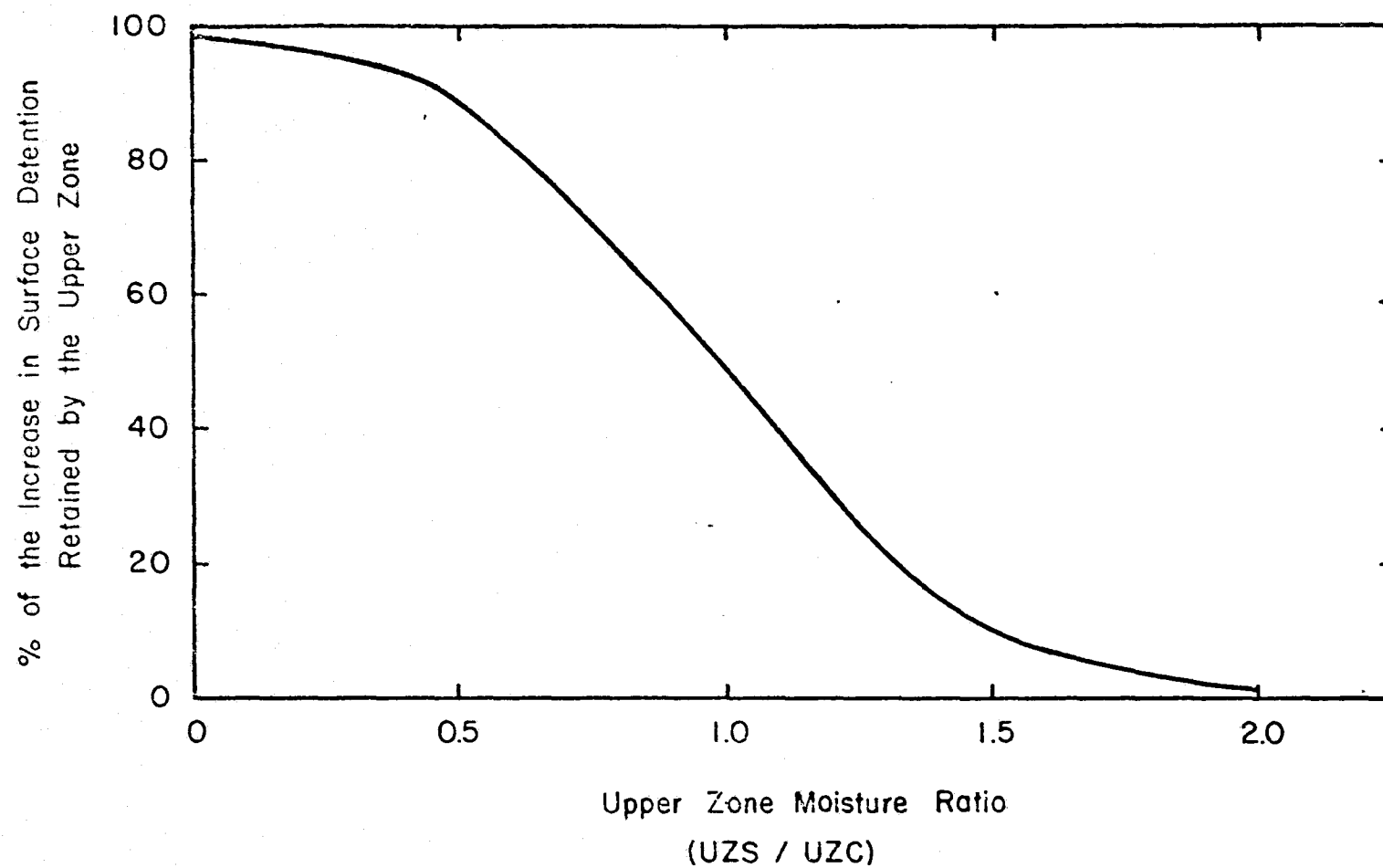


Figure 6-3. Model for Estimating the Upper Zone Storage Component of Surface Detention (Ross, 1970)

$$CMIR = 0.25 * SIAM * BMIR / (2.0 ** EID)$$

where

CMIR = adjusted current maximum infiltration rate.

SIAM = seasonal infiltration adjustment multiplier.
 $= 1.2 ** SIAC$

and

EID = exponent of infiltration rate decay with increased soil moisture content

$= 4.0 * LZSR$ for LZSR values less than 1.0

The proportion of water going to interflow storage is also calculated as part of the active infiltration calculation:

$$CMIV = BIVM * 2.0 ** LZSR$$

where

BIVM = basic interflow volume parameter.

LZSR = lower zone storage ratio (LZS/LZC).

6.1.5 LOWER ZONE AND GROUND WATER RECHARGE

The portion of the water infiltrated into the ground will either go into lower zone storage (LZS) or pass through to ground water storage (GWS) depending on the lower zone storage ratio (LZS/LZC). The amount of water infiltration to the lower zone storage is calculated as:

$$FMR = (1.0 / (1.0 + LZRX)) ** LZRX$$

where

FMR = fraction of moisture retention in lower zone

and

LZRX = lower zone moisture retention index.

$$= 1.5 * ABS(LZSR - 1.0) + 1.0.$$

The proportion going to ground water is calculated as:

$$PGW = (1.0 - FMR) * UZINLZ * (1.0 - SUBWF) * FPER$$

where

PGW - percolation to ground water.

FMR = fraction of moisture retention

UZINLZ = current upper zone infiltration to lower zone.

SUBWF = subsurface water flow out of basin.

and

FPER = fraction of watershed being pervious.

The recharge to ground water as a function of the lower zone storage ratio is shown in Figure 6-4.

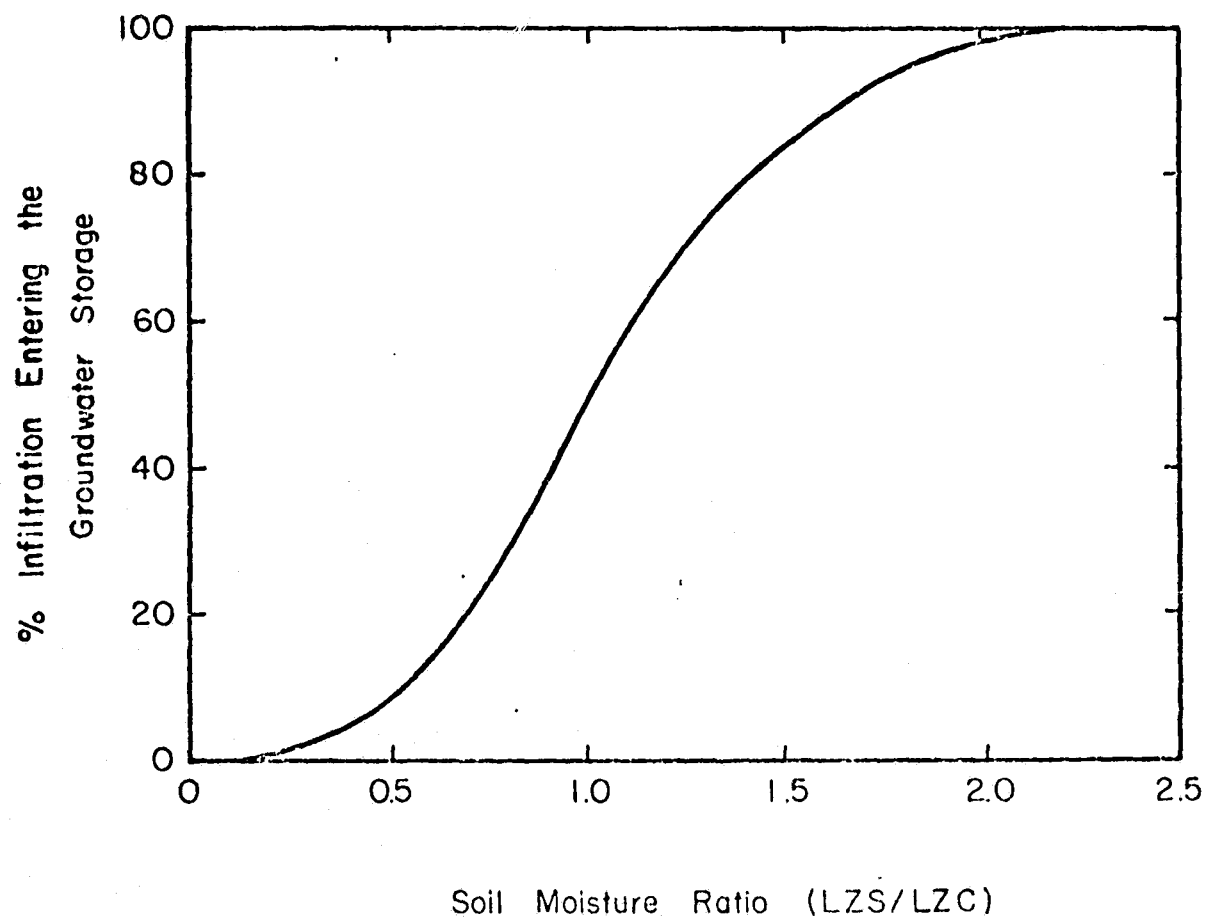


Figure 6-4. Model for Estimating Infiltration Entering Groundwater Storage (Ross, 1970)

6.1.6 OVERLAND FLOW

Overland flow calculations are based on a modified version of the Chezy-Manning Equation:

$$q = \frac{1.486}{n} y^{5/3} s^{1/2}$$

where q = flow rate in $\text{ft}^3/\text{sec}/\text{ft}$.

y = depth in feet at the lower edge of the flow plane.

s = slope of the flow plane in ft/ft .

and n = Manning's roughness coefficient.

Crawford and Linsley (1966) used this equation to obtain a relationship between surface detention at equilibrium, the supply rate to overland flow, the length and slope of the flow plane, and Manning's n . In the Kentucky model the overland flow calculation takes the form:

$$\text{OFR} = 0.25 * \text{OFRF} * ((\text{OFUS} + \text{PEAI}) * 0.05) ** 1.67 * ((1.0 + 0.6) * ((\text{OFUS} + \text{PEAI}) / (2.0 * \text{EQD})) ** 3.0) ** 1.67$$

where OFR = current overland flow runoff (inches/hour).

OFRF = overland flow routing factor.

$$= 1020.0 * (\text{OFSS} ** 0.5) / (\text{OFMIN} * \text{OFSC}).$$

$$(\text{OFUS} + \text{PEAI}) / 2.0 = \text{detention volume (corresponding to } y\text{)}.$$

and EQD = equilibrium depth of overland flow

$$= \text{EQDF} * ((\text{PEAI} - \text{OFUS}) ** 0.6)$$

A similar calculation is used for overland flow from both previous and impervious surface within the watershed.

6.1.7 INTERFLOW

The volume of water entering interflow storage was calculated previously. Interflow storage is depleted according to a logarithmic decay function:

$$\text{SPIF} = \text{IFRL} * \text{IFS}$$

where SPIF = synthesized period interflow.

IFRL = log if interflow period recession constant.

and IFS = interflow storage.

6.1.8 GROUND WATER FLOW

The volume of water entering ground water storage was calculated previously. The flow from ground water storage to the stream is calculated as :

$$CBF = GWS * BFRL * (1.0 + BFNRL * BFNX)$$

where CBF = current base flow.

GWS = ground water storage

BFRL = the log of the base flow recession constant.

BFNRL = the log of the nonlinear base flow adjustment factor

and BFNX = current value of the nonlinear base flow adjustment factor.

Losses from ground water storage may occur by deep seepage or flow out of the basin, and by direct evapotranspiration losses. Ground water flow from the basin is specified in the input parameter SUBWF and adjustments made to ground water storage (GWS). ET losses from ground water are determined from the input parameter GWETF which essentially designates the proportion of the watershed from which ground water is evaporating and calculate ET at potential rates from that area.

6.1.9 EVAPOTRANSPIRATION

Evapotranspiration losses from the watershed occur at various locations and at various rates. Evaporation from interception storage, upper zone storage, ground water storage (when indicated) and open water surfaces is calculated at the potential rate. Evapotranspiration losses from the remainder of the basin are calculated at a variable rate depending on the availability of soil water. Potential evapotranspiration is assumed equal to lake evaporation which is determined from pan evaporation data (DPET) and a monthly pan coefficient (EPCM). As discussed in Section 3, pan evaporation data can be input as daily values, average values over a 10-day periods, or a mean annual ET value (EPAET). If the latter is used, subroutine EVPDAY is called and the mean annual value distributed over the days of the year.

Two adjustments are made to the potential evapotranspiration rate (PET). First, if the daily maximum temperature (DMXT) minus 4.0 times the elevation difference (ELDIF) is less than 40.0, PET is set at zero. Second, if the basin is snow covered, PET is only calculated from the portion of the basin covered by forest (PET = FFOR * PET).

In the model, PET is first taken from Interception Storage, Ground Water Storage (if specified), and upper zone storage at the potential rate. If PET remains, it is taken from lower zone storage according to the form:

$$SET = PET * (1.0 - PET / (2.0 * ETLF * LZSR))$$

where SET = current hourly soil evaporation

PET = current daily potential evaporation.

ETLF = the ET loss factor (parameter).

and LZSR = lower zone storage ratio.

The term (ETLF * LZSR) defines the maximum rate at which evaporation can occur, and determines the distribution of evaporation from the watershed according to the model illustrated by Figure 6-5.

Other evaporation losses from the watershed include Daily Potential Snow Evaporation (DPSE) which is calculated separately from watershed PET and Evaporation from open water surfaces (FWTR).

Snow evaporation is calculated as a function of the daily minimum temperature and the daily potential evaporation data array (DPSE). If the daily minimum temperature is less than 32°F., snow evaporation is equal to DPSE. Evaporation from the free water surface on the watershed is calculated as:

$$HSE = (FWTR * PET)/12.0$$

where HSE = hourly stream evaporation

FWTR = proportion of watershed covered by water

PET = potential evaporation

HSE is calculated between the hours 9:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.

6.1.10 ROUTING

The overland flow and interflow components are delivered to the channel system and must be routed through the channel system to simulate the hydrograph at the basin outlet. Linsley and Crawford (1966) adapted an empirical method of Clark (1945) using the time-area histogram discussed in Section 3.1. The basic premise of the method is that the time-area histogram represents the time distribution of outflow from the watershed. Inflow into each element of the time-area histogram is routed through the element using the relationship:

$$O_2 = \bar{I} - CSRX (\bar{I} - O_1)$$

where O_2 is the outflow at the end of the time interval

O_1 is the outflow at the beginning of the time interval

\bar{I} is the average inflow into the reservoir during the time interval

and CSRX is the channel storage routing index.

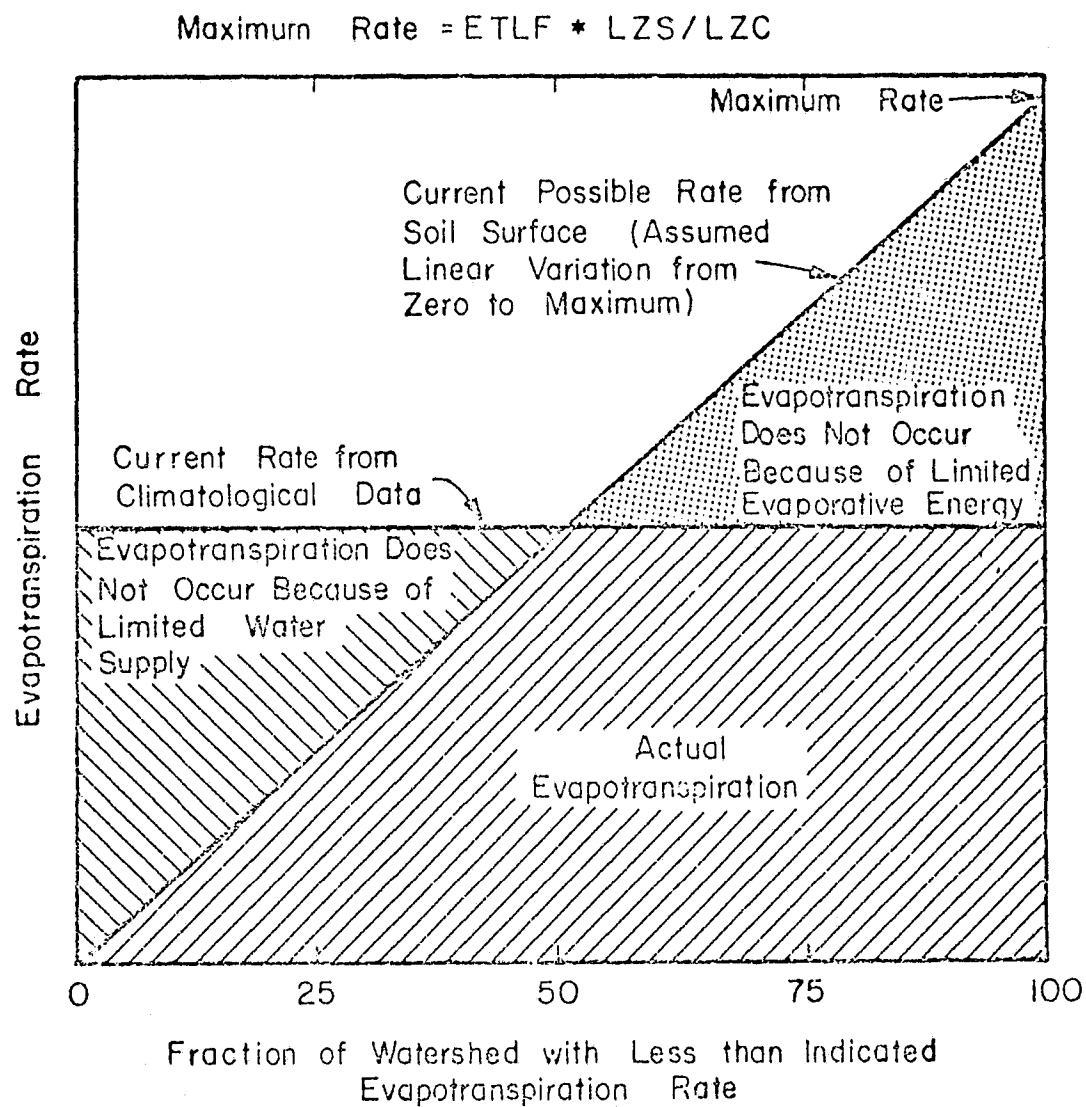


Figure 6-5. Model for Estimating Actual Evapotranspiration (Ross, 1970)

The program provides for three channel flow situations: (1) if the synthesized channel flow is less than half the channel capacity (CHCAP), the channel storage routing index (CSRX) is used in the above calculation. (2) if the synthesized flow is over twice the channel capacity, indicating that the flow is out of the banks, the flood plain storage routing index (FSRX) is used; and (3) if channel flow is between 0.5 and 2.0 CHCAP, a value is interpolated between CSRX and FSRX.

The routing calculations discussed assume that routing through the channel system is linear. If there is reason to believe that the time routing of storm hydrographs is nonlinear, a provision for increasing downstream velocity is provided in subroutine RTVARY.

6.2 SUBROUTINE SNOMEL

The snow melt subroutine is a simplified version of the Stanford Snow melt Model of Anderson and Crawford (1964) devised by Colorado State University. The model calculates snow melt as a function of air temperature with adjustments for seasonal radiation incidence and albedo. The model also maintains a continuous accounting of physical snow pack characteristics which enter into the snow melt accounting. The snow melt model is shown in Figure 6-6. It was not used in modeling the Town Creek basin, where snow is seldom of measurable effect.

6.2.1 ELEVATION EFFECTS

Precipitation - Precipitation is assumed uniform over the watershed. This is calculated by determining the ratio of gage catch to watershed precipitation. This is an erroneous assumption for high mountain watersheds, especially large watersheds where precipitation varies strongly with elevation. No elevation correction is applied to the model for precipitation.

Temperature - Hourly temperature values are used in the calculations to determine whether precipitation is rain or snow, and also to calculate snow melt. Hourly temperature values are estimated according to a sine wave distribution between two representative extremes, the maximum and minimum. It is assumed that the maximum and minimum air temperature occur at 4:00 p.m. and 4:00 a.m. respectively. The recorded maximum and minimum are adjusted for elevation to give maximum and minimum values for the basin. Adjustments are based on the following relationships:

1. At 4:00 p.m. the lapse rate = 4.00/1000 feet.
2. At 4:00 a.m. the lapse rate = 0.00/1000 feet.
3. During precipitation events, the lapse rate = 3.30/1000 feet.

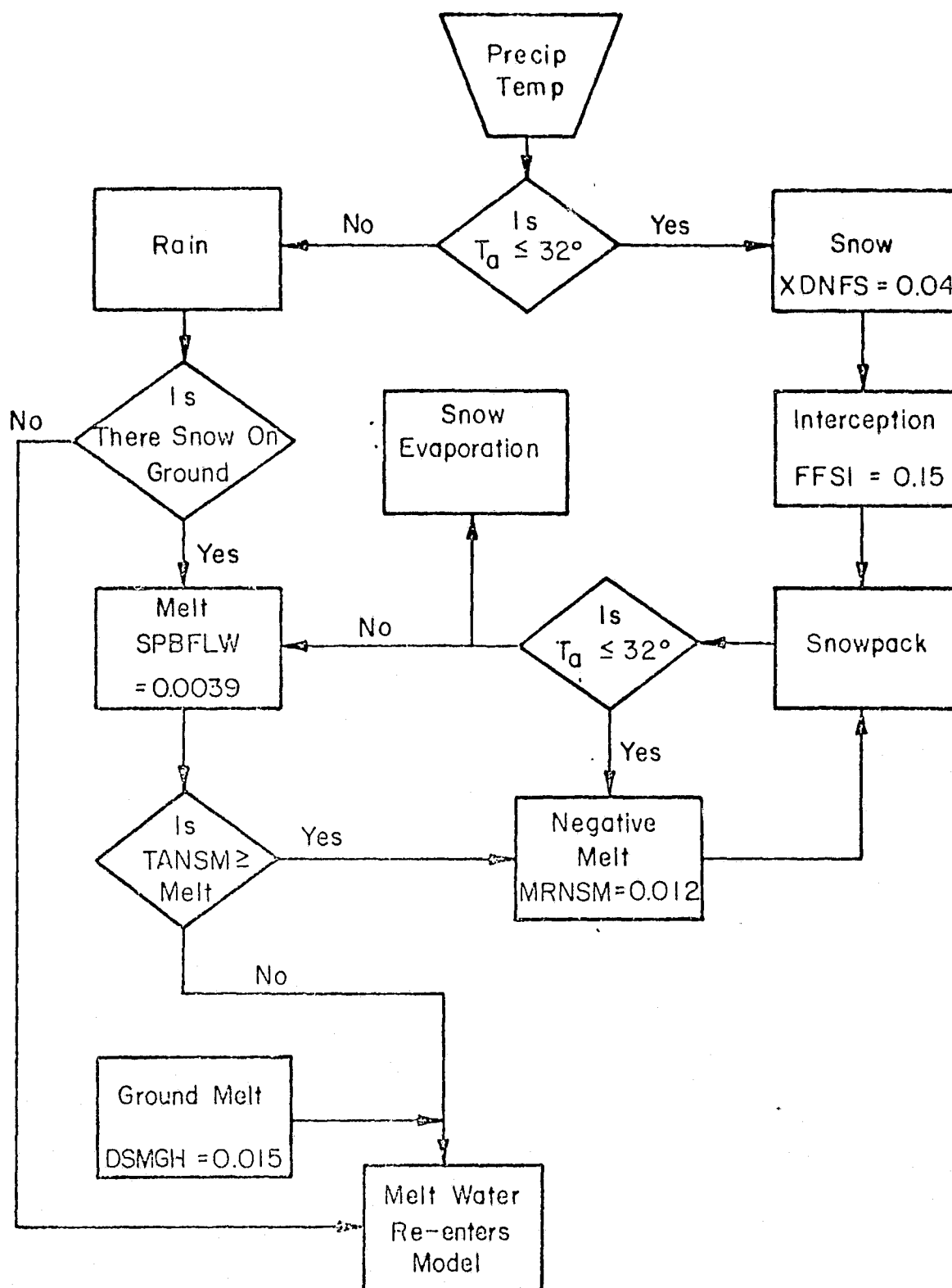


Figure 6-6. Snowmelt Calculations in the Kentucky Watershed Model

6.2.2 SNOW ACCUMULATION

Accumulation - Temperature is not a perfect index to the form of precipitation but is assumed best. The subroutine uses a single temperature index to determine the form of precipitation. If the hourly temperature (TEH) is above 32°F, precipitation occurring during this hour is rain, while if TEH is 32°F or less, precipitation is snow. If experimental data or local experience indicate a different index value would be more appropriate, the index value can be changed in the subroutine.

Gage Catch Corrections - Precipitation gages are not as efficient in catching snow as they are in catching rain. If a consistent low runoff volume is synthesized, a gage catch correction may be added by setting the value of the snow precipitation multiplier (SPM) greater than 1.0.

6.2.3 LOSSES FROM THE SNOW PACK

Interception Losses - Snow caught and held by the forest canopy is assumed proportional to the proportion of forest cover. The calculations are:

$$FSIL = FFSI * FFOR * HSF$$

Where FSIL = Hourly snow interceptive loss

FFSI = Fraction intercepted by the forest

FFOR = Fraction of forest cover in the watershed.

HSF = Hourly snowfall.

This loss is deducted from the hourly snowfall before it reaches the ground.

Evaporation Losses - Evaporation losses from the snow pack are calculated separately from other evaporation losses and deducted from the snow pack water content (SPTW). Snow evaporation is determined using a curve of average snow evaporation over the year (DPSE data array). Snow evaporation is equal to the daily value if the daily minimum temperature is less than 32°F.

6.2.4 SNOW PACK CHARACTERISTICS

The snowmelt subroutine also keeps a running account of the snow pack characteristics since melt rates depend upon the state, or "ripeness" of the snow pack. These characteristics include:

Snow Albedo - The snow albedo correction is considered to vary with time and will range from a maximum value (fresh new snow) to a minimum value (ripe, melting snow) over a 15-day period. This array of values is included as a data array (FIRR). Under melt conditions, the snow albedo index (SAX) will increase by one each day until a maximum SAX of 15 is reached. Similarly, if a fresh snow falls on the snow pack, the albedo under is decreased by one

each day that fresh snow falls until a SAX value of 0.0 is reached. Rain on snow will also change the albedo index, thus if the hourly rainfall is greater than the precipitation index for changing snow albedo (PSCSA), the albedo index will increase by 1.0. The albedo value (FIRR) is used to adjust the melt rate.

Density of New Snow - The density of new snow will vary according to the air temperature. Snow falling in a cold, dry atmosphere will be light and fluffy, while snow falling in a warmer environment will be wet and heavy. The density of new snow is determined by the index density of new fallen snow (XDNFS). If the hourly air temperature (TEH) is less than 0°F, the density of new snow is set at the index density. If the hourly air temperature is greater than 0°F:

$$DNFS = XDNF + (0.1(TEH))^{**2.0}$$

where DNFS = Density of New Snow

XDNFS = Index Density of New Snow

TEH = Hourly Air Temperature.

Compaction and Setting of the Snow Pack - The snow melt subroutine assumes that all changes in the snow pack occur when new snow is added. When new snow is added to the snow pack, the added weight causes a certain amount of setting and compaction. This is calculated as:

$$SDEPTH = SDEPTH - ((PRH * SDEPTH / SPTW) * (0.10 * SDEPTH) ** 0.25))$$

where SDEPTH = Snow Depth

PRH = Precipitation Recorded Hourly

SPTW = Snow Pack Total Water Content.

Reduction in snow depth also occurs due to snow melt. This is calculated as a function of hourly snow melt (HSM), the density of frozen water in the snow pack (SFMD), and the snow albedo index (SAX). Thus, for maximum melt conditions (SAX = 15.0):

$$SDEPTH = SDEPTH - (HSM / SFMD)$$

when SDEPTH = Snow Depth

HSM = Hourly Snow Melt

SFMD = Snow Frozen Moisture Density.

For snow melt conditions less than maximum, (SAX 15.0) the SFMD factor is reduced proportionately.

Snow pack densities are also recalculated as a result of compaction and melt processes, as a function of snow depth and water content.

$$STMD = (SPTW + SPLW)/SDEPTH$$

and $SFMD = SPTW/SDEPTH$

where $STMD = \text{Snow Pack Total Moisture Density}$

$SFMD = \text{Snow Pack Frozen Moisture Density}$

$SPTW = \text{Snow Pack Total Water Content}$

$SPLW = \text{Snow Pack Liquid Water Content}$

$SDEPTH = \text{Snow Depth}$

The snow pack liquid water holding capacity is determined as:

$$SPLWC = SPBFLW * SPTW$$

where $SPLWC = \text{Snow Pack Liquid Water Holding Capacity}$

$SPBFLW = \text{Snow Pack Basic Maximum Fraction in Liquid Water}$

$SPTW = \text{Snow Pack Total Water Content.}$

Snow melt first goes to satisfy the liquid water holding capacity before being released to the soil.

6.2.5 SNOW MELT

Snow melt occurs from three basic heat sources: The heat in the air over the watershed, heat in rain falling on the snow pack, and heat stored in the ground beneath the snow pack. Snow melt is calculated separately from these sources.

Hourly Snowmelt - Hourly snow melt is calculated as a function of the basic degree hour melt factor (BDDFSM), and is adjusted for snow pack albedo and seasonal radiation incidence. The basic equation is:

$$HSM = (TEH - 32^{\circ}) * BDDFSM * RICD * (1 - (1 - FFOR) * FIRR + (TEH - 32^{\circ})) * (PRH/144) * SPTW/SPTWCC$$

where $HSM = \text{Hourly Snow Melt}$

$TEH = \text{Hourly Air Temperature}$

$BDDFSM = \text{Basic Degree Hour Melt Factor}$

$RICD = \text{Radiation Incidence Correction Factor}$

$$RICY * 1 + (FDAY/10.0)$$

FFOR = Fraction of Forest Cover on the Basin
FIRR = Fraction of Radiation Reflected
PRH = Precipitation Recorded Hourly
SPTW = Snow Pack Total Water Content
SPTWCC = Total Snow Pack Water Content to Cover the Basin.

In the Kentucky version of the snowmelt model, the model assumes that the base temperature for snow melt is 32°. Thus, if the hourly air temperature is greater than 32°, snow melt will occur. The base temperature of 32° was selected for convenience and may not be the best point for some watersheds. If experience or research suggests a more appropriate base, it can be easily changed in the program.

Since the snow melt factor BDDFSM represents the maximum melt rate, several adjustments are required. The first is to adjust for the incidence of radiation over the year. Since snow melt is not simply the result of sensible heat exchange from the air mass over the watershed, but also due to short wave radiation, the amount of radiation incident upon the snow pack is important. This adjustment is applied in the RICY array which essentially represents the distribution of solar energy over the year. Not all short wave radiation is absorbed, but much is reflected depending on the albedo of the snow pack. The second adjustment is for the albedo of the snow pack and the proportion of forest cover on the watershed. The albedo reduction factors are provided in the data array FIRR discussed in Section 3.2.

Snow melt due to rain falling on this snow pack is also determined. The program assumes that rainfall has the same temperature as the air above the snow pack. While this may not be true, it is a reasonable assumption for the snow melt calculation. Again, the base temperature is set at 32° and the melt resulting from rainfall is determined.

The final adjustment to hourly snow melt on the basin is for partial snow cover conditions. The program assumes that if the total water content of the snow pack is greater than some index value (SPTWCC), melt is occurring uniformly over the basin. However, if the snow pack water content falls below the index value, snow cover is assumed not complete over the basin, and melt is reduced proportionately.

Negative Snow Melt - Since snow melt only occurs when air temperatures are 32°F or greater, the program assumes that negative melt or freezing occurs in the snow pack when temperatures are below 32°. In reality, the re-freezing of liquid water and chilling of the snow pack are highly complex processes depending on the density of the snow pack, the water holding capacity, the liquid water content, the structure, and heat content of the snow pack. In the model the re-freezing of liquid water and chilling of the snow pack are considered together as negative snow melt. Because of the complexities of the processes, an empirical function relating negative snow melt to air temperatures is used (Anderson and Crawford, 1964).

The routine assumes that negative snow melt occurs at some maximum rate (MRNSM) for the first twelve hours. Thereafter, the negative snow melt is calculated as:

$$NSM = ((5.0 * MRNSM) ** (1.3 + 2.0 * TANSM))$$

where NSM = Negative Snow Melt

MRNSM = Maximum Rate of Negative Snow Melt

TANSM - Total Accumulated Negative Snow Melt

Total accumulated negative snow melt cannot exceed .08*SPTW.

Snowmelt From Ground Heat - In some watersheds, snow melt due to heat in the ground is a significant source of melt. The Stanford Snow Melt Model assumes that melt from ground heat is constant (DSMGH). The total snow water content is reduced by this amount each day and added to overland flow.

6.3 OTHER SUBROUTINES

Most of the subroutines not previously discussed in this section were adequately summarized as to function in Table 6-1. Some of them are given additional attention in the following paragraphs.

6.3.1 SUBROUTINE READ

Subroutine READ is a machine language subroutine for reading data into the program. Since large amounts of data are required in the program, READ permits the use of unformatted data, data cards with labels or comments on the data card, and the insertion of comment or blank cards in the data deck.

Basically, a CALL READ statement in the program deck should include the name of the variable (or variables) being read and the number of values to be read. For example, in CALL READ (CONOPT (1, 15)), the computer would read the next 15 values in the data deck whether they are on one card or 15 cards and store the values in array CONOPT (15). Similarly, a CALL READ (GWS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS) statement would cause the next five values to read and store with the appropriate label.

A few simple rules should be observed in the use of the subroutine.

1. Use only on numeric data, either real or integr. READ cannot read alphanumeric data. Thus, title cards, etc. must be formatted as usual. In addition, alphanumeric cards must follow a numerical data card and cannot follow a comment card.
2. Data values must be punched on the cards and placed in the deck in the order in which they are called.
3. The type of variable value should agree with the designation of the variable names, i.e., real, integr.
4. A space should be left between consecutive values although no other spacing requirements are required.

6.3.2 SUBROUTINE DAYNXT

Subroutine DAYNXT is a simple routine which calculates the next day of the year. Since most of the daily moisture accounting is calculated and stored according to the number of the day, DAYNXT determines the number of the next day of the year making appropriate adjustments for Leap Years and beginning a new year.

6.3.3 SUBROUTINE DAYOUT

Subroutine DAYOUT is a subroutine called in printing out the tables of daily synthesized streamflow values, daily recorded streamflow values, and daily soil water values. The subroutine converts daily values from calendar year day values (VDCY) to month day values (VDMD) and prints the daily values arranged by month in the water year month order.

6.3.4 SUBROUTINE EVPDAY

Subroutine EVPDAY determines the daily potential evaporation (DPET) for each day of the year, given the mean annual potential evapotranspiration (EPAET). The subroutine is called when CONOPT 3 = 2 and requires EPAET and MNRD data cards. Liou (1970) suggests that the subroutine is most valuable when a number of watersheds from the same region are to be tested and evaporation data are scarce. The tests can be run without the necessity of developing detailed evaporation data for each watershed.

Basically, the subroutine consists of an array of fractions for each day of the year which determines the potential evaporation for that day. When CONOPT 3 = 2, the main program first calculates the annual potential evaporation which would occur if no rain were recorded:

$$EMAET = EPAET \left(\frac{365 + MNRD}{404} \right)$$

where EPAET and MNRD are input data values for the estimated potential annual evaporation and the mean number of rainy days. Liou (1970) indicates that the denominator would be $(365 + 0.5 * MNRD)$ if there were an equal likelihood of rain occurring during any day of the year, but that 404 works better in Kentucky where more rain occurs during the winter. The EMAET value is then multiplied by each of the daily evaporation fractions to obtain daily evaporation values. Ross (1970) discusses a method of determining the evaporation fraction used in EVPDAY and suggests that similar procedures should be used to obtain values for areas remote from Kentucky. Liou (1970) indicates that the Kentucky array seemed to work well in California but should be slightly more peaked for more northern latitudes and higher elevations.

6.3.5 SUBROUTINE PREPRD

The Kentucky Watershed Model requires hourly rainfall data to simulate infiltration and surface runoff processes. Although hourly data is read into the program, the moisture accounting subroutine divides the hourly value into four equal 15-minute values for the infiltration and overland flow calculation. This is strictly a convenience for a simplified calculation since rainfall is

seldom uniform for an hour period. On large basins with runoff lag times of several hours, this simplification is satisfactory. However, on small watersheds or in situations where the hourly distribution of rainfall might influence the timing and magnitude of the outflow hydrograph, it is desirable to have precipitation data for periods less than an hour, or, to distribute hourly precipitation according to a probable distribution. Subroutine PREPRD provides the user with the option (CONOPT 2 = 1) of subdividing hourly rainfall into non-uniform 15-minute quantities according to an average distribution.

The average distribution was determined from a curve showing the average distribution of 6-hour precipitation developed by the Bureau of Reclamation (1960) (Liou, 1970). The distribution of hourly rainfall determined by Liou (1970) is into fractions of 0.46, 0.28, 0.16, and 0.10. The proper sequencing of these fractions during the hour is a problem. PREPRD distributes rainfall according to the following conditions:

1. If the current hour rainfall is greater than both the previous and the following hour, the distribution is 0.10, 0.28, 0.46, and 0.16 of the hourly total.
2. If current hourly rainfall is less than both the previous and the following hour, the distribution is 0.28, 0.10, 0.16 and 0.46.
3. If the current hour rainfall is greater than the preceding hour but less than the following, the order is 0.10, 0.28, 0.16, and 0.48.
4. If current hour rainfall is less than the preceding but greater than the following hour, the order is 0.46, 0.16, 0.28, and 0.10.

6.3.6 SUBROUTINE RTVARY

In the channel routing procedure, the program assumes that the flow velocity is relatively uniform throughout the channel length and for all flow conditions. Since this may not be a valid assumption in many watersheds, especially during stormflows, subroutine RTVARY provides the user with a routine to increase flow velocities as discharge increases. The equation is:

$$V = K*Q^{(EXQP)}$$

where V = flow velocity

K = constant

Q = channel flow volume

and EXQP = an exponent of flow proportional to velocity.

The primary effect of this subroutine is to magnify flood peaks.

SECTION 7

OUTPUTS

Examples of streamflow forecast model outputs appear in this section.

- o Tables of hourly streamflow values in cfs for worst case, zero precipitation and quantitative forecasts.
- o Three superimposed hydrographs, one for each forecast case
- o Table of daily precipitation, surface runoff, interflow, base flow and storm runoff for each forecast case.
- o Table of peak flow, time of peak, total runoff and total precipitation for the forecast period
- o Soil moisture storages and parameters at the end of each day for each forecast case. There are interflow (IFS), upper zone (UZS), lower zone (SZS), ground water (GWS), baseflow nonlinear recession index (BFNX), seasonal infiltration adjustment multiplier (SIAM) and upper zone capacity (UZC)
- o Table of past-run hourly simulated streamflow values
- o Two superimposed past run hydrographs, simulated and observed
- o Table of past run daily simulated and observed hydrograph parameters: precipitation, surface runoff, base flow, and storm runoff
- o Table of total past run simulated and observed peak flow, time of peak, runoff and precipitation
- o Soil moisture storages and parameters at the end of each day of the past run: interflow (IFS), upper zone (UZS), lower zone (SZS), ground water (GWS), baseflow nonlinear recession index (BFNX), seasonal infiltration adjustment multiplier (SIAM) and upper zone capacity (UZC).
- o Table of soil moisture storages and parameters at the end of each day of the past run.

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TOWN CREEK

WORSE CASE HOURLY CFS VALUES

NOV

4	AM	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	35.5
	PM	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.9	3.3	6.1	10.4	15.1	26.3	62.9	228.4	480.1	
5	AM	753.8	1027.0	1181.8	1329.0	1453.2	1584.5	1705.7	1792.8	1803.2	1663.9	1499.5	1462.4	
	PM	1447.7	1389.6	1202.4	984.9	803.5	653.0	535.7	443.3	371.1	314.4	270.1	235.5	1079.0
6	AM	208.4	187.1	170.5	157.5	147.3	139.3	132.9	127.9	123.8	120.7	118.2	116.2	
	PM	114.6	113.3	112.2	111.4	110.6	109.9	109.4	108.9	108.6	108.1	107.8	107.4	128.0
7	AM	107.1	106.8	106.4	106.1	105.8	105.5	105.2	105.0	104.3	104.1	103.8	103.5	
	PM	103.3	103.0	102.7	102.5	102.2	101.9	101.6	101.3	101.4	101.1	100.8	100.5	103.6
8	AM	100.2	99.9	99.6	99.3	99.0	98.7	98.4	98.1	97.4	97.1	96.8	96.5	
	PM	96.2	95.9	95.6	95.4	95.1	94.8	94.5	94.2	94.4	94.1	93.8	93.5	96.6

FORECAST CASE HOURLY CFS VALUES

NOV

4	AM	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	17.5
	PM	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4	2.4	4.4	7.6	11.0	18.8	41.3	109.9	205.7	
5	AM	338.1	409.9	466.3	521.1	566.0	613.5	656.6	686.7	689.0	637.6	575.6	566.6	
	PM	559.3	537.5	469.8	391.0	325.2	272.4	230.2	197.0	171.1	150.6	134.6	122.1	427.4
6	AM	112.2	104.5	98.4	93.7	90.0	87.0	84.6	82.8	81.1	79.9	79.7	78.2	
	PM	77.5	77.0	76.6	76.2	75.9	75.5	75.2	75.0	74.9	74.7	74.4	74.2	82.4
7	AM	74.0	73.8	73.6	73.4	73.2	73.1	72.9	72.7	72.2	72.0	71.8	71.6	
	PM	71.4	71.3	71.1	70.9	70.7	70.5	70.3	70.1	70.3	70.1	69.9	69.7	71.7
8	AM	69.5	69.2	68.8	68.6	68.4	68.2	68.0	67.4	67.2	67.0	66.8	66.6	
	PM	66.6	66.4	66.2	66.0	65.8	65.6	65.4	65.2	65.5	65.3	65.1	64.9	66.9

NO PRECIP HOURLY CFS VALUES

NOV

4	AM	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
	PM	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	
5	AM	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
	PM	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	
6	AM	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
	PM	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	
7	AM	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9
	PM	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
8	AM	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8
	PM	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	

W/C V S N/P V S F/C H O U R L Y R/D

0.1804E 04+

0.1443E 04

0.1083E 04

0.7219F 03

0.3612E 03

0.4941F 004

0.0

0.2380F 02

0.4760E 02

0.7149E 02

0.9520E 77

7.1190F 03

TIME (HRS)

7-3

TOWN CREEK

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TABLE ONE FORECAST RUN
NOV WORST CASE

4 PRECIP 3.224
SUR R/O 0.010
INT FL 0.0
BASE FL 0.003
STM R/O 48.2

NO PRECIP

0.0
-0.000
0.0
0.000
1.1

FORECAST

2.670
0.004
0.0
0.002
25.3

5 PRECIP 0.552
SUR R/O 0.363
INT FL 0.0
BASE FL 0.035
STM R/O 1523.5

0.0
-0.000
0.0
0.000
1.2

0.460
0.152
0.0
0.026
672.4

6 PRECIP 0.0
SUR R/O 0.007
INT FL 0.0
BASE FL 0.035
STM R/O 158.4

0.0
-0.000
0.0
0.000
1.1

0.0
0.003
0.0
0.026
107.9

7 PRECIP 0.0
SUR R/O 0.000
INT FL 0.0
BASE FL 0.033
STM R/O 124.5

0.0
-0.000
0.0
0.000
0.9

0.0
0.000
0.0
0.024
91.8

8 PRECIP 0.0
SUR R/O -0.000
INT FL 0.0
BASE FL 0.031
STM R/O 116.1

0.0
-0.000
0.0
0.000
0.8

0.0
-0.000
0.0
0.023
85.6

WORST CASE

TABLE TWO
NO PRECIP

FORECAST RUN
FORECAST

DIFF

%DIFF

PEAK (CFS) 2572.3

1.4

1102.3

1470.00

PEAK (HR) 23

1

33

0

0.0

R/O (IN) 0.52

0.00

0.26

0.26

PRECIP (IN) 3.756

0.0

3.130

0.626

16.67

TOWN CREEK

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TABLE THREE
NOV

FORECAST RUN
WORST CASE

NO PRECIP

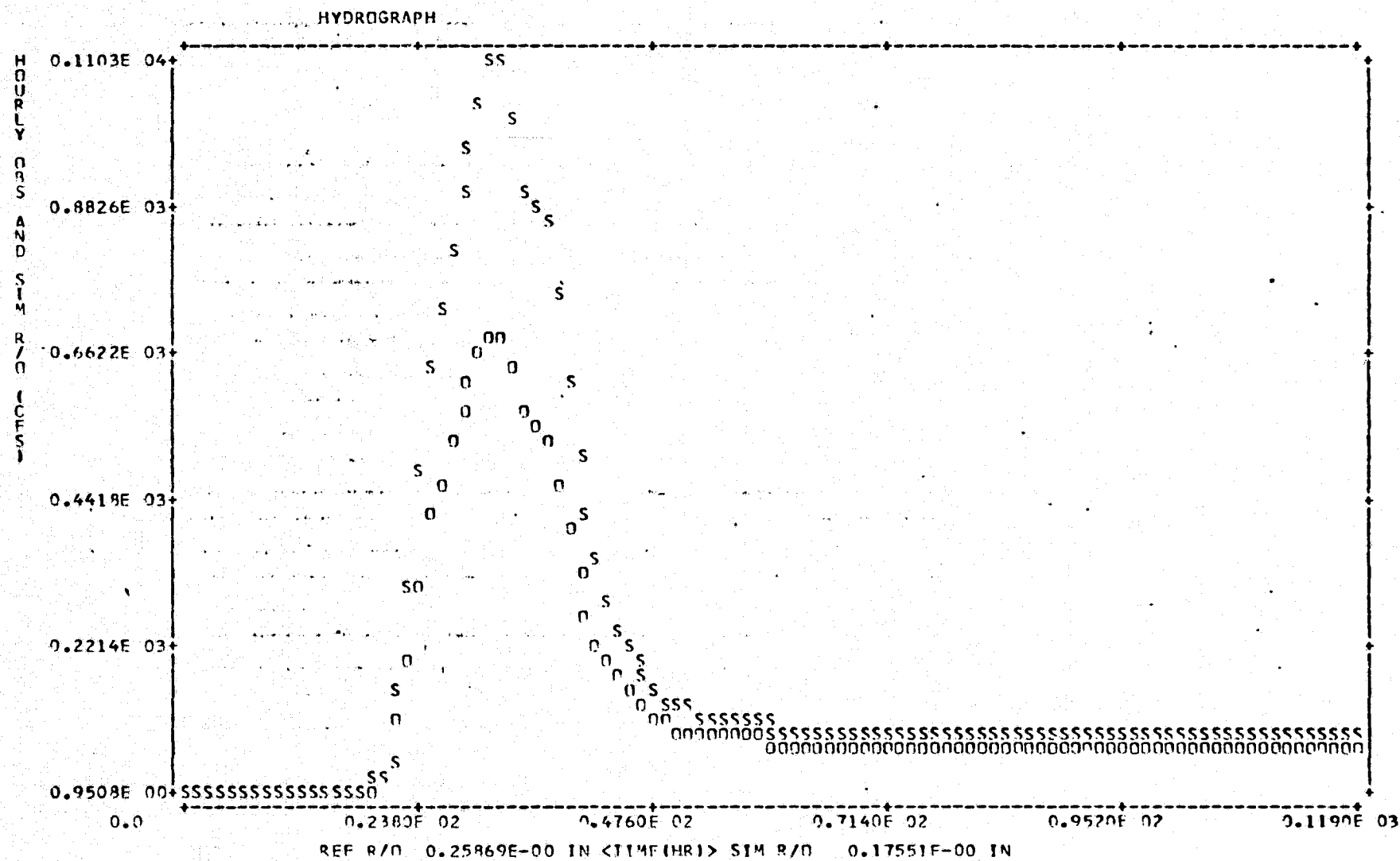
FORECAST

4	IFS	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U2S	0.47	0.0	0.45
	L2S	3.32	1.28	3.10
	GWS	0.32	0.00	0.24
	RFNX	0.34	0.02	0.26
	SIAM	0.98	0.98	0.98
	U2C	0.25	0.25	0.25
5	IFS	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U2S	0.40	0.0	0.38
	L2S	3.71	1.26	3.46
	GWS	0.49	0.00	0.36
	RFNX	0.53	0.02	0.38
	SIAM	0.98	0.98	0.98
	U2C	0.25	0.25	0.25
6	IFS	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U2S	0.35	0.0	0.34
	L2S	3.72	1.24	3.48
	GWS	0.47	0.00	0.34
	RFNX	0.52	0.02	0.38
	SIAM	0.97	0.97	0.97
	U2C	0.25	0.25	0.25
7	IFS	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U2S	0.29	0.0	0.28
	L2S	3.73	1.21	3.48
	GWS	0.44	0.00	0.32
	RFNX	0.51	0.02	0.38
	SIAM	0.97	0.97	0.97
	U2C	0.25	0.25	0.25
8	IFS	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U2S	0.23	0.0	0.22
	L2S	3.73	1.18	3.48
	GWS	0.41	0.00	0.30
	RFNX	0.49	0.02	0.37
	SIAM	0.97	0.97	0.97
	U2C	0.25	0.25	0.25

PAST RUN HOURLY CFS VALUE

NOV

4	AM	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	25.3
	PM	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.7	2.0	5.6	9.8	14.1	24.6	54.7	160.0	315.0	
5	AM	480.6	645.2	736.7	824.5	897.9	975.6	1046.9	1097.5	1102.3	1017.9	914.2	890.1	672.4
	PM	890.0	854.8	742.5	613.3	504.4	417.4	348.4	294.1	251.7	218.4	192.3	171.9	
6	AM	155.9	143.4	133.5	125.8	119.8	115.0	111.2	108.2	105.7	103.8	102.2	101.0	107.9
	PM	100.0	99.2	98.5	97.9	97.4	96.9	96.5	96.2	96.0	95.6	95.3	95.1	
7	AM	94.8	94.5	94.2	93.9	93.7	93.5	93.2	93.0	92.4	92.2	91.9	91.7	91.8
	PM	91.5	91.2	91.0	90.8	90.5	90.3	90.0	89.7	89.8	89.6	89.3	89.1	
8	AM	89.8	88.5	88.3	88.0	87.7	87.5	87.2	87.0	86.2	86.0	85.7	85.5	85.6
	PM	85.2	85.0	84.7	84.5	84.2	84.0	83.7	83.4	83.7	83.4	83.2	82.9	



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TOWN CREEK

TABLE ONE
MOV

PAST RUN
OBSERVED

SIMULATED

4PRECIP	2.670	2.670
SUP R/O		0.004
INT FL		0.0
BASE FL		0.002
STM R/O	17.7	25.3
5PRECIP	0.460	0.460
SUP R/O		0.152
INT FL		0.0
BASE FL		0.026
STM R/O	431.4	472.4
6PRECIP	0.0	0.0
SUP R/O		0.003
INT FL		0.0
BASE FL		0.026
STM R/O	87.1	107.9
7PRECIP	0.0	0.0
SUP R/O		0.000
INT FL		0.0
BASE FL		0.024
STM R/O	72.4	91.8
8PRECIP	0.0	0.0
SUP R/O		0.000
INT FL		0.0
BASE FL		0.023
STM R/O	67.8	85.6

	OBSERVED	SIMULATED	TABLE TWO DIFF	% DIFF	PAST RUN
PEAK (CFS)	682.7	1102.3	412.52	59.8	
PEAK (H2)	23	23	0	0.0	
R/O (IN)	0.25	0.18	0.08	47.4	
PRECIP IN	3.130	3.130			

TOWN CREEK

TABLE THREE
NOV

PAST RUN
SIMULATED

4	IFS	0.0
	U7S	0.45
	L7S	3.10
	GWS	0.24
	RFNX	0.26
	SIAM	0.28
	U7C	0.25
5	IFS	0.0
	U7S	0.38
	L7S	3.46
	GWS	0.36
	RFNX	0.30
	SIAM	0.28
	U7C	0.25
6	IFS	0.0
	U7S	0.34
	L7S	3.48
	GWS	0.24
	RFNX	0.20
	SIAM	0.97
	U7C	0.25
7	IFS	0.0
	U7S	0.28
	L7S	3.48
	GWS	0.32
	RFNX	0.28
	SIAM	0.97
	U7C	0.25
8	IFS	0.0
	U7S	0.22
	L7S	3.48
	GWS	0.30
	RFNX	0.37
	SIAM	0.97
	U7C	0.25

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SECTION 8

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APPENDIX A

DICTIONARY OF VARIABLES

DICTIONARY OF VARIABLES

THE NASA-IBM WATERSHED MODEL

ITEM 1 - VARIABLE NAME
ITEM 2 - WHETHER VARIABLE IS REAL, INTEGER, OR LOGICAL
ITEM 3 - VARIABLE DIMENSIONS
ITEM 4 - UNITS
ITEM 5 - DEFINITION OF THE VARIABLE

1	2	3	4	5
ABFSL	R	1	CAY	ACCUMULATED BASE FLOW SEQUENCE LENGTH
AGFV	R	1	IN	ANNUAL BASE FLOW VOLUME
ACRFMI	R	1	-	ACCUMULATED CASES IN ALL RECORDED FLOOD MAGNITUDE INTERVALS
ACBF	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY BASE FLOW
ADIF	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY INTERFLOW
ACHSP	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED SUM OF DRSP
AFTX	R	1	IN	ANNUAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION INDEX
AFXSG	R	1	IN	ANTECEDENT EVAPORATION INDEX, DECAY RATE = 0.9
AEX96	R	1	IN	ANTECEDENT EVAPORATION INDEX, DECAY RATE = 0.96
AFSIL	R	1	IN	ANNUAL FOREST SNOW INTERCEPTION LOSS
AHP	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED HOURLY PRECIPITATION
AIFSL	R	1	CAY	ACCUMULATED INTERFLOW SEQUENCE LENGTH
AIFV	R	1	IN	ANNUAL INTERFLOW VOLUME
AMBER	R	1	IN	ANNUAL MOISTURE BALANCE ERROR
AMBF	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY BASE FLOW
AMFSL	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY FOREST SNOW INTSR35PT9CN LOSS
AMIF	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY INTERFLOW
AMNET	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY NET EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
AMPET	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
AMPREC	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY PRECIPITATION
AMRPM	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY RAIN PLUS MELT
AMRTF	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED DAILY RECORDED TOTAL FLOW
AMSE	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY STREAM EVAPORATION
AMSNE	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED DAILY SNOW EVAPORATION
AMSTF	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED DAILY SYNTHESIZED TOTAL FLOW
ANET	R	1	IN	ANNUAL NET EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
ACFV	R	1	IN	ANNUAL OVERLAND FLOW VOLUME
APET	R	1	IN	ANNUAL POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
APKPR	R	1	-	ACCUMULATED PARAMETER PEAK PRODUCTS
APREC	R	1	IN	ANNUAL PRECIPITATION
AREA	R	1	SC MI	AREA OF WATERSHED
ARHF	R	1	IN	ACCUMULATED ROUTED HYDROGRAPH FLOW
ARHPF	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAK FLOWS
ARPM	R	1	IN	ANNUAL RAIN PLUS MELT
ARSTR	R	1	-	ACCUMULATED RATIO OF SYNTHESIZED TO RECORDED FLOWS
ASE	R	1	IN	ANNUAL SNOW EVAPORATION
ASEV	R	1	IN	ANNUAL STREAM EVAPORATION VOLUME
ASN	R	1	IN	ANNUAL SNOWFALL MOISTURE
ASRG	R	1	IN	ANNUAL SNOWFALL MOISTURE REACHING GROUND
ASRX	R	5,21	CFS	ABSTRACTED SYNTHESIZED ROUTED RUNOFFS
ASRX	R	1	-	AVERAGE VALUE OF SRX
ATF	R	1	SFD	ACCUMULATED TOTAL FLOW
ATFV	R	1	SFD	ANNUAL TOTAL FLOW VOLUME
AVRHPF	R	1	CFS	AVERAGE VALUE OF RHPF
ASBIT	R	59	-	ACCUMULATOR FOR WATERSHED BITS
BMIR	R	1	IN/HR	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF BASIC MAXIMUM INFILTRATION RATE
BUZC	R	1	-	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF BASIC UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY FACTOR
BUZLS	R	1	IN	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF BEGINNING OF YEAR LOWER ZONE STORAGE
BCCFSM	R	1	IN/HR	BASIC DEGREE DAY FACTOR FOR SNOW MELT
BELF	R	1	-	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF EVAPOTRANSPIRATION LOSS FACTOR
BFHRC	R	1	-	BASE FLOW HOURLY RECESSION CONSTANT
BFNHR	R	1	-	BASE FLOW HOURLY NONLINEAR RECESSION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR
BFNLR	R	1	-	BASE FLOW NONLINEAR RECESSION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR
BFNKL	R	1	-	BASE FLOW NONLINEAR RECESSION LOGARITHM
BFNX	R	1	IN	CURRENT VALUE OF BASE FLOW NONLINEAR RECESSION INDEX
BFRC	R	1	-	BASE FLOW RECESSION CONSTANT
BFRL	R	1	-	BASE FLOW RECESSION LOGARITHM
BSRX	R	1	-	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF FSRX
BISRX	R	1	-	BIG INCREMENTAL STORAGE ROUTING INDEX
BIVF	R	1	-	BASIC INTERFLOW VOLUME FACTOR
BLZC	R	1	IN	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF LOWER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY
BMIR	R	1	IN/HR	BASIC MAXIMUM INFILTRATION RATE WITHIN WATERSHED
BSIAC	R	1	-	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF SEASONAL INFILTRATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR
BSUZC	R	1	-	CURRENT BEST ESTIMATE OF SEASONAL UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY FACTOR
BTRI	R	99	-	BASE TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS

BUZC	R	1	-	BASIC UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY FACTOR
BYGWS	R	1	IN	BEGINNING OF YEAR GROUNDWATER STORAGE
BYLFS	R	1	IN	BEGINNING OF YEAR INTERFLOW STORAGE
BYLZS	R	1	IN	BEGINNING OF YEAR LOWER ZONE STORAGE
BYUCS	R	1	IN	BEGINNING OF YEAR UPPER ZONE STORAGE
CBF	R	1	IN/HR	CURRENT BASE FLOW
CCRFMI	R	1	-	CASES IN CURRENT RECORDED FLOW MAGNITUDE INTERVAL
CDSOR	R	1	-	CURRENT DAY FOR WHICH STORM DETAILS REQUESTED
CHBF	R	1	CFS	CURRENT HYDROGRAPH BASE FLOW
CHCAP	R	1	CFS	CHANNEL CAPACITY - INDEXED TO BASIN OUTLET
CHPV	R	1	-	CURRENT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETER VALUE
CIVM	R	1	-	CURRENT INTERFLOW VOLUME MULTIPLIER
CMIR	R	1	IN	CURRENT MAXIMUM INFILTRATION RATE DURING PERIOD
CNI	R	1	-	1 = A. M., 2 = P. M.
CCNPT	R	15	-	CONTROL OPTION
CCNUP2	R	1	-	SECOND CONTROL OPTION
CRFMI	R	22	-	CASES RECORDED IN FLOW MAGNITUDE INTERVAL
CRSBUF	R	1	CFS	CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE BEGINNING BASE FLOW
CRSBUF	R	1	CFS	CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE BEGINNING INTERFLOW
CRSBUF	R	1	CFS	CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE BEGINNING TOTAL FLOW
CRSTF	R	50	CFS	CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE TOTAL FLOWS
CRSBUF	R	1	CFS	CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE BASE FLOW ON DAY ZERO
CRSBUF	R	1	CFS	CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE INTERFLOW ON DAY ZERO
CSRX	R	1	-	CHANNEL STORAGE ROUTING INDEX
CTRI	R	99	-	CURRENT TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
CATE	R	1	-	CURRENT DAY OF THE MONTH
CAY	R	1	-	CURRENT DAY OF THE YEAR
DBFRC	R	1	-	DOUBLE PRECISION BERC
COLW	R	366	CFS	DATED DIVERSIONS INTO WATERSHED
CFCC	R	1	-	DAILY FLOW CORRELATION COEFFICIENT
DFRC	R	1	-	DOUBLE PRECISION BERC
DIV	R	1	CFS	DIVERSION INTO BASIN, MEAN DAILY FLOW
DMNT	R	366	DEGF	DATED MINIMUM TEMPERATURE
DMXT	R	366	DEGF	DATED MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE
DNFS	R	1	-	DENSITY OF NEW FALLEN SNOW
DPET	R	366	IN	DATED POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
DPSE	R	366	IN	DATED POTENTIAL SNOW EVAPORATION
DPY	R	1	-	DAYS PER YEAR
DRAF	R	1	CFS	DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RECORDED AND AVERAGE FLOW
DRGPM	R	366	-	DATED RECORDING GAGE PRECIPITATION MULTIPLIER
DRHP	R	366,24	IN	DATED RECORDED HOURLY PRECIPITATION
CRSF	R	366	CFS	DATED RECORDED STREAMFLOW
DRSGP	R	366	IN	DATED RECORDED STORAGE GAGE PRECIPITATION
CRSP	R	1	CFS	DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED HYDROGRAPH
DSAF	R	1	CFS	PEAKS
DSNGH	R	1	IN	DIFFERENCE BETWEEN SYNTHESIZED AND AVERAGE FLOW
DSSF	R	366	CFS	RATE OF DAILY SNOWMELT FROM GROUND HEAT
EDATE	R	1	-	DATED SYNTHESIZED STREAMFLOW
EDLZS	R	366	IN	ENDING DATE OF FORECAST
ESGC	R	1	-	END OF DAY VALUES OF LZS
EHSOD	R	1	-	ENDING HOUR OF STORAGE GAGE DAY
EID	R	1	-	ENDING HOUR OF STORAGE GAGE DAY - FLOATING POINT
ELDIF	R	1	1000FT	EXPONENT OF INFILTRATION RATE DECAY WITH INCREASED SOIL
EMAET	R	1	IN	MOISTURE CONTENT
EMATF	R	13	SFD	ELEVATION DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BASE THERMOMETER AND BASIN
EMBNX	R	15,3	IN	MEAN ELEVATION
EMDOP	R	1	-	ESTIMATED MAXIMUM ANNUAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
EMGWS	R	15,3	IN	END OF MONTH ACCUMULATED TOTAL FLOWS
EMIFS	R	15,3	IN	DAILY BASE FLOW NONLINEAR RECESSION INDEX
EMLZS	R	15,3	IN	EXTREME MONTHLY FLOW DEVIATION PARAMETER
EMCNTH	R	1	-	DAILY GROUND WATER STORAGE
EMSIAM	R	15,3	IN	DAILY INTERFLOW STORAGE
EMUZC	R	15,3	IN	DAILY LOWER ZONE STORAGE
EMUZS	R	15,3	IN	ENDING MONTH OF FORECAST
EPAET	R	1	IN	DAILY SEASONAL INFILTRATION ADJUSTMENT MULT.
EPCM	R	12	-	DAILY UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY
FPS	R	1	-	DAILY UPPER ZONE STORAGE
EQU	R	1	IN	ESTIMATED POTENTIAL ANNUAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
EQU	R	1	-	EVAPORATION PAN COEFFICIENT FOR MONTH
EQUFI	R	1	-	MAXIMUM REQUIRED ESTIMATING TOLERANCE
ECDIS	R	1	IN	EQUILIBRIUM DEPTH OF OVERLAND FLOW
ERR	R	1	CFS	EQUILIBRIUM DEPTH FACTOR FOR OVERLAND FLOW
ETIBF	R	1	CFS	EQUILIBRIUM DEPTH FACTOR FOR OVERLAND FLOW, IMPERVIOUS
ETLF	R	1	-	SURFACES
EXCPV	R	1	-	EQUILIBRIUM DEPTH OF OVERLAND FLOW, IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
FBUC	R	1	-	DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED DATED
FCNTRI	R	1	-	STREAMFLOW
FDAY	R	1	-	ERROR TABLE INTERVAL BOUNDARY FLOODS
FDPY	R	1	-	EVAPOTRANSPIRATION LOSS FACTOR
FDSC	R	1	-	EXPONENT OF FLOW PROPORTIONAL TO VELOCITY
FETLF	R	1	-	ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR BUZC
FFOR	R	1	-	FLUATING POINT CHANGE IN NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING
FFST	R	1	-	INCREMENTS
FHPP	R	1	-	FLUATING POINT CURRENT DAY OF THE YEAR
FIMP	R	1	-	FLUATING POINT DAYS PER YEAR
FIRK	R	15	-	FIRST DIFFERENTIAL OF SINE CURVE MAGNITUDE
				ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR ETLF
				FRACTION OF THE WATERSHED BEING FOREST
				FRACTION OF SNOW ON FOREST INTERCEPTED
				FRACTIONAL HOUR PER PERIOD
				FRACTION OF THE WATERSHED BEING IMPERVIOUS
				FRACTION OF INCOMING RADIATION REFLECTED BY SNOW SURFACE
				AS A FUNCTION OF AGE

FKRFMI	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT VALUE OF KRFMI
FLZC	R	1	-	ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR LZC
FMR	R	1	-	FRACTION OF MOISTURE RETENTION
FMXTRI	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
FNBTRI	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT NUMBER OF BASIC TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
FNCTRH	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT NUMBER OF CURRENT TIME ROUTING HOURS
FNCFM	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT NUMBER OF OVERLAND FLOW MONTHS
FNPTRI	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT NUMBER OF PREVIOUS TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
FNRHP	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT NUMBER OF RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAKS
FNSTRI	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT NUMBER OF SUBSEQUENT TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
FNTKI	R	1	-	FLOATING POINT NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
FPPR	R	1	-	FRACTION OF THE WATERSHED BEING PREVIOUS
FRERS	R	1	CFS	FLOW RISE ENDING RECESSON SEQUENCE
FSIAC	R	1	-	ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR SIAC
FSIL	R	1	IN	HOURLY FOREST SNOW INTERCEPTION LOSS
FSRX	R	1	-	FLOOD PLAIN STORAGE ROUTING INDEX
FSUZC	R	1	-	ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR SUZC
FTA	R	1	-	FACTOR FOR ESTIMATING JOURNAL TEMPERATURE VARIATION BASED ON SINE CURVE
FTX	R	1	-	FALL TROUBLE INDEX
FWTR	R	1	-	FRACTION OF THE WATERSHED BEING WATER
GWFT	R	1	IN	CURRENT HOURLY GROUNDWATER EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
GWETF	R	1	-	GROUNDWATER EVAPOTRANSPIRATION FACTOR
GWSS	R	1	IN	CURRENT GROUNDWATER STORAGE
HBF	R	5	CFS	HYDROGRAPH BASE FLOW
HBFM	R	1	-	HYDROGRAPH BASE FLOW MULTIPLIER
HNTRI	I	5	-	HYDROGRAPH NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
HCUR	I	1	-	CURRENT HOUR OF THE DAY
HCONF	R	1	HR	CURRENT HOUR OF THE DAY, FLOATING POINT
HFR	I	1	-	FIRST HOUR OF LOOP
HFL	I	1	-	LAST HOUR OF LOOP
HSE	R	1	IN	CURRENT HOURLY STREAM EVAPORATION
HSF	R	1	IN	HOURLY SNOWFALL
HSFRG	R	1	IN	HOURLY SNOWFALL REACHING GROUND
HSRM	R	1	IN	HOURLY SNOWMELT RATE
HSRX	R	5	-	HYDROGRAPH STORAGE ROUTING INDEX
HTI	R	1	-	HOURS INTO DAY WHEN HYDROGRAPH STOPS OR STARTS
IBTPR	I	1	HR	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF SAVED RUNOFF TO RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAK
IBTPS	I	1	-	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF SAVED RUNOFF TO SYNTHESIZED HYDROGRAPH PEAK
ICAY1	I	1	-	INDEX TO 10-DAY PERIOD
ICAY2	I	1	-	INDEX WITHIN 10-DAY PERIOD
IDYB	I	5	-	DAY OF ROUTING HYDROGRAPH BEGINNING
ICYE	I	5	-	DAY OF ROUTING HYDROGRAPH ENDING
IFPRC	R	1	-	INTERFLOW PERIOD RECESSON CONSTANT
IFRC	R	1	-	INTERFLOW RECESSON CONSTANT
IFRL	R	1	-	INTERFLOW RECESSON LOGARITHM
IFS	R	1	IN	INTERFLOW STORAGE
IFT	I	1	-	INDICATOR OF FALL TROUBLE (SKIP FIRST RECESSON IN EVALUATION OF AMR)
IHRB	I	5	-	HOUR OF DAY OF ROUTING HYDROGRAPH BEGINNING
IHRE	I	5	-	HOUR OF DAY OF ROUTING HYDROGRAPH ENDING
INPT	I	1	HR	INTEGER NUMBER OF HOURS BETWEEN HYDROGRAPH PRINTING POINTS
IPPH	I	1	-	INTEGER PERIODS PER HOUR
IPTE	I	1	HR	TIME FROM PEAK OF RECORDED HYDROGRAPH TO END OF SAVED RUNOFF
IRSTRT	I	1	-	RESTART OPTION-1=RESTART, 0=NO RESTART
ISGRD	I	1	-	CURRENT STORAGE GAGE RAINFALL DAY
IWBG	I	1	-	INDEX NUMBER OF WEATHER BUREAU PRECIPITATION GAGE
KAA	I	1	-	COUNTER OF APPROPRIATE ELEMENT FROM ALBEDO ARRAY
KAAC	I	1	-	PRECEDING VALUE OF KAA
KAFH	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR ABSTRACTED FLOW HYDROGRAPH
KAHP	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR ABSTRACTING HYDROGRAPH POINTS
KBRG	I	1	-	COUNTER OF ROUGH CYCLES SINCE BEST ONE
KBI-7	I	1	-	COUNTERS FOR COMBINING WATERSHED BITS
KCBCK	I	1	-	BACKWARD DAY COUNTER
KDFOR	I	1	-	FORWARD DAY COUNTER
KDRS	I	1	-	COUNTER OF CURRENT DAY IN RECESSON SEQUENCE
KDY	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR DAY
KFFC	I	1	-	COUNTER EQUALLYING ONE ON FIRST FINE ADJUSTMENT CYCLE
KHBCK	I	1	-	BACKWARD HOUR COUNTER
KHFOR	I	1	-	FORWARD HOUR COUNTER
KHCUR	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR HOUR OF DAY
KHPT	I	1	-	COUNTER OF CURRENT HYDROGRAPH POINT
KHYD	I	1	-	COUNTER SPECIFYING CURRENT HYDROGRAPH
KI-3	I	1	-	COUNTERS FOR FIXING HYDROGRAPH ROUTING PARAMETERS
KIA	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR INITIALIZING ARRAYS
KISRX	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR INCREMENTING STORAGE ROUTING INDEX
KLCCA	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR LIMITING NUMBER OF CHANNEL CAPACITY ADJUSTMENTS
KMC	I	1	-	COUNTER INDEXING MONTH OF THE YEAR
KMI-6	I	1	-	MONTH COUNTERS
KPA	I	1	-	COUNTER DESIGNATING PARAMETER TO BE AVERAGED
KPCH	I	1	-	COUNTER POINTS IN CURRENT HYDROGRAPH
KPRD	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR PERIOD
KPSH	I	5	-	COUNTER POINTS IN SUBSCRIPTED HYDROGRAPH
KRC	I	1	-	COUNTER OF CURRENT ROUGH CYCLE
KRD	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR READING DATA ARRAYS
KRFMI	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR RECORDED FLOW MAGNITUDE INTERVAL
KRHP	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAKS
KRIA	I	1	-	COUNTER OF APPROPRIATE ELEMENT FROM RADIATION INCIDENCE ARRAY

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KRS	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR RECESSION SEQUENCE NUMBER
KSD	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR RECESSION SEQUENCE DAYS
KSQ	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR REVISED SEQUENCES
KTA	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR TITLE ARRAY
KTRI	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
KT20	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR TOP 20 VALUES
KWD	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR WRITING DATA ARRAYS
KWSM	I	1	-	COUNTER OF WFT SUMMER MONTHS
KIAH	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR FIRST ACCEPTED HYDROGRAPH
K2AH	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR SECOND ACCEPTED HYDROGRAPH
LBFC	L	20	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE WHERE BASE FLOW ONLY ENCOUNTERED
LBMR	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE WHEN EXERCIZING SUBSTITUTE APPROACH FOR EVALUATING BMK
LBUC	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE WHEN EXERCIZING SUBSTITUTE APPROACH FOR EVALUATING BUZC
LCAY	I	1	-	LAST DAY OF YEAR
LETLF	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE WHEN EXERCIZING SUBSTITUTE APPROACH FOR EVALUATING ETLF
LCUR	I	1	-	LAST FCUR OF DAY
LLZC	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE WHEN EXERCIZING SUBSTITUTE APPROACH FOR EVALUATING LZC
LNHRS	I	1	-	LAST VALUE OF NIKRS
LNPR	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE FOR NONEQUAL PERIOD RAINFALL
LNTRI	I	1	-	LAST NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
LRC	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE DURING ROUGH ADJUSTMENT CYCLES
LSHA	L	5	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE KEPT TRUE WHILE SYNTHESIZED HYDROGRAPH IS ACCEPTED FOR COMPARISON WITH RECORDED HYDROGRAPH
LSHFT	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE WHILE SHIFTING THE NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
LSHP	L	1	-	LOGICAL VARIABLE SET TRUE DURING STORM HYDROGRAPH PERIODS
LZC	R	1	IN	LOWER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY
LZRX	R	1	-	LOWER ZONE MOISTURE RETENTION INDEX
LZS	R	1	IN	CURRENT LOWER ZONE STORAGE
LZSR	R	1	-	CURRENT LOWER ZONE STORAGE RATIO (LZS/LZC)
MBDS	I	1	-	MONTH BEGINNING DRY SEASON
MBWS	I	1	-	MONTH BEGINNING WET SEASON
MDAY	I	1	-	DAY OF YEAR OF LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS MONTH
MEDCY	I	12	-	MONTH END DATES - CALENDAR YEAR
MEDWY	I	12	-	MONTH END DATES - WATER YEAR
MFDP	R	12	-	MONTHLY FLOW DEVIATION PARAMETER
MISM	R	1	IN	MINIMUM HOURLY SNOWMELT RATE
MHTP	I	1	-	MULTIPLIER CONVERTING FROM HOURS TO PERIODS
MNCKS	I	1	-	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DAYS IN RECESSION SEQUENCE
MNRC	I	1	-	MINIMUM NUMBER OF ROUGH CYCLES
MNKD	K	1	-	MEAN ANNUAL NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS
MNTKI	I	1	-	MINIMUM NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
MNX	I	1	-	MONTH INDEX
MCNTH	I	1	-	CURRENT MONTH OF THE YEAR
MCNTH1	I	1	-	COUNTER FOR BEGINNING MONTH
MNRSM	K	1	IN	MAXIMUM RATE OF NEGATIVE SNOWMELT (SNOW CHILLING)
MNSL	I	1	DAY	MINIMUM RECESSION SEQUENCE LENGTH
MSBDC	I	1	-	EBDCIC VALUE OF BEGINNING MONTH
MXA	I	12	-	MONTH INDEX ARRAY (SPECIFYING MONTHS USED IN PARAMETER ADJUSTMENT)
MXTRH	I	1	-	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING HOURS
MXTRI	I	1	-	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
MIR	I	1	-	MONTH WITH MOST RUNOFF
M1SP	I	1	-	MONTH WITH MOST SUMMER PRECIPITATION
M11	I	1	-	SET AT 11 IF AUGUST IS A BASE FLOW MONTH
M12	I	1	-	SET AT 12 IF SEPTEMBER IS A BASE FLOW MONTH
M2R	I	1	-	MONTH WITH SECOND MOST RUNOFF
M2SP	I	1	-	MONTH WITH SECOND MOST SUMMER PRECIPITATION
NATRH	I	1	-	NUMBER OF ANTICIPATED TIME ROUTING HOURS
NBTRI	I	1	-	NUMBER OF BASE TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
NCSTR	I	1	-	NUMBER OF CURRENT TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS DURING SHIFTING
NCTRH	I	1	-	NUMBER OF CURRENT TIME ROUTING HOURS
NCTRI	I	1	-	NUMBER OF CURRENT TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
NDAY	I	1	-	NEXT DAY OF YEAR
NDI	I	20	DAY	NUMBER OF DAYS IN RECESSION SEQUENCE
NDRSC	I	1	DAY	NUMBER OF DAYS IN CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE
NDRSC1	I	1	DAY	NUMBER OF DAYS IN CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE LESS 1
NDRSC2	I	1	DAY	NUMBER OF DAYS IN CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE LESS 2
NDSOP	I	1	DAY	NUMBER OF DAYS FOR WHICH STORM DETAILS HAVE ALREADY BEEN PRINTED
NOSDR	I	1	DAY	NUMBER OF DAYS FOR WHICH STORM DETAILS REQUESTED
NFRHA	I	1	-	NUMBER OF FIRST RAINFALL HOUR ADJUSTED, PREVIOUS DAY
NIRTS	I	1	-	NUMBER OF FIRST TRIP TO BE RUN FOR A GIVEN SECTION YEARS
ALTR	I	1	-	NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INTERVALS FROM RECORDED TO SYNTHESIZED PEAK
NNSTR	I	1	-	NUMBER OF LAST TRIP TO BE RUN FOR A GIVEN STATION YEAR
NOFM	I	1	-	NUMBER OF NEXT TIME ROUTING INCREMENT DURING SHIFTING
NGRHP	I	1	-	NUMBER OF OVERLAND FLOW MONTHS
NPPTS	I	1	-	NUMBER OF ORIGINAL RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAKS
NRHA	I	1	-	NO OF OBSERVED HOURLY STORM SAMPLES
NRHP	I	1	-	NUMBER OF RAINFALL HOURS ADJUSTED, CURRENT DAY
NRFP1	I	1	-	NUMBER OF RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAKS NUMBER OF RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAKS LESS ONE

NRS	I	1	-	NUMBER OF RECESSION SEQUENCES
NRTRI	I	1	-	NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS REMAINING TO BE ROUTED
NSGRD	I	1	-	NUMBER OF STORAGE GAGE RAINFALL DAYS
NSYC	I	1	-	NUMBER OF STATION YEAR, CURRENT ONE BEING RUN
NSYT	I	1	-	NUMBER OF STATION YEARS, TOTAL INCLUDED IN A GIVEN JOB
NTKS	I	1	-	NUMBER OF TENTATIVE RECESSION SEQUENCES
NYEAR	I	1	-	BEGINNING OF WATER YEAR
OCT1BF	K	1	-	OCTOBER FIRST BASE FLOW
CFMN	R	1	-	OVERLAND FLOW MANNING'S N
OFMNIS	R	1	-	OVERLAND FLOW MANNING'S N, IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
CFR	R	1	IN	CURRENT OVERLAND FLOW RUNOFF
CFRF	R	1	-	OVERLAND FLOW ROUTING FACTOR
OFKRFIS	R	1	-	OVERLAND FLOW ROUTING FACTOR, IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
OFKRFIS	R	1	IN	CURRENT OVERLAND FLOW RUNOFF, IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
CFS	R	1	IN	OVERLAND FLOW STORAGE
CFSL	R	1	FT	OVERLAND FLOW SURFACE LENGTH
CFSS	R	1	-	OVERLAND FLOW SURFACE SLOPE
CFUS	R	1	IN	CURRENT OVERLAND FLOW UNROUTED STORAGE
OFUSIS	R	1	IN	CURRENT OVERLAND FLOW UNROUTED STORAGE, IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
PBIVF	R	1	-	PREVIOUS VALUE OF RIVF
PBMIR	R	1	IN/HR	PREVIOUS VALUE OF BMIR
PBUZC	R	1	-	PREVIOUS ESTIMATE OF BASIC UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY FACTOR
PCATE	I	1	-	BEGINNING DATE OF FORECAST
PDAY	I	1	-	PREVIOUS DAY OF THE YEAR
PEAI	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION EXCESS AFTER INFILTRATION
PEAKS	I	1	CFS	PEAK OF SIMULATED STORM
PEHJ	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION EXCESS, BEFORE INFILTRATION
PEIS	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION EXCESS ON IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
PEP	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION ESTIMATED FOR PERIOD
PET	R	1	IN	CURRENT DAILY POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
PETLF	R	1	-	PREVIOUS ESTIMATE OF EVAPOTRANSPIRATION LOSS FACTOR
REU	R	1	IN	UNADJUSTED CURRENT DAILY POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
RE4P	R	4	IN	PRECIPITATION ESTIMATES FOR 4 PERIODS
PGW	R	1	IN	PERCOLATION TO GROUND WATER
PHRC	I	1	HR	HOUR OF OBSERVED STORM PEAK
PHRS	I	1	HR	HOUR OF SIMULATED STORM PEAK
PLZC	R	1	IN	PREVIOUS ESTIMATE OF LZC
PLZS	R	1	IN	PERCOLATION TO LOWER ZONE STORAGE
PMEIFS	R	1	IN	PERIOD MOISTURE ENTERING INTERFLOW STORAGE
PMEILZS	R	1	IN	PERIOD MOISTURE ENTERING LOWER ZONE STORAGE
PMEICFS	R	1	IN	PERIOD MOISTURE ENTERING OVERLAND FLOW STORAGE
PMEUZS	R	1	IN	PERIOD MOISTURE ENTERING UPPER ZONE STORAGE
PMENTH	I	1	-	BEGINNING MONTH OF FORECAST
PPH	R	1	-	PERIODS PER HOUR
PPH	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION PASSING INTERCEPTION
PPH	R	1	-	CURRENT PERIOD OF THE HOUR
PPH	R	1	-	CURRENT PERIOD OF THE HOUR-FLOATING POINT
PPH	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION RECORDED FOR HOUR
PPH	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION RECORDED FOR LAST HOUR
PPH	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION DURING WETTEST MONTH
PPH	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION DURING SECOND WETTEST MONTH
PPH	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION RECORDED FOR NEXT HOUR
PSIAC	R	1	-	PREVIOUS ESTIMATE OF SEASONAL INFILTRATION ADJUSTMENT
PSUZC	R	1	-	PREVIOUS ESTIMATE OF SEASONAL UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY FACTOR
PXCSA	R	1	IN	PRECIPITATION INDEX FOR CHANGING SNOW ALBEDO
Q	R	337	CFS	OBSERVED HOURLY STORM SAMPLES
QMAX	R	1	CFS	PEAK OF OBSERVED STORM
QMIN	R	1	CFS	MINIMUM OF OBSERVED STORM
QCUT	R	15	CFS	MEAN DAILY OBSERVED STORM SAMPLES
RA	R	1	-	RECESSION ALPHA
RAA	R	1	IN	RAINFALL ADJUSTMENT ADDITION
RADF	R	1	CFS	RECORDED AVERAGE DAILY FLOW
RAM	R	1	-	RAINFALL ADJUSTMENT MULTIPLIER
RATFV	R	1	SFD	RECORDED ANNUAL TOTAL FLOW VOLUME
RA1-6	R	1	-	REGRESSION ACCUMULATIONS
RB	R	1	-	RECESSION BETA
RBF	R	1	CFS	RECORDED BASE FLOW
RBD	R	1	-	RECESSION DISCRIMINANT
RDPT	R	1	IN	RECORDED DAILY PRECIPITATION TOTAL
RFRSE	R	1	IN	RECORDED FLOW RISE
RGPM	R	1	-	RECORDING GAGE PRECIPITATION MULTIPLIER
RGPM	R	1	-	RECORDING GAGE PRECIPITATION MULTIPLIER - BASIC
RHMC	R	1	IN	ROUTED HYDROGRAPH FLOW AT MINIMUM CUTOFF
RHFC	R	1	IN	PRECEDING ROUTED HYDROGRAPH FLOW
RHFI	R	1	IN	CURRENT ROUTED HYDROGRAPH FLOW (EXCLUDING BASE FLOW)
RHPD	I	5	-	RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAK DAY
RHPF	I	5	CFS	RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAK FLOW
RHPH	I	5	-	RECORDED HYDROGRAPH PEAK HOUR
RICD	R	1	-	RADIATION INCIDENCE FOR THE CURRENT DAY
RICY	R	37	CFS	RADIATION INCIDENCE OVER THE CALENDAR YEAR
RIP	R	1	CFS	RECORDED INTERFLOW
RINT	R	1	-	REGRESSION INTERCEPT
RMPX	R	1	-	RECORDED MONTHLY FLOW INDEX
RMPF	R	1	CFS	REQUESTED MINIMUM DAILY PEAK FLOW TO BE PRINTED
RMWR	R	1	IN	RAINFALL MAXIMUM WITHOUT RUNOFF

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RSBGF	R	20	CFS	ESTIMATED BASE FLOW AT BEGINNING OF RECESSION SEQUENCE
RSBD	I	20	-	RECESSION SEQUENCE BEGINNING DAY
RSBFC	R	1	-	RECESSION SEQUENCE BASE FLOW RECESSION CONSTANT
RSBIF	R	20	CFS	ESTIMATED INTERFLOW AT BEGINNING OF RECESSION SEQUENCE
RSFM	R	1	CFS	RECESSION SEQUENCE FLOW MINIMUM
RSFN	R	1	CFS	RECORDED STREAMFLOW ON NEW DAY
RSF1	R	1	CFS	RECORDED STREAMFLOW ON DAY 1
RSF2	R	1	CFS	RECORDED STREAMFLOW ON DAY 2
RSIFC	R	20	-	RECESSION SEQUENCE INTERFLOW RECESSION CONSTANT
RSL	I	1	DAY	CURRENT RECESSION SEQUENCE LENGTH
RSLP	R	1	-	REGRESSION SLOPE
RSPTF	R	1	IN	ROUTED SYNTHESIZED PERIOD TOTAL FLOW
RSTF	R	50,20	CFS	RECESSION SEQUENCE TOTAL FLOWS
RSTR	R	1	-	RATIO OF SYNTHESIZED TO RECORDED FLOW
RRAIN	R	1	IN	RECORDED WATERSHED RAINFALL
SADF	R	1	CFS	SYNTHESIZED AVERAGE DAILY FLOW
SARAX	R	1	IN	SNOW ALBEDO RAINFALL AGING INDEX
SASF	R	1	IN	SNOW ALBEDO SNOWFALL FRESHENING INDEX
SATFV	R	1	SFD	SYNTHESIZED ANNUAL TOTAL FLOW VOLUME
SATRI	R	99	-	SYNTHESIZED ANNUAL TOTAL FLOW VOLUME IN INCHES
SAX	R	1	-	SHIFT ADJUSTMENTS FOR TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
SBF	R	1	CFS	SNOW ALBEDO INDEX
SBFRS	R	3,20	CFS	SYNTHESIZED BASE FLOW
SDEPTH	R	1	IN	SYNTHESIZED BASE FLOW DURING THE FIRST THREE DAYS OF EACH RECESSION SEQUENCE
SCURSP	R	1	-	AVERAGE DEPTH OF SNOW ON GROUND
SCSC	R	1	-	SMALLEST VALUE OF DRSP
SE	R	1	IN	SECOND DIFFERENTIAL OF SINE CURVE MAGNITUDE
SERA	R	22	CFS	CURRENT DAILY SNOW EVAPORATION
SERAV	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED DAILY STREAMFLOWS FOR INTERVAL
SERR	R	22	CFS	AVERAGE INTERVAL ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED DAILY STREAMFLOWS
SERRV	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED DIFFERENCES BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED DAILY STREAMFLOWS FOR INTERVAL
SESF	R	22	CFS	AVERAGE INTERVAL DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED DAILY STREAMFLOWS
SET	R	1	IN	STANDARD ERROR OF SYNTHESIZED FLOWS BY MAGNITUDE INTERVAL
SFOX	R	1	-	CURRENT HOURLY SOIL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
SFMD	R	1	-	SUMMER FLOW DEVIATION INDEX
SGMD	I	1	-	SNOW FROZEN MOISTURE DENSITY
SGRT	I	1	-	STORAGE GAGE MOVING DAY (WHEN IT IS MOVED DURING WATER YEAR)
SGRT2	I	1	-	STORAGE GAGE READING TIME
SHM	R	1	-	SECOND STORAGE GAGE READING TIME
SHPF	R	1	CFS	SYNTHESIZED HYDROGRAPH MULTIPLIER
SIAC	R	1	-	SYNTHESIZED HYDROGRAPH PEAK FLOW
SIAM	R	1	-	SEASONAL INFILTRATION ADJUSTMENT CONSTANT
SIF	R	1	CFS	SEASONAL INFILTRATION ADJUSTMENT MULTIPLIER
SIFRS	R	3,20	CFS	SYNTHESIZED INTERFLOW
SINDEX	R	1	-	SYNTHESIZED INTERFLOW DURING THE FIRST THREE DAYS OF EACH RECESSION SEQUENCE
SISRXX	R	1	-	NO OF SIMULATED HOURLY STORM SAMPLES
SMX	R	1	-	SMALL INCREMENTAL STORAGE ROUTING INDEX
SNTRI	I	1	-	SYNTHESIZED MONTHLY FLOW INDEX
SCFMD	R	1	-	SAVED NUMBER OF TIME ROUTING INCREMENTS
SCFRF	R	1	-	SUM OF OVERLAND FLOW MONTH DEVIATIONS
SOFRF	R	1	-	SNOW OVERLAND FLOW ROUTING FACTOR
SPBF	R	1	IN	SNOW OVERLAND FLOW ROUTING FACTOR IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
SPBFLW	R	1	IN	SYNTHESIZED PERIOD BASE FLOW
SPOR	R	1	IN	SNOW PACK BASIC MAXIMUM FRACTION IN LIQUID WATER
SPIF	R	1	IN	SYNTHESIZED PERIOD DIRECT RUNOFF
SPLW	R	1	IN	SYNTHESIZED PERIOD INTERFLOW
SPLWC	R	1	IN	SNOW PACK LIQUID WATER CONTENT
SPM	R	1	-	SNOWPACK LIQUID WATER HOLDING CAPACITY
SPOF	R	1	CFS	SNOW PRECIPITATION MULTIPLIER
SPTF	R	1	IN	SYNTHESIZED PERIOD OVERLAND FLOW (INCLUDING CHANNEL PRECIPITATION)
SPTW	R	1	IN	SYNTHESIZED PERIOD TOTAL FLOW
SPTWCC	R	1	IN	SNOW PACK TOTAL WATER CONTENT
SQ	R	400	CFS	SNOWPACK MINIMUM TOTAL WATER FOR COMPLETE BASIN COVERAGE
SQER	R	22	CFS	SIMULATED HOURLY STORM SAMPLES
SCPKD	R	1	-	ACCUMULATED SQUARES OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED DAILY STREAMFLOWS
SRR	R	5,170	CFS	SUM OF SQUARED PEAK DIFFERENCES
SRX	R	1	-	STORM RUNOFF ROUTED DOWN CHANNELS
SSERA	R	1	CFS	CURRENT STORAGE ROUTING INDEX
SSERAV	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED FLOWS OVER INTERVALS
SSERR	R	1	CFS	OVERALL AVERAGE ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED FLOWS
SSERRV	R	1	CFS	ACCUMULATED DIFFERENCES BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED FLOWS OVER INTERVALS
SSESF	R	1	CFS	OVERALL AVERAGE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RECORDED AND SYNTHESIZED FLOWS
SSCM	R	1	-	STANDARD ERROR OF SYNTHESIZED FLOW OVER INTERVALS
SSCPKD	R	1	-	SUM OF THE SQUARES OF THE MONTHLY FLOW DEVIATIONS
SSR	R	5,170	CFS	SMALLEST VALUE OF SQPKD
SSRT	R	1	-	SYNTHESIZED STORM RUNOFF (NOT CHANNEL ROUTED)
SSSCM	R	1	-	SQUARE ROOT OF OVERLAND FLOW SURFACE SLOPE
STMC	R	1	-	CURRENT SMALLEST ESTIMATE OF SSQM
STMKOS	R	15.3	CFS	SNOW TOTAL MOISTURE DENSITY
				MEAN DAILY SIMULATED STORM SAMPLES

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SUBWF	R	1	-	SUBSURFACE WATER FLOW OUT OF THE BASIN
SUZC	R	1	-	SEASONAL UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY FACTOR
SWSMD	R	1	-	SUM OF WET SUMMER MONTH DEVIATIONS
TANSM	R	1	IN	TOTAL ACCUMULATED NEGATIVE SNOWMELT (SNOW CHILLING)
THKCD	R	1	-	TOTAL BASE FLOW RECESSION DAYS
TDFFP12	R	1	-	TIME OF DAILY FLOOD PEAK, 12-HOUR CLOCK
TDFFP24	R	1	-	TIME OF DAILY FLOOD PEAK, 24-HOUR CLOCK
TDSF	R	1	CFS	TOTAL DAILY STREAMFLOW
TEH	R	1	DEGF	TEMPERATURE ESTIMATED FOR HOUR
TFCFS	R	1	CFS	CURRENT TOTAL FLOW
TFMAX	R	1	CFS	MAXIMUM TOTAL FLOW DURING CURRENT DAY
TFMRT	R	1	CFS	TOTAL STREAMFLOW AT MAXIMUM STREAM ROUTING TIME
TFSRX	R	1	-	TRIAL VALUE OF FSKX
TFX	R	1	CFS	TOTAL STREAMFLOW INDEX
THGR	R	1	IN/HR	TOTAL HOURLY GROSS RUNOFF
THSF	R	24	CFS	TOTAL HOURLY STREAMFLOW
TIKD	R	1	-	TOTAL INTERFLOW RECESSION DAYS
TITLE	A	20	-	TITLE OF CURRENT STATION YEAR (STREAMGAGE LOCATION AND DATE)
TMBF	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY BASE FLOW
TMFSIL	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY FOREST SNOW INT5R35PT90N-LOSS
TMIF	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY INTERFLOW
TMNET	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY NET EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
TMOF	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY OVERLAND FLOW
TMPEF	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
TMPREC	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY PRECIPITATION
TMPPM	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY RAIN PLUS MELT
TMRTF	R	12	SFD	TOTALS OF DAILY RECORDED TOTAL FLOW
TMSE	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY STREAM EVAPORATION
TMSE	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY SNOW EVAPORATION
TMSTF	R	12	SFD	TOTALS OF DAILY SYNTHESIZED TOTAL FLOW
TMSTFI	R	12	IN	TOTALS OF DAILY SYNTHESIZED TOTAL FLOW 56RECHV
TMTFCY	R	12	SFD	TOTALS OF DAILY TOTAL FLOW BY CALENDAR YEAR
TMTFCY	R	12	SFD	TOTALS OF DAILY TOTAL FLOW BY WATER YEAR
TCFR	R	1	IN	CURRENT TOTAL OVERLAND FLOW RUNOFF
TPLR	R	1	-	TOTAL TO PERVIOUS LAND RATIO
TRHF	R	1	IN/HR	CURRENT TIME ROUTED HYDROGRAPH FLOW
TRHV	R	1	-	TOTAL RECORDED HYDROGRAPH VOLUME
TRIP	I	1	-	COUNTER SPECIFYING PROGRAM PORTIONS
TSHV	R	1	-	TOTAL SYNTHESIZED HYDROGRAPH VOLUME
TSKX	R	7	-	ARRAY OF TRIAL STORAGE ROUTING INDICES
T2CCFH	R	21	IN	TOP 20 VALUES DURING THE YEAR OF HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW
T2OPRH	R	21	IN	TOP 20 VALUES DURING THE YEAR OF HOURLY PRECIPITATION
UHFA	R	99	IN	UNROUTED HYDROGRAPH FLOW ARRAY
URHF	R	1	IN	CURRENT UNROUTED HYDROGRAPH FLOW
UZC	R	1	IN	UPPER ZONE STORAGE CAPACITY
UZINFX	R	1	-	UPPER ZONE INFILTRATION INDEX
UZINLZ	R	1	IN/HR	CURRENT UPPER ZONE INFILTRATION TO LOWER ZONE
UZRX	R	1	-	UPPER ZONE MOISTURE RETENTION INDEX
UZS	R	1	IN	CURRENT UPPER ZONE STORAGE
VDCY	R	366	-	VALUE DATED BY CALENDAR DAY
VDMO	R	12	-	VALUE DATED BY MONTH DAY
VINTCR	R	1	IN	VEGETATIVE INTERCEPTION - CURRENT RATE PER PERIOD
VINTMR	R	1	IN/HR	VEGETATIVE INTERCEPTION - MAXIMUM RATE
VWIN	R	1	SFD	VOLUME OF AN INCH OF RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED
WAPV	R	1	-	WEIGHTED AVERAGE PARAMETER VALUE
WCFS	R	1	CFS	WATERSHED CFS EQUALLYING ONE INCH PER HOUR
WEIFS	R	1	IN	WATER ENTERING INTERFLOW STORAGE
WFDX	R	1	-	WINTER FLOW DEVIATION INDEX
WI	R	1	IN	WATER INFILTRATION
WSBIT	R	1	-	WATERSHED BIT FOR RESTRUCTURING TIME-AREA HISTOGRAM
WSG	R	1	-	WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR STORAGE RAIN GAGE
WSG2	R	1	-	SECOND WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR STORAGE RAIN GAGE
WSM	R	1	-	NUMBER OF WET SUMMER MONTHS
WT4AM	R	1	DEGF	AVERAGE 4 A.M. TEMPERATURE OVER WATERSHED
WT4PM	R	1	DEGF	AVERAGE 4 P.M. TEMPERATURE OVER WATERSHED
WYEAR	I	1	-	ENDING OF WATER YEAR
XCNFS	R	1	-	INDEX DENSITY OF NEW-FALLEN SNOW
XELR	R	1	-	RAIN INDEX FOR ESTIMATING LAPSE RATE 3.0 = DRY, 4.0 = RAIN
XMPFT	R	12	-	INDEX OF MONTHLY PREDOMINATE FLOW TYPE
YEAR	I	1	-	LAST TWO DIGITS OF CURRENT YEAR
YR1	I	1	-	LAST TWO DIGITS OF FIRST CALENDAR YEAR IN WATER YEAR
YR2	I	1	-	LAST TWO DIGITS OF SECOND CALENDAR YEAR IN WATER YEAR
YTITLE	A	20	-	YEAR TITLE

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SOURCE PROGRAM LISTINGS

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REWIND 11
REWIND 18
CALL TAPCON(NUNIT,ICON,IER)
806 CALL DSUPDT
CONTINUE
ISFLAG = 1
JPLOT=0
IDFLAG=0
IENDFG=0
ID=1
ID=5
WRITE (6,9990) IDFLAG,IENDFG,ISFLAG,ID
CALL READ(IRSTRT)
CALL READ(PMONTH,PDATE,EMONTH,EDATE,NYEAR,WYEAR)
DO 101 KRD=1,16
101 CALL READ(CONOPT(KRD))
PMONTH=((PMONTH-1)*5)+1
MSBDIC=MONTHS(PMONTH)
LEAPY=PMONTH+1
IF (MOD(WYEAR,4).EQ.0) LEAPY=PMONTH+2
IF (MOD(WYEAR,4).EQ.0) LEAPY=PMONTH+3
DATES=MONTHS(LEAPY)+PDATE
PDAY=(MONTHS(LEAPY))
MONTH=MONTHS(PMONTH+4)
EMONTH=((EMONTH-1)*5)+1
LDAY=MONTHS(LEAPY+5)
IF (PMONTH.EQ.FMONTH) EDATE=MONTHS(LEAPY)+EDATE
IF ((PMONTH.NE.FMONTH).AND.(MONTHS(EMONTH+4).NE.4))
1 EDATE=(MONTHS(LEAPY+5)+EDATE)
IF ((PMONTH.NE.EMONTH).AND.(MONTHS(EMONTH+4).EQ.4))
1 EDATE=MONTHS(2)+EDATE
IF ((MONTH.EQ.5).AND.(EDATE.EQ.60)) EDATE=366
1 START=CONOPT(15)
NFP=3
IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) NFP=1
CALL READ(DT,AREAI,NQ,LOOKUP,IPLLOT)
ID=6
DO 503 I=1,NQ
503 CALL READ(Q(I))
CONTINUE
WRITE(6,9990) IDFLAG,IENDFG,ISFLAG,ID
9990 FORMAT(13X,' IDFLAG= ',15,
* IENDFG= ',15, ISFLAG= ',15, MAIN= ',15)
20 GO TO (1,2,3),ISTART
ISFLAG=0
ID=2
WRITE(6,9990) IDFLAG,IENDFG,ISFLAG,ID
CALL KWMAIN(ISFLAG)
CALL WORSTC(PDAY,DATES,MONTH,EDATE,MSBDIC,PDATE,LDAY)
CALL ZERP(PDAY,DATES,MONTH,EDATE,MSBDIC,PDATE,LDAY)
CALL FORCST(PDAY,DATES,MONTH,EDATE,MSBDIC,PDATE,LDAY,MPDAY)
CALL INT(NQ,Q,DT,AREAI,LOOKUP,IPLUT,NFP,MSBDIC,MPDAY,DIFFS,
1 DIFFMP,DIFFP,DIFFPP,SUM,DIFFR,DIFFRP,APREC,DIFFPR,DIFFPP,QOUT,
2 QMAX,PHRO)
CALL OUTPUT(DIFFS,DIFFMP,DIFFP,DIFFPP,SUM,DIFFR,DIFFRP,APREC,
1 DIFFPR,DIFFPP,QOUT,QMAX,PHRO,MSBDIC,MPDAY)
IF (IRSTRT.EQ.1) GO TO 805
STOP
16 CONTINUE
1 CONTINUE
ID=6
WRITE(6,9990) IDFLAG,IENDFG,ISFLAG,ID
CALL WORSTC(PDAY,DATES,MONTH,EDATE,MSBDIC,PDATE,LDAY)
CALL ZERP(PDAY,DATES,MONTH,EDATE,MSBDIC,PDATE,LDAY)
CALL FORCST(PDAY,DATES,MONTH,EDATE,MSBDIC,PDATE,LDAY,MPDAY)
CALL INT(NQ,Q,DT,AREAI,LOOKUP,IPLUT,NFP,MSBDIC,MPDAY,DIFFS,
1 DIFFMP,DIFFP,DIFFPP,SUM,DIFFR,DIFFRP,APREC,DIFFPR,DIFFPP,QOUT,
2 QMAX,PHRO)
CALL OUTPUT(DIFFS,DIFFMP,DIFFP,DIFFPP,SUM,DIFFR,DIFFRP,APREC,
1 DIFFPR,DIFFPP,QOUT,QMAX,PHRO,MSBDIC,MPDAY)
IF (IRSTRT.EQ.1) GO TO 805
STOP
17 CONTINUE
GO TO 20
2 CONTINUE
CALL PASTRN(PDAY,DATES,MONTH,EDATE,MSBDIC,PDATE,LDAY,MPDAY)
CALL INT(NQ,Q,DT,AREAI,LOOKUP,IPLUT,NFP,MSBDIC,MPDAY,DIFFS,
1 DIFFMP,DIFFP,DIFFPP,SUM,DIFFR,DIFFRP,APREC,DIFFPR,DIFFPP,QOUT,
2 QMAX,PHRO)
CALL OUTPUT(DIFFS,DIFFMP,DIFFP,DIFFPP,SUM,DIFFR,DIFFRP,APREC,
1 DIFFPR,DIFFPP,QOUT,QMAX,PHRO,MSBDIC,MPDAY)
IF (IRSTRT.EQ.1) GO TO 805
STOP
3 CONTINUE
READ (11) (RPLUTC(I),I=1,1832)
READ (18) (RCOMMA(I),I=1,12387)
CALL READ(GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNA,IFS,UZC,SIAM)
REWIND 11
REWIND 18
WRITE (11) (RPLUTC(I),I=1,1832)
WRITE (18) (RCOMMA(I),I=1,12387)

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SUBROUTINE KWMMAIN(1BFLAG)
COMMON/PLUTC/DRSF,DSSF,CNNOPT,THSFD,TMSTF,STMRUS(121,6),DPY,TITLE,
2KFLAG,10FLAG,
11ENDFC,STUDY(2),PEAKS,PHRS,NSPTS,THSFD,TFMAXD,TMRTF,JPLNT,
2 NCTRI,CTRI,FIR,RCY,DPSE,BDDFSM,SPBFLW,SPTWCC,SPM,ELDIF,
3 XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MRNSM,DSMGH,PXCSA,FMPF,RCGMB,AREA,FIMP,
4 SATRI,UHFA,
5 MNRO,
4 FWR,VINTMR,BUZO,SUZO,L7C,ETLF,SUBH,GWTF,SIAC,HMIR,
5 BIVE,OFSS,OFSL,OFM,OFNIS,IFRC,CSRX,FSPX,CHCAP,EXOPV,
6 BFNK,BFRC,GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,BFRC,BFRL,BFNL,BFNH,IFPRC,
7 IFRL,LSHFT,NBTKI,FNTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,MTRI,TFPCS,EPAT,FPFR,
8 TPLR,VINTCR,HSE,NCTRI,SPIF,CHF,SPTW,DRGPM,OFUS,OFUSIS,OFR,OFRIS,PEIS,
9 RHFJ,URHF,AMIR,ASJET,AMPET,AMSNE,AMFSL,SASFX,SARAX,SPX,VWIN,
A WCFB,RHMC,SSRT,OFRF,OFRFIS,EOFF,EOFFIS,SOFR,SOFRF,
B SDEPTH,MULTI,IO,ASX,WT4M,WT4PM,SAX,TANM,SPTW,STMD,SFMD,ASMRG,
XDEPND(2),VARIN(2),NPTS,JUL91,IYR,TODARY(5,1),
YTOARY(7,1),TSMARY(5,6,1),TSDARY(6,1),TSMARY(9,1),
ZTSARY(3,6,1),TSMCRY(1),TSDCRY(1),TSARY(1,6,1),
WTOARY(1,6,1),
CORSF(366),DSSF(366),MI,NI,MULT,TMRTF(12),TMSTF(12)
COMMON/COMMA/EMFBNX,FMGWS,FNIFS,EMLZS,CMSIAM,FMUZC,FMUZS,IYRF,
1TMIF,TMPREC,TMSE,CRFMI,DDIW,DMNT,DMXT,DRGPM,DRHP,TRSGP,DPET,EDLZS,
2EPCM,SERA,SERR,SESP,SQER,THSF,TMFSIL,TMNET,TMOF,TMPET,TMRPM,TMSNE,
3TMSTF,T2COFH,T2OPRH,TMRTF,JULDAT,
4TFMAXY,UZC,AETX,DAY,NSGRD,AEX90,SIAM,NDSDP,RCGM,NDSDR,YR1,
5STRF,
55INDEX,INDEX,AEX96,MAXI,YR2,BYLZS,BYIFS,BYUZZ
C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 8, 1973)
C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV
C DIMENSION BTRI(99),CNNOPT(16),CRFMI(22),CTRI(99),DDIW(366),
1 DMNT(366),DMXT(366),DPSE(366),DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),
2 DRSGP(366),DPET(366),DSSF(366),DSSF(366),EDLZS(366),
3 EMBFNX(15,3),FMGWS(15,3),FNIFS(15,3),EMLZS(15,3),CMSIAM(15,3),
4 EMUZZ(15,3),CMUZZ(15,3),EPCM(12),FIPH(15),MEDCY(12),MEDWY(12),
5 RCY(37),SATRI(99),SERA(22),SERR(22),SESP(22),SQER(22),
6 THSF(24),TITLE(13),TMRTF(15,3),TMFSIL(12),TMIF(15,3),TMNET(12),
7 TMOF(15,3),TMPET(12),TMRPM(15,3),TMRP4(12),TYRTE(12),TMSE(15,3),
8 TMSNE(12),TMSTF(15,3),TMSTF(15,3),T2COFH(21),T2OPRH(21),
9 UHFA(99),TMRTF(12),JULDAT(6),THSFD(744,3),TFMAXY(366),
A PEAKS(6),PHRS(6),NSPTS(6),THSFD(5)
DIMENSION RPLUTC(1632),RCOMMA(12087)
EQUVALENCE (DPY,RPLUTC(1)),(CRFMI,RCOMMA(1))
LOGICAL LSHFT
INTEGER COSDR,CN,CNNOPT,DATE,DAY,DPY,FHSGD,HOUR,HFF,HPI,PDAY,
1 PRD,RHPD,RHPH,RSHD,SCMD,SGRT,SGRT2,YEAR,YR1,YR2,PHRS,SINDEX
INTEGER TOMARY,TSMARY,TODARY,TSDARY,TUSARY,TSSARY
REAL IFPRC,IFRC,IFRL,IFS,LZC,LZRX,LZS,LZSR,MHSM,MMD,MRNSM,NHPT
DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31,59,90,123,151,181,212,243,273,304,334/
DATA MEDWY/304,334,365,31,59,90,123,151,181,212,243,273 /
REAL MXDRSF,MXDSSF,MXMRSF,MXMSFF,SSQD
REAL SSQM,SSQD1,SSQD2,VDRSF,VDSFF
REAL VMRSF,VASSF,SDDRSF,SDUSFF,SDMRSF,SDMSFF,SMDD,SMMD,SMQD,
* SMSQM
REAL MDRSF,MDSFF,MRRSF,MMSFF
98 IF (1BFLAG) 99,100,116
99 1BFLAG = 13
RETURN
100 CONTINUE
CALL READ(GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,UZC,SIAM)
DO 102 KIA = 1,99
SATRI(KIA) = 0.0
CTRI(KIA) = 0.0
BTRI(KIA) = 0.0
UHFA(KIA) = 0.0
102 CALL READ(NCTRI)
DO 103 KR1 = 1, NCTRI
CALL READ(CTRI(KR1))
103 IF (CNNOPT(7) .NE. 1) GO TO 110
DO 104 KR1 = 1,15
CALL READ(FIRR(KR1))
DO 105 KR1 = 1,37
CALL READ(RICY(KR1))
DO 106 KR1 = 274,360,10
CALL READ(OPSE(KR1))
DO 107 KR1 = 1,273,10
CALL READ(OPSE(KR1))
107 DO 109 IDAY2 = 1,9
DO 108 IDAY1 = 274,360,10
DAY = IDAY1 + IDAY2
108 OPSE(DAY) = OPSE(IDAY1)
DO 109 IDAY1 = 1,273,10
DAY = IDAY1 + IDAY2
IF (DAY .GT. 273) GO TO 109
OPSE(DAY) = OPSE(IDAY1)
109 CONTINUE
OPSE(366) = OPSE(59)
OPSE(365) = OPSE(363)
OPSE(364) = OPSE(363)
CALL READ(BDDFSM,SPBFLW,SPTWCC,SPM,ELDIF,XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MRNSM,
1 DSMGH,PXCSA)

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110 CALL READ(RMPF)
CALL READ (RGPMR,ARFA,FIMP,FWTR)
CALL READ (VINTMR,BUZO,SUZO,LZC,ETLF,SUBWF,GWETF,SIAC,BMIR,BIVF)
CALL READ (OFSS,OFSL,OFMN,OFMNI,IFRC)
CALL READ (CSRX,FSRX,CHCAP,EXQPV,BFNLR,BFRC)
BFHRC = BFRC**(.10/24.0)
BFRL = -ALOG(BFHRC)
BFNRL = 0.0
IF (BFNLR .LT. 0.00001 .OR. BFNLR .GT. 0.9999) GO TO 111
BFNHR = BFNLR**(.10/24.0)
BFNRL = -ALOG(BFNHR)
111 IFPRC = IFRC**(.10/26.0)
IFRL = -ALOG(IFPRC)
LSHFT = .FALSE.
IF (CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 113
NBTRI = NCTRI
FNTRI = NCTRI
MXTRI = (10.0**EXQPV)*FNTRI + 0.5
IF (MXTRI .GE. 98) WRITE(6,1)
1 FORMAT(29HWARNING: EXQPV ARRAY OVER RUN)
NCSTRI = 99
DO 112 KIA = 1, NBTRI
112 BTRI(KIA) = CTRI(KIA)
TFCFS = 1.0
CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
1 TFCFS)
113 EPAET = 0.0
FPER = 1.0 - FIMP - FWTR
IF (FPER .GT. 0.01) GO TO 114
TPLR = 100.0
FPER = 0.01
GO TO 115
114 TPLR = (1.0 - FWTR)/FPER
115 VINTCR = 0.25*VINTMR
HSE = 3.0
NRTRI = 0
SPIF = 0.0
CBF = GWS*BFRL*(1.0 + BFNRL*BFNX)
SPDR = 0.0
OFUS = 0.0
OFUSIS = 0.0
OFR = 0.0
OFRIS = 0.0
PEIS = 0.0
RHFO = 0.0
URHF = 0.0
AMIF = 0.0
AMNET = 0.0
AMPET = 0.0
AMSNE = 0.0
AMFSL = 0.0
SASFX = 0.0
SARAX = 0.0
SRX = CSRX
VWIN = 26.8888*AREA
WCFS = 24.0*VWIN
RHFCM = 0.325/WCFS
TFCFS = CBF*WCFS
SSRT = SQRT(OFSS)
OFRF = 1020.0*SSRT/(OFMN*OFSL)
OFRFIS = 1020.0*SSRT/(OFMNI*OFSL)
EQDF = 0.00982*((OFMN*OFSL/SSRT)**0.6)
EQDFIS = 0.00982*((OFMNI*OFSL/SSRT)**0.6)
SOFRF = OFRF
SOFRFIS = OFRFIS
SDEPTH = 0.0
IYR=0
MI=0
NI=0
MULT=0
MULTI=CONOPT(10)
ID=1
WRITE(6,9990) MULTI, CONOPT(10), CONOPT(15), IBFLAG, ID
9990 FORMAT(13X, 'MULTI= ',15, 'CONOPT(10)= ',15,
* CONOPT(15)= ',15, 'IBFLAG= ',15, 'KWMAIN= ',15)
ASM = 0.0
IF (CONOPT(7) .EQ. 0) GO TO 116
WT4AM = 60.0
WT4PM = 60.0
SAX = 15.0
TANSM = 0.0
SPTW = 0.0
STMD = 0.7
SFMD = 0.7
ASMRG = 0.0
116 CONTINUE
C BEGIN NEW YEAR

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KWMN0000
KWMN0182

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117 BYLZS = LZS
    BYUZZ = UZZ
    BYGWS = GWS
    BYIFS = IFS
    DO 118 KIA = 1.22
    CRFMI(KIA) = 0.0
    SESF(KIA) = 0.0
    SEKR(KIA) = 0.0
    SEKA(KIA) = 0.0
118 SJCR(KIA) = 0.0
    RGPM = RGPMB
    DO 119 KIA = 1.21
    T200FH(KIA) = 0.0
119 T20PRH(KIA) = 0.0
    DO 120 KIA = 1.12
120 EPCM(KIA) = 1.0
    RDPT = 0.0
    PDAY = 274
903 CALL READ(YR1,YR2)
    TODAY(1,1YR)=YR2
    TOMAY(1,1YR)=YR2
    DPY = 365
    IF(MOD(YR2,4).EQ.0) DPY = 366
    IF(CONOPT(1).EQ.1) CALL READ(CDSOR,NDSOR)
    NDSOP = 0
    MEDWY(5) = 59
    IF(DPY.EQ.366) MEDWY(5) = 366
C READ EVAPORATION DATA
    IF(CONOPT(3).NE.1) GO TO 125
    DO 121 KRD = 274,360,10
121 CALL READ(OPET(KRD))
    DO 122 KRD = 1,273,10
122 CALL READ(OPET(KRD))
    DO 124 IDAY2 = 1,9
    DO 123 IDAY1 = 274,360,10
    DAY = IDAY1 + IDAY2
123 DPET(DAY) = DPET(IDAY1)
    DO 124 IDAY1 = 1,273,10
    DAY = IDAY1 + IDAY2
    IF(DAY.GT.273) GO TO 124
    DPET(DAY) = DPET(IDAY1)
124 CONTINUE
    DPET(366) = DPET(59)
    DPET(365) = DPET(363)
    DPET(364) = DPET(363)
    GO TO 127
125 IF(CONOPT(3).EQ.2) GO TO 130
    DAY = 274
126 CALL READ(DPET(DAY))
    IF(DAY.EQ.273) GO TO 127
    CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)
    GO TO 126
127 DO 128 MONTH = 1,12
128 CALL READ(EPCM(MONTH))
    IF(EPAET.NE.0.0) GO TO 133
    DO 129 DAY = 1,DPY
129 EPAET = EPAET + DPET(DAY)
    IF(EPCM(6).NE.1.0) EPAET = 0.7*EPAET
    GO TO 131
130 CALL READ(EPAET,MNRD)
    EMAET = EPAET*(365.0 + MNRD)/404.0
    CALL EVDAY(DPET,EMAET)
131 AETX = 24.0*EPAET/365.0
    AEX96 = 1.2*AETX
    AEX90 = 0.3*AETX
    SIAM = 1.2*SIAC
    UZC = SUZC*AEX90 + RUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZS/LZC)
    IF(UZC.LT.0.25) UZC = 0.25
    SGRT = 0
    DO 132 DAY = 1,366
    DDIW(DAY) = 0.0
    DRSF(DAY) = 0.0
    DRGPM(DAY) = RGPMB
    DRSGP(DAY) = 0.0
    DO 132 HOUR = 1,24
132 DRHP(DAY,HOUR) = 0.0
133 IF(CONOPT(9).NE.1) GO TO 135
    DAY = 274
    DRSF(366) = 0.0
134 CALL READ(DRSF(DAY))
    CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)
    IF(DAY.NE.274) GO TO 134
135 IF(CONOPT(11).NE.1) GO TO 137
    DAY = 274
    DDIW(366) = 0.0
136 CALL READ(DDIW(DAY))
    CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)
    IF(DAY.NE.274) GO TO 136

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 KWMN0269
 KWMN0270

137	IF(CONOPT(7) .EQ. 0) GO TO 139	KWMN0271
	DAY = 274	KWMN0272
138	CALL READ(OMXT(DAY), OMNT(DAY))	KWMN0273
	CALL DAYNXT(DAY, DPY)	KWMN0274
	IF(DAY .NE. 274) GO TO 138	KWMN0275
139	CALL READ(NSGRD)	KWMN0276
	IF(NSGRD .EQ. 0) GO TO 141	KWMN0277
	CALL READ(WSG, SGRT)	KWMN0278
	IF(CONOPT(8) .EQ. 1) CALL READ(WSG2, SGRT2, SGMD)	KWMN0279
	DO 140 KRD = 1, NSGRD	KWMN0280
	CALL READ(ISGRD)	KWMN0281
140	CALL READ(DRSGP(ISGRD))	KWMN0282
C	READ RECORDING RAIN GAGE HOURLY TOTALS	KWMN0283
141	CALL READ(WSG, YEAR, MONTH, DATE, CN)	KWMN0284
C	PUNCH NO NUMBER AFTER CN ON YEAR .EQ. 98 CARD	KWMN0285
	IF(YEAR .GE. 98) GO TO 144	KWMN0286
	HRF = 12*(CN - 1) + 1	KWMN0287
	HRL = 12*(CN - 1) + 12	KWMN0288
	DAY = MDCY(MONTH) + DATE	KWMN0289
	DO 142 HOUR = HRF, HRL	KWMN0290
142	CALL READ(DRHP(DAY, HOUR))	KWMN0291
	IF(DPY .NE. 366 .OR. MONTH .NE. 2 .OR. DATE .NE. 29) GO TO 141	KWMN0292
	DO 143 HOUR = HRF, HRL	KWMN0293
	DRHP(366, HOUR) = DRHP(60, HOUR)	KWMN0294
143	DRHP(60, HOUR) = 0.0	KWMN0295
	GO TO 141	KWMN0296
C	CALCULATE PRECIPITATION WEIGHTING FACTORS	KWMN0297
144	DAY = 274	KWMN0298
	IF(NSGRD .EQ. 0) GO TO 151	KWMN0299
	PDAY = 274	KWMN0300
	RDPT = 0.0	KWMN0301
145	EHSKD = SGRT	KWMN0302
	IF(SGRT .EQ. 0) EHSKD = 24	KWMN0303
	EHSKDF = EHSKD	KWMN0304
146	CONTINUE	KWMN0305
	DO 150 HOUR = 1, 24	KWMN0306
	RDPT = RDPT + DRHP(DAY, HOUR)	KWMN0307
	IF(HOUR .NE. EHSKD) GO TO 150	KWMN0308
	IF(RDPT .LE. 0.0) GO TO 147	KWMN0309
	IF(SGRT .EQ. 0) PDAY = DAY	KWMN0310
	DRGPM(PDAY) = (DRSGP(DAY)*WSG + RDPT*(1.0 - WSG))/RDPT	KWMN0311
	IF(CONOPT(3) .NE. 0) DPET(PDAY) = 0.5*DPET(PDAY)	KWMN0312
	IF(SGRT .NE. 0) PDAY = DAY	KWMN0313
	RDPT = 0.0	KWMN0314
	GO TO 150	KWMN0315
147	IF(DRSGP(DAY) .LE. 0.0) GO TO 149	KWMN0316
	DO 148 KHOUR = 1, EHSKD	KWMN0317
148	DRHP(DAY, KHOUR) = (WSG*DRSGP(DAY))/EHSKDF	KWMN0318
149	IF(SGRT .NE. 0) PDAY = DAY	KWMN0319
150	CONTINUE	KWMN0320
	CALL DAYNXT(DAY, DPY)	KWMN0321
	IF(DAY .EQ. 274) GO TO 151	KWMN0322
	IF(CONOPT(8) .EQ. 0) GO TO 146	KWMN0323
	IF(DAY .NE. SGMD) GO TO 146	KWMN0324
	WSG = WSG2	KWMN0325
	SGRT = SGRT2	KWMN0326
	GO TO 145	KWMN0327
151	BACKSPACE 11	KWMN0328
	WRITE (11) (RPLCTC(I), I=1, 1832)	KWMN0329
	BACKSPACE 18	KWMN0330
	WRITE (18) (RCOMMA(I), I=1, 12087)	KWMN0331
	RETURN	KWMN0332
	END	KWMN0333

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SUBROUTINE WORSTC(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDC, PDATE, LDAY)
COMMON/ PLOT/DRSF, DSSF, CONOPT, THSF, T4STF, ST4NS(121,6), LBY, TITLE,
2KFLAG, IDFLAG,
11ENDFG, STUDY(2), PEAKS, PHRS, NSPTS, THSFDM, TFMAXD, TMRTF, JPLDT,
2 NCTRI, CTRI, FIRI, RICY, DPSE, DRSGP, SPTACC, SPM, ELDIF,
3 XDNFS, FFOR, FFSI, MRNSM, DSMGH, PXCSA, R1PF, RGPMB, AREA, F1MP,
A SATRI, UHFA,
B MNRO,
4 FWTR, VINTMR, BUZC, SUZC, LZC, FTIF, SUWH, GWTF, SIAC, RMIR,
5 BIVF, CFSS, DSSL, DFMN, DFMNIS, IFRC, CSPX, CSRX, CHCAP, EXQPV,
6 BFNLR, BFRG, GWS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, BHPHC, BFR, BFNRL, BFNHE, IFPRC,
7 IFRL, LSHFT, NCTRI, FNTRI, MXIRI, NCTRI, BTRI, TFCFS, EPAFT, FPER,
8 TPLP, VINTCR, MSE, NRTKI, SPIF, CBF, SPDR, CHUS, UHUSIS, OFR, OFRIS, PETS,
9 RHFO, UHNF, AMIF, AMNET, AMPET, AMSNE, AMSIL, SASFX, SARAX, SKX, VAIN,
A WCFE, RHFC, SSRT, DFRF, DFRFIS, FQDF, EQDFIS, SOFRF, SOFRFI,
B SDEPT, MULTI, ID, ASM, WT4AM, WT4PM, SAX, TANS, SPTW, STMD, SFMD, ASMRG,
XDEPEND(2), VARIN(2), NPTS, JULCI, IYR, TUDARY(5,1),
YTUDARY(7,1), TUDARY(5,6,1), TUDARY(6,1), TUDARY(8,1),
YTSSARY(3,6,1), TSMCRY(1), TSDCRY(1), TSARY(1,6,1),
WTUDARY(1,6,1),
CDRST(366), DSSF(366), MI, NI, VULT, TMRTF(12), TMSTF(12)
COMMON/ COMMA/ EMBFNX, CMGWS, EMIFS, EMLZS, EMSIAM, EMUZC, EMUZZ, T4RF,
1 TMIF, TMPKEC, TMSE, CFMI, DDW, DMNT, DMXT, DRGPM, DRHP, DRSGP, DPET, EDLZS,
2 EPCM, SERA, SERR, SESE, SQER, THSF, TMSIL, TNET, TMOF, TMPET, TMRPM, TMSNE,
3 TMSTFI, T2OOFH, T2OPRH, TMRTFI, JULCAT,
4 TFMAXY, UZC, AETX, DAY, NSGRD, AEX90, SIAM, NDSOP, RGPM, NDSOR, YK1,
5 STRF,
55INDEX, INDEX, AFX96, MAXI, YR2, BYLZS, BYIFS, BYUZZ
C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1972)
C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV
DIMENSION HTRI(99), CONOPT(16), CFMI(22), CTRI(99), DDW(266),
1 DMNT(366), DMXT(366), DPSE(366), DRGPM(366), DRHP(366,24),
2 DRSGP(366), DPET(366), DSSF(366), EDLZS(366),
3 EMBFNX(15,3), CMGWS(15,3), EMIFS(15,3), EMLZS(15,3), EMSIAM(15,3),
4 EMUZZ(15,3), EMUZZS(15,3), EPCM(12), FIRI(15), MEDCY(12), MEDWY(12),
5 RICY(37), SATRI(99), SERA(22), SERR(22), SESE(22), SOFR(22),
6 THSF(24), TITLE(18), TMIF(15,3), TMSIL(12), TMIF(15,3), TMHT(12),
7 TMOF(15,3), TMPET(12), TMRPM(15,3), TMRPM(12), TMRTF(12), TMSF(15,3),
8 TMSNE(12), TMSTF(15,3), TMSTFI(15,3), T2OOFH(21), T2OPRH(21),
9 UHFA(99), TMRTFI(12), JULCAT(6), THSF(744,3), TFMAXY(366),
A PEAKS(6), PHRS(6), NSPTS(6), THSFDM(6)
LOGICAL LSHFT
INTEGER CDSR, CN, CONOPT, DATE, DAY, DPY, EHSOD, HOUR, HRF, HRL, PDAY,
1 PRD, RHPD, RHPH, RSH, SGMD, SGRI, SGRT, YEAR, YR1, YR2, PHRS, SINDE
INTEGER TUDARY, TUDARY, TUDARY, TUDARY, TUDARY, TUDARY
INTEGER DATES, EDATE
DIMENSION RPLDTC(1832), RCOMMA(12087)
EQUIVALENCE (DPY, RPLDTC(1)), (CFMI, RCOMMA(1))
REAL IFPRC, IFRC, IFRL, IFS, LZC, LZRX, LZS, LZSR, MHSM, MNRO, MRNSM, NHPT,
DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31, 59, 93, 12, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334,
DATA MEDWY/ 304, 334, 365, 31, 59, 90, 12, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273,
REAL MXDRSF, MXDSSF, MXMRSF, MXMSSF, SSQD
REAL SSQM, SSQDI, SSQPI, VDRSF, VDRSF,
REAL VMRSF, VMSSF, SDRSF, SDSSF, SDMRSF, SDMSSF, SMDD, SMMD, SMSQD,
* SMSQM
REAL MDRSF, MDSSF, MMRSF, MMSSF
BACKSPACE 11
READ (1) (RPLDTC(I), I=1, 1832)
BACKSPACE 18
150 READ (18) (RCOMMA(I), I=1, 12087)
CONTINUE
DATE=DATE
DAY=DATE
MDAY=PDAY
SINDEX=0
MAXI=0
AMRPM = 0.0
AMPREC = 0.0
AMBF = 0.0
AMSE = 0.0
AMSTF = 0.0
AMRTF = 0.0
IF(DPY.EQ. 366) MEDWY(5)=366
WRITE(6,3) (TITLE(KTA), KTA=1, 18)
3 FORMAT (1H1, 10X, 18A4, //)
WRITE(6,4) MSBDC
4 FORMAT(1X, 'WORSE CASE HOURLY CFS VALUES', //, 1X, 4A4)
C BEGIN DAY LOOP
IMONTH=MONTH
152 TDSF = 0.0
IF (MONTH.NE.4) GO TO 148
IF (MDAY.NE. 31) GO TO 149
148 IF (DATE.GT. (MOD(DAY, MDAY))) IMONTH=MONTH+1
149 CONTINUE
PET=EPCM(IMONTH)*DPET(DAY)
PETU = PET
TFMAX = 0.0
C EVAPOTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS

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IF(CONOPT(7) .NE. 1) GO TO 153
IF(DMXT(DAY) - 4.0*ELDIF .LT. 40.0) PET = 0.0
IF(SPTW .GT. SPTWCC) PET = FFOR*PET
C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION
IF(DMNT(DAY) .GT. 32.0 .OR. SPTW .LE. DPSE(DAY)) GO TO 153
SE = DPSE(DAY)
AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
SPTW = SPTW - SE
IF(SFMD .GT. 0.0) SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SFMD
153 DO 202 HOUR = 1,24
IF((NSGRD .EQ. 0) .AND. (DRHP(DAY,HOUR) .NE. 0.0) .AND. (PET .EQ. 0.0))
1 PETU) .AND. (CONOPT(3) .EQ. 1)) PET = 0.5*PET
154 IF(HOUR .EQ. SGRT + 1) RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)
IF(HOUR .EQ. 9) HSE = (FWTR*PET)/12.0
IF(HOUR .EQ. 21) HSE = 0.0
PRH = 1.2*DRHP(DAY,HOUR)
AMPREC = AMPREC + PRH
C ENTER SNOWMELT SUBROUTINE
IF(CONOPT(7) .EQ. 1) CALL SNOMEL(BDDFSM,SPTWCC,SPM,ELDIF,DAY,
1 SBRFLW,XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,WRNSM,DSMGH,SDEPTH,STMD,PXCSA,HOUR,
2 SAX,SQRF,OFRTS,SQRFI,ANFSIL,PRH,SPTW,TANSM,SPLW,SFMD,OFRF,
3 WT4M,WT4PM,ASM,ASMRG,SASFX,SARAX,DMXT,DMNT,RICY,FIRRI)
155 AMRPM = AMRPM + PRH
156 TOFR = 0.0
ARHF = 0.0
C 15 MINUTE ACCOUNTING AND ROUTING LOOP
DO 187 PRD = 1,4
PEBI = 0.0
PPI = 0.0
OFR = 0.0
OFRIS = 0.0
WI = 0.0
WEIFS = 0.0
PMEUZZ = 0.0
PMELZZ = 0.0
PMEIFS = 0.0
PMEUFS = 0.0
PEP = 0.25*PRH
IF(CONOPT(2) .EQ. 1) CALL PREPRD(RGPM,DRHP,DAY,HOUR,DPY,PRD,PEP,
1 PRH)
IF(PEP .GT. 0.0) GO TO 157
IF(OFUS .GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
IF(IFS .GT. 0.0) GO TO 170
IF(NRTRI .GT. 0) GO TO 172
TRHF = 0.0
IF(RHFO .GT. 0.0) GO TO 181
GO TO 184
C RAINFALL UPPER ZONE INTERACTION
157 IF(PEP .GE. VINTCR) GO TO 158
UZZ = UZZ + PEP*TPLR
VINTCR = VINTCR - PEP
PPI = 0.0
PEBI = 0.0
PMEUZZ = PEP
IF(OFUS .GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
GO TO 170
158 PPI = PEP - VINTCR
UZZ = UZZ + VINTCR*TPLR
VINTCR = 0.0
LZSR = LZS/LZC
UZC = SUZC*AE90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZSR)
IF(UZC .LT. 0.25) UZC = 0.25
UZRX = 2.0*ABS(UZZ/UZC - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + UZRX))*UZRX
IF(UZZ .GT. UZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR
PEBI = PPI*FMR
PMEUZZ = PEP - PEBI
UZZ = UZZ + PPI - PEBI
C LOWER ZONE AND GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION
159 LZSR = LZS/LZC
EID = 4.0*LZSR
IF(LZSR .LE. 1.0) GO TO 160
EID = 4.0 + 2.0*(LZSR - 1.0)
IF(LZSR .LE. 2.0) GO TO 160
EID = 6.0
160 PEBI = PEBI + OFUS
CMIR = 0.25*SIAM*BMIR/(2.0*EID)
CIVM = BIVF*2.0*LZSR
IF(CIVM .LT. 1.0) CIVM = 1.0
PEAI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR*CIVM)
WI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR)
IF(PEBI .GE. CMIR) WI = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR
IF(PEBI .GE. CMIR*CIVM) PEA1 = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR*CIVM
WEIFS = WI - PEA1
IF(PEBI .LE. OFUS) GO TO 161
PMELZZ = (PEBI - WI)*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
PMEIFS = WEIFS*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
PMEOFS = PEA1*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)

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161 CONTINUE
  IF((PEAI - OFUS) .GT. 0.0) GO TO 162
  EQD = (OFUS + PEA1)/2.0
  GO TO 163
162 EQD = EQDF*((PEAI - OFUS)**0.6)
163 IF((OFUS + PEA1) .GT. (2.0*EQD)) EQD = 0.5*(OFUS + PEA1)
  IF((OFUS + PEA1) .LE. 0.001) GO TO 164
  OFR = 0.25*OFRF*((OFUS + PEA1)*0.5)**1.67*((1.0 + 0.6*((OFUS +
    1 PEA1)/(2.0*EQD))**3.0)**1.67)
  IF(OFR .GT. (0.75*PEAI)) OFR = 0.75*PEAI
164 IF(FIMP .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 168
165 PEIS = PPI + OFUSIS
  IF((PEIS - OFUSIS) .GT. 0.0) GO TO 166
  EQDIS = (OFUSIS + PEIS)/2.0
  GO TO 167
166 EQDIS = EQDFIS*((PEIS - OFUSIS)**0.6)
167 IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .GT. (2.0*EQDIS)) EQDIS = 0.5*(OFUSIS + PEIS)
  IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .LE. 0.01) GO TO 168
  OFRIS = 0.25*OFRFIS*((OFUSIS + PEIS)*0.5)**1.67*((1.0 + 0.6*((
    1 OFUSIS + PEIS)/(2.0*EQDIS))**3.0)**1.67)
  IF(OFRIS .GT. PEIS) OFRIS = PEIS
168 TOFR = TOFR + FPER*OFR + FIMP*OFRIS + PPI*FWTR
  OFUSIS = PEIS - OFRIS
  OFUS = PEA1 - OFR
  IF(OFUS .GE. 0.001) GO TO 169
  LZS = LZS + OFUS
  OFUS = 0.0
  OFRIS = OFRIS + OFUSIS
  OFUSIS = 0.0
169 LZR = 1.5*ABS(LZS/LZC - 1.0) + 1.0
  FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + LZR))*LZR
  IF(LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*(LZS/LZC)
  PLZS = FMR*(PEBI - WI)
  PGW = (1.0 - FMR)*(PEBI - WI)*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
  GWS = GWS + PGW
  BFNX = BFNX + PGW
  LZS = LZS + PLZS
  IFS = IFS + WEIFS*FPER
170 SPIF = IFRL*IFS
  AMIF = AMIF + SPIF
  IFS = IFS - SPIF
  IF(IFS .GE. 0.0001) GO TO 171
  LZS = LZS + IFS
  IFS = 0.0
171 UHFA(1) = FPER*OFR + PPI*FWTR + FIMP*OFRIS + SPIF
  SPDR = UHFA(1)
C ROUTING
172 IF(CONOPT(12) .NE. 1) GO TO 173
  URHF = URHF + 0.25*UHFA(1)
  IF(PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 181
  UHFA(1) = URHF
173 TRHF = 0.0
  KTRI = NCTRI
  IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) KTRI = NCSTRI
  URHF = UHFA(KTRI)
  IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 176
175 TRHF = TRHF + URHF*CTRI(KTRI)
  IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1 .AND. LSHFT .AND. KTRI .GE. 2) TRHF = TRHF +
    1 URHF*SATRI(KTRI - 1)
  UHFA(KTRI + 1) = URHF
  GO TO 177
176 UHFA(KTRI + 1) = 0.0
177 KTRI = KTRI - 1
  IF(KTRI .GE. 1) GO TO 174
178 IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 179
  NRTRI = NCTRI
  IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) NRTRI = MXTRI
179 NRTRI = NRTRI - 1
  UHFA(1) = 0.0
  IF(CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 180
  NNSTRI = NCSTRI + 1
  UHFA(NNSTRI) = 0.0
180 URHF = 0.0
181 IF(SRX .LE. CSRX) SRX = CSRX
  RHFI = TRHF - SRX*(TRHF - RHFO)
  RHFO = RHFI
  IF(RHFO .LT. RHFC) RHFO = 0.0
  TFCFS = (4.0*RHFI + CRF - HSE)*WCFS
  IF(CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 182
  IF(CONOPT(12) .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 182
  CALL RTVARY (CTRI, SATRI, BTRI, CHCAP, NRTRI, MXTRI, NCSTRI, EXOPV, LSHFT,
    1 TFCFS)
  DATE = MOD(DAY, MDAY)
  IF(LSHFT) WRITE(6,6) DATE, HOUR, PRD, NCSTRI
  6 FORMAT(2X, 12, 2X, 12, 2X, 12, 2X, 20HTHIS PROGRAM CHANGES TO, 1X, 12, 1X,
    1 8HELEMENTS)
182 CONTINUE
  IF(TFCFS .LE. 0.5*CHCAP) SRX = CSRX
  IF((TFCFS .GT. 0.5*CHCAP) .AND. (TFCFS .LT. 2.0*CHCAP)) SRX = CSRX

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1  +((FSRX - CSRX)*((TFCFS - 0.5*CHCAP)/(1.5*CHCAP)))*3
IF(TFCFS .GT. 2.0*CHCAP) SRX = FSRX
IF(TFCFS .LE. TFMX) GO TO 183
PRDF = PRD
TDFP24 = HOUR
IF(PRD .LE. 3) TDFP24 = (TDFP24 - 1.0) + 0.15*PRDF
TFMX = TFCFS
183 ARHF = ARHF + RHF1
C STORM OUTPUT REQUESTED BY CONOPT(1)
184 IF(CONOPT(1) .NE. 1) GO TO 186
IF(DAY .NE. CDSOR) GO TO 186
IF(HOUR .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .EQ. 1) WRITE(6,7)
7 FORMAT(1H//,21X,19HRAINFALL DEPOSITION,12X,16HMOISTURE STORAGE,
1 14X,17HSTREAMFLOW ORIGIN,6X,14HSTREAM OUTFLOW/2X,116HBY HR PD RA
2IN EUZS ELZS EIFS EUFS UZS LZS IFS OFS SWCAS0278
3POF SPIF SPBF SPTF INCHES CFS) UZS LZS IFS OFS SWCAS0279
DATE = MOD(DAY,4DAY)
OFS = OFUS*FPER + OFUSIS*FIMP
SPUF = OFR*FPER + OFRIS*FIMP + PPI*FWTR
SPBF = 0.25*(CBF-HSE)
SPTF = SPDR + SPBF
SPDR = 0.0
IF(RHFO .LE. 0.0) TFCFS = (CBF - HSE)*WCFS
RSPIF = 0.25*TFCFS/WCFS
WRITE(6,8) DATE,HOUR,PRD,PEP,PMEUZS,PMELZS,PMEIFS,PMEDFS,UZS,LZS
1,IFS,OFIS,SPUF,SPIF,SPBF,SPTF,RSPIF,TFCFS
8 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,12,1X,11,5(1X,F6.4),2X,4(F7.4),2X,5(1X,F6.4),1X,
1 F7.1)
IF(HOUR .EQ. 24 .AND. PRD .EQ. 4) GO TO 185
GO TO 186
185 NDSOP = NDSOP + 1
IF(NDSOP .EQ. NDSOP) GO TO 186
CALL DAYNXT(CDSOR,OPY)
186 CONTINUE
IF(VINTCR .LT. 0.25*VINTMR) VINTCR = VINTCR + DPET(DAY)/96.0
187 CONTINUE
C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP
IF(CONOPT(5) .NE. 1) GO TO 197
C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING
IF(TOFR .LE. 0.0) GO TO 193
KT20 = 20
188 IF(KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 192
IF(TOFR .GT. T20OFH(KT20)) GO TO 189
GO TO 190
189 T20OFH(KT20+1) = T20OFH(KT20)
GO TO 191
190 T20OFH(KT20+1) = TOFR
GO TO 193
191 KT20 = KT20 - 1
GO TO 188
192 T20OFH(1) = TOFR
193 IF(PRH .LE. 0.0) GO TO 197
KT20 = 20
194 IF(KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 196
IF(PRH .GT. T20PRH(KT20)) GO TO 195
T20PRH(KT20+1) = PRH
GO TO 197
195 T20PRH(KT20+1) = T20PRH(KT20)
KT20 = KT20 - 1
GO TO 194
196 T20PRH(1) = PRH
C ADDING GROUNDWATER FLOW
197 CBF = GWS*BFRL*(1.C + BFNRL*BFNX)
GWS = GWS - CBF
AMBF = AMBF + CBF
THGR = ARHF + CBF
IF(HSE .GT. THGR) HSE = THGR
AMSE = AMSE + HSE
THSF(HOUR) = (THGR - HSE)*WCFS
TDSF = TDSF + THSF(HOUR)
C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS
C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE
SINDEX=SINDEX+1
THSFD(SINDEX,1)=THSF(HOUR)
306 UZINFX=(UZS/UZC) - (LZS/LZC)
IF(UZINFX .LE. 0.0) GO TO 198
LZSR = LZS/LZC
UZINLZ = 0.003*BMIR*UZC*UZINFX**3.0
IF(UZINLZ .GT. UZS) UZINLZ = UZS
UZS = UZS - UZINLZ
LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZSR - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + LZRX))**LZRX
IF(LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*LZSR
PGW = (1.0-FMR)*UZINLZ*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
PLZS = FMR*UZINLZ
LZS = LZS + PLZS
GWS = GWS + PGW
BFNX = BFNX + PGW

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C 4 PM ADJUSTMENTS OF VARIOUS VALUES
198 IF (HOUR .NE. 16) GO TO 202
   AEX90 = 0.9*(AEX90 + PET)
   AEX96 = 0.96*(AEX96 + PET)
C INFILTRATION CORRECTION
   SIAM = (AEX96/AETX)**SIAC
   IF (SIAM .LT. 0.33) SIAM = 0.33
   BFNX = C.97*BFNX
   IF (PET .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 202
C EVAP-TRANS LOSS FROM GROUNDWATER
   GWET = GWS*GWETF*PET*FPER
   GWS = GWS - GWET
   BFNX = BFNX - GWET
   IF (BFNX .LT. 0.0) BFNX = 0.0
   AMPET = AMPET + PET
   IF (PET .GE. UZS) GO TO 199
   UZS = UZS - PET
   AMNET = AMNET + PET
   GO TO 202
199 PET = PET - UZS
   AMNET = AMNET + UZS
   UZS = 0.0
   LZSR = LZS/LZC
   IF (PET .GE. ETLF*LZSR) GO TO 200
   SET = PET*(1.0 - PET/(2.0*ETLF*LZSR))
   GO TO 201
200 SET = 0.5*ETLF*LZSR
201 LZS = LZS - SET
   AMNET = AMNET + SET
202 CONTINUE
C END OF HOUR LGCP
   DSSF(DAY) = TDSF/24.0
   IF (CONJPT(1) .EQ. 1) DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) + DDIW(DAY)
203 AMRTF = AMRTF + DRSF(DAY)
   AMSTF = AMSTF + DSSF(DAY)
   IF (CONJPT(6) .EQ. 1) EDLZS(DAY) = LZS
C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION
   IF (CONJPT(4) .NE. 1) GO TO 204
   ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY)
   IF (DRSF(DAY) .LT. 1.0) KRPMI = 1.0
   IF (DRSF(DAY) .GT. 1.0) KRPMI = 2.0*ALOG(DRSF(DAY)) + 2.0
   CRPMI(KRPMI) = CRPMI(KRPMI) + 1.0
   SERR(KRPMI) = SERR(KRPMI) + ERR
   SERA(KRPMI) = SERA(KRPMI) + AFS(ERR)
   SQER(KRPMI) = SQER(KRPMI) + ERR*ERR
   SESF(KRPMI) = 0.0
   IF (CRPMI(KRPMI) .GT. 1.0) SESF(KRPMI) = SORT(ABS((SQER(KRPMI) -
1 SERR(KRPMI)**2/CRPMI(KRPMI))/(CRPMI(KRPMI) - 1.0)))
204 CONTINUE
   DATE=DAY
   IF ((MONTH.EQ.4).AND.(MDAY.EQ.31)) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
   IF (MONTH.NE.4) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
   WRITE(6,9) DATE, (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=1,12)
9 FORMAT(1H/,1X/,1X,14,2X,2HAM,1X,6F8.1,3X,6F8.1)
   WRITE(6,10) (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)
10 FORMAT(1HJ,6X,2HPM,1X,6F8.1,3X,7F8.1)
   IF (TDFP24 .LT. 12.0) GO TO 205
   TDFP12 = TDFP24 - 12.0
11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HP.M.)
   GO TO 206
205 CONTINUE
12 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HA.M.)
206 IF (CONJPT(7) .EQ. 1 .AND. SDEPTH .GT. 0.0) WRITE(6,13) DATE,
1 SDEPTH, STMD, SAX, TANSV, SPLW
13 FORMAT(3X,14,2X,7HSDEPTH=,F8.2,2X,5HSTMD=,F6.2,2X,4HSAX=,F6.2,
1 2X,6HTANSV=,F6.2,2X,5HSPLW=,F6.2)
   MAXI=MAXI+1
C MONTHLY SUMMARY STORAGE
   STMROS(MAXI,1)=DSSF(DAY)
   TMSTF(MAXI,1)=AMSTF
   AMSTF = 0.0
   TMRTF(MONTH) = AMRTF
   AMRTF = 0.0
   EMBFNX(MAXI,1)=BFNX
   TMPREC(MAXI,1)=AMPREC
   AMPREC = 0.0
   TMRPM(MONTH) = AMRPM
   AMRPM = 0.0
   TMBF(MAXI,1)=AMBF
   AMBF = 0.0
   TMIF(MAXI,1)=AMIF
   AMIF = 0.0
   TMSE(MAXI,1)=AMSE
   AMSE = 0.0
   TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
   AMPET = 0.0

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      TMNET(MONTH) = AMNET
      AMNET = 0.0
      TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE
      AMSNE = 0.0
      TMFSIL(MONTH) = AMFSIL
      AMFSIL = 0.0
      EMGWS(MAXI,1)=GWS
      UZC = SUZC*AEX90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZS/LZC)
      IF(UZC.LT. 0.25) UZC = 0.25
      EMUZC(MAXI,1)=UZC
      EMUZS(MAXI,1)=UZS
      EMSIAM(MAXI,1)=SIAM
      EMLZS(MAXI,1)=LZS
      EMIFS(MAXI,1)=IFS
220  CONTINUE
      IF (MDAY.EQ.337) MDAY=59
C  STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR
      TFMXY(MAXI)=TFMAX
3001  CONTINUE
      IF (DAY.EQ.EDATE) GO TO 221
      CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)
      IF (DAY.GT.LDAY) MDAY=LDAY
      IF (DAY.EQ.366) MDAY=337
      GO TO 152
C  END OF DAY LOOP
221  CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

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SUBROUTINE ZEROP(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, HDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY) ZER00001
COMMON/PLUTC/DKSF, DSSF, CONOPT, THSFD, TMSF, STMRS(121,6), DPY, TITLE, ZER00002
2KFLAG, ICFLAG, ZER00003
11ENDEG, STUDY(2), PEAKS, PHRS, NSPTS, THSFDM, TFMAXD, TMRTF, JPLDT, ZER00004
2 NCTRI, CTRI, FIRR, RICY, DPSE, RDBFSM, SPFLW, SPTWCC, SPM, ELDF, ZER00005
3 XCNFS, FFOR, FFSI, MKNSM, DSGMH, PXCSA, RMPE, RGPMB, AREA, FIMP, ZER00006
A SATRI, UHFA, ZER00007
BMNRD, ZER00008
4 FWTR, VINTMR, RUZC, SUZC, LZC, FTLF, SUBWF, GWETF, SIAC, RMIR, ZER00009
5 BIVF, OFSS, OFSL, OFMN, OFMNS, IFRC, CSRX, FSRX, CHCAP, EXQPV, ZER00010
6 OFNLR, OFRC, GWS, UZS, LZS, RFNX, IFS, BTHRC, RFRL, RFNPL, RFNHR, IFPRC, ZER00011
7 IFRL, LSHF, NCTRI, FNTRI, MXTRI, NCSTRI, NTRI, TFCFS, EPAFT, FPER, ZER00012
8 TPLR, VINTCR, HSE, NCTRI, SPIF, CFF, SPDR, OFUS, OFUSIS, OFR, OFRIS, PEIS, ZER00013
9 RHFO, LRHF, AMIF, AMNFT, AMPET, AMSNE, AMFSL, SASFX, SAPAX, SRX, VWIN, ZER00014
A WCFE, RHFM, SSRT, OFRF, OFRFIS, EQDF, EQDFIS, SDRF, SDRFI, ZER00015
B SDEPTH, MULTI, ID, ASM, WT4AM, WT4PM, SAX, TANS, SPTW, STMD, STMD, ASMRG, ZER00016
XDEPND(2), VARIN(2), NPTS, JULDT, IYR, TUDARY(5,1), ZER00017
YTOMARY(7,1), TOSARY(5,6,1), TSDARY(6,1), TSMARY(8,1), ZER00018
TSSARY(3,6,1), TSMCRY(1), TSDCRY(1), TSKARY(1,6,1), ZER00019
HTORARY(1,6,1), ZER00020
CDRSFT(366), DSSFT(366), MI, NI, MULT, TMRTFT(12), TMSTFT(12) ZER00021
COMMON/COMMA/EMBNX, EMGWS, EMIFS, FMLS, FMSIA, EMUZC, EMUZS, TMSE, ZER00022
1TMIF, TPREC, TMSF, CRFMI, DDIW, DMNT, DMAT, DRGPM, DRHP, DRSGP, DPET, EDLZS, ZER00023
2EPCM, SERA, SERR, SESF, SQER, THSF, TMSF, TMNET, TMOF, TMPET, TMRPM, TMSNE, ZER00024
3TMSTFI, T20OFH, T20PRH, TMRTFI, JULDT, ZER00025
4TFMAXY, UZC, AETX, DAY, NSGRD, AEX40, SIAM, NDSOP, RGPMB, NDSOR, YR1, ZER00026
5TRHF, ZER00027
6SINDEX, INDEX, AEX96, MAXI, YR2, BYLZS, BYIFS, BYUZZS ZER00028
C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970) ZER00029
C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV ZER00030
C DIMENSION BTRI(99), CONOPT(16), CRFMI(22), CTRI(99), DDIW(366), ZER00031
1 DMNT(366), DMAT(366), DPSE(366), DRGPM(366), DRHP(366,24), ZER00032
2 DRSGP(366), DPET(366), DSSF(366), EDLZS(366), ZER00033
3 EMBFNX(15,3), EMGWS(15,3), EMIFS(15,3), FMLS(15,3), FMSIAM(15,3), ZER00034
4 EMUZC(15,3), EMUZZS(15,3), EPCM(12), FIRR(15), MEDCY(12), MEDWY(12), ZER00035
5 RICY(37), SATRI(99), SERA(22), SERR(22), SESF(22), SQER(22), ZER00036
6 THSF(24), TITLF(18), TMRP(15,3), TMSF(12), TMIF(15,3), TMNET(12), ZER00037
7 TMOF(15,3), TMPET(12), TPREC(15,3), TMRPM(12), TMRTF(12), TMSE(15,3), ZER00038
8 TMSNE(12), TMSTFI(15,3), TMSTFI(15,3), T20OFH(21), T20PRH(21), ZER00039
A UHFA(99), TMRTFI(12), JULDT(6), THSFD(744,3), TFMAXY(366), ZER00040
A PEAKS(6), PHRS(6), NSPTS(6), THSFDM(6) ZER00041
LOGICAL LSHF ZER00042
INTEGER CSDR, CN, CONOPT, DATE, DAY, DPY, EHSOD, HOUR, HRF, HRL, PDAY, ZER00043
1 PRD, RHPD, RHPH, RSED, SGMD, SGRF, SGRT2, YEAR, YR1, YR2, PHRS, SINDEX ZER00044
INTEGER TOMARY, TSMARY, TODARY, TSDARY, TOSARY, TSSARY ZER00045
INTEGER DATES, EDATE ZER00046
DIMENSION RPLUTC(1832), RCOMMA(12087) ZER00047
EQUIVALENCE (DPY, RPLUTC(1)), (CRFMI, RCOMMA(1)) ZER00048
REAL IFPPC, IFPC, IFRL, IFS, LZC, LZRX, LZS, LZSR, MHSM, MNRD, MKNSM, NHPT ZER00049
DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31, 59, 93, 127, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334/ ZER00050
DATA MEDWY/ 304, 334, 365, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273 / ZER00051
REAL MXDRSF, MXDSSF, MXMRSF, MXMSSF, SSQD ZER00052
REAL SSQM, SSQDI, SSQDI, VDRSF, VDSSE ZER00053
REAL VMRSF, VMSSF, SDKSF, SDDSSF, SDRSF, SDMSSF, SMDD, SMMD, SMSQD, ZER00054
* SMSQM ZER00055
REAL MDRSF, MDSSF, MMRSF, MMSSE ZER00056
BACKSPACE 11 ZER00057
READ (11) (RPLUTC(I), I=1, 1832) ZER00058
BACKSPACE 18 ZER00059
READ (18) (RCOMMA(I), I=1, 12087) ZER00060
150 CONTINUE ZER00061
DATE=PDATE ZER00062
DAY=DATES ZER00063
MDAY=PDAY ZER00064
SINDEX=0 ZER00065
MAXI=0 ZER00066
AMRPM = 0.0 ZER00067
AMPREC = 0.0 ZER00068
AMBF = 0.0 ZER00069
AMSE = 0.0 ZER00070
AMSTF = 0.0 ZER00071
AMRTF = 0.0 ZER00072
IF (DPY .EQ. 366) MEDWY(5)=366 ZER00073
3 FORMAT(1H,1X,'NO PRECIP HOURLY CFS VALUES',//,1X,4A4) ZER00074
WRITE(6,3) MSBDIC ZER00075
C BEGIN DAY LOOP ZER00076
IMONTH=MONTH ZER00077
152 TDSF = 0.0 ZER00078
IF (MONTH.NE.4) GO TO 148 ZER00079
IF (MDAY.NE.31) GO TO 149 ZER00080
148 IF (DATE.GT.(MOD(DAY,MDAY))) IMONTH=MONTH+1 ZER00081
149 CONTINUE ZER00082
PET=EPCM(IMONTH)*DPET(DAY) ZER00083
PETU = PET ZER00084
TFMAX = 0.0 ZER00085
C EVAPOTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS ZER00086
IF (CONOPT(7) .NE. 1) GO TO 153 ZER00087
IF (DMXT(DAY) - 4.3*ELDF.LT. 40.0) PET = 0.0 ZER00088
IF (SPTW .GT. SPTWCC) PET = FFOR*PET ZER00089

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C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION
  IF(DMNT(DAY).GT. 32.0 .OR. SPTW .LE. DPSE(DAY)) GO TO 153
  SE = DPSE(DAY)
  AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
  SPTW = SPTW - SE
  IF(SFMD.GT. 0.0) SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SFMD
153 DO 202 HOUR = 1,24
154 IF(HOUR.EQ. SGRT + 1) RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)
  IF(HOUR.EQ. 9) HSE = (FWIR*PET)/12.0
  IF(HOUR.EQ.21) HSE = 0.0
  PRH=0
  AMPREC = AMPREC + PRH
C ENTER SNOWMELT SUBROUTINE
  IF(CCONPT(7).EQ. 1) CALL SNOMEL(BDDFSM,SPTWCC,SPM,ELDIF,DAY,
  1 SPMFLW,XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MRNSM,DSMGH,SDEPTH,STMD,PXCSA,HOUR,
  2 SAX,SOPFF,OFRFIS,SOFRFI,AMFSIL,PRH,SPTW,TANSM,SPLW,SFMD,OFRF,
  3 WT4AM,WT4PM,ASM,ASMRG,SASFX,SARAX,DMXT,DMNT,RCY,FIRR)
155 AMRPM = AMRPM + PRH
156 TOFR = 0.0
  ARHF = 0.0
C 15 MINUTE ACCOUNTING AND ROUTING LOOP
  DO 187 PKD = 1,4
  PEBI = 0.0
  PPI = 0.0
  OFR = 0.0
  OFRIS = 0.0
  WI = 0.0
  WEIFS = 0.0
  PMEUSZ = 0.0
  PMELZS = 0.0
  PMEIFS = 0.0
  PMEOFS = 0.0
  PEP = 0.25*PRH
  IF(CCONPT(2).EQ. 1) CALL PREPRD(RGPM,DRHP,DAY,HOUR,DPY,PRD,PEP,
  1 PRH)
  IF(PEP.GT. 0.0) GO TO 157
  IF(OFUS.GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
  IF(IFS.GT. 0.0) GO TO 170
  IF(INRTI.GT. 0) GO TO 172
  TRHF = 0.0
  IF(RHFO.GT. 0.0) GO TO 181
  GO TO 184
C RAINFALL UPPER ZONE INTERACTION
157 IF(PEP.GE. VINTCR) GO TO 158
  UZS = UZS + PEP*TPLR
  VINTCR = VINTCR - PEP
  PPI = 0.0
  PEBI = 0.0
  PMEUSZ = PEP
  IF(OFUS.GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
  GO TO 170
158 PPI = PEP - VINTCR
  UZS = UZS + VINTCR*TPLR
  VINTCR = 0.0
  LZSR = LZS/LZC
  UZC = SUZC*AEX90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZSR)
  IF(UZC.LT. 0.25) UZC = 0.25
  UZRX = 2.0*ABS(UZS/UZC - 1.0) + 1.0
  FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + UZRX))*UZRX
  IF(UZS.GT. UZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR
  PEBI = PPI*FMR
  PMEUSZ = PEP - PEBI
  UZS = UZS + PPI - PEBI
C LOWER ZONE AND GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION
159 LZSR = LZS/LZC
  EID = 4.0*LZSR
  IF(LZSR.LE. 1.0) GO TO 160
  EID = 4.0 + 2.0*(LZSR - 1.0)
  IF(LZSR.LE. 2.0) GO TO 160
  EID = 6.0
160 PEBI = PEBI + OFUS
  CMIR = 0.25*SIAM*RMIR/(2.0**EID)
  CIVM = BIVF*2.0**LZSR
  IF(CIVM.LT. 1.0) CIVM = 1.0
  PEAI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR*CIVM)
  WI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR)
  IF(PEBI.GE. CMIR) WI = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR
  IF(PEBI.GE. CMIR*CIVM) PEAI = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR*CIVM
  WEIFS = WI - PEAI
  IF(PEBI.LE. OFUS) GO TO 161
  PMELZS = (PEBI - WI)*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
  PMEIFS = WEIFS*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
  PMEOFS = PEAI*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
161 CONTINUE
  IF((PEAI - OFUS).GT. 0.0) GO TO 162
  EQD = (OFUS + PEAI)/2.0
  GO TO 163
162 EQD = EQDF*((PEAI - OFUS)**0.6)

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163 IF((OFUS + PEAI) .GT. (2.0*EQD)) EQD = 0.5*(OFUS + PEAI)
IF((OFUS + PEAI) .LE. 0.001) GO TO 164
OFR = 0.25*OFRF*((OFUS + PEAI)*0.5)**1.67)*((1.0 + 0.6*((OFUS +
1 PEAI)/(2.0*EQD))**3.0)**1.67)
IF(OFR .GT. (0.75*PEAI)) OFR = 0.75*PEAI
164 IF(FIMP .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 168
165 PEIS = PPI + OFUSIS
IF((PEIS - OFUSIS) .GT. 0.0) GO TO 166
EQDIS = (OFUSIS + PEIS)/2.0
GO TO 167
166 EQUIS = EQDFIS*((PEIS - OFUSIS)**0.6)
167 IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .GT. (2.0*EQDIS)) FODIS = 0.5*(OFUSIS + PEIS)
IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .LE. 0.01) GO TO 168
OFRIS = 0.25*OFRFIS*((OFUSIS + PEIS)*0.5)**1.67)*((1.0 + 0.6*((
1 OFUSIS + PEIS)/(2.0*EQDIS))**3.0)**1.67)
IF(OFRIS .GT. PEIS) OFRIS = PEIS
168 TOFR = TOFR + FPER*OFR + FIMP*OFRIS + PPI*FWTR
OFUSIS = PEIS - OFRIS
OFUS = PEAI - OFR
IF(OFUS .GE. 0.001) GO TO 169
LZS = LZS + OFUS
OFUS = 0.0
OFRIS = OFRIS + OFUSIS
OFUSIS = 0.0
169 LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZS/LZC - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0/11.0 + LZRX)**LZPX
IF(LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*(LZS/LZC)
PLZS = FMR*(PERI - WI)
PGW = (1.0 - FMR)*(PERI - WI)*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
GWS = GWS + PGW
BFX = BFX + PGW
LZS = LZS + PLZS
IFS = IFS + WEIFS*FPER
170 SPIF = IFPL*IFS
AMIF = AMIF + SPIF
IFS = IFS - SPIF
IF(IFS .GE. 0.0001) GO TO 171
LZS = LZS + IFS
IFS = 0.0
171 UHFA(1) = FPER*OFR + PPI*FWTR + FIMP*OFRIS + SPIF
SPOR = UHFA(1)
C ROUTING
172 IF(CONOPT(12) .NE. 1) GO TO 173
URHF = URHF + 0.25*UHFA(1)
IF(PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 181
UHFA(1) = URHF
173 TRHF = 0.0
KTRI = NCTRI
IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) KTRI = NCSTRI
174 URHF = UHFA(KTRI)
IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 176
175 TRHF = TRHF + URHF*KTRI(KTRI)
IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1 .AND. LSHFT .AND. KTRI .GE. 2) TRHF = TRHF +
1 URHF*SATRI(KTRI - 1)
UHFA(KTRI + 1) = URHF
GO TO 177
176 UHFA(KTRI + 1) = 0.0
177 KTRI = KTRI - 1
IF(KTRI .GE. 1) GO TO 174
178 IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 179
NRTRI = NCTRI
IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) NRTRI = MXTRI
179 NRTRI = NRTRI - 1
UHFA(1) = 0.0
IF(CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 180
NNSTRI = NCSTRI + 1
UHFA(NNSTRI) = 0.0
180 URHF = 0.0
181 IF(SRX .LE. CSRX) SRX = CSRX
RHFI = TRHF - SRX*(TRHF - RHFO)
RHFO = RHFI
IF(RHFO .LT. RHFC) RHFO = 0.0
TFCFS = (4.0*RHFI + CBF - HSE)*WCFS
IF(CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 182
IF(CONOPT(12) .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 182
CALL RTVARY (CTRI, SATRI, BTRI, CHCAP, NBTRI, MXTRI, NCSTRI, EXQPV, LSHFT,
1 TFCFS)
DATE = MOD(DAY, MDAY)
IF(LSHFT) WRITE(6,6) DATE, HOUR, PRD, NCSTRI
6 FORMAT(2X, I2, 2X, I2, 2X, I2, 2X, 20) HISTOGRAM CHANGES TO, 1X, I2, 1X,
1 8HELEMENTS)
182 CONTINUE
IF(TFCFS .LE. 0.5*CHCAP) SRX = CSRX
IF((TFCFS .GT. 0.5*CHCAP) .AND. (TFCFS .LT. 2.0*CHCAP)) SRX = CSRX
1 +(FSRX - CSRX)*((TFCFS - 0.5*CHCAP)/(1.5*CHCAP))**3
IF(TFCFS .GT. 2.0*CHCAP) SRX = FSRX
IF(TFCFS .LE. TFMAX) GO TO 183
PRDF = PRD
TDFP24 = HOUR

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IF (PRD .LE. 3) TDFP24 = (TDFP24 - 1.0) + 0.15*PRDF
TFMAX = TFCFS
183 ARHF = ARHF + RHF1
C STORM OUTPUT REQUESTED BY CONOPT(1)
184 IF (CONOPT(1) .NE. 1) GO TO 186
IF (DAY .NE. CDSOR) GO TO 186
IF (HOUR .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .EQ. 1) WRITE(6,7)
7 FORMAT(1H//,21X,19HRAINFALL DISPOSITION,12X,16HMOISTURE STORAGE,
1 14X,17HSTREAM-LOW ORIGIN,6X,14HSTREAM OUTFLOW/2X,116HDIY HR PD
2IN EUZS ELZS EIFS EOFS UZS LZS IFS OFS
3POF SPIF SPBF SPTF INCHES CFS)
DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
OFS = OFUS*FPER + OFUSIS*FIMP
SPOF = OFR*FPER + OFRIS*FIMP + PPI*FWTR
SPBF = 0.25*(CBF-HSE)
SPTF = SPDR + SPBF
SPDR = 0.0
IF (RHFO .LE. 0.0) TFCFS = (CBF - HSE)*WCFS
RSPTF = 0.25*TFCFS/WCFS
WRITE(6,8) DATE, HOUR, PRD, PFP, PMEUSZ, PMELZS, PMEIFS, PMEofs, UZS, LZS
1, IFS, OFS, SPOF, SPIF, SPBF, SPTF, RSPTF, TFCFS
8 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,12,1X,11,5(1X,F6.4),2X,4(F7.4),2X,5(1X,F6.4),1X,
1 F7.1)
IF (HOUR .EQ. 24 .AND. PRD .EQ. 4) GO TO 185
GO TO 186
185 NDSOP = NDSOP + 1
IF (NDSOR .EQ. NDSOP) GO TO 186
CALL DAYNXT(CDSOR,DPY)
186 CONTINUE
IF (VINTCR .LT. 0.25*VINTHR) VINTCR = VINTCR + DPET(DAY)/96.0
187 CONTINUE
C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP
IF (CONOPT(5) .NE. 1) GO TO 197
C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING
IF (TOFR .LE. 0.0) GO TO 193
KT20 = 20
188 IF (KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 192
IF (TOFR .GT. T20OFH(KT20)) GO TO 189
GO TO 190
189 T20OFH(KT20+1) = T20OFH(KT20)
GO TO 191
190 T20OFH(KT20+1) = TOFR
GO TO 193
191 KT20 = KT20 - 1
GO TO 188
192 T20OFH(1) = TOFR
193 IF (PRH .LE. 0.0) GO TO 197
KT20 = 20
194 IF (KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 196
IF (PRH .GT. T20PRH(KT20)) GO TO 195
T20PRH(KT20 + 1) = PRH
GO TO 197
195 T20PRH(KT20+1) = T20PRH(KT20)
KT20 = KT20 - 1
GO TO 194
196 T20PRH(1) = PRH
C ADDING GROUNDWATER FLOW
197 CBF = GWS*BFRL*(1.0 + BFNRL*BFNX)
GWS = GWS - CBF
AMBF = AMEF + CBF
THGR = ARHF + CBF
IF (HSE .GT. THGR) HSE = THGR
AMSE = AMSE + HSE
THSF(HOUR) = (THGR - HSE)*WCFS
TDSF = TDSF + THSF(HOUR)
C
C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS
C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE
SINDEX=SINDEX+1
THSFD(SINDEX,2)=THSF(HOUR)
306 UZINFX=(UZS/UZC) - (LZS/LZC)
IF (UZINFX .LE. 0.0) GO TO 198
LZSR = LZS/LZC
UZINLZ = 0.003*RMIR*UZC*UZINFX**3.0
IF (UZINLZ .GT. UZS) UZINLZ = UZS
UZS = UZS - UZINLZ
LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZSR - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + LZRX))**LZRX
IF (LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*LZSR
PGW = (1.0-FMR)*UZINLZ*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
PLZS = FMR*UZINLZ
LZS = LZS + PLZS
GWS = GWS + PGW
BFNX = BFNX + PGW
C 4 PM ADJUSTMENTS OF VARIOUS VALUES
198 IF (HOUR .NE. 16) GO TO 202
AEX90 = 0.9*(AEX90 + PET)
AEX96 = 0.96*(AEX96 + PET)
C INFILTRATION CORRECTION

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SIAM = (AEX96/AETX)**SIAC
IF(SIAM.LT. 0.33) SIAM = 0.33
BFNX = 0.97*BFNX
IF(PET.EQ. 0.0) GO TO 202
C EVAP-TRANS LOSS FROM GROUNDWATER
GWET = GWS*GWETF*PET*FPER
GWS = GWS - GWET
BFNX = BFNX - GWET
IF(BFNX.LT. 0.0) BFNX = 0.0
AMPET = AMPET + PET
IF(PET.GE. UZS) GO TO 199
UZS = UZS - PET
AMNET = AMNET + PET
GO TO 202
199 PET = PET - UZS
AMNET = AMNET + UZS
UZS = 0.0
LZSR = LZS/LZC
IF(PET.GE. ETLF*LZSR) GO TO 200
SET = PET*(1.0 - PET/(2.0*ETLF*LZSR))
GO TO 201
200 SET = 0.5*ETLF*LZSR
201 LZS = LZS - SET
AMNET = AMNET + SET
202 CONTINUE
C END OF HOUR LOOP
DSSF(DAY) = TDSF/24.0
IF(CCONPT(11).EQ. 1) DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) + DDW(DAY)
203 AMRTF = AMRTF + DRSF(DAY)
AMSTF = AMSTF + DSSF(DAY)
IF(CCONPT(6).EQ. 1) EDLZS(DAY) = LZS
C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION
IF(CCONPT(4).NE. 1) GO TO 204
ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY)
IF(DRSF(DAY).LT. 1.0) KRPMI = 1.0
IF(DRSF(DAY).GT. 1.0) KRPMI = 2.0*ALOG(DRSF(DAY)) + 2.0
CRPMI(KRPMI) = CRPMI(KRPMI) + 1.0
SERR(KRPMI) = SERR(KRPMI) + ERR
SERA(KRPMI) = SERA(KRPMI) + ABS(ERR)
SQER(KRPMI) = SQER(KRPMI) + ERR*ERR
SESF(KRPMI) = 0.0
IF(CRPMI(KRPMI).GT. 1.0) SESF(KRPMI) = SQRT(ABS((SQER(KRPMI) -
1 SERR(KRPMI)**2/CRPMI(KRPMI))/(CRPMI(KRPMI) - 1.0)))
204 CONTINUE
DATE=DAY
IF ((MONTH.EQ.4).AND.(MDAY.EQ.31)) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
IF (MONTH.NE.4) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
WRITE(6,9) DATE, (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=1,12)
9 FORMAT(1H/,1X/,1X,14,2X,2HAM,1X,6F8.1,3X,6F8.1)
WRITE(6,10) (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)
10 FORMAT(1HJ,6X,2HPM,1X,6F8.1,3X,7F8.1)
IF(TDFP24.LT. 12.0) GO TO 205
TDFP12 = TDFP24 - 12.0
11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HP.M.)
GO TO 206
205 CONTINUE
12 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HA.M.)
206 IF(CCONPT(7).EQ. 1.AND. SDEPTH.GT. 0.0) WRITE(6,13)DATE,
1SDEPTH,STMD,SAX,TANSM,SPLW
13 FORMAT(3X,14,2X,7HSDEPTH=F8.2,2X,5HSTMD=F6.2,2X,4HSAX=F6.2,
1 2X,6HTANSM=F6.2,2X,5HSPLW=F6.2)
MAXI=MAXI+1
C MONTHLY SUMMARY STORAGE
STMROS(MAXI,2)=DSSF(DAY)
-- TMSTF(MAXI,2)=AMSTF
AMSTF = 0.0
TMRTF(MONTH) = AMRTF
AMRTF = 0.0
EMBNX(MAXI,2)=BFNX
TMPREC(MAXI,2)=AMPREC
AMPREC = 0.0
TMRPM(MONTH) = AMRPM
AMRPM = 0.0
TMBF(MAXI,2)=AMBF
AMBF = 0.0
TMIF(MAXI,2)=AMIF
AMIF = 0.0
TMSE(MAXI,2)=AMSE
AMSE = 0.0
TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
MPET = 0.0
TMNET(MONTH) = AMNET
AMNET = 0.0
TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE
AMSNE = 0.0
TMFSIL(MONTH) = AMFSIL
AMFSIL = 0.0

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EMGWS(MAXI,2)=GWS
UZC = SUZC*AEX90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZS/LZC)
IF(UZC.LT. 0.25) UZC = 0.25
EMUZC(MAXI,2)=UZC
EMUZS(MAXI,2)=UZS
EMSIAM(MAXI,2)=SIAM
EMLZS(MAXI,2)=LZS
EMIFS(MAXI,2)=IFS
220 CONTINUE
    IF (MDAY.EQ.337) MDAY=59
C STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR
TFMAXY(MAXI)=TFMAX
3001 CONTINUE
    IF (DAY.EQ.EDATE) GO TO 221
    CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DY)
    IF (DAY.GT.LDAY) MDAY=LDAY
    IF (DAY.EQ.366) MDAY=337
    GO TO 152
C END OF DAY LOOP
221 CONTINUE
    RETURN
    END

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SUBROUTINE FORCST(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY, MPDAY) FCST0001
COMMON/ PLOT/DRSF, DSSF, CONOPT, THSFD, TMSTF, STMROS(121,6), DPY, TITLE, FCST0002
2KFLAG, IDFLAG, FCST0003
11ENDFG, STUDY(2), PEAKS, PHRS, NSPTS, THSFDM, TFMAXD, TMRTF, JPLOT, FCST0004
2 NCTRI, CTRI, FIRR, RICY, DPSE, RDDFSM, SPTFLW, SPTWCC, SPM, ELUFI, FCST0005
3 XDNFS, FFOR, FFSI, MRNSM, DSMGH, PXCSA, RMPF, KGPMR, AREA, FIMP, FCST0006
A SATRI, UHFA, FCST0007
BMNRD, FCST0008
4 FWTR, VINTMR, BUZC, SUZC, LZC, ETLF, SUHWF, GWETF, SIAC, BMIR, FCST0009
5 BIVF, CFSS, OFSL, OFMN, OFMNI, IFRC, CSRX, FSPX, CHCAP, EXQPV, FCST0010
6 BENLK, BFRC, GWS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, BFHPC, BFRL, BENRL, BENHR, IFPRC, FCST0011
7 IFRL, LSHFT, NHTRI, FNTRI, MXTRI, NCSTRI, GTRI, TFCFS, FPAET, FPER, FCST0012
8 TPLR, VINTCK, HSE, NTKI, SPIF, CRF, SPD, OFUS, OFUSIS, GFR, GFRIS, PEIS, FCST0013
9 RHFO, URHF, AMIF, AMJET, AMPET, AMSNE, AMFSL, SASFX, SAKAX, SRX, VWIN, FCST0014
A WCFS, RHFMC, SSRT, DCRF, DCRFIS, EQDF, EQDFIS, SQRF, SQRFI, FCST0015
B SDEPTH, MULT(1,1), ASM, WT4AM, WT4PM, SAX, TANSM, SPTW, STMD, SFMD, ASMRG, FCST0016
XDEPEND(2), VARIN(2), NPTS, JULDI, IYR, TSDARY(5,1), FCST0017
YTOMARY(7,1), TOSARY(5,6,1), TSDARY(6,1), TSMARY(9,1), FCST0018
ZTSSARY(3,6,1), TSMCRY(1), TSDCRY(1), TSKARY(1,6,1), FCST0019
WTORARY(1,6,1), FCST0020
CORSFT(366), DSSFT(366), MI, NI, MULT, TMRTFT(12), TMSTFT(12) FCST0021
COMMON/ COMMA/ EMGFNX, EMGWS, EMIFS, EMILZS, EMSTAM, EMUZC, EMUZZS, TMRF, FCST0022
1 TMIF, TMPREC, TMSE, CRFMI, DDW, DMNT, DMXT, DRGPM, DRHP, DRSGP, DPFT, EDLZS, FCST0023
2 EPCM, SERA, SERR, SESF, SQER, THSF, TMFSIL, TMNET, TMOF, TMPET, TMRPM, TMSNE, FCST0024
3 TMSTFI, T2ODFH, T2OPRH, TMRTFI, JULDAT, FCST0025
4 TFMAXY, UZC, AETX, DAY, NSGRD, AEX90, SIAM, NDSOP, RGPM, NDSOR, YR1, FCST0026
5 TRHF, FCST0027
55INDEX, INDEX, AEX96, MAXI, YR2, BYLZS, BYIFS, BYUZZS FCST0028
C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970) FCST0029
C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV FCST0030
C DIMENSION BTRI(99), CONOPT(16), CRFMI(22), CTRI(99), DDW(366), FCST0031
1 DMNT(366), DMXT(366), DPSE(366), DRGPM(366), DRHP(366,24), FCST0032
2 DRSGP(366), DPET(366), DRSF(366), DSSF(366), FDLZS(366), FCST0033
3 EMGFNX(15,3), EMGWS(15,3), EMIFS(15,3), EMILZS(15,3), EMSTAM(15,3), FCST0034
4 EMUZZS(15,3), EMUZZS(15,3), EPCM(12), FIRR(15), MEDCY(12), MEDWY(12), FCST0035
5 RICY(37), SATRI(99), SERA(22), SERA(22), SESF(22), SQER(22), FCST0036
6 THSF(24), TITLF(18), TMRF(15,3), TMFSIL(12), TMIF(15,3), TMNET(12), FCST0037
7 TMOF(15,3), TMPET(12), TMPREC(15,3), TMRPM(12), TMRTF(12), TMSE(15,3), FCST0038
8 TMSNE(12), TMSTFI(15,3), TMSTFI(15,3), T2ODFH(21), T2OPRH(21), FCST0039
9 UHFA(99), TMRTFI(12), JULDAT(6), THSFD(744,3), TFMAXY(366), FCST0040
A PEAKS(6), PHRS(6), NSPTS(6), THSFDM(6) FCST0041
LOGICAL LSHFT FCST0042
INTEGER CDSR, CN, CONOPT, DATE, DAY, DPY, EHSOD, HOUR, HRF, HRL, PDAY, FCST0043
1 PRD, RHPD, RHPH, RSED, SGMD, SGRT, SGRT2, YEAR, YR1, YR2, PHRS, SINDE FCST0044
INTEGER TOMARY, TSMARY, TSDARY, TSDARY, TOSARY, TSSARY FCST0045
INTEGER DATES, EDATE, SINDET, MPDAY(15) FCST0046
DIMENSION RPLUTC(1832), RCOMMA(12087) FCST0047
EQUIVALENCE (DPY, RPLUTC(1)), (CRFMI, RCOMMA(1)) FCST0048
REAL IFPRC, IFRC, IFRL, IFS, LZC, LZRX, LZS, LZSR, MHSM, MNP, MRNSM, NHPT FCST0049
DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334/ FCST0050
DATA MEDWY/ 304, 334, 365, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273 FCST0051
REAL MXDRSF, MXDSSF, MXMRSF, MXMSSF, SSQD FCST0052
REAL SSQM, SSQDI, SSQVI, VDRSF, VDSSF FCST0053
REAL VMRSF, VMSSF, SJURSF, SDSSF, SDMRSF, SDMSSF, SMDD, SMMD, SMSQD, FCST0054
SMSQM FCST0055
REAL MDRSF, MDSSF, MMRSF, MMSSF FCST0056
BACKSPACE 11 FCST0057
READ (11) (RPLUTC(I), I=1, 1832) FCST0058
BACKSPACE 18 FCST0059
READ (18) (RCOMMA(I), I=1, 12087) FCST0060
CONTINUE FCST0061
150 DATE=PDATE FCST0062
DAY=DATES FCST0063
MDAY=PDAY FCST0064
SINDEX=0 FCST0065
MAXI=0 FCST0066
AMRPM = 0.0 FCST0067
AMPREC = 0.0 FCST0068
AMBF = 0.0 FCST0069
AMSE = 0.0 FCST0070
AMSTF = 0.0 FCST0071
AMRTF = 0.0 FCST0072
IF (DPY .EQ. 366) MEDWY(5)=366 FCST0073
3 FORMAT(1H1, 1X, 'FORECAST CASE HOURLY CFS VALUES', //, 1X, 4A4) FCST0074
WRITE(6,3) MSRDIC FCST0075
C BEGIN DAY LOOP FCST0076
IMONTH=MONTH FCST0077
152 TDSF = C.0 FCST0078
IF (MONTH.NE.4) GO TO 148 FCST0079
IF (MDAY.NE.31) GO TO 149 FCST0080
148 IF (DATE.GT.(MOD(DAY,MDAY))) IMONTH=MONTH+1 FCST0081
148 CONTINUE FCST0082
PET=EPCM(IMONTH)*DPET(DAY) FCST0083
PETU = PET FCST0084
TFMAX = 0.0 FCST0085
C EVAPOTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS FCST0086
IF (CONOPT(7) .NE. 1) GO TO 153 FCST0087
IF (DMXT(DAY) - 4.0*ELDIF .LT. 40.0) PET = 0.0 FCST0088
IF (SPTW .GT. SPTWCC) PET = FFOR*PET FCST0089

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C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION
  IF(DMNT(DAY).GT. 32.0 .OR. SPTW .LE. DPSE(DAY)) GO TO 153
  SE = DPSE(DAY)
  AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
  SPTW = SPTW - SE
  IF(SFMD.GT. 0.0) SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SFMD
153 DO 202 HOUR = 1,24
  IF((INSGRD.EQ. 0) .AND. (DRHP(DAY,HOUR).NE. 0.0) .AND. (PET.EQ.
  1 PETU) .AND. (CONOPT(3).EQ. 1)) PET = 0.5*PET
154 IF(HOUR.EQ. SGRT + 1) RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)
  IF(HOUR.EQ. 9) HSE = (FWTR*PET)/12.0
  IF(HOUR.EQ. 21) HSE = 0.0
  PRH = RGPM*DRHP(DAY,HOUR)
  AMPREC = AMPREC + PRH
C ENTER SNOWMELT SUBROUTINE
  IF(CONOPT(7).EQ. 1) CALL SNOMEL(BDDFSM,SPTWCC,SPM,ELDIF,DAY,
  1 SPBFLW,XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MNNSM,DSMGH,SDEPTH,STMD,PXCSA,HOUR,
  2 SAX,SOFRE,CFRFS,SUFRI,AHSIL,PRH,SPTW,TANSM,SPLW,SFMD,CFRF,
  3 WT4AM,WT4PM,ASM,ASMRG,SASFX,SARAX,DMXT,DMNT,RICY,FIRR)
155 AMRPM = AMRPM + PRH
156 TOFR = 0.0
  ARHF = 0.0
-C 15 MINUTE ACCOUNTING AND ROUTING LOOP
  DO 187 PRD = 1,4
  PEBI = 0.0
  PPI = 0.0
  OFR = 0.0
  OFRIS = 0.0
  WI = 0.0
  WEIFS = 0.0
  PMEUSZ = 0.0
  PMELZS = 0.0
  PMEIFS = 0.0
  PMEDFS = 0.0
  PEP = 0.25*PRH
  IF(CONOPT(2).EQ. 1) CALL PREPRD(RGPM,DRHP,DAY,HOUR,DPY,PRD,PEP,
  1 PRH)
  IF(PEP.GT. 0.0) GO TO 157
  IF(OFUS.GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
  IF(IFS.GT. 0.0) GO TO 170
  IF(NRTRI.GT. 0) GO TO 172
  TRHF = 0.0
  IF(RHFO.GT. 0.0) GO TO 181
  GO TO 184
C RAINFALL UPPER ZONE INTERACTION
157 IF(PEP.GE. VINTCR) GO TO 158
  UZS = UZS + PEP*TPLR
  VINTCR = VINTCR - PEP
  PPI = 0.0
  PEBI = 0.0
  PMEUSZ = PEP
  IF(OFUS.GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
  GO TO 170
158 PPI = PEP - VINTCR
  UZS = UZS + VINTCR*TPLR
  VINTCR = 0.0
  LZSK = LZS/LZC
  UZC = SUZC*AEX90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZSK)
  IF(UZC.LT. 0.25) UZC = 0.25
  UZRX = 2.0*ABS(UZS/UZC - 1.0) + 1.0
  FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + UZRX))*UZPX
  IF(UZS.GT. UZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR
  PEBI = PPI*FMR
  PMEUSZ = PEP - PEBI
  UZS = UZS + PPI - PEBI
C LOWER ZONE AND GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION
159 LZSK = LZS/LZC
  EID = 4.0*LZSK
  IF(LZSK.LE. 1.0) GO TO 160
  EID = 4.0 + 2.0*(LZSK - 1.0)
  IF(LZSK.LE. 2.0) GO TO 160
  EID = 6.0
160 PEBI = PEBI + OFUS
  CMIR = 0.25*SIAM*BMIR/(2.0*EID)
  CIVM = RIVF*2.0*LZSK
  IF(CIVM.LT. 1.0) CIVM = 1.0
  PEAI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR*CIVM)
  WI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR)
  IF(PEBI.GE. CMIR) WI = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR
  IF(PEBI.GE. CMIR*CIVM) PEAI = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR*CIVM
  WEIFS = WI - PEAI
  IF(PEBI.LE. OFUS) GO TO 161
  PMELZS = (PEBI - WI)*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
  PMEIFS = WEIFS*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
  PMEDFS = PEAI*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
161 CONTINUE
  IF((PEAI - OFUS).GT. 0.0) GO TO 162
  EQD = (OFUS + PEAI)/2.0
  GO TO 163

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162 EQD = EQDF*((PEAI - OFUS)**0.6)
163 IF((OFUS + PEA1) .GT. (2.0*EQD)) EQD = 0.5*(OFUS + PEA1)
IF((OFUS + PEA1) .LE. 0.001) GO TO 164
OFR = 0.25*OFRF*((OFUS + PEA1)*0.5)**1.67*((1.0 + 0.6*((OFUS +
1 PEA1)/(2.0*EQD))**3.0)**1.67)
IF(OFR .GT. (0.75*PEAI)) OFR = 0.75*PEAI
164 IF(FIMP .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 168
165 PEIS = PPI + OFUSIS
IF((PEIS - OFUSIS) .GT. 0.0) GO TO 166
EQDIS = (OFUSIS + PEIS)/2.0
GO TO 167
166 EQDIS = EQDFIS*((PEIS - OFUSIS)**0.6)
167 IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .GT. (2.0*EQDIS)) EQDIS = 0.5*(OFUSIS + PEIS)
IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .LE. 0.01) GO TO 168
OFRIS = 0.25*OFRFIS*((OFUSIS + PEIS)*0.5)**1.67*((1.0 + 0.6*((
1 OFUSIS + PEIS)/(2.0*EQDIS))**3.0)**1.67)
IF(OFRIS .GT. PEIS) OFRIS = PEIS
168 TOFR = TOFR + FPER*OFR + FIMP*OFRIS + PPI*FWTR
OFUSIS = PEIS - OFRIS
OFUS = PEA1 - OFR
IF(OFUS .GE. 0.001) GO TO 169
LZS = LZS + OFUS
OFUS = 0.0
OFRIS = OFRIS + OFUSIS
OFUSIS = 0.0
169 LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZS/LZC - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + LZRX))**LZRX
IF(LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*(LZS/LZC)
PLZS = FMR*(PEBI - WI)
PGW = (1.0 - FMR)*(PEBI - WI)*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
GWS = GWS + PGW
BFNX = BFNX + PGW
LZS = LZS + PLZS
IFS = IFS + WEIFS*FPER
170 SPIF = IFRI*IFS
AMIF = AMIF + SPIF
IFS = IFS - SPIF
IF(IFS .GE. 0.0001) GO TO 171
LZS = LZS + IFS
IFS = 0.0
171 UHFA(1) = FPER*OFR + PPI*FWTR + FIMP*OFRIS + SPIF
SPDR = UHFA(1)
C ROUTING
172 IF(CONOPT(12) .NE. 1) GO TO 173
URHF = URHF + 0.25*UHFA(1)
IF(PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 181
UHFA(1) = URHF
173 TRHF = 0.0
KTRI = NCTRI
IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) KTRI = NCSTRI
174 URHF = UHFA(KTRI)
IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 176
175 TRHF = TRHF + URHF*KTRI(KTRI)
IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1 .AND. LSHFT .AND. KTRI .GE. 2) TRHF = TRHF +
1 URHF*SATRI(KTRI - 1)
UHFA(KTRI + 1) = URHF
GO TO 177
176 UHFA(KTRI + 1) = 0.0
177 KTRI = KTRI - 1
IF(KTRI .GE. 1) GO TO 174
178 IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 179
NRTRI = NCTRI
IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) NRTRI = MXTRI
179 NRTRI = NRTRI - 1
UHFA(1) = 0.0
IF(CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 180
NNSTRI = NCSTRI + 1
UHFA(NNSTRI) = 0.0
180 URHF = 0.0
181 IF(SRX .LE. CSRX) SRX = CSRX
RHFI = TRHF - SRX*(TRHF - RHFO)
RHFO = RHFI
IF(RHFO .LT. RHFC) RHFO = 0.0
TFCFS = (4.0*RHFI + CBF - HSE)*WCFS
IF(CCONPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 182
IF(CCONPT(12) .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 182
CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
1 TFCFS)
DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
IF(LSHFT) WRITE(6,6) DATE,HOUR,PRD,NCSTRI
6 FORMAT(2X,12,2X,12,2X,12,2X,20)HISTOGRAM CHANGES TO,1X,12,1X,
1 8ELEMENTS)
182 CONTINUE
IF(TFCFS .LE. 0.5*CHCAP) SRX = CSRX
IF((TFCFS .GT. 0.5*CHCAP) .AND. (TFCFS .LT. 2.0*CHCAP)) SRX = CSRX
1 +(FSRX - CSRX)*((TFCFS - 0.5*CHCAP)/(1.5*CHCAP))**3
IF(TFCFS .GT. 2.0*CHCAP) SRX = FSX
IF(TFCFS .LE. TFMAX) GO TO 183
PRDF = PRD

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TDFP24 = HOUR
IF (PRD .LE. 3) TDFP24 = (TDFP24 - 1.0) + 0.15*PRDF
TFMAX = TFCFS
183 ARHF = AKHF + RHF1
C STORM OUTPUT REQUESTED BY CONOPT(1)
184 IF (CONOPT(1) .NE. 1) GO TO 186
IF (DAY .NE. CDSOR) GO TO 186
IF (HOUR .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .EQ. 1) WRITE(6,7)
7 FORMAT(1H//,21X,19HRAINFALL DEPOSITION,12X,16HMOISTURE STORAGE,
1 14X,17HSTREAMFLOW ORIGIN,6X,14HSTREAM OUTFLOW/2X,116HDY HR PU
2IN EUZS ELZS EIFS EDFS UZS LZS IFS NFS
3POF SPIF SPBF SPTF INCHES CFS)
DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
OFS = OFUS*FPER + OFUSIS*FIMP
SPOF = OFR*FPER + OFRIS*FIMP + PPI*FWTR
SPBF = 0.25*(CRF-HSE)
SPTF = SPDR + SPBF
SPDR = 0.0
IF (RHFO .LE. 0.0) TFCFS = (CRF - HSE)*WCFS
RSPTF = 0.25*TFCFS/WCFS
WRITE(6,8) DATE,HOUR,PRD,PEP,PMEUZZ,PMEUZZ,PMEIFS,PMEOFS,UZS,LZS
1,IFS,OFS,SPOF,SPIF,SPBF,SPTF,RSPTF,TFCFS
8 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,12,1X,11,5(1X,F6.4),2X,4(F7.4),2X,5(1X,F6.4),1X,
1 F7.1)
IF (HOUR .EQ. 24 .AND. PRD .EQ. 4) GO TO 185
GO TO 186
185 NDSOP = NDSOP + 1
IF (NDSOP .EQ. NDSOP) GO TO 186
CALL DAYNXT(CDSOR,DPY)
186 CONTINUE
IF (VINTCR .LT. 0.25*VINTMR) VINTCR = VINTCR + DPET(DAY)/96.0
187 CONTINUE
C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP
IF (CONOPT(5) .NE. 1) GO TO 197
C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING
IF (TOFR .LE. 0.0) GO TO 193
KT20 = 20
188 IF (KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 192
IF (TOFR .GT. T20OFH(KT20)) GO TO 189
GO TO 190
189 T20OFH(KT20+1) = T20OFH(KT20)
GO TO 191
190 T20OFH(KT20+1) = TOFR
GO TO 193
191 KT20 = KT20 - 1
GO TO 188
192 T20OFH(1) = TOFR
193 IF (PRH .LE. 0.0) GO TO 197
KT20 = 20
194 IF (KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 196
IF (PRH .GT. T20PRH(KT20)) GO TO 195
T20PRH(KT20+1) = PRH
GO TO 197
195 T20PRH(KT20+1) = T20PRH(KT20)
KT20 = KT20 - 1
GO TO 194
196 T20PRH(1) = PRH
C ADDING GROUNDWATER FLOW
197 CBF = GWS*BFRL*(1.0 + BFNL*BFNX)
GWS = GWS - CBF
AMBF = AMBF + CBF
THGR = ARHF + CBF
IF (HSE .GT. THGR) HSE = THGR
AMSE = AMSE + HSE
THSF(HOUR) = (THGR - HSE)*WCFS
TDSF = TDSF + THSF(HOUR)
C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS
C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE
INDEX=INDEX+1
THSFD(INDEX,3)=THSF(HOUR)
UZINFX=(UZS/UZC) - (LZS/LZC)
306 IF (UZINFX .LE. 0.0) GO TO 198
LZSR = LZS/LZC
UZINLZ = 0.003*BMIR*UZC*UZINFX**3.0
IF (UZINLZ .GT. UZS) UZINLZ = UZS
UZS = UZS - UZINLZ
LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZSR - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + LZRX))*LZRX
IF (LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*LZSR
PGW = (1.0-FMR)*UZINLZ*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
PLZS = FMR*UZINLZ
LZS = LZS + PLZS
GWS = GWS + PGW
BFNX = BFNX + PGW
C 4 PM ADJUSTMENTS OF VARIOUS VALUES
198 IF (HOUR .NE. 16) GO TO 202
AEX90 = 0.9*(AEX90 + PET)
AEX96 = 0.96*(AEX96 + PET)

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C INFILTRATION CORRECTION
SIAM = (ACX96/AETX)**SIAC
IF(SIAM .LT. 0.33) SIAM = 0.33
BFNX = 0.97*BFNX
IF(PET .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 202
C EVAP-TRANS LOSS FROM GROUNDWATER
GWET = GWS*GWETF*PET*FPER
GWS = GWS - GWET
BFNX = BFNX - GWET
IF(BFNX .LT. 0.0) BFNX = 0.0
AMPET = AMPET + PET
IF(PET .GE. UZS) GO TO 199
UZS = UZS - PET
AMNET = AMNET + PET
GO TO 202
199 PET = PET - UZS
AMNET = AMNET + UZS
UZS = 0.0
LZSR = LZS/LZC
IF(PET .GE. ETLF*LZSR) GO TO 200
SET = PET*(1.0 - PET/(2.0*ETLF*LZSR))
GO TO 201
200 SET = 0.5*ETLF*LZSR
201 LZS = LZS - SET
AMNET = AMNET + SET
202 CONTINUE
C END OF HOUR LOOP
DSSF(DAY) = TDSF/24.0
IF(CONOPT(11) .EQ. 1) DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) + DDW(DAY)
203 AMRTF = AMRTF + DRSF(DAY)
AMSTF = AMSTF + DSSF(DAY)
IF(CONOPT(6) .EQ. 1) EDLZS(DAY) = LZS
C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION
IF(CONOPT(4) .NE. 1) GO TO 204
ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY)
IF(DRSF(DAY) .LT. 1.0) KRPMI = 1.0
IF(DRSF(DAY) .GT. 1.0) KRPMI = 2.0*ALOG(DRSF(DAY)) + 2.0
CRPMI(KRPMI) = CRPMI(KRPMI) + 1.0
SERR(KRPMI) = SERR(KRPMI) + ERR
SERA(KRPMI) = SERA(KRPMI) + ABS(ERR)
SQER(KRPMI) = SQER(KRPMI) + ERR*ERR
SESF(KRPMI) = 0.0
IF(CRPMI(KRPMI) .GT. 1.0) SESF(KRPMI) = SQRT(ABS(SQER(KRPMI) -
1.0))
1 SERR(KRPMI)**2/CRPMI(KRPMI)/(CRPMI(KRPMI) - 1.0))
204 CONTINUE
DATE=DAY
IF ((MONTH.EQ.4).AND.(MDAY.EQ.31)) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
IF (MONTH.NE.4) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
WRITE(6,9) DATE, (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=1,12)
9 FORMAT(1H/,1X/,1X,14,2X,2HAM,1X,6F8.1,3X,6F8.1)
WRITE(6,10) (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)
10 FORMAT(1HJ,6X,2HPM,1X,6F8.1,3X,7F8.1)
IF(TDFP24 .LT. 12.0) GO TO 205
TDFP12 = TDFP24 - 12.0
11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=,F9.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HP.M.)
GO TO 206
205 CONTINUE
12 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HA.M.)
4033 FORMAT(1X,5HOFUS=,F7.3,1X,6HNRTRI=,F7.3,1X,5HHRHO=,F7.3)
206 IF(CONOPT(7) .EQ. 1 .AND. SDEPTH .GT. 0.0) WRITE(6,13) DATE,
1 SDEPTH,STMD,SAX,TANSM,SPLW
13 FORMAT(3X,14,2X,7HDEPTH=,F6.2,2X,5HSTMD=,F6.2,2X,4HSAX=,F6.2,
1 2X,6HTANSM=,F6.2,2X,5HSPLW=,F6.2)
MAXI=MAXI+1
MPDAY(MAXI)=DATE
C MONTHLY SUMMARY STORAGE
STMROS(MAXI,3)=DSSF(DAY)
TMSTF(MAXI,3)=AMSTF
AMSTF = 0.0
TMKTF(MONTH) = AMRTF
AMRTF = 0.0
EMBFNX(MAXI,3)=BFNX
TMPREC(MAXI,3)=AMPREC
AMPREC = 0.0
TARPM(MONTH) = AMRPM
AMRPM = 0.0
TMBF(MAXI,3)=AMBF
AMBF = 0.0
TMIF(MAXI,3)=AMIF
AMIF = 0.0
TMSE(MAXI,3)=AMSE
AMSE = 0.0
TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
AMPET = 0.0
TMNET(MONTH) = AMNET
AMNET = 0.0
TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE

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FCST0441
FCST0442
FCST0443
FCST0444
FCST0445
FCST0446
FCST0447

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AMSNE = 0.0
AMFSIL(MONTH) = AMFSIL
AMFSIL = 0.0
EMGWS(MAXI,3)=GWS
UZC = SUZC*AEX90 + RUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZS/LZC)
IF(UZC.LT.0.25) UZC = 0.25
EMUZC(MAXI,3)=UZC
EMUZS(MAXI,3)=UZS
EMSIAM(MAXI,3)=SIAM
EMLZS(MAXI,3)=LZS
EMIIFS(MAXI,3)=IFS
220 CONTINUE
IF (MDAY.EQ.337) MDAY=59
C STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR
TFMAXY(MAXI)=TFMAX
3001 CONTINUE
IF (DAY.EQ.EDATE) GO TO 3002
CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)
IF (DAY.GT.LDAY) MDAY=LDAY
IF (DAY.EQ.366) MDAY=337
GO TO 152
3002 IF (CONOPT(16).EQ.0) GO TO 221
BACKSPACE 11
WRITE (11) (RPLDTC(I),I=1,1832)
BACKSPACE 18
WRITE (18) (RCOMMA(I),I=1,12087)
C END OF DAY LOOP
221 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

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FCST0448
FCST0449
FCST0450
FCST0451
FCST0452
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FCST0478

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SUBROUTINE PASTRN(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSRDIC, PDATE, LDAY, MPDAY) PAST0001
COMMON/PLDTC/DPSE, DSSF, CONOPT, THSFD, TMSTF, STMRS(121,6), DPY, TITLE, PAST0002
2 KFLAG, ICFLAG, PAST0003
1 IENDFG, STUDY(2), PEAKS, PHRS, NSPTS, THSFD, TFMAX, TMRTF, JPLOT, PAST0004
2 NCTRI, CTRI, FIPR, RICY, DPSE, RDPFSM, SPHFIW, SPTWCC, SPM, CLCIF, PAST0005
3 XDNFS, FFOR, FFSI, VNSM, DSMGH, PXCSA, RMPF, RGPMB, AREA, FIMP, PAST0006
A SATRI, UHFA, PAST0007
BMNRD, PAST0008
4 FWR, VINTMR, BUZC, SUZC, LZC, CLIF, SUBWF, GWETF, SIAC, BMIR, PAST0009
5 BIVF, OFSS, CFSI, OFAN, OFMNS, IFRC, CSRX, FSRX, CHCAP, FXQPV, PAST0010
6 BFNLR, BFRG, GWS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, BFNRC, BFR, BFNRL, BFNHR, IFRC, PAST0011
7 IFRL, LSHFT, NCTRI, FNTRI, MXTRI, NCSTRI, RTRI, TFCFS, FPAET, FPR, PAST0012
8 TPLR, VINTCR, HSC, RTWI, SPIF, CBF, SPDR, UFUS, OFUSIS, OFP, OFRIS, PEIS, PAST0013
9 RHFO, URHF, AMIF, AMET, AMPET, AMSNE, AMFSIL, SASFX, SARAX, SPX, VWIN, PAST0014
A WCF, RHFM, SSRT, FFRF, OFRFS, EDDF, EDDFIS, SOFRF, SOFRFI, PAST0015
B SDEPTH, MULTI, ID, ASM, T4AM, T4PM, SAX, TANS, SPIW, STMD, SFMD, ASMRG, PAST0016
XDEPEND(2), VARIN(2), TPTS, JULJ, IYR, TUDARY(5,1), PAST0017
YTUDARY(7,1), TDSARY(5,6,1), TSPARY(6,1), TSMARY(8,1), PAST0018
ZTSSARY(3,6,1), TSCARY(1), TSOCHY(1), TSTRARY(1,6,1), PAST0019
WTORARY(1,6,1), PAST0020
CORSET(366), DSSF(366), MI, NI, MULT, TMRTF(12), TMSTF(12) PAST0021
COMMON/COMMA/EMBNX, EMGWS, EMIFS, EMLZS, EMSIAM, EMUZO, EMUZO, EMHF, PAST0022
1 TMIF, TMPRC, TMSE, CRFMI, DDW, DMNT, DMXT, DRGPM, DRHP, DRSGP, DPET, EDLZS, PAST0023
2 EPCM, SERA, SERR, SESF, SOER, THSF, TMFSIL, TMNET, TMOF, TMPET, TMRPM, TMSNE, PAST0024
3 TMSTF, T2OFH, T2PRH, TMRTF, JULDAT, PAST0025
4 TFMAXY, UZC, AETX, DAY, NSGRD, AEX40, SIAM, NDSOP, RGPM, NDSOR, YR1, PAST0026
STRHF, PAST0027
5 INDEX, INDEX, AEX96, MAXI, YR2, BYLZS, BYIFS, BYUZO PAST0028
C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970) PAST0029
C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV PAST0030
C DIMENSION BTRI(99), CONOPT(15), CRFMI(22), CTRI(99), DDW(366), PAST0031
1 DMNT(366), DMXT(366), DPSE(366), DRGPM(366), DRHP(366,24), PAST0032
2 DRSGP(366), DPET(366), DSSF(366), EDLZS(366), PAST0033
3 EMBFNX(15,3), EMGWS(15,3), EMIFS(15,3), EMZS(15,3), EMSIAM(15,3), PAST0034
4 EMUZO(15,3), EMUZO(15,3), EPCM(12), FIRR(15), MEDCY(12), MEDCY(12), PAST0035
5 RICY(37), SATRI(99), SERA(22), SERR(22), SESF(22), SOFR(22), PAST0036
6 THSF(24), TITLE(13), TMIF(15,3), TMFSIL(12), TMIF(15,3), TMNET(12), PAST0037
7 TMOF(15,3), TMPT(12), TMPRC(15,3), T4PM(12), TMRTF(12), TMSE(15,3), PAST0038
8 TMSNE(12), TMSTF(15,3), T2OFH(21), T2PRH(21), PAST0039
UHFA(6), TMRTF(12), JULDAT(6), THSFD(744,3), TFMAXY(366), PAST0040
A PEAKS(6), PHRS(6), NSPTS(6), THSFD(6) PAST0041
LOGICAL LSHFT PAST0042
INTEGER COSDR, CN, CONOPT, DATE, DAY, DPY, EHSGD, HOUR, HRF, HRL, PDAY, PAST0043
1 PRO, RHPD, RHPH, RSGD, SGMD, SGRT, SGRT2, YEAR, YR1, YR2, PHRS, SINDE PAST0044
INTEGER TOMARY, TSMARY, TUDARY, TDSARY, TOSARY, TSSARY PAST0045
INTEGER DATES, EDATE, SINDE1, MPDAY(15) PAST0046
DIMENSION RPLDTC(1832), RCOMMA(12087) PAST0047
EQUIVALENCE (DPY, RPLDTC(1)), (CRFMI, RCOMMA(1)) PAST0048
REAL IFPPC, IFRC, IFRL, IFS, LZC, LZRX, LZS, LZSR, MHSM, MNRD, MRNSM, NHPT PAST0049
DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334/ PAST0050
DATA MEDWY/ 304, 334, 365, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273 PAST0051
REAL MXDRSF, MXDSSF, MXMSSF, MXMSSF, SSQD PAST0052
REAL SSQV, SSQV1, SSQV2, VDRSF, VDSSF PAST0053
REAL VMRSF, VMSSF, SDJRSF, SDJSSF, SDRSF, SDRSSF, SMDQ, SMDQ, SMSQD, PAST0054
* SMSQ PAST0055
REAL MDRSF, MDSSF, MMRSF, MMSSF PAST0056
BACKSPACE 11 PAST0057
READ (1) (RPLDTC(1), I=1, 1832) PAST0058
BACKSPACE 18 PAST0059
READ(18) (RCOMMA(1), I=1, 12087) PAST0060
CALL READ(GWS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, UZC, SIAM) PAST0061
WRITE (6, 5005) GWS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, UZC, SIAM PAST0062
FORMAT (1X, 4GWS=F7.3, 1X, 4UZS=F7.3, 1X, 4HLZS=F7.3, 1X, 5HRFNX=, PAST0063
5005 1F7.3, 1X, 4HIFS=F7.3, 1X, 4HUZO=F7.3, 1X, 5HSIAM=F7.3) PAST0064
150 CONTINUE PAST0065
DATE=PDATE PAST0066
DAY=DATES PAST0067
MDAY=PDAY PAST0068
SINDEX=0 PAST0069
MAXI=0 PAST0070
AMRPM = 0.0 PAST0071
AMPREC = 0.0 PAST0072
AMBF = 0.0 PAST0073
AMSE = 0.0 PAST0074
AMSTF = 0.0 PAST0075
AMRTF = 0.0 PAST0076
IF (DPY .EQ. 366) MEDWY(5)=366 PAST0077
WRITE (6, 4) (TITLE(KTA), KTA=1, 18) PAST0078
4 FORMAT(1H1, 10X, 13A4, //) PAST0079
3 FORMAT(1X, 'PAST RUN HOURLY CFS VALUE', //, 1X, 4A4) PAST0080
WRITE(6, 3) MSBDIC PAST0081
C BEGIN DAY LOOP PAST0082
IMONTH=MONTH PAST0083
152 TDSF = 0.0 PAST0084
IF (IMONTH.NE.4) GO TO 148 PAST0085
IF (MDAY.NE.31) GO TO 149 PAST0086
IF (DATE.GT.(MOD(DAY, MDAY))) IMONTH=MONTH+1 PAST0087
148 CONTINUE PAST0088
149

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PET=EPCM(IMCNTH)*DPET(DAY)
PETU = PET
TFMAX = 0.0
C EVAPOTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS
IF(CONOPT(7) .NE. 1) GO TO 153
IF(CMXT(DAY) - 4.0*ELDIF .LT. 40.0) PET = 0.0
IF(SPTW .GT. SPTWCC) PET = FFOR*PET
C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION
IF(DMNT(DAY) .GT. 32.0 .OR. SPTW .LE. DPSE(DAY)) GO TO 153
SE = DPSE(DAY)
AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
SPTW = SPTW - SE
IF(SFMD .GT. 0.0) SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SFMD
153 DO 202 HOUR = 1,24
IF((INSGRD .EQ. 0) .AND. (DKHP(DAY,HOUR) .NE. 0.0) .AND. (PET .EQ.
1 PETU) .AND. (CONOPT(3) .EQ. 1)) PET = 0.5*PET
154 IF(HOUR .EQ. SGRT + 1) RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)
IF(HOUR .EQ. 9) HSE = (FWTR*PET)/12.0
IF(HOUR .EQ. 21) HSE = 0.0
PRH = RGPM*DRHP(DAY,HOUR)
AMPREC = AMPREC + PRH
C ENTER SNOWMELT SUBROUTINE
IF(CONOPT(7) .EQ. 1) CALL SNOMEL(BDDFSM,SPTWCC,SPM,ELDIF,DAY,
1 SPBFLW,XCNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MNNSM,DSMGH,SDEPTH,STMD,PXCSA,HOUR,
2 SAX,SQRF,UFRRFIS,SQRFI,AMFSIL,PRH,SPTW,TANSM,SPLW,SFMD,OFRF,
3 WT4A4,WT4PM,ASM,ASMRG,SASFX,SARAX,DMXT,DMNT,RICY,FIRR)
155 AMRPM = AMRPM + PRH
156 TOFR = 0.0
ARHF = 0.0
C 15 MINUTE ACCOUNTING AND ROUTING LOOP
DO 187 PRD = 1,4
PEBI = 0.0
PPI = 0.0
OFR = 0.0
OFRIS = 0.0
WI = 0.0
WEIFS = 0.0
PMEUZS = 0.0
PMEZS = 0.0
PMEIFS = 0.0
PMEOFS = 0.0
PEP = 0.25*PRH
IF(CONOPT(2) .EQ. 1) CALL PREPRD(RGPM,DRHP,DAY,HOUR,DPY,PRD,PEP,
1 PRH)
IF(PEP .GT. 0.0) GO TO 157
IF(OFUS .GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
IF(IFS .GT. 0.0) GO TO 170
IF(NRTI .GT. 0) GO TO 172
TRHF = 0.0
IF(RHFO .GT. 0.0) GO TO 181
GO TO 184
C RAINFALL UPPER ZONE INTERACTION
157 IF(PEP .GE. VINTCR) GO TO 158
UZZ = UZZ + PEP*TPLR
VINTCR = VINTCR - PEP
PPI = 0.0
PEBI = 0.0
PMEUZS = PEP
IF(OFUS .GT. 0.0) GO TO 159
GO TO 170
158 PPI = PEP - VINTCR
UZZ = UZZ + VINTCR*TPLR
VINTCR = 0.0
LZSR = LZS/LZC
UZZ = SUZC*AEX90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZSR)
IF(UZZ .LT. 0.25) UZZ = 0.25
UZR = 2.0*ABS(UZZ/UZC - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + UZR))*UZR
IF(UZZ .GT. UZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR
PEBI = PPI*FMR
PMEUZS = PEP - PEBI
UZZ = UZZ + PPI - PEBI
C LOWER ZONE AND GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION
159 LZSR = LZS/LZC
EID = 4.0*LZSR
IF(LZSR .LE. 1.0) GO TO 160
EID = 4.0 + 2.0*(LZSR - 1.0)
IF(LZSR .LE. 2.0) GO TO 160
EID = 6.0
160 PEBI = PEBI + OFUS
CMIR = 0.25*SIAM*BMIR/(2.0**EID)
CIVM = BIVF*2.0**LZSR
IF(CIVM .LT. 1.0) CIVM = 1.0
PEAI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR*CIVM)
WI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR)
IF(PEBI .GE. CMIR) WI = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR
IF(PEBI .GE. CMIR*CIVM) PEA1 = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR*CIVM
WEIFS = WI - PEA1
IF(PEBI .LE. CFUS) GO TO 161

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      PMELZS = (PEBI - WI)*(PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI
      PMEIFS = WEIFS*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
      PMEUS = PEAI*((PEBI - OFUS)/PEBI)
161  CONTINUE
      IF((PEAI - OFUS) .GT. 0.0) GO TO 162
      EQD = (OFUS + PEAI)/2.0
      GO TO 163
162  EQD = EQD*(PEAI - OFUS)**0.6)
163  IF((OFUS + PEAI) .GT. (2.0*EQD)) EQD = 0.5*(OFUS + PEAI)
      IF((OFUS + PEAI) .LE. 0.001) GO TO 164
      OFR = 0.25*OFRF*((OFUS + PEAI)*0.5)**1.67)*((1.0 + 0.6*((OFUS +
1  PEAI)/(2.0*EQD))**3.0)**1.67)
      IF(OFR .GT. (0.75*PEAI)) OFR = 0.75*PEAI
164  IF(FIMP .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 168
165  PEIS = PPI + OFUSIS
      IF((PEIS - OFUSIS) .GT. 0.0) GO TO 166
      EQDIS = (OFUSIS + PEIS)/2.0
      GO TO 167
166  EQDIS = EQDIS*((PEIS - OFUSIS)**0.6)
167  IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .GT. (2.0*EQDIS)) EQDIS = 0.5*(OFUSIS + PEIS)
      IF((OFUSIS + PEIS) .LE. 0.01) GO TO 168
      OFRIS = 0.25*OFRFIS*((OFUSIS + PEIS)*0.5)**1.67)*((1.0 + 0.6*((
1  OFUSIS + PEIS)/(2.0*EQDIS))**3.0)**1.67)
      IF(OFRIS .GT. PEIS) OFRIS = PEIS
168  TOFR = TOFR + FPER*OFR + FIMP*OFRIS + PPI*FWTR
      OFUSIS = PEIS - OFRIS
      OFUS = PEAI - OFR
      IF(OFUS .GE. 0.001) GO TO 169
      LZS = LZS + OFUS
      OFUS = 0.0
      OFRIS = OFRIS + OFUSIS
      OFUSIS = 0.0
169  LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZS/LZC - 1.0) + 1.0
      FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + LZRX))**LZRX
      IF(LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*(LZS/LZC)
      PLZS = FMR*(PEBI - WI)
      PGW = (1.0 - FMR)*(PEBI - WI)*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
      GWS = GWS + PGW
      BFNX = BFNX + PGW
      LZS = LZS + PLZS
      IFS = IFS + WEIFS*FPER
170  SPIF = IFRL*IFS
      AMIF = AMIF + SPIF
      IFS = IFS - SPIF
      IF(IFS .GE. 0.0001) GO TO 171
      LZS = LZS + IFS
      IFS = 0.0
171  UHFA(1) = FPER*OFR + PPI*FWTR + FIMP*OFRIS + SPIF
      SPDR = UHFA(1)
C  ROUTING
172  IF(CONOPT(12) .NE. 1) GO TO 173
      URHF = URHF + 0.25*UHFA(1)
      IF(PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 181
      UHFA(1) = URHF
173  TRHF = 0.0
      KTRI = NCTRI
      IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) KTRI = NCSTRI
174  URHF = UHFA(KTRI)
      IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 176
175  TRHF = TRHF + URHF*CTRI(KTRI)
      IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1 .AND. LSHFT .AND. KTRI .GE. 2) TRHF = TRHF +
1  URHF*SATRI(KTRI - 1)
      UHFA(KTRI + 1) = URHF
      GO TO 177
176  UHFA(KTRI + 1) = 0.0
177  KTRI = KTRI - 1
      IF(KTRI .GE. 1) GO TO 174
178  IF(URHF .LE. 0.0) GO TO 179
      NRTRI = NCTRI
      IF(CONOPT(13) .EQ. 1) NRTRI = MXTRI
179  NRTRI = NRTRI - 1
      UHFA(1) = 0.0
      IF(CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 180
      NNSTRI = NCSTRI + 1
      UHFA(NNSTRI) = 0.0
180  URHF = 0.0
181  IF(SRX .LE. CSRX) SRX = CSRX
      RHFI = TRHF - SRX*(TRHF - RHFO)
      RHFO = RHFI
      IF(RHFO .LT. RHFC) RHFO = 0.0
      TFCFS = (4.0*RHFI + CRF - HSE)*WCFS
      IF(CONOPT(13) .NE. 1) GO TO 182
      IF(CONOPT(12) .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .NE. 4) GO TO 182
      CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
1  TFCFS)
      DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
      IF(LSHFT) WRITE(6,6) DATE, HOUR, PRD, NCSTRI
6  FORMAT(2X, I2, 2X, I2, 2X, I2, 2X, 20HHISTOGRAM CHANGES TO, 1X, I2, 1X,
1  8HELEMENTS)

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182 CONTINUE
  IF(TFCFS .LE. 0.5*CHCAP) SRX = CSRX
  IF((TFCFS .GT. 0.5*CHCAP) .AND. (TFCFS .LT. 2.0*CHCAP)) SRX = CSRX
  1  + (FSRX - CSRX) * ((TFCFS - 0.5*CHCAP) / (1.5*CHCAP)) ** 3
  IF(TFCFS .GT. 2.0*CHCAP) SRX = FSRX
  IF(TFCFS .LE. TFMAX) GO TO 183
  PRDF = PRD
  TDFP24 = HOUR
  IF(PRD .LE. 3) TDFP24 = (TDFP24 - 1.0) + 0.15*PRDF
  IFMAX = TFCFS
183 ARHF = ARHF + RHF1
C STORM OUTPUT REQUESTED BY CONOPT(1)
184 IF(CONOPT(1) .NE. 1) GO TO 186
  IF(DAY .NE. CDSOR) GO TO 186
  IF(HOUR .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .EQ. 1) WRITE(6,7)
  7 FORMAT(1H//,21X,19HRAINFALL DEPOSITION,12X,16HMOISTURE STORAGE,
  1 14X,17HSTREAMFLOW ORIGIN,6X,14HSTREAM OUTFLOW/2X,116HHDY HR PD
  2IN EUZS ELZS EIFS EOFs UZS LZS IFS OFS
  3POF SPIF SPBF SPIF INCHES CFS)
  DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
  OFS = OFUS*FPER + OFUSIS*FIMP
  SPOF = OFR*FPER + OFRIS*FIMP + PPI*FWTR
  SPBF = 0.25*(CBF-HSE)
  SPTF = SPDR + SPBF
  SPDR = 0.0
  IF(RHFO .LE. 0.0) TFCFS = (CBF - HSE)*WCFS
  RSPTF = 0.25*TFCFS/WCFS
  WRITE(6,8) DATE, HOUR, PRD, PEP, PMEUS, PMELZS, PMEIFS, PMEofs, UZS, LZS
  8 1,IFS,OFs,SPOF,SPIF,SPBF,SPTF,RSPTF,TFCFS
  8 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,12,1X,11,5(1X,F6.4),2X,4(F7.4),2X,5(1X,F6.4),1X,
  1 F7.1)
  IF(HOUR .EQ. 24 .AND. PRD .EQ. 4) GO TO 185
  GO TO 186
185 NDSOP = NDSOP + 1
  IF(NDSOP .EQ. NDSOP) GO TO 186
  CALL DAYNXT(CDSOR,DPY)
186 CONTINUE
  IF(VINTCR .LT. 0.25*VINTMR) VINTCR = VINTCR + DPET(DAY)/96.0
187 CONTINUE
C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP
  IF(CONOPT(5) .NE. 1) GO TO 197
C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING
  IF(TOFR .LE. 0.0) GO TO 193
  KT20 = 20
188 IF(KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 192
  IF(TOFR .GT. T20OFH(KT20)) GO TO 189
  GO TO 190
189 T20OFH(KT20+1) = T20OFH(KT20)
  GO TO 191
190 T20OFH(KT20+1) = TOFR
  GO TO 193
191 KT20 = KT20 - 1
  GO TO 188
192 T20OFH(1) = TOFR
193 IF(PRH .LE. 0.0) GO TO 197
  KT20 = 20
194 IF(KT20 .LT. 1) GO TO 196
  IF(PRH .GT. T20PRH(KT20)) GO TO 195
  T20PRH(KT20 + 1) = PRH
  GO TO 197
195 T20PRH(KT20+1) = T20PRH(KT20)
  KT20 = KT20 - 1
  GO TO 194
196 T20PRH(1) = PRH
C ADDING GROUNDWATER FLOW
197 CBF = GWS*BFRL*(1.0 + BFNRL*BFNX)
  GWS = GWS - CBF
  AMBF = AMBF + CBF
  THGR = ARHF + CBF
  IF(HSE .GT. THGR) HSE = THGR
  AMSE = AMSE + HSE
  THSF(HOUR) = (THGR - HSE)*WCFS
  TDSF = TDSF + THSF(HOUR)
C
C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS
C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE
  SINDEK = SINDEK + 1
  THSFD(SINDEK,1) = THSF(HOUR)
306 UZINFX = (UZS/UZC) - (LZS/LZC)
  IF(UZINFX .LE. 0.0) GO TO 198
  LZSR = LZS/LZC
  UZINLZ = 0.003*BMIR*UZC*UZINFX**3.0
  IF(UZINLZ .GT. UZS) UZINLZ = UZS
  UZS = UZS - UZINLZ
  LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZSR - 1.0) + 1.0
  FMR = (1.0/(1.0 + LZRX))**LZRX
  IF(LZS .LT. LZC) FMR = 1.0 - FMR*LZSR
  PGW = (1.0-FMR)*UZINLZ*(1.0 - SUBWF)*FPER
  PLZS = FMR*UZINLZ

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      LZS = LZS + PLZS
      GWS = GWS + PGW
      BFNX = BFNX + PGW
C 4 PM ADJUSTMENTS OF VARIOUS VALUES
198 IF (HOUR .NE. 16) GO TO 202
      AEX90 = 0.9*(AEX90 + PET)
      AEX96 = 0.96*(AEX96 + PET)
C INFILTRATION CORRECTION
      SIAM = (AEX96/AETX)*SIAC
      IF (SIAM .LT. 0.33) SIAM = 0.33
      BFNX = 0.97*BFNX
      IF (PET .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 202
C EVAP-TRANS LOSS FROM GROUNDWATER
      GWET = GWS*GWETF*PET*FPER
      GWS = GWS - GWET
      BFNX = BFNX - GWET
      IF (BFNX .LT. 0.0) BFNX = 0.0
      AMPET = AMPET + PET
      IF (PET .GE. UZS) GO TO 199
      UZS = UZS - PET
      AMNET = AMNET + PET
      GO TO 202
199 PET = PET - UZS
      AMNET = AMNET + UZS
      UZS = 0.0
      LZSR = LZS/LZC
      IF (PET .GE. ETLF*LZSR) GO TO 200
      SET = PET*(1.0 - PET/(2.0*ETLF*LZSR))
      GO TO 201
200 SET = 0.5*ETLF*LZSR
201 LZS = LZS - SET
      AMNET = AMNET + SET
202 CONTINUE
C END OF HOUR LOOP
      DSSF(DAY) = TDSF/24.0
      IF (CONOPT(11) .EQ. 1) DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) + DDIW(DAY)
203 AMRTF = AMRTF + DRSF(DAY)
      AMSTF = AMSTF + DSSF(DAY)
      IF (CONOPT(6) .EQ. 1) EDLZS(DAY) = LZS
C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION
      IF (CONOPT(4) .NE. 1) GO TO 204
      ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY)
      IF (DRSF(DAY) .LT. 1.0) KRPMI = 1.0
      IF (DRSF(DAY) .GT. 1.0) KRPMI = 2.0*ALOG(DRSF(DAY)) + 2.0
      CRPMI(KRPMI) = CRPMI(KRPMI) + 1.0
      SERR(KRPMI) = SERR(KRPMI) + ERR
      SERA(KRPMI) = SERA(KRPMI) + ABS(ERR)
      SQER(KRPMI) = SQER(KRPMI) + ERR*ERR
      SESF(KRPMI) = 0.0
      IF (CRPMI(KRPMI) .GT. 1.0) SESF(KRPMI) = SQRT(ABS((SQER(KRPMI) -
1 SERR(KRPMI)**2/CRPMI(KRPMI))/(CRPMI(KRPMI) - 1.0)))
204 CONTINUE
      DATE=DAY
      IF ((MONTH.EQ.4).AND.(MDAY.EQ.31)) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
      IF (MONTH.NE.4) DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)
      WRITE(6,9) DATE, (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=1,12)
9 FORMAT(1H/,1X/,1X,14,2X,2HAM,1X,6F8.1,3X,6F8.1)
      WRITE(6,10) (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)
10 FORMAT(1HJ,6X,2HPM,1X,6F8.1,3X,7F8.1)
      IF (TDFP24 .LT. 12.0) GO TO 205
      TDFP12 = TDFP24 - 12.0
11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HP.M.)
      GO TO 206
205 CONTINUE
12 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
1 4HA.M.)
206 IF (CONOPT(7) .EQ. 1 .AND. SDEPTH .GT. 0.0) WRITE(6,13) DATE,
1 SDEPTH,STMD,SAX,TANSM,SPLW
13 FORMAT(3X,14,2X,7HSDEPTH=,F8.2,2X,5HSTMD=,F6.2,2X,4HSAX=,F6.2,
1 2X,6HTANSM=,F6.2,2X,5HSPLW=,F6.2)
      MAXI=MAXI+1
      MPDAY(MAXI)=DATE
      STMDOS(MAXI,1)=DSSF(DAY)
      TMSTF(MAXI,1)=AMSTF
      AMSTF = 0.0
      TMRTF(MONTH) = AMRTF
      AMRTF = 0.0
      EMBFNX(MAXI,1)=BFNX
      TMPREC(MAXI,1)=AMPREC
      AMPREC = 0.0
      TMRPM(MONTH) = AMRPM
      AMRPM = 0.0
      TMBF(MAXI,1)=AMBF
      AMBF = 0.0
      TMIF(MAXI,1)=AMIF
      AMIF = 0.0
      TMSE(MAXI,1)=AMSE

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AMSE = 0.0
TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
AMPET = 0.0
TMNET(MONTH) = AMNET
AMNET = 0.0
TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE
AMSNE = 0.0
TMFSIL(MONTH) = AMFSIL
AMFSIL = 0.0
EMGWS(MAXI,1)=GWS
UZC = SUZC*AEX90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7*LZS/LZC)
IF(UZC.LT. 0.25) UZC = 0.25
EMUZC(MAXI,1)=UZC
EMUZS(MAXI,1)=UZS
EMSIAM(MAXI,1)=SIAM
EMLZS(MAXI,1)=LZS
EMIFS(MAXI,1)=IFS
220 CONTINUE
IF (MDAY.EQ.337) MDAY=59
C STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR
TFMAXY(MAXI)=TFMAX
3001 CONTINUE
IF (DAY.EQ.ECATE) GO TO 3002
CALL DAYNXT(CAY,DPY)
IF (DAY.GT.LDAY) MDAY=LDAY
IF (DAY.EQ.366) MDAY=337
GO TO 152
3002 IF(CUNOPT(16).EQ.0) GO TO 221
BACKSPACE 11
WRITE (11) (RPLUTC(I),I=1,1832)
BACKSPACE 18
WRITE (18) (RCOMMA(I),I=1,12087)
C END OF DAY LOOP
221 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

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AT 'RUN TAB' LE 2 '13*' 'WORST' 'NO' 'F/COPT 0090
EAST 'DIFF' 'PEAK' 'DIFF' '4*' 'CASE' 'PRECIP' '14' OPUT0091
C 'PEAK' 'HR' 'CFS' '7*' 'R/O' 'IN' '16*' OPUT0092
D 'PRECIP' 'IN' '16*' OPUT0093
E 'REAL*8 MSVARD(441)/' 'MOIS' 'TURE STO' 'RAGE VAL' OPUT0094
1 'UES FOR' 'CAST RUN' 'TABLE' '3A' '10*' OPUT0095
2 'WORST' 'NO' 'F/CAST' 'F/CAST' 'CASE' OPUT0096
3 'PRECIP' '2*' 'CASE' 'PRECIP' '2*' OPUT0097
4 'IFS' '3*' 'IFS' '4*' OPUT0098
5 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0100
6 'LZZ' '3*' 'LZZ' '4*' OPUT0101
7 'GWS' '3*' 'GWS' '4*' OPUT0102
8 'BFNX' '3*' 'BFNX' '4*' OPUT0103
9 'SIAM' '3*' 'SIAM' '4*' OPUT0104
A 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0105
B 'IFS' '3*' 'IFS' '4*' OPUT0106
89 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0107
1 'LZZ' '3*' 'LZZ' '4*' OPUT0108
2 'GWS' '3*' 'GWS' '4*' OPUT0109
3 'BFNX' '3*' 'BFNX' '4*' OPUT0110
4 'SIAM' '3*' 'SIAM' '4*' OPUT0111
5 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0112
6 'IFS' '3*' 'IFS' '4*' OPUT0113
7 'REAL*8 MSVSUD(135)/' '261*' OPUT0114
1 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0115
2 'LZZ' '3*' 'LZZ' '4*' OPUT0116
3 'GWS' '3*' 'GWS' '4*' OPUT0117
4 'BFNX' '3*' 'BFNX' '4*' OPUT0118
5 'SIAM' '3*' 'SIAM' '4*' OPUT0119
6 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0120
7 'IFS' '3*' 'IFS' '4*' OPUT0121
89 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0122
1 'LZZ' '3*' 'LZZ' '4*' OPUT0123
2 'GWS' '3*' 'GWS' '4*' OPUT0124
3 'BFNX' '3*' 'BFNX' '4*' OPUT0125
4 'SIAM' '3*' 'SIAM' '4*' OPUT0126
5 'UZZ' '3*' 'UZZ' '4*' OPUT0127
6 'IFS' '3*' 'IFS' '4*' OPUT0128
7 'REAL' 'BLANK' OPUT0129
23 'REAL*4 STCHAS(648)' OPUT0130
'REAL*4 STCSS(394)' OPUT0131
'REAL*4 MSVARY(648)' OPUT0132
'REAL*4 STSMRY(416)' OPUT0133
'REAL*4 MSVSUP(270)' OPUT0134
'EQUIVALENCE (MSVARD(1),MSVARY(1))' OPUT0135
'EQUIVALENCE (MSVSUD(1),MSVSUP(1))' OPUT0136
'EQUIVALENCE (STSMRY(1),STSMRY(1))' OPUT0137
'EQUIVALENCE (STCHAR(1),STCHAR(1))' OPUT0138
'EQUIVALENCE (STCSP(1),STCSP(1))' OPUT0139
'TYPE=4' OPUT0140
'MLN=72' OPUT0141
'J=0' OPUT0142
'MI=3' OPUT0143
'NOM=28' OPUT0144
'DO 23 K=1,394' OPUT0145
'STCHAS(110+K)=STCSS(K)' OPUT0146
'CONTINUE' OPUT0147
'IF (CONOPT(15).NE.2) GO TO 61' OPUT0148
'J=3' OPUT0149
'MI=1' OPUT0150
'DO 65 I=1,36' OPUT0151
'STCHAS(36+I)=SCPAST(I)' OPUT0152
65 'CONTINUE' OPUT0153
'STCHAR(5)=SUBT(3)' OPUT0154
61 'MAX=MAX' OPUT0155
'STCHAS(55)=MSBDIC' OPUT0156
'LI=1' OPUT0157
13 'CONTINUE' OPUT0158
'K=0' OPUT0159
'L=0' OPUT0160
'DO 10 I=1,MAX' OPUT0161
'IR=1' OPUT0162
'NUM=2' OPUT0163
'CALL CONVER(MPDAY(LI),STCHAS(91+K+L),IR,NUM)' OPUT0164
'DO 11 M=1,MI' OPUT0165
'NUM=3' OPUT0166
'IR=0' OPUT0167
'CALL CCNVER(TMPREC(I,M),STCHAS((92+(2*M))+K+L),IR,NUM)' OPUT0168
'IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) CALL CONVER(TMPREC(I,1),STCHAS(97+K+L),IR,' OPUT0169
'INUM)' OPUT0170
'CALL CCNVER(TMOF(I,M),STCHAS((110+(2*M))+J+K+L),IR,NUM)' OPUT0171
'CALL CONVER(TMIF(I,M),STCHAS((128+(2*M))+J+K+L),IR,NUM)' OPUT0172
'CALL CCNVER(TMBF(I,M),STCHAS((146+(2*M))+J+K+L),IR,NUM)' OPUT0173
'CALL CONVER(TSMROS(I,M),STCHAS((164+(2*M))+K+L),IR,NUM)' OPUT0174
'IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) CALL CONVER(QOUT(I),STCHAS(166+K+L),IR,NUM)' OPUT0175
'IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) CALL CONVER(STSMROS(I,1),STCHAS(169+K+L),IR,' OPUT0176
'INUM)' OPUT0177
'OPUT0178
'OPUT0179

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11	CONTINUE	OPUT0180
	K=K+108	OPUT0181
	LI=LI+1	OPUT0182
	IF (MOD(I,4).EQ.0) L=9	OPUT0183
	IF (MOD(I,4).EQ.0) K=0	OPUT0184
	IF (MOD(I,8).EQ.0) GO TO 17	OPUT0185
	IF (I.EQ.MAX) GO TO 17	OPUT0186
	GO TO 10	OPUT0187
17	CALL DVAR(TYPE,STCHAS,MLN,NOM,STRMT,LVAL,HVAL,VOL,TDATA,NCODE)	OPUT0188
	STCHAR(7)=SUBT(8)	OPUT0189
	STRMT(4)=SUBT(8)	OPUT0190
	IF (I.EQ.MAX) GO TO 10	OPUT0191
	DO 15 N=1,325,108	OPUT0192
	STCHAS(90+N)=BLANK	OPUT0193
	STCHAS(99+N)=BLANK	OPUT0194
	DO 18 K=1,6	OPUT0195
	STCHAS(92+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0196
	STCHAS(101+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0197
	STCHAS(110+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0198
	STCHAS(119+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0199
	STCHAS(128+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0200
	STCHAS(137+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0201
	STCHAS(146+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0202
	STCHAS(155+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0203
	STCHAS(164+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0204
	STCHAS(173+N+K)=BLANK	OPUT0205
18	CONTINUE	OPUT0206
15	CONTINUE	OPUT0207
	K=0	OPUT0208
	L=0	OPUT0209
10	CONTINUE	OPUT0210
	IF (CONOPT(15).NE.2) GO TO 32	OPUT0211
	STSURO(5)=SUBT(3)	OPUT0212
	STSURO(4)=SUBT(11)	OPUT0213
	DO 39 I=1,36	OPUT0214
	STSMRY(36+I)=SSPAST(I)	OPUT0215
39	CONTINUE	OPUT0216
	IR=0	OPUT0217
	NUM=4	OPUT0218
	CALL CCNVER(QMAX,STSMRY(95),IR,NUM)	OPUT0219
	CALL CCNVER(PEAKS(1),STSMRY(98),IR,NUM)	OPUT0220
	CALL CCNVER(APREC(1),STSMRY(203),IR,NUM)	OPUT0221
	CALL CCNVER(APREC(1),STSMRY(207),IR,NUM)	OPUT0222
	IR=1	OPUT0223
	NUM=3	OPUT0224
	CALL CCNVER(PHRO,STSMRY(131),IR,NUM)	OPUT0225
	CALL CCNVER(PHRS(1),STSMRY(134),IR,NUM)	OPUT0226
	IR=0	OPUT0227
	CALL CONVER(SUM(1),STSMRY(167),IR,NUM)	OPUT0228
	CALL CONVER(SUM(2),STSMRY(170),IR,NUM)	OPUT0229
	GO TO 35	OPUT0230
32	DO 31 I=1,3	OPUT0231
	IR=0	OPUT0232
	NUM=4	OPUT0233
	CALL CONVER(PEAKS(I),STSMRY(93+(2*I)),IR,NUM)	OPUT0234
	CALL CCNVER(APREC(I),STSMRY(201+(2*I)),IR,NUM)	OPUT0235
	NUM=3	OPUT0236
	CALL CONVER(SUM(I),STSMRY(165+(2*I)),IR,NUM)	OPUT0237
	IR=1	OPUT0238
	CALL CONVER(PHRS(I),STSMRY(129+(2*I)),IR,NUM)	OPUT0239
31	CONTINUE	OPUT0240
35	IR=0	OPUT0241
	NUM=4	OPUT0242
	NOM=12	OPUT0243
	CALL CONVER(DIFFS,STSMRY(101),IR,NUM)	OPUT0244
	CALL CONVER(DIFFP,STSMRY(137),IR,NUM)	OPUT0245
	CALL CONVER(DIFFP,STSMRY(211),IR,NUM)	OPUT0246
	IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) STSMRY(211)=BLANK	OPUT0247
	CALL CONVER(DIFFMP,STSMRY(103),IR,NUM)	OPUT0248
	CALL CONVER(DIFFPP,STSMRY(139),IR,NUM)	OPUT0249
	CALL CONVER(DIFFR,STSMRY(173),IR,NUM)	OPUT0250
	CALL CONVER(DIFFRP,STSMRY(175),IR,NUM)	OPUT0251
	CALL CONVER(DIFFPR,STSMRY(209),IR,NUM)	OPUT0252
	IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) STSMRY(209)=BLANK	OPUT0253
	CALL DVAR(TYPE,STSMRY,MLN,NOM,STST,LVAL,HVAL,VOL,TDATA,NCODE)	OPUT0254
	DO 49 I=1,270	OPUT0255
	MSVARY(378+I)=MSVSUP(I)	OPUT0256
49	CONTINUE	OPUT0257
	MI=3	OPUT0258
	IF (CONOPT(15).NE.2) GO TO 63	OPUT0259
	DO 81 I=1,36	OPUT0260
	MSVARY(36+I)=MSPAST(I)	OPUT0261
81	CONTINUE	OPUT0262
	MSVARD(5)=SUBT(5)	OPUT0263
	MSVARD(6)=SUBT(6)	OPUT0264
	MI=1	OPUT0265
63	NOM=40	OPUT0266
	L=0	OPUT0267
	L1=1	OPUT0268


```

K=0
MAX=MAXI
MSVARY(55)=MSB0IC
DO 41 I=1,MAX
  IR=1
  NUM=2
  CALL CONVER(MPDAY(L1),MSVARY(91+K+L),IR,NUM)
  DO 43 M=1,MI
    IR=0
    NUM=3
    CALL CONVER(EMIFS(I,M),MSVARY(91+(2*M)+K+L),IR,NUM)
    CALL CONVER(EMUZS(I,M),MSVARY(109+(2*M)+K+L),IR,NUM)
    CALL CCNVER(EMLZS(I,M),MSVARY(127+(2*M)+K+L),IR,NUM)
    CALL CCNVER(EMGWS(I,M),MSVARY(145+(2*M)+K+L),IR,NUM)
    CALL CCNVER(EMUZC(I,M),MSVARY(163+(2*M)+K+L),IR,NUM)
    CALL CCNVER(EMSIAM(I,M),MSVARY(181+(2*M)+K+L),IR,NUM)
    CALL CCNVER(EMBFNX(I,M),MSVARY(199+(2*M)+K+L),IR,NUM)
43  CONTINUE
  K=K+144
  L1=L1+1
  IF (MOD(I,4).EQ.0) K=0
  IF (MOD(I,4).EQ.0) L=8
  IF (MOD(I,8).EQ.0) GO TO 45
  IF (I.EQ.MAX) GO TO 45
  GO TO 41
45  CALL DVAR(TYPE,MSVARY,MLN,NOM,MSVT,LVAL,HVAL,VL,TDATA,NCODE)
  IF (I.EQ.MAX) GO TO 41
  MSVT(5)=SUBT(2)
  MSVARD(8)=SUBT(9)
  DO 53 N=1,434,144
    MSVARY(90+N)=BLANK
    MSVARY(98+N)=BLANK
  DO 55 K=1,7
    MSVARY(91+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(99+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(109+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(117+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(127+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(135+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(145+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(153+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(163+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(171+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(181+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(189+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(199+N+K)=BLANK
    MSVARY(207+N+K)=BLANK
55  CONTINUE
53  CONTINUE
  K=0
  L=0
41  CONTINUE
  CALL PLTEND(0)
  RETURN
END

```

```

OPUT0269
OPUT0270
OPUT0271
OPUT0272
OPUT0273
OPUT0274
OPUT0275
OPUT0276
OPUT0277
OPUT0278
OPUT0279
OPUT0280
OPUT0281
OPUT0282
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OPUT0299
OPUT0300
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OPUT0310
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OPUT0316
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OPUT0318
OPUT0319
OPUT0320
OPUT0321
OPUT0322
OPUT0323

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C SUBROUTINE ATTN
THIS IS THE 2250 OPERATOR INTERFACE ROUTINE
COMMON/ GSPD/ WORK, GSP1, UNITN, I2250, IATN, OAREA,
1 NULLV, IGDSC, IPTNOW, MAXPT, IPT, ISYM, RWORK1,
2 IGD54, IGD55, IGD56, IDSP, RU, HSPB, HSPL,
3 VSPB, VSPL, NOUT, NXD, NYD, XSIZE, YSIZE,
4 XLL, YLL, XUR, YUR, XTIC, YTIC, XDVAL,
5 YDVAL, IKEY1, IKEY2, IKEY3, IKEY4, AX, BX,
6 AY, BY, YLPOS,
7 LOGXSW, LOGYSW, NPTF, NRGF, ERRHO, FA, FB,
8 FC, GMODE1, GSPIN, DUM, IRECAL
LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)
REAL*8 WORK(36)
INTEGER*4 INTAR(10), GSP1, UNITN, NULLV(1), OAREA
LOGICAL*1 FA, FB, FC, GMODE1, GSPIN
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW, LOGYSW, NPTF, NRGF, ERRHO
REAL*4 RNTAR(10), XTIC(6), YTIC(6), XDVAL(6), YDVAL(6)
EQUIVALENCE(INTAR(1), RNTAR(1), WORK(1)), (ISYM, ICODE)
ND3 = IABS(IDSP)+1
CALL ENATN(IATN, 0, 28, 34)
5 CONTINUE
CALL INCL(IGD5, NULLV, IKEY1)
C REQUEST ATTENTION INFORMATION
10 CALL RQATN(IATN, ICODE, 2, INTAR, 0, 28, 34)
IF(ICODE) 20, 10, 30
20 CALL TMGSP(GSP1)
WRITE(NOUT, 1000)
STOP
22 RETURN
C
30 CONTINUE
IF(ICODE-28) 35, 32, 35
32 GMODE1 = .NOT. GMODE1
WRITE(NOUT, 1020) GMODE1
GO TO 10
35 CONTINUE
IF(INTAR(1) .EQ. IGD56) GO TO 200
IF(INTAR(1) .NE. IGD55) GO TO 10
IF(INTAR(2) .EQ. IKEY1) GO TO 40
IF(INTAR(2) .EQ. IKEY2) GO TO 400
IF(INTAR(2) .EQ. IKEY3) GO TO 100
C
40 CONTINUE
CALL DSATN(IATN, 0, 28, 34)
CALL OMIT(IGD5, NULLV, IKEY1)
RETURN
C
BRING UP PLOT DICTIONARY. THE DICTIONARY CAN ONLY BE REQUESTED
FROM THE LATEST DISPLAY
C
100 CONTINUE
CALL OMIT(IGD55)
CALL OMIT(IGD5C)
103 CALL INCL(IGD56)
ND2 = MIN0(ND3, 1000)
ND1 = 1
IF(ND3-1000) 105, 105, 104
104 CALL INCL(IGD56)
CALL INCL(IGD56, -3, NULLV)
105 CALL INCL(IGD56, -2, NULLV)
CALL INCL(IGD56, -1, NULLV)
DO 110 I=ND1, ND2
110 CALL INCL(IGD56, I, NULLV)
GO TO 10
C
PLOT DICTIONARY ATTENTION ROUTINE
C
200 CONTINUE
IF(INTAR(4)) 205, 205, 300
205 IF(INTAR(4) .EQ. -1) GO TO 10
IF(INTAR(4) .EQ. -3) GO TO 250
IF(INTAR(4) .NE. -2) GO TO 10
210 CALL OMIT(IGD56)
CALL INCL(IGD5C)
CALL INCL(IGD55)
CALL INCL(IGD55, NULLV, IKEY3)
CALL INCL(IGD55, NULLV, IKEY1)
GO TO 10
C
BRING UP PLOT SELECTED IN PLOT DICTIONARY
C
300 CONTINUE
IF(INTAR(4)-ND3) 310, 210, 310
310 CONTINUE
CALL BUFIN(I2250, INTAR(4), IRC)
CALL INCL(IGD5C)
IF(IRC) 320, 330, 320
320 WRITE(NOUT, 1010) IRC
GO TO 10

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ATTN0001
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 ATTN0089

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330 CALL INCL(IGDS5, NULLV, IKEY2)
GO TO 10

RETURN FROM A RECALLED DISPLAY

400 CONTINUE
CALL BUFIN(12250, ND3, IRC)
IF(IRC) 320, 100, 320

BRING UP NEXT PAGE OF DICTIONARY

250 CONTINUE
CALL O4IT(IGDS6)
DO 255 I=ND1, ND2
255 CALL O4IT(IGDS6, I, NULLV)
IF(ND2.EQ. ND3) GO TO 103
ND1=ND2+1
IF((ND3-ND2)-20) 265, 270, 270

265 ND2=ND3
GO TO 104
270 ND2=ND2+20
GO TO 104

1000 FORMAT(' ATTN: PROGRAM TERMINATED BY **TERMINATE JOB** OPTION')
1010 FORMAT(' ***BUFFER WRITE FAILED - R.C. = ', Z8)
1020 FORMAT(' *GMODEL CHANGE ', Z2)
END

ATTN0090
ATTN0091
ATTN0092
ATTN0093
ATTN0094
ATTN0095
ATTN0096
ATTN0097
ATTN0098
ATTN0099
ATTN0100
ATTN0101
ATTN0102
ATTN0103
ATTN0104
ATTN0105
ATTN0106
ATTN0107
ATTN0108
ATTN0109
ATTN0110
ATTN0111
ATTN0112
ATTN0113
ATTN0114
ATTN0115

MO14 TITLE
 MO14CG START
 * WRITTEN BY C G HOOKS

TBM HUNTSVILLE

CALL BCDWD (WORD, N1, N2, ...)

BCDWD CREATES WORD FROM THE DECIMAL EQUI-
 VALENT OF CHARACTERS IN N1, N2, ETC.
 N1 WILL BE THE FIRST CHARACTER LEFT
 ADJUSTED. FOR FULL WORDS THE NUMBER
 OF CHARACTERS MAY BE 1 TO 4. FOR
 DOUBLE PRECISION 1 TO 8. THE WORD
 WILL ONLY BE ALTERED FOR AS MANY
 CHARACTERS AS APPEAR AS ARGUMENTS

ENTRY BCDWD
 USING *,15
 BCDWD BC 15,GO
 DC X'06'
 GO DC CL5,BCDWD
 STM 14,12,12(13)
 L 11,0(0,1)
 LOOP L 10,4(0,1)
 MVC C(1,11),3(10)
 LTR 10,10
 BC 4,FINISH
 A 11,ONE
 A 1,FOUR
 BC 15,LOOP
 FINISH LM 14,12,12(13)
 SR 15,15
 MVI 12(13),X'FF'
 BCR 15,14
 ONE DC F'1'
 FOUR DC F'4'
 END

R11 = ADDRESS OF WORD
 R10 = ADDRESS OF CHARACTER

SET CONDITION CODE
 BRANCH ON LAST ARGUMENT TO FINISH

BRANCH FOR ANOTHER CHARACTER

01400001
 01400002
 01400003
 01400004
 01400005
 01400006
 01400007
 01400008
 01400009
 01400010
 01400011
 01400012
 01400013
 01400014
 01400015
 01400016
 01400017
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 01400034
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 01400036

```

C
C
C
C
SUBROUTINE CHANGE(Y,DPY)
REAL * 4 X(92), Y(366)
KWM STORES DATA IN THE ORDER JAN.(YEAR 2) TO SEPT (YEAR 2)
FOLLOWED BY OCT.(YEAR 1) TO DEC.(YEAR 1). FEB. 29 IS PLACED
IN DAY 366.
CHANGE REARRANGES THE DATA ARRAY TO STORE THE DATA IN NORMAL
SEQUENCE. OCT.(YEAR 1) TO SEPT.(YEAR 2).
J = 1
DO 10 I=274,365
X(J) = Y(I)
10 J = J + 1
J = 365
J = 273
IF(DPY .NE. 366) GO TO 15
IF LEAP YEAR MOVE FEB. 29TH
TEMP = Y(366)
K = 366
15 CONTINUE
DO 20 I=1,214
Y(K) = Y(J)
K = K - 1
J = J - 1
20 IF(DPY .EQ. 366) Y(152) = TEMP
DO 25 I=1,59
J = I + 92
25 Y(J) = Y(I)
DO 30 I=1,92
Y(I) = X(I)
30 RETURN
END

```

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CHAN0001
CHAN0002
CHAN0003
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CHAN0016
CHAN0017
CHAN0018
CHAN0019
CHAN0020
CHAN0021
CHAN0022
CHAN0023
CHAN0024
CHAN0025
CHAN0026
CHAN0027
CHAN0028
CHAN0029
CHAN0030

```

	SUBROUTINE CONVER(X,A,IR,NUM)	CNVR0001
	REAL CON(24)	CNVR0002
	DATA CON/100000.,8.,10000.,7.,1000.,6.,100.,5.,10.,4.,1.,3.,1.,	CNVR0003
	12.,.01,2.,.001,2.,.0001,2.,.00001,2.,.000001,2.,.0000001,2./	CNVR0004
	INTEGER*4 A(2),B(2),IR,NUM	CNVR0005
	DATA B/2*4H /	CNVR0006
	EQUIVALENCE (Z,IX)	CNVR0007
	Z=X	CNVR0008
	F=Z	CNVR0009
	IF (IR.EQ.1) F=IX	CNVR0010
	IS=64	CNVR0011
	IF (F.LT.0.0) IS=96	CNVR0012
	IF (IS.EQ.96) F=-F	CNVR0013
	M=2	CNVR0014
	IF ((IR.EQ.1).AND.(NUM.LE.4)) M=1	CNVR0015
	DO 9 I=1,M	CNVR0016
	A(I)=B(I)	CNVR0017
9	CONTINUE	CNVR0018
	L=1	CNVR0019
	IF ((F-100000.).GE.0.) GO TO 15	CNVR0020
	L=3	CNVR0021
	IF ((F-10000.).GE.0.) GO TO 15	CNVR0022
	L=5	CNVR0023
	IF ((F-1000.).GE.0.) GO TO 15	CNVR0024
	L=7	CNVR0025
	IF ((F-100.).GE.0.) GO TO 15	CNVR0026
	L=9	CNVR0027
	IF ((F-10.).GE.0.) GO TO 15	CNVR0028
	L=11	CNVR0029
	IF ((F-1.).GE.0.) GO TO 15	CNVR0030
	IF (((F-0.).EQ.0.) .AND. (IR .EQ.1)) GO TO 23	CNVR0031
	L=13	CNVR0032
15	ICNT=CON(L+1)	CNVR0033
	CALL ISCHAR(IS,1,A)	CNVR0034
	NUMA=NUM+2	CNVR0035
	DO 10 I=2,NUMA	CNVR0036
	J2=0	CNVR0037
	J1=F/CON(L)	CNVR0038
	F=F-J1*CON(L)	CNVR0039
	J1=J1+240	CNVR0040
	IF (((ICNT-1).EQ.0).AND.(IR.EQ.1)) GO TO 12	CNVR0041
	IF (((ICNT-1).EQ.0) J2=75	CNVR0042
	IF (J2.EQ.75) CALL ISCHAR(J2,I,A)	CNVR0043
	IF (J2.EQ.75) I=I+1	CNVR0044
	CALL ISCHAR(J1,I,A)	CNVR0045
	L=L+2	CNVR0046
10	CONTINUE	CNVR0047
	GO TO 12	CNVR0048
23	J1=240	CNVR0049
	CALL ISCHAR(J1,1,A)	CNVR0050
12	RETURN	CNVR0051
	END	CNVR0052

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C	SUBROUTINE CORREL IS USED TO CALCULATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	CORR0001
C	X1 = ARRAY 1, X2 = ARRAY2, IV = NO.OF VARIABLES IN ARRAY	CORR0002
C	ANS = ANSWER OF CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	CORR0003
C	SUBROUTINE CORREL (X1, X2, IV, ANS)	CORR0004
C	DIMENSION X1(1), X2(1)	CORR0005
C	REAL*4 X1, X2, TX1, TX2, MX1, MX2, DX1, DX2, AX1, AX2, AX3, ANS	CORR0006
	AX1 = 0.0	CORR0007
	AX2 = 0.0	CORR0008
	AX3 = 0.0	CORR0009
	DX1 = 0.0	CORR0010
	DX2 = 0.0	CORR0011
	MX1 = 0.0	CORR0012
	MX2 = 0.0	CORR0013
	TX1 = 0.0	CORR0014
	TX2 = 0.0	CORR0015
C	DETERMINE THE MEAN OF ARRAY X1, X2	CORR0016
C	DO 100 I = 1, IV	CORR0017
	TX1 = TX1 + X1(I)	CORR0018
100	TX2 = TX2 + X2(I)	CORR0019
	MX1 = TX1 / IV	CORR0020
	MX2 = TX2 / IV	CORR0021
C	DO 101 I = 1, IV	CORR0022
	DX1 = X1(I) - MX1	CORR0023
	DX2 = X2(I) - MX2	CORR0024
	AX1 = AX1 + DX1*DX1	CORR0025
	AX2 = AX2 + DX2*DX2	CORR0026
101	AX3 = AX3 + DX1*DX2	CORR0027
	ANS = AX3 / SQRT(AX1 * AX2)	CORR0028
	RETURN	CORR0029
	END	CORR0030
		CORR0031
		CORR0032
		CORR0033
		CORR0034
		CORR0035
		CORR0036
		CORR0037

```

SUBROUTINE DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)
C DETERMINES NUMBER OF NEXT DAY OF THE YEAR
  INTEGER DAY,DPY
  DAY = DAY + 1
  IF(DAY .EQ. 366) DAY = 1
  IF(DAY .EQ. 60 .AND. DPY .EQ. 366) DAY = 366
  IF(DAY .EQ. 367) DAY = 60
  RETURN
END

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DYNX0001
DYNX0002
DYNX0003
DYNX0004
DYNX0005
DYNX0006
DYNX0007
DYNX0008
DYNX0009

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C SUBROUTINE DAYOUT(VDCY,MEDWY,DPY)
  PRINTS TABLE OF DAILY VALUES
  DIMENSION MEDWY(12),VDCY(366),VDMD(12)
  INTEGER DATE,DAY,DPY
100 WRITE(6,1)
1  FORMAT(7X,'DAY',7X,'OCT',5X,'NOV',5X,'DEC',5X,'JAN',5X,'FEB',
15X,'MAR',5X,'APR',5X,'MAY',5X,'JUNE',4X,'JULY',4X,'AUG',5X,
2'SEPT',8X,'ANNUAL')
  MEDWY(3) = 0
  DO 104 DATE = 1,28,1
    IF(MOD(DATE,5).NE.1) GO TO 102
    DO 101 KMD = 1,12
      DAY = MEDWY(KMD) + DATE
101  VDMD(KMD) = VDCY(DAY)
      WRITE(6,2) DATE,VDMD(12),(VDMD(KWD),KWD=1,11)
2  FORMAT(1H0,3X,16,3X,12F8.1)
      GO TO 104
102  DO 103 KMD = 1,12
      DAY = MEDWY(KMD) + DATE
103  VDMD(KMD) = VDCY(DAY)
      WRITE(6,3) DATE,VDMD(12),(VDMD(KWD),KWD = 1,11)
3  FORMAT(1X,3X,16,3X,12F8.1)
104  CONTINUE
      IF(DPY.NE.366) GO TO 106
      DATE = 29
      TEMP = VDCY(60)
      VDCY(60) = VDCY(366)
      DO 105 KMD = 1,12
      DAY = MEDWY(KMD) + DATE
105  VDMD(KMD) = VDCY(DAY)
      WRITE(6,3) DATE,VDMD(12),(VDMD(KWD),KWD=1,11)
      GO TO 107
106  CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,4) VDCY(302),VDCY(332),VDCY(363),VDCY(29),VDCY(88),
1VDCY(119),VDCY(149),VDCY(180),VDCY(210),VDCY(241),VDCY(272)
4  FORMAT(1X,7X,2H29,3X,4F8.1,8X,7F8.1)
107  CONTINUE
108  WRITE(6,5) VDCY(303),VDCY(334),VDCY(364),VDCY(30),VDCY(89),
1VDCY(120),VDCY(150),VDCY(181),VDCY(211),VDCY(242),VDCY(273)
5  FORMAT(1X,7X,2H30,3X,4F8.1,8X,7F8.1)
      WRITE(6,6) VDCY(304),VDCY(365),VDCY(31),VDCY(90),VDCY(151),
1VDCY(212),VDCY(243)
6  FORMAT(1H/,7X,2H31,3X,F8.1,8X,2F8.1,8X,F8.1,8X,F8.1,8X,2F8.1)
      MEDWY(3) = 365
      IF(DPY.EQ.366) VDCY(60) = TEMP
      RETURN
      END

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DYOT0047

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SUBROUTINE DICTRY(TEXT)
COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,DARFA ,
1 NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORK1 ,
2 IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
3 VSPB ,VSPL ,NUUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
4 XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
5 YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,BX ,
6 AY ,BY ,YLPOS ,
7 LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
8 FC ,GMODEL ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL ,
LOGICAL*1 GSPIN , DUM(2)
REAL*4 XTIC(6) ,YTIC(6) ,XDVAL(6) ,YDVAL(6)
INTEGER*4 UNITN ,DARFA ,NULLV(1) ,GSP1
LOGICAL*1 FA ,FB ,FC ,GMODEL ,GSPIN
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD
LOGICAL*1 LINE(49)/47* ' ' , '@' , ' ' /
LOGICAL*1 TEXT(72)
REAL*8 WORK(36)
EQUIVALENCE(RWORK1 ,IABSDP)

C
C CREATE DICTIONARY ENTRY
C
IABSDP=IABS(IDSP)+1
IF(IDSP)202,205,205
202 LINE(1)=TEXT(1)
LINE(2)=TEXT(2)
LINE(3)=TEXT(3)
DO 203 I=4,47
203 LINE(I)=LINE(49)
GO TO 215
205 DO 210 I=1,47
210 LINE(I)=TEXT(I)
215 CALL PTEXT(IGDS6,LINE,48,IABSDP,NULLV,2,0.,YLPOS)
CALL EXEC(IGDS6)
YLPOS=YLPOS-1.5*VSPL
IF(YLPOS .LT. 376.)YLPOS=RU-2.5*VSPL
RETURN
END

```

DICT0001
 DICT0002
 DICT0003
 DICT0004
 DICT0005
 DICT0006
 DICT0007
 DICT0008
 DICT0009
 DICT0010
 DICT0011
 DICT0012
 DICT0013
 DICT0014
 DICT0015
 DICT0016
 DICT0017
 DICT0018
 DICT0019
 DICT0020
 DICT0021
 DICT0022
 DICT0023
 DICT0024
 DICT0025
 DICT0026
 DICT0027
 DICT0028
 DICT0029
 DICT0030
 DICT0031
 DICT0032
 DICT0033
 DICT0034
 DICT0035
 DICT0036
 DICT0037
 DICT0038

SUBROUTINE DLPO(IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,NCODE)
INTEGER *4 TYPE/17,LVAL(1)/17,HVAL(1)/17,VOL/17,TDATA/1/
INTEGER *4 IPAR(192)
INTEGER *4 OPAR(32)
CALL DVAR(TYPE,IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,LVAL,HVAL,VOL,TDATA,NCODE)
RETURN
END

DLP00001
DLP00002
DLP00003
DLP00004
DLP00005
DLP00006
DLP00007

SUBROUTINE DMSG(IPAR,MLN,NOM,NCODE)
INTEGER *4 TYPE/4/,LVAL(1)/1/,HVAL(1)/1/,VDL/1/,TDATA/1/
INTEGER *4 IPAR(192)
INTEGER *4 OPAR(32)
CALL OVAR(TYPE,IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,LVAL,HVAL,VDL,TDATA,NCODE)
RETURN
END

DMSG0001
DMSG0002
DMSG0003
DMSG0004
DMSG0005
DMSG0006
DMSG0007

```

      TITLE ' UPDATE MERGE ROUTINE '
      EJECT
      START 0
      EQU 2
      EQU 3
      EQU 4
      EQU 1
      SAVE (14,12)
      LR 12,15
      USING DSMRG,12
**
** SET UP TO UPDATE OLD DATA WITH NEW
**
      LM OLD,LTH,0(R1)      GET I/P PARMS
      L LTH,0(LTH)
      SPACE 3
**
** UPDATE 1ST OR NEXT OLD CHARACTER WITH NEW
**
NEXTCK EQU *
      CLT 0(NEW),X'40'
      BE UPDPTR
      CLT 0(NEW),C'S'
      BE MOVEBLK
      MVC 0(1,OLD),0(NEW)
      B UPDPTR
MOVEBLK EQU *
      MVI 0(OLD),X'40'
UPDPTR EQU *
      LA OLD,1(OLD)
      LA NEW,1(NEW)
      BCT LTH,NEXTCK      UPDATE POINTER
      SPACE 3
**
** RETURN TO CALLER
**
      RETURN (14,12),RC=0
      END

```

```

DMRG0001
DMRG0002
DMRG0003
DMRG0004
DMRG0005
DMRG0006
DMRG0007
DMRG0008
DMRG0009
DMRG0010
DMRG0011
DMRG0012
DMRG0013
DMRG0014
DMRG0015
DMRG0016
DMRG0017
DMRG0018
DMRG0019
DMRG0020
DMRG0021
DMRG0022
DMRG0023
DMRG0024
DMRG0025
DMRG0026
DMRG0027
DMRG0028
DMRG0029
DMRG0030
DMRG0031
DMRG0032
DMRG0033
DMRG0034
DMRG0035
DMRG0036
DMRG0037
DMRG0038

```

DCB	TITLE	• BDAM DATA SET READ ROUTINE •	DSRD0001
AREA	EJECT		DSRD0002
BLOCK	EQU	2	DSRD0003
DSREAD	EQU	3	DSRD0004
	EQU	4	DSRD0005
	SETUP	12,PARM=11	DSRD0006
	LM	DCB,BLOCK,0(R11)	DSRD0007
	EJECT	GET I/P PARMS	DSRD0008
*			DSRD0009
**	READ DATA BLOCK FROM APPLICABLE DATA SET		DSRD0010
*			DSRD0011
	READ RDECB,DI,(DCB),(AREA),'S',0,(BLOCK) READ BLOCK OF DATA		DSRD0012
	SPACE 3		DSRD0013
*			DSRD0014
**	WAIT ON READ TO COMPLETE		DSRD0015
*			DSRD0016
	WAIT ECB=RDECB	WAIT ON READ TO COMPLETE	DSRD0017
	TM RDECB+1,255	WAS THERE AN ERROR?	DSRD0018
	BZ DSRET	NO, GO TO RETURN	DSRD0019
	SPACE 3		DSRD0020
*			DSRD0021
**	ABEND WITH A DUMP		DSRD0022
*			DSRD0023
	ABEND 37,DUMP		DSRD0024
	SPACE 3		DSRD0025
*			DSRD0026
**	RETURN TO CALLER		DSRD0027
*			DSRD0028
DSRET	FREEUP (14,12),T,RC=0		DSRD0029
	END		DSRD0030

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      TITLE 'HYDROLOGY DATA BASE UPDATE MODULE'
      BLK EQU 2
      COUNT EQU 5
      AREA EQU 6
      BLANKS EQU 7
      DSUPDI SETUP 12,PARM=11
      EJECT

**
** OPEN DATA SET TO BE UPDATED
**
      OPEN (BASEDCB,(UPDAT))
      EJECT

**
** SET UP TO READ PAGE OF DATA
**
      READ EQU *
      L R2,ZERO
      ST R2,NCODE
      LA AREA,IPBUF
      L BLANKS,BLANK
      L COUNT,F500
      BLKARFA EQU *
      ST BLANKS,0(AREA)
      LA AREA,4(AREA)
      BCT COUNT,BLKARFA
      SPACE 3

**
** READ PAGE OF DATA
**
      CALL DSREAD,(BASEDCB,IPBUF,BLOCK)
      EJECT

**
** DISPLAY PAGE OF DATA BASE FOR POSSIBLE UPDATING
**
      CALL DVAR,(TYPE,IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,LVAL,HVAL,VDL,TDATA,NCODE)
      EJECT

**
** WRITE UPDATED PAGE TO DATA BASE
**
      CALL DSWRT,(BASEDCB,IPBUF,BLOCK)
      SPACE 3
      L R2,NCODE DETERMINE STATUS
      S R2,F100
      BZ NEXT CONTINUE PAGING
      RZ R2,CNE
      BZ TERM TERMINATE UPDATE
      S R2,CNE
      BZ LAST BACK PAGE

**
** RETURN TO CALLER
**
      RET EQU *
      FREEUP (14,12),T,RC=0

*
NEXT L R2,BLOCK-1
      L R2,CNE
      ST R2,BLOCK-1
      B READ READ NEXT BLOCK
      L R2,F100
      ST R2,NCODE
      CALL DVAR,(TYPE,IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,LVAL,HVAL,VDL,TDATA,NCODE)
      CLOSE (BASEDCB)
      RET TERMINATE

LAST L R2,BLOCK-1
      L R2,CNE
      BNM LAST1
      L R2,ZERO
      LAST1 ST R2,BLOCK-1
      B READ READ LAST BLOCK
      EJECT

**
** CONSTANTS AND WORK AREA
**
      TYPE DC F'3'
      MLN DC F'80'
      NOM DC F'20'
      LVAL DC F'0'
      HVAL DC F'0'
      VDL DC F'72'
      TDATA DC F'1'
      NCODE DC F'0'
      BLOCK EQU *-3
      BLANK DC C' '
      BASEDCB DC DSORG=DA,MACRF=(RI,WT),OPTCD=R,DDNAME=HYDBASE,RECFM=FB
      F500 DC F'500'
      IPBUF DC 500F
      IPAR EQU IPBUF
      OPAR EQU IPBUF
      ONE DC F'1'
      ZERO DC F'0'
      F100 DC F'100'
      END

```

```

DSUP0001
DSUP0002
DSUP0003
DSUP0004
DSUP0005
DSUP0006
DSUP0007
DSUP0008
DSUP0009
DSUP0010
DSUP0011
DSUP0012
DSUP0013
DSUP0014
DSUP0015
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DSUP0070
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DSUP0075
DSUP0076
DSUP0077
DSUP0078
DSUP0079
DSUP0080
DSUP0081
DSUP0082
DSUP0083
DSUP0084
DSUP0085
DSUP0086
DSUP0087
DSUP0088
DSUP0089
DSUP0090
DSUP0091
DSUP0092

```

```

DCB      TITLE * BDAM DATA SET WRITE ROUTINE
AREA     EJECT
BLOCK    EQU 2
DSWRT    EQU 3
          EQU 4
          SETUP 12, PARM=11
          LM     DCB, BLOCK, 0(R11)      GET I/P PARMS
          EJECT

*
**      WRITE DATA BLOCK TO APPLICABLE DATA SET
*
          WRITE WRECB, DI, (DCB), (AREA), 'S', 0, (BLOCK) WRITE BLOCK OF DATA
          SPACE 3

*
**      WAIT ON WRITE TO COMPLETE
*
          WAIT ECB=WRECB                      WAIT ON WRITE TO COMPLETE
          TM     WRECB+1, 255                  WAS THERE AN ERROR?
          BZ     DSWRET                        NO, GO TO RETURN
          SPACE 3

*
**      ABEND WITH A DUMP
*
          ABEND 38, DUMP
          SPACE 3

*
**      RETURN TO CALLER
*
DSWRET   FREEUP (14, 12), T, RC=0
          END

```

```

DSWR0001
DSWR0002
DSWR0003
DSWR0004
DSWR0005
DSWR0006
DSWR0007
DSWR0008
DSWR0009
DSWR0010
DSWR0011
DSWR0012
DSWR0013
DSWR0014
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DSWR0028
DSWR0029
DSWR0030

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```

INTEGER *4 LPCA(10)
INTEGER *4 MSG(7)
INTEGER *4 TDATA
INTEGER *4 TYPE
INTEGER *4 TDATA
INTEGER *4 VDL
INTEGER *4 Y
INTEGER *4 Z3,Z4
REAL *4 HVAL(32)
REAL *4 LVAL(32)
REAL *4 OPAR(1)
EQUIVALENCE (IALEV,IATN)
EQUIVALENCE (MIDSP,IUSP)
REAL *8 VDATA/'|||||'/
REAL *4 Z1,Z2
EQUIVALENCE (X,Y)
EQUIVALENCE (Z1,Z3),(Z2,Z4)

C**
C** USER'S OPTION(S) PROCESSING
C**
10000 CONTINUE
1 FORMAT('O DVAR DISPLAY ACTION - TYPE =',I4,' TDATA =',I4)
IF (IFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 11001
C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC SERVICES
CALL INGP(GSPI, NULLV)
C SPECIFY SUBROUTINE LINK/LOAD STATUS
CALL SPEC(GSPI,2,17,19,26,-28,53,-56)
CALL SPEC(GSPI,1,7,8,16,29,-31,37,-40)
C INITIALIZE THE 2250
CALL INDEV(GSPI,UNITN,12250)
C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC DATA SETS
CALL INGDS(12250,IGDSC,3072)
CALL INGDS(12250,IGDS5,128)
CALL INGDS(12250,IGDS6,512)
C SET NO SCISSORING FOR ALL DATA SETS
CALL SSCIS(IGDSC,3)
CALL SSCIS(IGDS5,3)
CALL SSCIS(IGDS6,3)

C**
C** SET UP TO BUILD DATA SET(S)
C**
11001 CONTINUE
IF (TYPE.EQ.4) GO TO 2000
CALL INGDS(12250,IGDS,1536)
CALL INGDS(12250,MSG(1),128,NULL,MSG(2),MSG(3),MSG(4),MSG(5),
MSG(6),MSG(7))
C CALL SGRAM(IGDS,2)
CALL SDATN(IGDS,3)
CALL CRATL(12250,IALEV)
CALL SLPAT(IGDS,1)
NCHMOD = 4
NX = 48
NY = 20
IF (TYPE.NE.3) GO TO 11010
NCHMOD = 3
NX = 72
NY = 49
11010 CONTINUE
CALL SCHAM(IGDS,NCHMOD)
CALL SDATL(IGDS,3,0,NX,NY)

C**
C** BUILD MSG DATA SET(S)
C**
DO 11002 N=1,7
CALL SCHAM(MSG(N),NCHMOD-2)
CALL SGRAM(MSG(N),2)
CALL SDATN(MSG(N),3)
CALL SGDSL(MSG(N),0,NY-1,NX,NY,0,0,NX,NY)
CALL PTEXT(MSG(N),HDR(3*N-2),48,1,NULL,1,0,NY)
11002 CONTINUE

C**
C** SET UP TO COMMUNICATE WITH 2250 OPERATOR
C**
11003 CONTINUE
DO 11004 N=1,6
CALL INCL(MSG(N))
CONTINUE
11004 CALL PTEXT(IGDS,FOOT,32,100,NULL,1,0,6)
IF (TYPE.NE.3) GO TO 5
CALL PTEXT(IGDS,FOOT1,32,101,NULL,1,0,4)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS,FOOT2,32,102,NULL,1,0,2)
5 CONTINUE
CALL PTEXT(IGDS,BLANKS,NX,50,NULL,1,0,1)
ECODE = 4
GO TO (10,10,3000,2000), TYPE
GO TO 1040
10 CONTINUE
ECODE = 8
IF (MLN.LE.0.OR.MLN.GT.12) GO TO 1040

```

```

DVAR0090
DVAR0091
DVAR0092
DVAR0093
DVAR0094
DVAR0095
DVAR0096
DVAR0097
DVAR0098
DVAR0099
DVAR0100
DVAR0101
DVAR0102
DVAR0103
DVAR0104
DVAR0105
DVAR0106
DVAR0107
DVAR0108
DVAR0109
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DVAR0115
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DVAR0171
DVAR0172
DVAR0173
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DVAR0177
DVAR0178
DVAR0179

```


	ECODE = 12	DVAR0180
	IF (NOM.LE.0.OR.NOM.GT.32) GO TO 1040	DVAR0181
	IF (TYPE.EQ.1) GO TO 20	DVAR0182
	ECODE = 16	DVAR0183
	IF (VDL.LE.0.OR.VDL.GT.6) GO TO 1040	DVAR0184
	ECODE = 20	DVAR0185
	IF (TDATA.LE.0.OR.TDATA.GT.2) GO TO 1040	DVAR0186
C*		DVAR0187
C**	SET UP TO ACCESS I/P ARRAY MEMBERS	DVAR0188
C*		DVAR0189
20	CONTINUE	DVAR0190
	ECODE = 0	DVAR0191
	X = NOM	DVAR0192
	X = (X/2.0) + 0.75	DVAR0193
	M = X	DVAR0194
50	CONTINUE	DVAR0195
	X = MLN	DVAR0196
	X = (X/4.0) + 0.75	DVAR0197
	I = X	DVAR0198
	LTH = 4 * I	DVAR0199
C*		DVAR0200
C**	BUILD VARIABLE OR OPTION(S) DATA SET	DVAR0201
C*		DVAR0202
	NCV = 0	DVAR0203
	DO 100 L=1,M,1	DVAR0204
	NCV = NCV + 1	DVAR0205
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,PREFIX(L),3,NULL,NULL,1,0,19-NCV)	DVAR0206
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,IPAR(1*(L-1)+1),LTH,NULL,NULL,1,4,19-NCV)	DVAR0207
	IF (MLN.GE.11) GO TO 99	DVAR0208
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,SUFFIX,(11-MLN),NULL,NULL,1,MLN+4,19-NCV)	DVAR0209
99	CONTINUE	DVAR0210
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,LP,2,L,NULL,1,16,19-NCV)	DVAR0211
100	CONTINUE	DVAR0212
	IF (M.EQ.1.AND.NOM.EQ.1) GO TO 299	DVAR0213
	ICV = NCV	DVAR0214
	M = M+1	DVAR0215
	DO 200 L=M,NCM,1	DVAR0216
	NCV = NCV + 1	DVAR0217
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,PREFIX(L),3,NULL,NULL,1,25,ICV+19-NCV)	DVAR0218
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,IPAR(1*(L-1)+1),LTH,NULL,NULL,1,29,ICV+19-NCV)	DVAR0219
	IF (MLN.GE.11) GO TO 199	DVAR0220
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,SUFFIX,(11-MLN),NULL,NULL,1,MLN+29,ICV+19-NCV)	DVAR0221
199	CONTINUE	DVAR0222
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,LP,2,L,NULL,1,41,ICV+19-NCV)	DVAR0223
200	CONTINUE	DVAR0224
C*		DVAR0225
C**	DISPLAY MAIN OPTIONS	DVAR0226
C*		DVAR0227
299	CONTINUE	DVAR0228
	CALL SALRM(12250)	DVAR0229
300	CONTINUE	DVAR0230
	CALL EXEC(IGDS)	DVAR0231
	CALL EXEC(MSG(TYPE))	DVAR0232
	CALL ENATN(IALEV,34)	DVAR0233
C*		DVAR0234
C**	PROCESS LP ACTION	DVAR0235
C*		DVAR0236
	CALL ROATN(IALEV,NCODE,2,LPCA,34)	DVAR0237
	CALL DSATN(IALEV,34)	DVAR0238
	LPSEL = LPCA(4)	DVAR0239
	IF (LPSEL) 300,300,310	DVAR0240
310	CONTINUE	DVAR0241
	IF (LPSEL.EQ.100 .OR. LPSEL.EQ.101 .OR. LPSEL.EQ.102) GO TO 1050	DVAR0242
	IF (TYPE.EQ.4.OR.LPSEL.GT.NOM) GO TO 300	DVAR0243
320	CONTINUE	DVAR0244
	WRITE (6,330) LPSEL	DVAR0245
330	FORMAT ('- LP SEL. = ',12)	DVAR0246
C*		DVAR0247
C**	DISPLAY VARIABLE I/P AREA	DVAR0248
C*		DVAR0249
400	CONTINUE	DVAR0250
	GO TO (620,405,402), TYPE	DVAR0251
402	CONTINUE	DVAR0252
	LPS = 50	DVAR0253
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,BLINE,VDL,LPS,NULL,3,0,NY-(2*LPSEL)-1)	DVAR0254
	GO TO 411	DVAR0255
405	CONTINUE	DVAR0256
	IF (TYPE.NE.2) GO TO 620	DVAR0257
	CALL EXEC(MSG(6))	DVAR0258
	LPS = 50	DVAR0259
	N = 18	DVAR0260
	K = 19 - LPSEL	DVAR0261
	IF (LPSEL.EQ.1.OR.LPSEL.LT.M) GO TO 410	DVAR0262
	N = 43	DVAR0263
	K = M + 18 - LPSEL	DVAR0264
410	CONTINUE	DVAR0265
	CALL PTEXT(IGDS,VDATA,VDL,LPS,NULL,3,N,K)	DVAR0266
411	CONTINUE	DVAR0267
	CALL INCL(IGDS,LPS)	DVAR0268

CALL ICURS(IGDS,LPS,NULL,1)	DVAR0269
CALL EXEC(IGDS)	DVAR0270
CALL ENATN(IALEV,32,34)	DVAR0271
CALL RQATN(IALEV,MCODE,2,LPCA,32,34)	DVAR0272
CALL DSATN(IALEV,32,34)	DVAR0273
CALL OMIT(IGDS,LPS)	DVAR0274
IF (MCODE.EQ.32) GO TO 500	DVAR0275
IF (LPCA(4)) 411,411,420	DVAR0276
420 CONTINUE	DVAR0277
IF (LPCA(4).EQ.100) GO TO 1050	DVAR0278
IF (LPCA(4).GT.NOM) GO TO 411	DVAR0279
LPSL = LPCA(4)	DVAR0280
GO TO 320	DVAR0281
C*	DVAR0282
C** GET VARIABLE I/P DATA	DVAR0283
C*	DVAR0284
500 CONTINUE	DVAR0285
DO 505 N=1,5	DVAR0286
RRUF(N) = BLANKS(1)	DVAR0287
505 CONTINUE	DVAR0288
NC = VDL	DVAR0289
NS = -1 * NC	DVAR0290
CALL GSPRO(IGDS,RRUF,NS,1,NTCODE,LPS,NULL)	DVAR0291
WRITE (6,510) RRUF	DVAR0292
510 FORMAT (' VAR. ENTRY = ',10A8)	DVAR0293
IF (NTCODE) 512,513,514	DVAR0294
512 NTCODE = -1 * NTCODE	DVAR0295
514 NC = NTCODE	DVAR0296
C*	DVAR0297
C** CONVERT DATA TO REAL OR INTEGER AS APPLICABLE	DVAR0298
C*	DVAR0299
513 CONTINUE	DVAR0300
IF (TYPE.EQ.3) GO TO 700	DVAR0301
CALL CVRTIN(RBUF,NC,X,IERR,TYDATA)	DVAR0302
IF (IERR.NE.0.OR.TDATA.NC.TYDATA) GO TO 1030	DVAR0303
IF (TDATA.EQ.2) GO TO 610	DVAR0304
600 CONTINUE	DVAR0305
IF (X.LT.LVAL(LPSL).OR.X.GT.HVAL(LPSL)) GO TO 1030	DVAR0306
GO TO 630	DVAR0307
610 CONTINUE	DVAR0308
Z1 = LVAL(LPSL)	DVAR0309
Z2 = HVAL(LPSL)	DVAR0310
IF (Y.LT.Z3.OR.Y.GT.Z4) GO TO 1030	DVAR0311
GO TO 630	DVAR0312
620 CONTINUE	DVAR0313
Y = 1	DVAR0314
CALL OMIT(IGDS,LPSL)	DVAR0315
630 CONTINUE	DVAR0316
OPAR(LPSL) = X	DVAR0317
GO TO 300	DVAR0318
C*	DVAR0319
C** UPDATE LINE OF DATA	DVAR0320
C*	DVAR0321
700 CONTINUE	DVAR0322
CALL DSMRG(IPAR(I*(LPSL-1)+1),RBUF,NC)	DVAR0323
CALL PTEXT(IGDS,IPAR(I*(LPSL-1)+1),MLN,LPSL,NULL,3,0,NY-2*LPSL)	DVAR0324
GO TO 300	DVAR0325
C*	DVAR0326
C** BUILD TEXT DATA SET	DVAR0327
C*	DVAR0328
2030 CONTINUE	DVAR0329
ECODE = 8	DVAR0330
IF (MLN.LE.0.OR.MLN.GT.80) GO TO 1040	DVAR0331
ECODE = 16	DVAR0332
IF (NOM.LE.0.OR.NOM.GT.49) GO TO 1040	DVAR0333
ECODE = 0	DVAR0334
IREFCAL=0	DVAR0335
IFLAG = 1	DVAR0336
X = MLN	DVAR0337
I = (X/4.0) + 0.75	DVAR0338
I = X	DVAR0339
CALL SHIFT1	DVAR0340
CALL DICTRY(OPAR(1))	DVAR0341
DO 2003 N = 1, NOM	DVAR0342
X = 3920.0 - N*80	DVAR0343
CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,IPAR(I*(N-1)+1),MLN,NULL,NULL,1,0,0,X)	DVAR0344
2003 CONTINUE	DVAR0345
9999 FORMAT(' DVAR TERMINATE RECALL: TYPE =',I4,' TDATA =',I4,	DVAR0347
... 1 MLN =',I4,' NOM =',I4,' NCODE =',I4)	DVAR0348
GO TO 1052	DVAR0349
C*	DVAR0350
C** SET UP TO UPDATE DATA SET	DVAR0351
C*	DVAR0352
3000 CONTINUE	DVAR0353
IF (NCODE.NE.0) GO TO 1050	DVAR0354
ECODE = 8	DVAR0355
IF (MLN.LE.0.OR.MLN.GT.80) GO TO 1040	DVAR0356
ECODE = 16	DVAR0357
IF (NOM.LE.0.OR.NOM.GT.22) GO TO 1040	DVAR0358

```

IF (VDL.LE.0.OR.VDL.GT.72) GO TO 1040
ECODE = 0
X = MLN
X = (X/4.0) + 0.75
I = X
DO 3010 N=1,NOM,1
3010 CALL PTEXT(IGDS,IPAR(I*(N-1)+1),MLN,N,NULL,1,0,NY-2*N)
CONTINUE
GO TO 299
C*
C** CONVERSION ROUTINE ERROR RETURN
C*
1030 CONTINUE
CALL EXEC(MSG(5))
CALL INCL(IGDS,LPS)
WRITE (6,1031)
GO TO 411
1031 FORMAT (' *** INVALID 2250 ENTRY *** ')
C*
C** RETURN TO CALLER
C*
1040 CONTINUE
WRITE(6,1041) NCODE
1041 FORMAT(' INVALID I/P PARM(S)',I4)
1050 CONTINUE
IFLAG = 1
IRECAL=0
CALL TMGDS(IGDS)
CALL EXEC(MSG(7))
DO 1051 N=1,7
1051 CALL TMGDS(MSG(N))
CONTINUE
1052 CONTINUE
NCODE = ECODE
IF (TYPE.EQ.3) NCODE = NCODE + LPSEL
9997 FORMAT(' DVAR TERMINATE: NCODE =',I4)
RETURN
END

```

```

DVAR0359
DVAR0360
DVAR0361
DVAR0362
DVAR0363
DVAR0364
DVAR0365
DVAR0366
DVAR0367
DVAR0368
DVAR0369
DVAR0370
DVAR0371
DVAR0372
DVAR0373
DVAR0374
DVAR0375
DVAR0376
DVAR0377
DVAR0378
DVAR0379
DVAR0380
DVAR0381
DVAR0382
DVAR0383
DVAR0384
DVAR0385
DVAR0386
DVAR0387
DVAR0388
DVAR0389
DVAR0390
DVAR0391
DVAR0392
DVAR0393
DVAR0395
DVAR0396
DVAR0397

```

C SUBROUTINE EVPDAY(DPET, EMAET)
 DETERMINES DATED PAN EVAPORATION TOTALS
 DIMENSION DPET(366)

```

    INTEGER DAY
    DO 100 DAY = 1,5
    100 DPET(DAY) = 0.00060*EMAET
    DPET( 6) = 0.00059*EMAET
    DPET( 7) = DPET( 6)
    DO 101 DAY = 8,10
    101 DPET(DAY) = 0.00058*EMAET
    DO 102 DAY = 11,16
    102 DPET(DAY) = 0.00057*EMAET
    DPET( 17) = DPET( 9)
    DO 103 DAY = 18,20
    103 DPET(DAY) = DPET( 6)
    DO 104 DAY = 21,32
    104 DPET(DAY) = DPET( 1)
    DPET( 33) = 0.00061*EMAET
    DO 105 DAY = 34,38
    105 DPET(DAY) = 0.00062*EMAET
    DPET( 39) = 0.00063*EMAET
    DPET( 40) = DPET( 39)
    DPET( 41) = 0.00064*EMAET
    DPET( 42) = 0.00065*EMAET
    DPET( 43) = 0.00066*EMAET
    DO 106 DAY = 44,50
    106 DPET(DAY) = 0.00067*EMAET
    DO 107 DAY = 51,55
    107 DPET(DAY) = 0.00068*EMAET
    DPET( 56) = 0.00069*EMAET
    DO 108 DAY = 57,61
    108 DPET(DAY) = 0.00070*EMAET
    DPET( 62) = 0.00071*EMAET
    DPET( 63) = 0.00072*EMAET
    DPET( 64) = DPET( 63)
    DPET( 65) = 0.00073*EMAET
    DPET( 66) = 0.00074*EMAET
    DPET( 67) = 0.00075*EMAET
    DPET( 68) = 0.00076*EMAET
    DPET( 69) = 0.00077*EMAET
    DPET( 70) = DPET( 69)
    DPET( 71) = 0.00078*EMAET
    DPET( 72) = DPET( 71)
    DPET( 73) = 0.00079*EMAET
    DPET( 74) = DPET( 73)
    DPET( 75) = 0.00080*EMAET
    DPET( 76) = 0.00081*EMAET
    DPET( 77) = 0.00082*EMAET
    DPET( 78) = 0.00083*EMAET
    DPET( 79) = 0.00086*EMAET
    DPET( 80) = 0.00088*EMAET
    DPET( 81) = 0.00090*EMAET
    DPET( 82) = 0.00092*EMAET
    DPET( 83) = 0.00094*EMAET
    DPET( 84) = 0.00097*EMAET
    DPET( 85) = 0.00099*EMAET
    DPET( 86) = 0.00102*EMAET
    DPET( 87) = 0.00106*EMAET
    DPET( 88) = 0.00109*EMAET
    DPET( 89) = 0.00113*EMAET
    DPET( 90) = 0.00118*EMAET
    DPET( 91) = 0.00122*EMAET
    DPET( 92) = 0.00124*EMAET
    DPET( 93) = 0.00132*EMAET
    DPET( 94) = 0.00137*EMAET
    DPET( 95) = 0.00142*EMAET
    DPET( 96) = 0.00147*EMAET
    DPET( 97) = 0.00151*EMAET
    DPET( 98) = 0.00157*EMAET
    DPET( 99) = 0.00163*EMAET
    DPET(100) = 0.00168*EMAET
    DPET(101) = 0.00173*EMAET
    DPET(102) = 0.00178*EMAET
    DPET(103) = 0.00185*EMAET
    DPET(104) = 0.00193*EMAET
    DPET(105) = 0.00201*EMAET
    DPET(106) = 0.00208*EMAET
    DPET(107) = 0.00214*EMAET
    DPET(108) = 0.00221*EMAET
    DPET(109) = 0.00227*EMAET
    DPET(110) = 0.00234*EMAET
    DPET(111) = 0.00241*EMAET
    DPET(112) = 0.00249*EMAET
    DPET(113) = 0.00256*EMAET
    DPET(114) = 0.00262*EMAET
    DPET(115) = 0.00268*EMAET
    DPET(116) = 0.00276*EMAET
    DPET(117) = 0.00281*EMAET
    DPET(118) = 0.00287*EMAET
  
```

```

EVDY0001
EVDY0002
EVDY0003
EVDY0004
EVDY0005
EVDY0006
EVDY0007
EVDY0008
EVDY0009
EVDY0010
EVDY0011
EVDY0012
EVDY0013
EVDY0014
EVDY0015
EVDY0016
EVDY0017
EVDY0018
EVDY0019
EVDY0020
EVDY0021
EVDY0022
EVDY0023
EVDY0024
EVDY0025
EVDY0026
EVDY0027
EVDY0028
EVDY0029
EVDY0030
EVDY0031
EVDY0032
EVDY0033
EVDY0034
EVDY0035
EVDY0036
EVDY0037
EVDY0038
EVDY0039
EVDY0040
EVDY0041
EVDY0042
EVDY0043
EVDY0044
EVDY0045
EVDY0046
EVDY0047
EVDY0048
EVDY0049
EVDY0050
EVDY0051
EVDY0052
EVDY0053
EVDY0054
EVDY0055
EVDY0056
EVDY0057
EVDY0058
EVDY0059
EVDY0060
EVDY0061
EVDY0062
EVDY0063
EVDY0064
EVDY0065
EVDY0066
EVDY0067
EVDY0068
EVDY0069
EVDY0070
EVDY0071
EVDY0072
EVDY0073
EVDY0074
EVDY0075
EVDY0076
EVDY0077
EVDY0078
EVDY0079
EVDY0080
EVDY0081
EVDY0082
EVDY0083
EVDY0084
EVDY0085
EVDY0086
EVDY0087
EVDY0088
EVDY0089
  
```

DPET(119) = 0.00293*EMAET
 DPET(120) = 0.00299*EMAET
 DPET(121) = 0.00305*EMAET
 DPET(122) = 0.00312*EMAET
 DPET(123) = 0.00317*EMAET
 DPET(124) = 0.00322*EMAET
 DPET(125) = 0.00328*EMAET
 DPET(126) = 0.00333*EMAET
 DPET(127) = 0.00338*EMAET
 DPET(128) = 0.00344*EMAET
 DPET(129) = 0.00348*EMAET
 DPET(130) = 0.00354*EMAET
 DPET(131) = 0.00359*EMAET
 DPET(132) = 0.00365*EMAET
 DPET(133) = 0.00370*EMAET
 DPET(134) = 0.00374*EMAET
 DPET(135) = 0.00378*EMAET
 DPET(136) = 0.00382*EMAET
 DPET(137) = 0.00387*EMAET
 DPET(138) = 0.00391*EMAET
 DPET(139) = 0.00394*EMAET
 DPET(140) = 0.00399*EMAET
 DPET(141) = 0.00402*EMAET
 DPET(142) = 0.00407*EMAET
 DPET(143) = 0.00411*EMAET
 DPET(144) = 0.00417*EMAET
 DPET(145) = 0.00420*EMAET
 DPET(146) = 0.00426*EMAET
 DPET(147) = 0.00430*EMAET
 DPET(148) = 0.00436*EMAET
 DPET(149) = 0.00440*EMAET
 DPET(150) = 0.00446*EMAET
 DPET(151) = 0.00450*EMAET
 DPET(152) = 0.00455*EMAET
 DPET(153) = 0.00460*EMAET
 DPET(154) = 0.00466*EMAET
 DPET(155) = 0.00470*EMAET
 DPET(156) = 0.00472*EMAET
 DPET(157) = 0.00478*EMAET
 DPET(158) = 0.00482*EMAET
 DPET(159) = 0.00487*EMAET
 DPET(160) = 0.00491*EMAET
 DPET(161) = 0.00495*EMAET
 DPET(162) = 0.00500*EMAET
 DPET(163) = 0.00504*EMAET
 DPET(164) = 0.00508*EMAET
 DPET(165) = 0.00510*EMAET
 DPET(166) = 0.00512*EMAET
 DPET(167) = 0.00514*EMAET
 DPET(168) = 0.00515*EMAET
 DPET(169) = 0.00517*EMAET
 DPET(170) = 0.00519*EMAET
 DPET(171) = 0.00520*EMAET
 DPET(172) = 0.00521*EMAET
 DPET(173) = DPET(172)
 DPET(174) = DPET(172)
 DPET(175) = 0.00522*EMAET
 DPET(176) = 0.00523*EMAET
 DPET(177) = 0.00524*EMAET
 DPET(178) = 0.00525*EMAET
 DPET(179) = 0.00527*EMAET
 DPET(180) = 0.00528*EMAET
 DPET(181) = DPET(180)
 DPET(182) = 0.00529*EMAET
 DPET(183) = 0.00530*EMAET
 DPET(184) = DPET(183)
 DPET(185) = 0.00531*EMAET
 DPET(186) = 0.00532*EMAET
 DPET(187) = 0.00533*EMAET
 DPET(188) = 0.00534*EMAET
 DPET(189) = DPET(188)
 DPET(190) = 0.00535*EMAET
 DPET(191) = 0.00536*EMAET
 DPET(192) = 0.00537*EMAET
 DPET(193) = 0.00538*EMAET
 DPET(194) = DPET(193)
 DPET(195) = 0.00539*EMAET
 DPET(196) = 0.00540*EMAET
 DPET(197) = DPET(196)
 DPET(198) = 0.00541*EMAET
 DPET(199) = 0.00542*EMAET
 DPET(200) = 0.00543*EMAET
 DPET(201) = 0.00545*EMAET
 DPET(202) = 0.00546*EMAET
 DPET(203) = 0.00547*EMAET
 DPET(204) = 0.00548*EMAET
 DPET(205) = 0.00549*EMAET
 DPET(206) = 0.00550*EMAET
 DPET(207) = 0.00551*EMAET

EVDY0090
 EVDY0091
 EVDY0092
 EVDY0093
 EVDY0094
 EVDY0095
 EVDY0096
 EVDY0097
 EVDY0098
 EVDY0099
 EVDY0100
 EVDY0101
 EVDY0102
 EVDY0103
 EVDY0104
 EVDY0105
 EVDY0106
 EVDY0107
 EVDY0108
 EVDY0109
 EVDY0110
 EVDY0111
 EVDY0112
 EVDY0113
 EVDY0114
 EVDY0115
 EVDY0116
 EVDY0117
 EVDY0118
 EVDY0119
 EVDY0120
 EVDY0121
 EVDY0122
 EVDY0123
 EVDY0124
 EVDY0125
 EVDY0126
 EVDY0127
 EVDY0128
 EVDY0129
 EVDY0130
 EVDY0131
 EVDY0132
 EVDY0133
 EVDY0134
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 EVDY0164
 EVDY0165
 EVDY0166
 EVDY0167
 EVDY0168
 EVDY0169
 EVDY0170
 EVDY0171
 EVDY0172
 EVDY0173
 EVDY0174
 EVDY0175
 EVDY0176
 EVDY0177
 EVDY0178

DPET(208) = 0.00552*FMAET
 DPET(209) = 0.00553*FMAET
 DPET(210) = 0.00555*FMAET
 DPET(211) = 0.00557*FMAET
 DPET(212) = 0.00558*FMAET
 DPET(213) = 0.00560*FMAET
 DPET(214) = DPET(213)
 DPET(215) = 0.00561*FMAET
 DPET(216) = 0.00562*FMAET
 DPET(217) = 0.00563*FMAET
 DPET(218) = 0.00565*FMAET
 DPET(219) = 0.00567*FMAET
 DPET(220) = DPET(219)
 DO 109 DAY = 221, 226
 109 DPET(DAY) = 0.00568*FMAET
 DO 110 DAY = 227, 229
 110 DPET(DAY) = DPET(219)
 DPET(230) = 0.00566*FMAET
 DPET(231) = 0.00564*FMAET
 DPET(232) = DPET(217)
 DPET(233) = DPET(216)
 DPET(234) = DPET(213)
 DPET(235) = 0.00559*FMAET
 DPET(236) = DPET(211)
 DPET(237) = DPET(210)
 DPET(238) = DPET(209)
 DPET(239) = DPET(206)
 DPET(240) = DPET(203)
 DPET(241) = DPET(199)
 DPET(242) = DPET(193)
 DPET(243) = DPET(190)
 DPET(244) = DPET(185)
 DPET(245) = DPET(179)
 DPET(246) = DPET(175)
 DPET(247) = DPET(169)
 DPET(248) = 0.00511*FMAET
 DPET(249) = DPET(163)
 DPET(250) = 0.00497*FMAET
 DPET(251) = 0.00490*FMAET
 DPET(252) = DPET(158)
 DPET(253) = 0.00476*FMAET
 DPET(254) = 0.00468*FMAET
 DPET(255) = 0.00461*FMAET
 DPET(256) = 0.00454*FMAET
 DPET(257) = DPET(150)
 DPET(258) = 0.00437*FMAET
 DPET(259) = 0.00427*FMAET
 DPET(260) = 0.00418*FMAET
 DPET(261) = DPET(142)
 DPET(262) = 0.00397*FMAET
 DPET(263) = DPET(137)
 DPET(264) = 0.00377*FMAET
 DPET(265) = 0.00367*FMAET
 DPET(266) = 0.00356*FMAET
 DPET(267) = 0.00347*FMAET
 DPET(268) = 0.00337*FMAET
 DPET(269) = 0.00329*FMAET
 DPET(270) = DPET(124)
 DPET(271) = 0.00315*FMAET
 DPET(272) = 0.00308*FMAET
 DPET(273) = 0.00303*FMAET
 DPET(274) = 0.00300*FMAET
 DPET(275) = 0.00298*FMAET
 DPET(276) = 0.00294*FMAET
 DPET(277) = 0.00290*FMAET
 DPET(278) = 0.00286*FMAET
 DPET(279) = 0.00283*FMAET
 DPET(280) = 0.00279*FMAET
 DPET(281) = DPET(116)
 DPET(282) = 0.00271*FMAET
 DPET(283) = DPET(115)
 DPET(284) = DPET(114)
 DPET(285) = 0.00259*FMAET
 DPET(286) = 0.00254*FMAET
 DPET(287) = 0.00252*FMAET
 DPET(288) = 0.00247*FMAET
 DPET(289) = 0.00244*FMAET
 DPET(290) = 0.00239*FMAET
 DPET(291) = DPET(110)
 DPET(292) = 0.00230*FMAET
 DPET(293) = 0.00225*FMAET
 DPET(294) = 0.00222*FMAET
 DPET(295) = 0.00217*FMAET
 DPET(296) = 0.00213*FMAET
 DPET(297) = 0.00210*FMAET
 DPET(298) = 0.00206*FMAET
 DPET(299) = 0.00200*FMAET
 DPET(300) = 0.00197*FMAET

EVDY0179
 EVDY0180
 EVDY0181
 EVDY0182
 EVDY0183
 EVDY0184
 EVDY0185
 EVDY0186
 EVDY0187
 EVDY0188
 EVDY0189
 EVDY0190
 EVDY0191
 EVDY0192
 EVDY0193
 EVDY0194
 EVDY0195
 EVDY0196
 EVDY0197
 EVDY0198
 EVDY0199
 EVDY0200
 EVDY0201
 EVDY0202
 EVDY0203
 EVDY0204
 EVDY0205
 EVDY0206
 EVDY0207
 EVDY0208
 EVDY0209
 EVDY0210
 EVDY0211
 EVDY0212
 EVDY0213
 EVDY0214
 EVDY0215
 EVDY0216
 EVDY0217
 EVDY0218
 EVDY0219
 EVDY0220
 EVDY0221
 EVDY0222
 EVDY0223
 EVDY0224
 EVDY0225
 EVDY0226
 EVDY0227
 EVDY0228
 EVDY0229
 EVDY0230
 EVDY0231
 EVDY0232
 EVDY0233
 EVDY0234
 EVDY0235
 EVDY0236
 EVDY0237
 EVDY0238
 EVDY0239
 EVDY0240
 EVDY0241
 EVDY0242
 EVDY0243
 EVDY0244
 EVDY0245
 EVDY0246
 EVDY0247
 EVDY0248
 EVDY0249
 EVDY0250
 EVDY0251
 EVDY0252
 EVDY0253
 EVDY0254
 EVDY0255
 EVDY0256
 EVDY0257
 EVDY0258
 EVDY0259
 EVDY0260
 EVDY0261
 EVDY0262
 EVDY0263
 EVDY0264
 EVDY0265
 EVDY0266


```

DPET(301) = 0.00194*EMAET
DPET(302) = 0.00189*EMAET
DPET(303) = 0.00186*EMAET
DPET(304) = 0.00183*EMAET
DPET(305) = 0.00180*EMAET
DPET(306) = 0.00177*EMAET
DPET(307) = 0.00174*EMAET
DPET(308) = 0.00172*EMAET
DPET(309) = DPET(100)
DPET(310) = DPET(99)
DPET(311) = 0.00163*EMAET
DPET(312) = 0.00156*EMAET
DPET(313) = 0.00152*EMAET
DPET(314) = 0.00149*EMAET
DPET(315) = 0.00146*EMAET
DPET(316) = DPET(45)
DPET(317) = 0.00138*EMAET
DPET(318) = 0.00135*EMAET
DPET(319) = 0.00131*EMAET
DPET(320) = 0.00127*EMAET
DPET(321) = 0.00124*EMAET
DPET(322) = 0.00123*EMAET
DPET(323) = DPET(90)
DPET(324) = 0.00116*EMAET
DPET(325) = DPET(89)
DPET(326) = 0.00110*EMAET
DPET(327) = 0.00107*EMAET
DPET(328) = 0.00104*EMAET
DPET(329) = DPET(86)
DPET(330) = 0.00100*EMAET
DPET(331) = 0.00098*EMAET
DPET(332) = 0.00097*EMAET
DPET(333) = 0.00095*EMAET
DPET(334) = 0.00093*EMAET
DPET(335) = DPET(81)
DPET(336) = DPET(80)
DPET(337) = 0.00087*EMAET
DPET(338) = DPET(79)
DPET(339) = DPET(78)
DPET(340) = DPET(77)
DPET(341) = DPET(75)
DPET(342) = DPET(73)
DPET(343) = DPET(71)
DPET(344) = DPET(71)
DPET(345) = DPET(69)
DPET(346) = DPET(68)
DPET(347) = DPET(66)
DPET(348) = DPET(63)
DPET(349) = DPET(62)
DPET(350) = DPET(57)
DPET(351) = DPET(57)
DPET(352) = DPET(56)
DO 111 DAY = 353, 355
111 DPET(DAY) = DPET(51)
DPET(356) = DPET(44)
DPET(357) = DPET(44)
DPET(358) = DPET(42)
DPET(359) = DPET(41)
DPET(360) = DPET(39)
DPET(361) = DPET(34)
DPET(362) = DPET(33)
DO 112 DAY = 363, 365
112 DPET(DAY) = DPET(1)
DPET(366) = DPET(57)
RETURN
END

```

```

EVDY0267
EVDY0268
EVDY0269
EVDY0270
EVDY0271
EVDY0272
EVDY0273
EVDY0274
EVDY0275
EVDY0276
EVDY0277
EVDY0278
EVDY0279
EVDY0280
EVDY0281
EVDY0282
EVDY0283
EVDY0284
EVDY0285
EVDY0286
EVDY0287
EVDY0288
EVDY0289
EVDY0290
EVDY0291
EVDY0292
EVDY0293
EVDY0294
EVDY0295
EVDY0296
EVDY0297
EVDY0298
EVDY0299
EVDY0300
EVDY0301
EVDY0302
EVDY0303
EVDY0304
EVDY0305
EVDY0306
EVDY0307
EVDY0308
EVDY0309
EVDY0310
EVDY0311
EVDY0312
EVDY0313
EVDY0314
EVDY0315
EVDY0316
EVDY0317
EVDY0318
EVDY0319
EVDY0320
EVDY0321
EVDY0322
EVDY0323
EVDY0324
EVDY0325
EVDY0326
EVDY0327
EVDY0328
EVDY0329
EVDY0330
EVDY0331
EVDY0332

```

BLOCK DATA
COMMON/GSPD/

```

1  WORK      ,GSP1      ,UNITN      ,I2250      ,TATN      ,
2  OAREA     ,NULLV     ,IGDSC     ,IPTNOW     ,MAXPT     ,
3  IPT       ,ISYM      ,RWORK1     ,IGDS4      ,IGDS5     ,
4  IGDS6     ,IDSP      ,RU         ,HSPB       ,HSPL      ,
5  VSPB      ,VSPL      ,NOUT       ,NXD        ,NYD       ,
6  XSIZE     ,YSIZF     ,XLL       ,YLL       ,XUR       ,
7  YUR       ,XTIC      ,YTIC      ,XDVAL     ,YDVAL     ,
8  IKEY1     ,IKEY2     ,IKEY3     ,IKEY4     ,AX        ,
9  BX        ,AY        ,RY        ,YLPOS     ,NRGF      ,
A  LOGXSW    ,LOGYSW    ,NPTF      ,ERRHD     ,
B  FA        ,FB        ,FC        ,GMODEL,GSPIN ,DUM ,TRECAL

LOGICAL*1 DUM(2)
REAL*8 WORK(36)/10*'*'*'*'*'*'*'*','CONTINUE','-----@TABL',
1 'E OF CON','TENTS--@','RETURN--','---@NEXT',' PAGE--@',
2 18*'/

REAL*4 RU/4096./ ,HSPB/56./ ,HSPL/84./ ,VSPB/80./ ,
1 VSPL/120./ ,XLL/896./ ,XUR/3984./ ,YUR/3616./ ,
2 YLPOS/3796./ ,RWORK1/1810./

INTEGER*4 UNITN/10/ ,OAREA/768/ ,NULLV(1)/-5/ ,IDSP/0/ ,
1 NOUT/48/ ,NXD/6/ ,NYD/6/ ,GSP1
2 IPT/36/ ,MAXPT/640/ ,IPTNOW/0/

REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD
LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODEL/.TRUE./,GSPIN/.FALSE./
END

```

GSPD0001
GSPD0002
GSPD0003
GSPD0004
GSPD0005
GSPD0006
GSPD0007
GSPD0008
GSPD0009
GSPD0010
GSPD0011
GSPD0012
GSPD0013
GSPD0014
GSPD0015
GSPD0016
GSPD0017
GSPD0018
GSPD0019
GSPD0020
GSPD0021
GSPD0022
GSPD0023
GSPD0024
GSPD0025
GSPD0026
GSPD0027


```

500 FORMAT(18A4)
DO 16 I=1,18
IF (IDF(I).EQ.BLK) GO TO 10
16 CONTINUE
DO 4024 I=1,2
C IDF(14+I)=STUDY(I)
4024 CONTINUE
CALL PLOTID(IDF,1,9)
GO TO 20
10 CONTINUE
C
20 READ(5,500,END=777) (TITLA(I),I=1,18)
IF (TITLA(1).EQ.END) GO TO 777
DO 4023 I=1,2
TITLA(16+I)=STUDY(I)
4023 CONTINUE
DO 59 I=1,NFP
APREC(I)=0.0
CONTINUE
59 DO 61 K=1,NFP
DO 63 I=1,MAXI
APREC(K)=TMPREC(I,K)+APREC(K)
63 CONTINUE
61 CONTINUE
DO 65 I=1,NFP
DO 67 J=1,MAXI
TMSTFI(J,I)=(TMSTF(J,I)/VWIN
TMOF(J,I)=TMSTFI(J,I)-TMIF(J,I)-TMBF(J,I)+TMSE(J,I)
67 CONTINUE
65 CONTINUE
DO 322 I=1,NFP
THSFDI=THSFD(1,I)
PEAKS(I)=THSFD(1,I)
PHRS(I)=1
C
DO 320 J=2,SINDEX
IF (THSFD(J,I).LE.THSDFT) GO TO 320
PEAKS(I)=THSFD(J,I)
THSFDI=THSFD(J,I)
PHRS(I)=J
320 CONTINUE
322 CONTINUE
330 DO 332 I=1,NFP
THSFDI=THSFD(1,I)
DO 334 K=2,SINDEX
THSFDI=AMIN1(THSFDI,THSFD(K,I))
334 THSFDI=THSFDI
332 CONTINUE
IF (L'OKUP.LE.0) GO TO 40
KS=0
READ(5,500) (TABT(I),I=1,18)
DO 8003 I=1,2
TABT(16+I)=STUDY(I)
8003 CONTINUE
DO 15 J=1,50
DO 505 K=1,10
CALL READ(A(K))
IF (A(K).EQ.999.0) GO TO 112
L=K
505 CONTINUE
113 CONTINUE
C
C STORE 10 VALUES IN TABLE
DO 12 M=1,L
KS=KS+1
IF (A(M).NE.0.) NPTS=KS
DEPEND(KS)=A(M)
12 CONTINUE
C
C TEST FOR BLANK CARD AT END
TEST=999.0
C IF TEST=0, YOU HAVE THE BLANK CARD AT THE END
IF (TEST.EQ.A(K)) GO TO 14
15 CONTINUE
14 CONTINUE
C NPTS IS NUMBER OF POINTS, IS SET AFTER 14
CALL READ(VARIN(1),XINC)
DO 30 I=2,NPTS
VARIN(I)=VARIN(I-1)+XINC
40 T(I)=0.0
IF (CONOPT(15).NE.2) NO=SINDEX
DO 60 I=2,NO
T(I)=T(I-1)+DT
60 FORMAT(11,18A4)
IF (CONOPT(15).NE.2) GO TO 75
613 FORMAT(' WATER BASIN AREA(SQ. MI.)=',F7.1)
IF (LOOKUP.LT.0) GO TO 75
C CONVERT FT. OF GAUGE HEIGHT INTO SEC.FT. OF GAUGE HEIGHT.
DO 70 I=1,NO

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INTG0086
INTG0087
INTG0088
INTG0089
INTG0090
INTG0091
INTG0092
INTG0093
INTG0094
INTG0095
INTG0096
INTG0097
INTG0098
INTG0099
INTG0100
INTG0101
INTG0102
INTG0103
INTG0104
INTG0105
INTG0106
INTG0107
INTG0108
INTG0109
INTG0110
INTG0111
INTG0112
INTG0113
INTG0114
INTG0115
INTG0116
INTG0117
INTG0118
INTG0119
INTG0120
INTG0121
INTG0122
INTG0123
INTG0124
INTG0125
INTG0126
INTG0127
INTG0128
INTG0129
INTG0130
INTG0131
INTG0132
INTG0133
INTG0134
INTG0135
INTG0136
INTG0137
INTG0138
INTG0139
INTG0140
INTG0141
INTG0142
INTG0143
INTG0144
INTG0145
INTG0146
INTG0147
INTG0148
INTG0149
INTG0150
INTG0151
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INTG0154
INTG0155
INTG0156
INTG0157
INTG0158
INTG0159
INTG0160
INTG0161
INTG0162
INTG0163
INTG0164
INTG0165
INTG0166
INTG0167
INTG0168
INTG0170
INTG0171
INTG0176
INTG0180
INTG0181
INTG0182

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70	Q(I)= TABLE(VARIN,DEPEND,NPTS,Q(I))	INTG0183
C		INTG0184
75	IFLAG= 2	INTG0185
	IF (MOD(NQ,2).EQ.0) IFLAG= 1	INTG0186
	H= DT/24.	INTG0187
C		INTG0188
	IF (L(OKUP,LT.0) GO TO 100	INTG0189
	WRITE(6,606) (TABT(I),I=1,18)	INTG0190
	WRITE(6,612) NPTS	INTG0191
612	FORMAT('NUMBER OF POINTS IN RATING TABLE=',I6)	INTG0192
	WRITE(6,607) (VARIN(I),I=1,NPTS)	INTG0193
607	FORMAT('INDEPENDENT VARIABLES'/(12E11.4))	INTG0194
	WRITE(6,608) (DEPEND(I),I=1,NPTS)	INTG0195
608	FORMAT('DEPENDENT VARIABLES'/(12E11.4))	INTG0196
	WRITE(6,609) (T(I),Q(I),I=1,NQ)	INTG0197
609	FORMAT('TIME(HRS.)',5X,'OBSERVED DISCHARGE(SEC.FT. OF GAUGE HEI	INTG0198
	IGHT)'/(F6.2,F22.4))	INTG0199
	DO 90 I=3,5	INTG0200
90	FLDQ(I)= FLD(I+1)	INTG0201
100	IF (CONGPT(15).NE.2) GO TO 25	INTG0202
	QMAX=Q(I)	INTG0203
	PHRO=1	INTG0204
	DO 161 I=1,NQ	INTG0205
	IF (Q(I).LE.QMAX) GO TO 161	INTG0206
	QMAX=Q(I)	INTG0207
	PHRO=I	INTG0208
161	CONTINUE	INTG0209
	QMIN= QMAX	INTG0210
	DO 160 I=1,NQ	INTG0211
160	QMIN= AMIN1(QMIN,Q(I))	INTG0212
	QMAP= AINT(QMAX+1.)	INTG0213
C		INTG0214
C	PRINTER PLOTS	INTG0215
	NPPTS=NQ	INTG0216
	INDEXM=1	INTG0217
	STPTS=SINDEX	INTG0218
	DO 380 K=1,STPTS	INTG0219
380	SO(K)=THSFD(K,INDEXM)	INTG0220
	PEAK=AINT(PEAKS(INDEXM)+1)	INTG0221
	IF (MOD(STPTS,2).EQ.0) IFLAG=1	INTG0222
	CALL INTEG(IFLAG,H,3,SSUM,STPTS)	INTG0223
	SUM(2)=SSUM/(26.9*AREAI)	INTG0224
	CALL INTEG(IFLAG,H,SO,SSUM,STPTS)	INTG0225
	SUM(1)=SSUM/(26.9*AREAI)	INTG0226
	KNT=1	INTG0227
	M=1	INTG0228
	SSUM=SUM(2)	INTG0229
	DO 7 I=1,2	INTG0230
	PCHAR(I)=PCHARP(I)	INTG0231
	PRCHAR(I)=PPCHAR(I)	INTG0232
7	CONTINUE	INTG0233
	IF (QMAP.LT.PEAK) QMAP=PEAK	INTG0234
	IF (QMIN.GE.THSEFDM(INDEXM)) QMIN=THSEFDM(INDEXM)	INTG0235
	CALL FLBCDE(SUM(1),6,ANSO)	INTG0236
	CALL FLBCDE(SUM(2),6,ANSS)	INTG0237
	DO 381 I=1,3	INTG0238
381	SUBT(I+2)=ANSO(I)	INTG0239
	DO 382 I=1,3	INTG0240
382	SUBT(I+1)=ANSS(I)	INTG0241
	N=1	INTG0242
	L=24	INTG0243
	DO 53 I=1,MAXI	INTG0244
	QOUT(I)=0.0	INTG0245
53	CONTINUE	INTG0246
	DO 57 I=1,MAXI	INTG0247
	DO 55 K=N,L	INTG0248
	QOUT(I)=Q(K)+QOUT(I)	INTG0249
55	CONTINUE	INTG0250
	QOUT(I)=QOUT(I)/24.0	INTG0251
	N=K	INTG0252
	L=N+23	INTG0253
57	CONTINUE	INTG0254
	APREC(3)=APREC(1)	INTG0255
	GO TO 1000	INTG0256
25	CONTINUE	INTG0257
	PEAK=PEAKS(1)	INTG0258
	QMIN=THSEFDM(1)	INTG0259
	DO 13 I=1,3	INTG0260
	PEAK=AMAX1(PEAK,PEAKS(I))	INTG0261
	QMIN=AMIN1(QMIN,THSEFDM(I))	INTG0262
13	CONTINUE	INTG0263
	IF (MOD(SINDEX,2).EQ.0) IFLAG=1	INTG0264
	PEAK=AINT(PEAK+1)	INTG0265
	QMAP=PEAK	INTG0266
	DO 17 I=1,3	INTG0267
	DO 19 K=1,SINDEX	INTG0268
	SO(K)=THSFD(K,I)	INTG0269
19	CONTINUE	INTG0270
	CALL INTEG(IFLAG,H,SO,SSUM,SINDEX)	INTG0271
		INTG0272

```

17 SUM(I)=SSUM/(26.9*AREA1)
   CONTINUE
   M=2
   KNT=3
   QMAX=PEAKS(3)
   PHRO=PHRS(3)
   SSUM=SUM(3)
   DO 11 I=1,3
     PCHAR(I)=PCHARF(I)
     PRCHAR(I)=PFCHAR(I)
11  CONTINUE
     DO 33 K=1,SINDEX
       Q(K)=THSFD(K,1)
33  CONTINUE
       DO 3 I=1,18
         SUBT(I)=FLDT(I)
         FLDY(I)=FLDQ(I)
3  CONTINUE
1000 IF (IPLGT.NE. 0) GO TO 1001
     CALL PL360(NPPTS,TEMP,T,T(1),T(NQ),SUBT,Q,QMIN,QMAP,FLDY,
     ITITLA,-214)
     CALL PL360(STPTS,TEMP,T,T(1),T(NQ),SUBT,SQ,QMIN,
     IQMAP,FLDY,TITLA,226)
C
C SC4020 PLOTS
1001 IF (IPLGT.EQ.0) GO TO 391
     CALL PL4020(1,1,PCHAR(1),SINDEX,T,Q,T(1),T(NQ),QMIN,QMAP,SUBT,
     IFLDY,TITLA,IFERR)
     CALL PL360(SINDEX,TEMP,T,T(1),T(NQ),SUBT,Q,QMIN,QMAP,FLDY,TITLA,
     *PRCHAR(1))
     IF (IERR.EQ.1) GO TO 185
     IF (IERR.EQ.2) GO TO 187
191  WRITE (6,715)
715  FORMAT (' OFF SCALE PLOT POINTS WERE ENCOUNTERED')
     GO TO 20
187  WRITE (6,717)
717  FORMAT (' SUBROUTINES UNABLE TO CONSTRUCT READABLE GRIDS')
185  DO 21 I=M,KNT
     DO 23 K=1,SINDEX
       SQ(K)=THSFD(K,1)
23  CONTINUE
       IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) PCHAR(1)=PCHAR(2)
       IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) PRCHAR(1)=PRCHAR(2)
       CALL PL4020(2,1,PCHAR(1),SINDEX,T,SQ,T(1),T(NQ),QMIN,
       IQMAP,SUBT,FLDY,TITLA,IFERR)
       CALL PL360(SINDEX,TEMP,T,T(1),T(NQ),SUBT,SQ,QMIN,QMAP,FLDY,TITLA,
       *PRCHAR(1))
21  CONTINUE
     IF (IERR.NE.1) GO TO 191
690  FORMAT (' ',18A4)
C OBTAIN THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE OBSERVED AND SIMULATED MAX FOR DAY
391  DIFFS=PEAKS(1)-QMAX
     DIFFSA=DIFFS
     IF (DIFFS.LT.0.0) DIFFSA=-DIFFS
     DIFFMP=(DIFFSA/QMAX)*100.0
C
C OBTAIN THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE OBSERVED AND SIMULATED PEAKS
     DIFFP=PHRS(1)-PHRO
     DIFFPA=DIFFP
     IF (DIFFP.LT.0) DIFFPA=-DIFFP
     DIFFPP=(DIFFPA/PHRO)*100
C
C COMPUTE DIFFERENCE AND %DIFFERENCE IN RUNOFF
     DIFFR=SUM(1)-SSUM
     DIFFRA=DIFFR
     IF (DIFFR.LT.0.0) DIFFRA=-DIFFR
     DIFFRP=(DIFFRA/SSUM)*100.0
C
C COMPUTE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FORCASTED&WORSTCASE PRECIP
     DIFFPR=APREC(1)-APREC(3)
     DIFFPP=DIFFPR/APREC(1)*100
     WRITE (6,700) (TITLE(I),I=1,18)
     IF (CONOPT(15).EQ.2) GO TO 729
700  FORMAT ('1',18A4)
     WRITE (6,710) MSBDC
710  FORMAT (63X,'TABLE',1X,'ONE',3X,'FORECAST RUN',/,64X,A4,10X,'WORST
     1CASE',10X,'NO PRECIP',10X,'FORECAST',/)
     DO 71 I=1,MAXI
       WRITE (6,711) MPDAY(I),(TMPREC(I,K),K=1,3),(TMDF(I,K),K=1,3),
       1(TMIF(I,K),K=1,3),(TMBF(I,K),K=1,3),(STMROS(I,K),K=1,3)
711  FORMAT (64X,12,2X,'PRECIP',8X,F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,'SUR R/O',7.,
       1F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,'INT FL',8X,F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,
       2'BASE FL',7X,F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,'STM R/O',3X,F7.1,2(15X,F7.1),
       3//)
71  CONTINUE
     WRITE (6,700) (TITLE(I),I=1,18)

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INTG0273
INTG0274
INTG0275
INTG0276
INTG0277
INTG0278
INTG0279
INTG0280
INTG0281
INTG0000
INTG0282
INTG0283
INTG0284
INTG0285
INTG0286
INTG0287
INTG0288
INTG0289
INTG0290
INTG0291
INTG0292
INTG0293
INTG0294
INTG0295
INTG0296
INTG0297
INTG0298
INTG0299
INTG0000
INTG0300
INTG0301
INTG0302
INTG0303
INTG0304
INTG0305
INTG0306
INTG0307
INTG0308
INTG0309
INTG0310
INTG0000
INTG0000
INTG0312
INTG0313
INTG0300
INTG0000
INTG0314
INTG0315
INTG0316
INTG0317
INTG0318
INTG0319
INTG0320
INTG0321
INTG0322
INTG0323
INTG0324
INTG0325
INTG0326
INTG0327
INTG0328
INTG0329
INTG0330
INTG0331
INTG0332
INTG0333
INTG0334
INTG0335
INTG0336
INTG0337
INTG0338
INTG0339
INTG0340
INTG0000
INTG0342
INTG0343
INTG0344
INTG0345
INTG0346
INTG0347
INTG0348
INTG0349
INTG0350
INTG0351
INTG0352
INTG0353
INTG0354
INTG0000

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712 WRITE (6,712)
   FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X,'TWO',3X,'FORECAST RUN',/,43X,'WORST CASE',
110X,'NO PRECIP',10X,'FORECAST',10X,'DIFF',8X,'%DIFF',/)
713 WRITE (6,713) (PEAKS(I),I=1,3),DIFFP,DIFFMP
   FORMAT(31X,'PEAK (CFS)',3X,F7.1,11X,F7.1,11X,F7.1,8X,F8.2,8X,F5.2,
1//)
714 WRITE(6,714) (PHRS(I),I=1,3),DIFFP,DIFFPP
   FORMAT(31X,'PEAK (HR)',6X,13,15X,13,15X,13,12X,13,10X,F5.2,/)
719 WRITE (6,719) (SUM(I),I=1,3),DIFFP,DIFFPP
   FORMAT(31X,'R/O (IN)',9X,F5.2,12X,F5.2,12X,F5.2,12X,F5.2,10X,F5.2,
1//)
721 WRITE(6,721) (APREC(I),I=1,3),DIFFP,DIFFPP
   FORMAT(31X,'PRECIP (IN)',2X,F7.3,11X,F7.3,11X,F7.3,8X,F8.3,8X,
1F5.2)
   WRITE (6,700) (TITLE(I),I=1,18)
723 WRITE(6,723) MSBDIC
   FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X,'THRE',3X,'FORECAST RUN',/,64X,A4,10X,
1'WORST CASE',10X,'NO PRECIP',10X,'FORECAST',/)
   DO 725 I=1,MAXI
725 WRITE(6,725) MPDAY(I), (EMIFS(I,K),K=1,3), (EMUZS(I,K),K=1,3),
1(EMLS(I,K),K=1,3), (EMGWS(I,K),K=1,3), (EMBNX(I,K),K=1,3),
2(EMSIAM(I,K),K=1,3), (EMUZC(I,K),K=1,3)
727 FORMAT(64X,12,2X,'IFS',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2),/,68X,'UZZ',11X,F5.2,
12(15X,F5.2),/,68X,'LZS',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2),/,68X,'GWS',11X,F5.2,
22(15X,F5.2),/,68X,'BNX',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2),/,68X,'SIAM',10X,
3F5.2,2(15X,F5.2),/,68X,'UZZ',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2),/)
725 CONTINUE
   GO TO 751
729 CONTINUE
   WRITE (6,731) MSBDIC
731 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X,'ONE',10X,'PAST RUN',/,64X,A4,10X,'OBSERVED'
1,10X,'SIMULATED',/)
   DO 85 I=1,MAXI
735 WRITE(6,735) MPDAY(I),TMPREC(I,1),TMPREC(I,1),TMQF(I,1),TMIF(I,1),
1TMBF(I,1),QOUT(I),STVROS(I,1)
   FORMAT(66X,12,'PRECIP',8X,F5.3,15X,F5.3,/,68X,'SUR R/O',27X,F5.3,
1/,68X,'INT FL',28X,F5.3,/,68X,'BASE FL',27X,F5.3,/,68X,'STM R/O',
27X,F7.1,10X,F7.1,/)
85 CONTINUE
   WRITE (6,700) (TITLE(I),I=1,18)
   WRITE (6,737)
737 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X,'TWO',10X,'PAST RUN',/,46X,'OBSERVED',2X,
1'SIMULATED',3X,'DIFF',3X,'% DIFF',/)
   WRITE (6,739) QMAX,PEAKS(1),DIFFS,DIFFMP
739 FORMAT(11X,'PEAK (CFS)',23X,2(F7.1,3X),F8.2,1X,F5.1,/)
   WRITE(6,741) PHRO,PHRS(1),DIFFP,DIFFPP
741 FORMAT(11X,'PEAK (HR)',24X,13,9X,13,9X,13,2X,F5.1,/)
   WRITE (6,743) SUM(1),SUM(2),DIFFP,DIFFPP
743 FORMAT(11X,'R/O (IN)',27X,F5.2,5X,F5.2,6X,F5.2,1X,F5.1,/)
   WRITE (6,745) APREC(1),APREC(1)
745 FORMAT(11X,'PREPCIP IN',23X,F7.3,3X,F7.3)
   WRITE (6,700) (TITLE(I),I=1,18)
   WRITE (6,747) MSBDIC
747 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X,'THREE',2X,'PAST RUN',/,64X,A4,10X,'SIMULATE
1D')
   DO 87 I=1,MAXI
749 WRITE(6,749) MPDAY(I),EMIFS(I,1),EMUZS(I,1),EMLS(I,1),EMGWS(I,1),
1EMBNX(I,1),EMSIAM(I,1),EMUZC(I,1)
   FORMAT(66X,12,2X,'IFS',10X,F5.2,/,70X,'UZZ',10X,F5.2,/,70X,
1'LZS',10X,F5.2,/,70X,'GWS',10X,F5.2,/,70X,'BNX',10X,F5.2,/,
270X,'SIAM',10X,F5.2,/,70X,'UZZ',10X,F5.2,/)
87 CONTINUE
751 CONTINUE
777 CONTINUE
   RETURN
C 603 FORMAT('OPOINT NUMBER',15,' IS OUTSIDE PLOT LIMITS')
112 L=K-1
   GO TO 113
   END
   SUBROUTINE INTEG(IFLAG,DT,Q,SUM,NQ)
C
   DIMENSION Q(1)
   SUM= 0.0
   IF(IFLAG,EQ.2) GO TO 80
   LU= NQ-1
   DO 40 I=2,LU
40 SUM= SUM+2.*Q(I)
   SUM=(SUM+Q(1)+Q(NQ))*DT*.5
   RETURN
C
80 LU= NQ-3
   DO 100 I=2,LU,2
100 SUM= SUM+4.*Q(I)+2.*Q(I+1)
   SUM= DT/3.*(Q(1)+SUM+4.*Q(NQ-1)+Q(NQ))
   RETURN
   END
   FUNCTION TABLE(X,Y,N,VALX)
   DIMENSION X(1),Y(1)

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C      SUBROUTINE TO PERFORM A TABLE LOOKUP AND LINEAR INTERPOLATION
C
C      YINT(X1,X2,Y1,Y2) = (Y1-Y2)*(VALX-X2)/(X1-X2) + Y2
C
C      TEST FOR VALX OUTSIDE RANGE OF X TABLE
C      IF(VALX.GT.X(1)) GO TO 10
C      I = 2
C      GO TO 100
10     CONTINUE
C      IF(VALX.LT.X(N)) GO TO 20
C      I = N
C      GO TO 100
C
C      VALX WITHIN RANGE OF X TABLE
C
C      20 CONTINUE
C      J = N/2
C      I = 1
C      IF(VALX.GT.X(J)) I=J
C      CONTINUE
C      30 IF(VALX.LT.X(I)) GO TO 100
C      I = I+1
C      GO TO 30
C
C      FIND INTERPOLATED VALUE
C
C      100 CONTINUE
C      TABLE = YINT(X(I-1),X(I),Y(I-1),Y(I))
C      RETURN
C      END

```

```

INTG0444
INTG0445
INTG0446
INTG0447
INTG0448
INTG0449
INTG0450
INTG0451
INTG0452
INTG0453
INTG0454
INTG0455
INTG0456
INTG0457
INTG0458
INTG0459
INTG0460
INTG0461
INTG0462
INTG0463
INTG0464
INTG0465
INTG0466
INTG0467
INTG0468
INTG0469
INTG0470
INTG0471
INTG0472

```



```

H016  TITLE ' '
*H016CG START
*      WRITTEN BY C G HOOKS      IBM HUNTSVILLE
*      CALL PL360 (N, A, X, XMIN, XMAX, XLABEL,
*      Y, YMIN, YMAX, YLABEL, HEAD, NSYM)
*
*      PL360 PLOTS N POINTS USING THE COORDI-
*      NATES FROM ARRAYS X AND Y. THE
*      SCALES ARE SET USING THE MAXIMUM AND
*      MINIMUM VALUES XMIN, XMAX, YMIN,
*      YMAX. THE GRAPH IS LABELED AT THE TOP
*      WITH 18 WORDS FROM HEAD, WITH 13
*      WORDS FROM YLABEL ON THE LEFT, AND
*      18 WORDS FROM XLABEL AT THE BOTTOM.
*      ARRAY A IS SUPPLIED FROM THE MAIN
*      PROGRAM FOR TEMPORARY STORAGE. ARRAY
*      MUST HAVE A LENGTH OF AT LEAST 1540
*      FULL WORDS. NSYM IS THE DECIMAL
*      EQUIVALENT OF THE PLOT CHARACTER.
*      THE GRAPH WILL BE PLOTTED IF NSYM IS
*      POSITIVE. IF NSYM IS NEGATIVE THE
*      POINTS WILL BE STORED BUT NOT PLOTTED
*
*      EXTRN PR360
*      ENTRY PL360
*      USING *,15
*      BC 15,GO
*      DC X'06'
*      DC CL5'PL360'
*      GO STM 14,12,12(13)
*      LR 0,1
*      DS OH
*      CNOP 4,8
*      BAL 1,*,+76
*      DS CL72
*      XC 0(72,1),0(11)
*      ST 1,8(13)
*      ST 13,4(11)
*      LR 13,1
*      BEGIN BALR 9,0
*      USING *,9
*      LR 1,0
*      MVC N(48),0(11)
*      L 10,A
*      ST 10,AARRAY
*      L 11,NSYM
*      L 3,0(0,11)
*      LPR 3,3
*
*      SR 0,0
*      ST 0,IXLOG
*      ST 0,IYLOG
*      C 3,C1000
*      BC 4,POS
*      C 3,C2000
*      BC 2,T3000
*      S 3,C1000
*      MVC IXLOG(4),ONE
*      BC 15,POS
*      C 3,C3000
*      BC 2,T4000
*      S 3,C2000
*      MVC IYLOG(4),ONE
*      BC 15,POS
*      C 3,C3000
*      MVC IXLOG(4),ONE
*      MVC IYLOG(4),ONE
*      POS RCR 0,0
*      L 11,HEAD
*      MVC 20(72,10),0(11)
*      L 11,XLABEL
*      L 10,XLAB
*      MVC 0(72,10),0(11)
*      L 10,A
*      L 11,YLABEL
*      L 4,CTLY
*      LOOPY IC 0,0(0,11)
*      STC 0,226(0,10)
*      A 11,ONE
*      A 10,ONEHUN
*      BCT 4,LOOPY
*      L 10,A
*      L 11,XMAX
*      L 7,XMIN
*      L 12,YMAX
*      L 8,YMIN

```

```

STORE ADDRESSES OF ARGUMENTS
LOAD R10 ADDRESS OF ARRAY
STORE ADDRESS OF ARRAY FOR PRINTING
LOAD R3 WITH NSYM
TEST FOR MODE OF PLOT

```

MODE = 1 X-LINEAR Y-LINEAR

MODE = 2 X-LOG Y-LINEAR

MODE = 3 X-LINEAR Y-LOG

MODE = 4 X-LOG Y-LOG

```

R11 ADDRESS OF HEADNG
STORE HEADING RIGHT ADJUSTED 20
R11 ADDRESS OF XLABEL
ADJUST ADDRESS OF ARRAY
STORE XLABEL 72 CHARACTERS
RESTORE ADDRESS OF ARRAY
R11 ADDRESS OF YLABEL

```

```

STORE CHARACTER 226 = 2 X 112 + 2
INCREMENT
INCREMENT
BRANCH UN NOT FINISHED
RESTORE ADDRESS OF ARRAY
XMAX ADDRESS
XMIN ADDRESS
YMAX ADDRESS
YMIN ADDRESS

```

```

01600001
01600002
01600003
01600004
01600005
01600006
01600007
01600008
01600009
01600010
01600011
01600012
01600013
01600014
01600015
01600016
01600017
01600018
01600019
01600020
01600021
01600022
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01600081
01600082
01600083
01600084
01600085
01600086
01600087
01600088

```

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```

*TYMODE CLC      IYLOG(4),ONE
          BC      7,YLINSCL
          LA      1,YMAX
          L        15,ALG10
          BALR    14,15
          BC      0,2
          LER     6,0
          LA      1,YMIN
          L        15,ALG10
          BALR    14,15
          BC      0,4
          STE     0,LYMIN
          SER     6,0
          LE      4,CTY
          DER     4,6
          STE     4,TEMPY
          LE      0,0(12)
          DE      0,0(8)
          STE     0,ROOT
          LA      1,AROOT
          L        15,AFRXP
          BALR    14,15
          BC      0,6
          STE     0,YROOT5
          LE      4,0(12)
          L        2,SIXFX

```

```

*YLSCLE STE     4,228(10)
          DER     4,0
          A        10,CT1120
          BCT     2,YLSCLE
          BC      15,TXMODE
YLINSC  LE      0,0(0,12)
          SE      0,0(0,8)
          LE      4,CTY
          DER     4,0
          STE     4,TEMPY
          LE      4,FIVE
          DER     0,4
          LE      4,0(0,12)
          L        2,SIXFX
YSCALE  STE     4,228(0,10)
          SER     4,0
          A        10,CT1120
          BCT     2,YSCALE

```

```

*TXMODE CLC      IXLOG(4),ONE
          BC      7,XLINSC
          LA      1,XMAX
          L        15,ALG10
          BALR    14,15
          BC      0,8
          LER     6,0
          LA      1,XMIN
          L        15,ALG10
          BALR    14,15
          BC      0,10
          STE     0,LXMIN
          SER     6,0
          LE      4,CTX
          DER     4,6
          STE     4,TEMPX
          LE      0,0(11)
          DE      0,0(7)
          STE     0,ROOT
          LA      1,AROOT
          L        15,AFRXP
          BALR    14,15
          BC      0,12
          STE     0,XROOT5
          LE      4,0(7)
          L        10,A
          A        10,XSCAL
          L        2,SIXFX

```

```

*XLSCLE STE     4,0(10)
          MER     4,0
          A        10,FOUR
          BCT     2,XLSCLE
          BC      15,STOPTS
XLINSC  LE      0,0(0,11)
          SE      0,0(0,7)
          LE      4,CTX
          DER     4,0
          STE     4,TEMPX
          LE      10,A
          A        10,XSCAL
          L        2,SIXFX

```

TEST FOR LOG SCALE Y

SET UP LOG SCALE Y
LOG YMAX

ISN

LOG YMIN

ISN

CALCULATE Y SCALE LOG

FIFTH ROOT OF YMAX/YMIN

ISN

YMAX

STORE Y SCALE LOG
/ FIFTH ROOT

CONSTANT FOR Y CALCULATION

CALCULATE AND STORE Y SCALE

$$227 = 2 \times 112 + 4$$

TEST FOR LOG SCALE X

SET UP LOG SCALE X
LOG XMAX

ISN

LOG XMIN

ISN

CALCULATE X SCALE LOG

FIFTH ROOT OF XMAX/XMIN

ISN

XMIN

* FIFTH ROOT

CONSTANT FOR X CALCULATION

CALCULATE AND STORE X SCALE

```

01600089
01600090
01600091
01600092
01600093
01600094
01600095
01600096
01600097
01600098
01600099
01600100
01600101
01600102
01600103
01600104
01600105
01600106
01600107
01600108
01600109
01600110
01600111
01600112
01600113
01600114
01600115
01600116
01600117
01600118
01600119
01600120
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01600166
01600167
01600168
01600169
01600170
01600171
01600172
01600173
01600174
01600175
01600176
01600177

```

```

      LE 4,FIVE
      DER 0,4
      LE 4,0(0,7)
XSCALE STE 4,0(0,10)
      AER 4,0
      A 10,FOUR
      BCT 2,XSCALE
*
*STOPTS L 14,N
      L 4,0(0,14)
      L 5,X
      L 6,Y
      SDR 2,2
      SDR 0,0
      L 10,A
LOOPXY LE 6,0(0,6)
      CE 6,0(0,12)
      BCE 2,ERROR
      BCE 6,0(0,8)
      BCE 4,ERROR
      LTR 6,6
      BC 8,YLIN
*
      CLC 1YLOG(4),ONE
      BCE 7,YLIN
      AE 6,0(0,8)
      STE 6,DDY
      LA 1,ADDY
      L 15,ALG10
      BALR 14,15
      BCE 0,14
      LER 6,0
      SE 6,LYMIN
YLIN ME 6,TEMPY
      AE 6,PT5
      AH 6,FZERO
      AD 6,FZERO
      ME 6,E112
      CE 2,0(0,5)
      BCE 2,0(0,11)
      BCE 2,ERROR
      SE 2,0(0,7)
      BCE 4,ERROR
      LTR 2,2
      BC 8,XLIN
*
      CLC 1XLOG(4),ONE
      BCE 7,XLIN
      AE 2,0(0,7)
      STE 2,DDX
      LA 1,ADDX
      L 15,ALG10
      BALR 14,15
      BCE 0,16
      LER 2,0
      SE 2,LXMIN
XLIN ME 2,TEMPX
      LE 4,CTLOW
      AE 2,PT5
      SER 4,6
      AER 2,4
      AH 2,FZERO
      STD 2,TEMPW
      L 14,TEMPW+4
      STC 3,232(14,15)
      A 5,FOUR
      A 6,FOUR
      BCT 4,LOOPXY
      MVI 0(10),X'F1'
*
*
      WRITE OUT GRAPH
      L 11,NSYM
      L 3,0(0,11)
      LTR 3,3
      BCE 2,PRT
NOPRT BCR 0,0
      DS 0H
      L 13,4(13)
      RETURN (14,12),T,RC=0
PRT LA 1,AARRAY
      L 15,APR360
      BALR 14,15
      BCE 0,18
      BC 15,NUPRT
      L 14,N
      L 0,0(0,14)
      SR 0,4
      A 0,ONE
      LNR 0,0

```

```

R14 ADDRESS OF NCHAR
STORE NCHAR IN R4
R5 ADDRESS OF X
R6 ADDRESS OF Y
R2 = 0
R0 = 0

```

CALCULATE POSITION FOR NCHAR

LOG Y

ISN

LOG X

ISN

```

238 = 2 X 112 + 8
INCREMENT X ADDRESS
INCREMENT Y ADDRESS

```

TRANSFER TO PR360 ROUTINE
ISN

```

01600178
01600179
01600180
01600181
01600182
01600183
01600184
01600185
01600186
01600187
01600188
01600189
01600190
01600191
01600192
01600193
01600194
01600195
01600196
01600197
01600198
01600199
01600200
01600201
01600202
01600203
01600204
01600205
01600206
01600207
01600208
01600209
01600210
01600211
01600212
01600213
01600214
01600215
01600216
01600217
01600218
01600219
01600220
01600221
01600222
01600223
01600224
01600225
01600226
01600227
01600228
01600229
01600230
01600231
01600232
01600233
01600234
01600235
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01600248
01600249
01600250
01600251
01600252
01600253
01600254
01600255
01600256
01600257
01600258
01600259
01600260
01600261
01600262
01600263
01600264
01600265
01600266

```

```

ST      0,0(0,14)
AC      15,NUPRT
DS      F
APR360  A(PR360)
DC      F'5956'
XLAB    DC      F'1'
ONE     DC      F'112'
ONEHUN  DC      E'50'
CTY     DC      E'5'
PT5     DC      E'112'
E112    DC      F'100'
CTX     DC      F'50'
CTLY    DC      F'4'
FOURX   DC      F
TEMPX   DS      F
TEMPY   DS      D
TEMPH   DS      X'4E00000000000000'
FZERO   DC      E'5'
FIVE    DC      E'6'
SIXFX   DC      F'1120'
CT1120  DC      F'6056'
XSCAL   DC      E'5600'
CTLOW   DC      F'1000'
C1000   DC      F'2000'
C2000   DC      F'3000'
C3000   DC      F
IXLOG   DS      F
IYLOG   DS      F
LXMIN   DS      F
LYMIN   DS      F
AFRXPX  DC      V(FRXPX)
ALG10   DC      V(ALG10)
N        DS      F
A        DS      F
X        DS      F
XMIN    DS      F
XMAX    DS      F
XLABEL  DS      F
Y        DS      F
YMIN    DS      F
YMAX    DS      F
YLABEL  DS      F
HEAD    DS      F
NSYM    DS      F
RGOT    DS      F
AROOT   DC      A(ROOT)
DC      X'80'
DC      AL3(FIFTH)
FIFTH   DC      E'.2'
XRROOT5 DS      F
DDX     DS      F
ADDX    DC      X'80'
DC      AL3(DDX)
YRROOT5 DS      F
DDY     DS      F
ADDY    DC      X'80'
DC      AL3(DDY)
END

```

$$6056 = 112 \times 54 + 8$$

$$5600 = 112 \times 50$$

ADDRESSES OF ARGUMENTS

NUMBER TO TAKE FIFTH ROOT OF

```

01600267
01600268
01600269
01600270
01600271
01600272
01600273
01600274
01600275
01600276
01600277
01600278
01600279
01600280
01600281
01600282
01600283
01600284
01600285
01600286
01600287
01600288
01600289
01600290
01600291
01600292
01600293
01600294
01600295
01600296
01600297
01600298
01600299
01600300
01600301
01600302
01600303
01600304
01600305
01600306
01600307
01600308
01600309
01600310
01600311
01600312
01600313
01600314
01600315
01600316
01600317
01600318
01600319
01600320
01600321
01600322
01600323

```

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```

      BY = YLL - AY*YMIN
      XINC = (XMAX/XMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NXD)-1.0))
      YINC = (YMAX/YMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NYD)-1.0))
      GO TO 60
C
C
      MODE = 3      X-LINEAR Y-LOG
C
C
40  CONTINUE
      IF(YMIN .LE. 0.0) GO TO 100
      LGYMAX = ALOG10(YMAX)
      LGYMIN = ALOG10(YMIN)
      LOGYSW = .TRUE.
      AX = XSIZE/(XMAX-XMIN)
      BX = XLL - AX*XMIN
      AY = YSIZE/(LGYMAX-LGYMIN)
      RY = YLL - AY*LGYMIN
      XINC = (XMAX-XMIN)/(FLOAT(NXD)-1.0)
      YINC = (YMAX/YMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NYD)-1.0))
      GO TO 60
C
C
      MODE = 4      X-LOG      Y-LOG
C
C
50  CONTINUE
      IF(XMIN .LE. 0.0) GO TO 100
      IF(YMIN .LE. 0.0) GO TO 100
      LGXMIN = ALOG10(XMIN)
      LGXMAX = ALOG10(XMAX)
      LGYMAX = ALOG10(YMAX)
      LGYMIN = ALOG10(YMIN)
      LOGXSW = .TRUE.
      LOGYSW = .TRUE.
      AX = XSIZE/(LGXMAX-LGXMIN)
      BX = XLL - AX*LGXMIN
      AY = YSIZE/(LGYMAX-LGYMIN)
      BY = YLL - AY*LGYMIN
      XINC = (XMAX/XMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NXD)-1.0))
      YINC = (YMAX/YMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NYD)-1.0))
C
60  CONTINUE
      XDVAL(1) = XMIN
      YDVAL(1) = YMIN
      DO 72 I=2,NXD
        IF(.NOT.LOGXSW) GO TO 70
        XDVAL(I) = XDVAL(I-1)*XINC
      GO TO 72
      70  XDVAL(I) = XDVAL(I-1) + XINC
      72  CONTINUE
      DO 82 I=2,NYD
        IF(.NOT.LOGYSW) GO TO 80
        YDVAL(I) = YDVAL(I-1)*YINC
      GO TO 82
      80  YDVAL(I) = YDVAL(I-1) + YINC
      82  CONTINUE
      IF(NP) 210,210,90
      90  CALL POINTS(X,Y,NP,NCHAR,IERR,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,PLTID)
      81  CALL LABELS(BCDX,BCDY,IDF,IERR)
C
      ENTER PLOT TITLE IN DICTIONARY
      CALL DICTRY(IDF)
      GO TO 205
C
100 CONTINUE
      CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,ERR2,48,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,YLL-10.*VSPB)
      WRITE(ROUT,1030)(ERR2(I),I=1,6)
103  NRGF=.TRUE.
      IERR=2
      GO TO 211
C
C
      CONTROL PASSES TO STMT 200 WHEN NPLT EQ 2
C
C
200 CONTINUE
      WRITE(ROUT,1010)NPLT,NCHAR,NP
      IF(NRGF) GO TO 230
      IF(NP .LE. 0) GO TO 210
      CALL POINTS(X,Y,NP,NCHAR,IERR,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,PLTID)
205 CONTINUE
      IF(GMODE) GO TO 230
      CALL EXEC(IGDSC)
      CALL ATTN
      GO TO 230
210 WRITE(ROUT,1030)(ERR1(I),I=1,6)
      IF(NPTF) GO TO 212
      NPTF=.TRUE.
      CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,ERR1,48,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,YLL-8.5*VSPB)
211 IF(ERRHD) CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,PLTID,14,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,YLL-5.5*VSPB)
      ERRHD=.FALSE.
212 GO TO(81,230),NPLT
230 CONTINUE
      IERR=1
      RETURN

```

PL420090
 PL420091
 PL420092
 PL420093
 PL420094
 PL420095
 PL420096
 PL420097
 PL420098
 PL420099
 PL420100
 PL420101
 PL420102
 PL420103
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 PL420105
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 PL420167
 PL420168
 PL420169
 PL420170
 PL420171
 PL420172
 PL420173
 PL420174
 PL420175
 PL420176
 PL420177
 PL420178

C
C
C

DUMMY ENTRY FOR TX4020

```

ENTRY TX4020(NPLOT,A,NCHAR,NLINE,NCOL,IER)
WRITE(NUOT,2000)
RETURN
1010 FORMAT(' PL4020: NPLOT=',I1,' NCHAR=',I2,' NP=',I6)
1020 FORMAT(' PL4020: PLOT=',I5,3X,9A8/10X,' NPLOT=',I1,' MODE=',
1      I1,' NCHAR=',I2,' NP=',I5,' XMIN=',E12.4,
2      ' XMAX=',E12.4,' YMIN=',E12.4,' YMAX=',E12.4)
1030 FORMAT(' ***',6A8)
2000 FORMAT(' *** TX4020 ENTRY NOT IMPLEMENTED')
END

```

PL420179
PL420180
PL420181
PL420182
PL420183
PL420184
PL420185
PL420186
PL420187
PL420188
PL420189
PL420190
PL420191


```

SUBROUTINE PLOTID(IDF)
COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,DAREA ,
1 NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTHOW ,YAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORK1 ,
2 IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IOSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
3 VSPB ,VSPL ,NJUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
4 XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XUVAL ,
5 YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,BX ,
6 AY ,BY ,YLPDS ,
7 LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
8 FC ,GMOE1 ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL

INTEGER*4 STAR(19)/19*''''''/
LOGICAL*1 GSPIN , DUM(2)
INTEGER*4 GSP1 ,UNITN ,DAREA ,NULLV(1)
REAL*8 IDF(9) ,WORK(36)
REAL*4 TBLCON(5) ,TABL ,E OF , CON , TENT , S
REAL*4 XTIC(6) ,YTIC(6) ,XDVAL(6) ,YDVAL(6) ,GLAB(16)
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD
LOGICAL*1 FA ,FB ,FC ,GMOE1
EQUIVALENCE (WORK(11) ,GLAB(1))
EQUIVALENCE (RWORK1 ,Y ,X ,XINC ,YINC)
GO TO 11111
WRITE(NOUT ,1000) (IDF(I) ,I=1,9)
C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC SERVICES
CALL INGSF(GSP1 ,NULLV)
C SPECIFY SUBROUTINE LINK/LOAD STATUS
CALL SPEC(GSP1 ,1,30,47,58,40)
CALL SPEC(GSP1 ,2,17,-19,53,-56)
C INITIALIZE THE 2250
CALL INDEV(GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250)
C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC DATA SETS
CALL INGDS(I2250 ,IGDSC ,DAREA)
CALL INGDS(I2250 ,IGDS5 ,128)
CALL INGDS(I2250 ,IGDS6 ,512)
C SET NO SCISSORING FOR ALL DATA SETS
CALL SSCIS(IGDSC ,3)
CALL SSCIS(IGDS5 ,3)
CALL SSCIS(IGDS6 ,3)
11111 CONTINUE
C COMPUTE X AND Y TIC MARK COORDINATES AND ADJUST GRID SIZE
C PARAMETERS FOR TRUNCATION ERRORS
XINC = (XUR - XLL)/(FLOAT(NXD)-1.0)
XTIC(1) = XLL
DO 10 I=2,NXD
10 XTIC(I) = XTIC(I-1) + XINC
XUR = XTIC(NXD)
XSIZE = XUR - XLL
YSIZE = 0.7*XSIZE
YLL = YUR - YSIZE
YINC = YSIZE/(FLOAT(NYD)-1.0)
YTIC(1) = YLL
DO 20 I=2,NYD
20 YTIC(I) = YTIC(I-1) + YINC
YUR = YTIC(NYD)
YSIZE = YUR - YLL
C CREATE TEXT ELEMENTS FOR LIGHT PEN OPTION SELECTION IN IGDS5.
X = (RU - 21.*HSPB) - 1.0
CALL STPOS(IGDS5 ,X ,4.5*VSPB)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS5 ,GLAB(20) ,NULLV ,IKEY1 ,2)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS5 ,GLAB(6) ,20 ,NULLV ,IKEY3 ,2 ,X ,1.5*VSPB)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS5 ,GLAB(11) ,12 ,NULLV ,IKEY2 ,2 ,X ,3.*VSPB)
CALL EXEC(IGDS5)
CALL INCL(IGDS5)
C CREATE DICTIONARY STATIC ELEMENTS IN IGDS6
CALL SCHAM(IGDS6 ,2)
CALL STPOS(IGDS6 ,1375. ,4095.)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS6 ,TBLCON(1) ,17 , -1 ,NULLV ,2)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS6 ,GLAB(11) ,12 , -2 ,NULLV ,2 ,3000. ,0.)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS6 ,GLAB(14) ,12 , -3 ,NULLV ,2 ,3000. ,1.5*VSPL)
CALL EXEC(IGDS6)
C CREATE ATTENTION LEVEL FOR 2250
CALL CRTL(I2250 ,IATN)
C DESIGNATE THAT BOTH CHARACTER CODE AND COORDINATES OF CHARACTER
C DETECTED BY THE LIGHT PEN ARE TO BE RETURNED BY RQATN SUBROUTINE
CALL MLPEO(IATN ,2 ,4 ,1)
C SET L.P. ATTENTIONS AND LIGHT F.K. 0
CALL SLPAT(IGDS5 ,1)
CALL SLPAT(IGDS6 ,1)
CALL MLITS(I2250 ,3)
C GENERATE ID FRAME IN IGDSC
CALL STPOS(IGDSC ,0. ,2290.)
CALL PTEXT(IGDSC ,STAR ,74 ,NULLV ,NULLV)
CALL PTEXT(IGDSC ,STAR ,74 ,NULLV ,NULLV ,1 ,0.0 ,1810.)
CALL PTEXT(IGDSC ,IDF ,72 ,NULLV ,NULLV ,1 ,56. ,2050.)
C CREATE VERTICAL BOX OUTLINE ELEMENTS
Y=1810.
DO 1 I=1,5
Y=Y+80.
CALL PTEXT(IGDSC ,STAR ,1 ,NULLV ,NULLV ,1 ,0.0 ,Y)

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PLID0001
PLID0002
PLID0003
PLID0004
PLID0005
PLID0006
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PLID0011
PLID0012
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PLID0014
PLID0015
PLID0016
PLID0017
PLID0018
PLID0019
PLID0020
PLID0021
PLID0022
PLID0023
PLID0024
PLID0025
PLID0026
PLID0027
PLID0028
PLID0029
PLID0030
PLID0031
PLID0032
PLID0033
PLID0034
PLID0035
PLID0036
PLID0037
PLID0038
PLID0039
PLID0040
PLID0041
PLID0042
PLID0043
PLID0044
PLID0045
PLID0046
PLID0047
PLID0048
PLID0049
PLID0050
PLID0051
PLID0052
PLID0053
PLID0054
PLID0055
PLID0056
PLID0057
PLID0058
PLID0059
PLID0060
PLID0061
PLID0062
PLID0063
PLID0064
PLID0065
PLID0066
PLID0067
PLID0068
PLID0069
PLID0070
PLID0071
PLID0072
PLID0073
PLID0074
PLID0075
PLID0076
PLID0077
PLID0078
PLID0079
PLID0080
PLID0081
PLID0082
PLID0083
PLID0084
PLID0085
PLID0086
PLID0087
PLID0088

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1 CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,STAR,1,NULLV,NULLV,1,4088.,Y)
C PLACE ID FRAME TITLE IN PLOT DICTIONARY
CALL DICTRY(IDF)
1000 FORMAT('1',T24,'<<< ',9A8,' >>>')
RETURN
END

PLID0089
PLID0090
PLID0091
PLID0092
PLID0093
PLID0094


```

SUBROUTINE PLTEND(IDUM)
COMMON/GSPD/WORK,GSPI,UNITN,12250,IATN,AREA,
1  NULLV,IGDSC,IPNOW,MAXPT,IP,ISY4,RWORK1,
2  IGDS4,IGDS5,IGDS6,IGSP,RU,HSPB,HSP,
3  VSPB,VSP,NDUT,NXU,NYU,XSIZE,YSIZE,
4  XLL,YLL,XUR,YUR,XTIC,YTIC,XDVAL,
5  YDVAL,IKEY1,IKEY2,IKEY3,IKEY4,AX,BX,
6  AY,BY,YLPOS,
7  LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD,FA,FB,
8  FC,GMODEL,GSPIN,DUM,IREFCAL,IFLAG
LOGICAL*1 GSPIN,DUM(2)
REAL*8 END(1)/END,WORK(36)
INTEGER*4 GSPI,UNITN,NULLV(1),AREA
LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODEL
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD
REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)
IREFCAL = 1
CALL SHIFT1
CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,END,4,NULLV,NULLV,1,1879.,2047.)
CALL EXEC(IGDSC)
IFLAG=0
YLPOS=3796.0
CALL TMDEV(12250)
CALL TMGSP(GSPI)
100 FORMAT(' ***END OF GRAPHIC PORTION')
RETURN
END

```

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PEND0001
PEND0002
PEND0003
PEND0004
PEND0005
PEND0006
PEND0007
PEND0008
PEND0009
PEND0010
PEND0011
PEND0012
PEND0013
PEND0014
PEND0015
PEND0016
PEND0017
PEND0018
PEND0019
PEND0020
PEND0021
PEND0022
PEND0023
PEND0024
PEND0025
PEND0026
PEND0027

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	SUBROUTINE POINTS(X,Y,NP,NCHAR,IERR,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,PLTID)	PNTS0001
	COMMON/GSPD/WORK,GSP1,UNITN,I2253,IATN,DARFA,	PNTS0002
1	NULLV,IGDSC,IPTNOW,MAXPT,IPT,ISYM,RWORK1,	PNTS0003
2	IGDS4,IGDS5,IGDS6,IOSP,RU,HSPR,HSPR,	PNTS0004
3	VSPB,VSPB,NOUT,NXD,NY7,XSIZE,YSIZE,	PNTS0005
4	XLL,YLL,XUR,YUR,XTIC,YTIC,XDVAL,	PNTS0006
5	YDVAL,IKEY1,IKEY2,IKEY3,IKEY4,AX,BX,	PNTS0007
6	AY,BY,YLPOS,	PNTS0008
7	LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD,FA,FB,	PNTS0009
8	FC,GMODE1,GSPIN,DUM,IREFCAL	PNTS0010
	LOGICAL*1 GSPIN,DUM(2)	PNTS0011
	REAL*8 ERR3(6),OFF SCAL,'E POINTS',ENCOUNT,'ERED',	PNTS0012
1	2*' /,WRK(36),PLTID(2)	PNTS0013
	LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODE1	PNTS0014
	LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,OFSC,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD	PNTS0015
	INTEGER*4 UNITN,DARFA, NULLV(1),GSP1	PNTS0016
	REAL*4 XPOS(36),YPOS(36),XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)	PNTS0017
	LOGICAL*1 OFF	PNTS0018
	DIMENSION X(NP),Y(NP)	PNTS0019
	ISAVE=NP	PNTS0020
	OFSC=.FALSE.	PNTS0021
	IF(FA)GO TO 102	PNTS0022
	IPTNOW=IPTNOW+NP	PNTS0023
	IF(IPTNOW-MAXPT)1,1,7	PNTS0024
7	CONTINUE	PNTS0025
	NP=NP-(IPTNOW-MAXPT)	PNTS0026
	FA=.TRUE.	PNTS0027
	WRITE(NOUT,2000)MAXPT	PNTS0028
	IF(NP)102,102,1	PNTS0029
C	DETERMINE PLOT SYMBOL TO BE USED. A VALUE OF 0 IS RETURNED	PNTS0030
C	IF THE SELECTED PLOT SYMBOL IS 'POINTS' OR A NON-DISPLAYABLE	PNTS0031
C	SYMBOL. IN THE LATTER CASE 'POINTS' IS THE DEFAULT.	PNTS0032
1	CONTINUE	PNTS0033
	CALL PLCTSM(NCHAR,ISYM)	PNTS0034
	IF(ISYM.EQ.0)GO TO 5	PNTS0035
	ASSIGN 2 TO M	PNTS0036
	DO 3 K=1,NP	PNTS0037
	OFF=.FALSE.	PNTS0038
	IF(.LOGXSW)XPOS(1)=AX*ALOG10(X(K)) + BX	PNTS0039
	IF(.NOT.LOGXSW)XPOS(1)=AX*X(K) + BX	PNTS0040
	IF(.LOGYSW)YPOS(1)=AY*ALOG10(Y(K)) + BY	PNTS0041
	IF(.NOT.LOGYSW)YPOS(1)=AY*Y(K) + BY	PNTS0042
	GO TO 75	PNTS0043
2	CONTINUE	PNTS0044
	IF(OFF)GO TO 3	PNTS0045
	CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,ISYM,1,NULLV,NULLV,1,XPOS(1),YPOS(1))	PNTS0046
3	CONTINUE	PNTS0047
	GO TO 100	PNTS0048
5	CONTINUE	PNTS0049
	ASSIGN 80 TO M	PNTS0050
	J1=1	PNTS0051
	NL=1	PNTS0052
	IF(NP-IPT)10,10,20	PNTS0053
10	J2=NP	PNTS0054
	GO TO 70	PNTS0055
20	N=2	PNTS0056
	J2=IPT	PNTS0057
	GO TO 70	PNTS0058
40	NL=NL-IPT	PNTS0059
	J1=J2+1	PNTS0060
	IF(NL-IPT)60,50,65	PNTS0061
50	N=1	PNTS0062
	GO TO 65	PNTS0063
60	J2=NP	PNTS0064
	N=1	PNTS0065
	GO TO 70	PNTS0066
65	J2=J2+IPT	PNTS0067
70	K=J1-1	PNTS0068
	L=J2-J1+1	PNTS0069
	DO 80 I=1,L	PNTS0070
	K=K+1	PNTS0071
	IF(.LOGXSW)XPOS(I)=AX*ALOG10(X(K)) + BX	PNTS0072
	IF(.NOT.LOGXSW)XPOS(I)=AX*X(K) + BX	PNTS0073
	IF(.LOGYSW)YPOS(I)=AY*ALOG10(Y(K)) + BY	PNTS0074
	IF(.NOT.LOGYSW)YPOS(I)=AY*Y(K) + BY	PNTS0075
75	CONTINUE	PNTS0076
	IF(X(K).LT.XMIN.OR.X(K).GT.XMAX)GO TO 78	PNTS0077
	IF(Y(K).GE.YMIN.AND.Y(K).LE.YMAX)GO TO 72	PNTS0078
78	CONTINUE	PNTS0079
	OFF=.TRUE.	PNTS0080
	IF(OFSC)GO TO 79	PNTS0081
	OFSC=.TRUE.	PNTS0082
	CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,ERR3,48,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,YLL-7.0*VSPR)	PNTS0083
	IF(ERRHD)CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,PLTID,14,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,YLL-5.5*VSPR)	PNTS0084
	ERRHD=.FALSE.	PNTS0085
79	WRITE(NOUT,1000)X(K),Y(K)	PNTS0086
72	GO TO M,(2,80)	PNTS0087
80	CONTINUE	PNTS0088
		PNTS0089

```

90 CALL PPNT(IGDSC,XPOS,YPOS,NULLV,NULLV,1,L,1,1)
GO TO(100,40),N
100 CONTINUE
C CREATE ZERO POSITION LINES IF ON GRAPH
C X(0)=BX AND Y(0)=BY FOR LINEAR GRAPHS
IF(LOGXSW)GO TO 101
IF(BX.LE.XLL.OR.BX.GE.XUR)GO TO 101
CALL STPOS(IGDSC,BX,YLL)
CALL PLINE(IGDSC,BX,YUR)
101 IF(LOGYSW)GO TO 102
IF(BY.LE.YLL.OR.BY.GE.YUR)GO TO 102
CALL STPOS(IGDSC,XLL,BY)
CALL PLINE(IGDSC,XUR,BY)
102 CONTINUE
NP=ISAVE
RETURN
1000 FORMAT(' ***OFF-SCALE POINT X = ',E12.5,'Y = ',E12.5)
2000 FORMAT(' ***MAX NUMBER POINTS - ',I4,' - EXCEEDED.')
END

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PNTS0090
PNTS0091
PNTS0092
PNTS0093
PNTS0094
PNTS0095
PNTS0096
PNTS0097
PNTS0098
PNTS0099
PNTS0100
PNTS0101
PNTS0102
PNTS0103
PNTS0104
PNTS0105
PNTS0106
PNTS0107
PNTS0108

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SUBROUTINE PRECHK(DRGPM,DRHP,DRSF,VWIN,SGRT,NATRH)
C CHECKS PRECIPITATION-STREAMFLOW ANOMALIES AND ADJUSTS PRECIPITATION
C WHERE NECESSARY
DIMENSION DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),DRSF(366)
INTEGER DAY,HOUR,SGRT
AHP = 0.0
NRHA = 24 - NATRH
RGPM = DRGPM(90)
DAY = 90
RMWR = 1.25
100 DAY = DAY + 1
IF(CAY.GT. 200 .OR. VWIN.GT. 750.0) RMWR = 2.00
RFRISE = (DRSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY-1))/VWIN
DO 101 HOUR = 1,24
IF(HOUR.EQ. SGRT+1) RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)
AHP = AHP + DRHP(DAY,HOUR)*RGPM
IF(HOUR.NE. NRHA) GO TO 101
RWRAIN = AHP
AHP = 0.0
101 CONTINUE
IF(RFRISE.GT. RWRAIN .AND. RFRISE.GT. 0.1) GO TO 102
IF((RWRAIN.GT. RMWR .AND. RFRISE.LT. 0.02*RWRAIN) .OR. (RWRAIN
1 .GT. 2.00 .AND. RFRISE.LT. 0.05*RWRAIN)) GO TO 104
GO TO 108
102 IF(RWRAIN.GT. 0.05) GO TO 103
RAA = RFRISE*2.0 - RWRAIN + 1.0
DRHP(DAY,13) = RAA
WRITE(6,1) DAY, RAA
1 FORMAT(10X,'FOR DAY',14,1X,'RAIN ADDED OF',F7.2)
GO TO 108
103 RAM = 2.0*RFRISE/RWRAIN
GO TO 105
104 RAM = 10.0*RFRISE/RWRAIN
105 IF(RAM.LT. 0.0) GO TO 108
WRITE(6,2) DAY, RAM, RWRAIN
2 FORMAT(15X,'FOR DAY',14,1X,'RAIN ADJUSTMENT MULTIPLIER IS',F8.4,
1 1X,'RECORDED RAIN IS',F7.2)
DO 106 HOUR = 1,NRHA
106 DRHP(DAY,HOUR) = DRHP(DAY,HOUR)*RAM
IF(NATRH.EQ. 0) GO TO 108
NFRHA = NRHA + 1
DO 107 HOUR = NFRHA,24
107 DRHP(DAY-1,HOUR) = DRHP(DAY-1,HOUR)*RAM.
108 IF(DAY.NE. 273) GO TO 100
RETURN
END

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PRCK0001
PRCK0002
PRCK0003
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PRCK0036
PRCK0037
PRCK0038
PRCK0039
PRCK0040
PRCK0041
PRCK0042
PRCK0043
PRCK0044
PRCK0045
PRCK0046

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SUBROUTINE PREPRD(RGPM,DRHP,DAY,HOUR,DPY,PRD,PEP,PRH)
C DIVIDES HOURLY PRECIPITATION TOTALS AMONG PERIODS FOR SMALL BASINS
DIMENSION DRHP(366,24), PE4P(4)
INTEGER DAY,DPY,HOUR,PRD
PEP = 0.0
IF(PRH.EQ.0.0) RETURN
IF(PRD.EQ.1) GO TO 100
PEP = PE4P(PRD)
RETURN
100 LHOURL = HOUR - 1
LDAY = DAY
IF(LHOURL.GE.1) GO TO 101
LHOURL = 24
LDAY = DAY - 1
IF(LDAY.EQ.0) LDAY = 365
IF(LDAY.EQ.365) LDAY = 59
IF(LDAY.EQ.59.AND.DPY.EQ.366) LDAY = 366
101 PRLH = RGPM*DRHP(LDAY,LHOURL)
NHOURL = HOUR + 1
NDAY = DAY
IF(NHOURL.LE.24) GO TO 102
NHOURL = 1
CALL DAYNXT(NDAY,DPY)
102 PRNH = RGPM*DRHP(NDAY,NHOURL)
IF(PRH.GT.PRLH.AND.PRH.GT.PRNH) GO TO 103
GO TO 104
103 PE4P(1) = 0.10
PE4P(2) = 0.28
PE4P(3) = 0.46
PE4P(4) = 0.16
GO TO 108
104 IF(PRH.LT.PRLH.AND.PRH.LT.PRNH) GO TO 105
GO TO 106
105 PE4P(1) = 0.28
PE4P(2) = 0.10
PE4P(3) = 0.16
PE4P(4) = 0.46
GO TO 108
106 IF(PRNH.GE.PRLH) GO TO 107
PE4P(1) = 0.46
PE4P(2) = 0.16
PE4P(3) = 0.28
PE4P(4) = 0.10
GO TO 108
107 PE4P(1) = 0.10
PE4P(2) = 0.28
PE4P(3) = 0.16
PE4P(4) = 0.46
GO TO 108
108 DO 109 KPRD = 1,4
109 PE4P(KPRD) = PE4P(KPRD)*PRH
PEP = PE4P(1)
RETURN
END

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PREP0001
PREP0002
PREP0003
PREP0004
PREP0005
PREP0006
PREP0007
PREP0008
PREP0009
PREP0010
PREP0011
PREP0012
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PREP0014
PREP0015
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PREP0050
PREP0051
PREP0052
PREP0053

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SUBROUTINE RTVARY(CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCTRI,EXQPV,	RTVY0001
1 LSHFT,IFCFS)	RTVY0002
DIMENSION AWSBIT(99),BTRI(99),CTRI(99),SATRI(99)	RTVY0003
LOGICAL LSHFT	RTVY0004
DO 100 KIA = 1,MXTRI	RTVY0005
SATRI(KIA) = 0.0	RTVY0006
100 AWSBIT(KIA) = 0.0	RTVY0007
LSHFT = .FALSE.	RTVY0008
FMXTRI = MXTRI	RTVY0009
FNBTRI = NBTRI	RTVY0010
FNPTRI = NCTRI	RTVY0011
TFX = IFCFS	RTVY0012
TFMRT = J.1*CHCAP	RTVY0013
IF(TFX .LT. TFMRT) TFX = TFMRT	RTVY0014
IF(FNPTRI .EQ. FMXTRI .AND. TFX .EQ. TFMRT) RETURN	RTVY0015
FNTRI = FNBTRI*(CHCAP/TFX)*EXQPV + 0.5	RTVY0016
IF(FNTRI .LT. 1.0) FNTRI = 1.01	RTVY0017
NCTRI = FNTRI	RTVY0018
FNSTRI = NCTRI	RTVY0019
IF(FNSTRI .NE. FNPTRI) LSHFT = .TRUE.	RTVY0020
IF(.NOT. LSHFT) RETURN	RTVY0021
IF(FNPTRI .GT. 98.5) GO TO 101	RTVY0022
FNTRI = ABS(FNSTRI - FNPTRI)	RTVY0023
IF(FNTRI .LE. 1.1) GO TO 101	RTVY0024
IF(FNSTRI .GT. FNPTRI) FNSTRI = FNPTRI + 1.0	RTVY0025
IF(FNSTRI .LT. FNPTRI) FNSTRI = FNPTRI - 1.0	RTVY0026
NCTRI = FNSTRI	RTVY0027
101 KB1 = 0	RTVY0028
KB2 = 1	RTVY0029
KB3 = 0	RTVY0030
102 KB1 = KB1 + 1	RTVY0031
IF(KB1 .GT. NBTRI) GO TO 105	RTVY0032
KB4 = 0	RTVY0033
WSBIT = BTRI(KB1)/FNSTRI	RTVY0034
KB4 = KB4 + 1	RTVY0035
103 IF(KB4 .GT. NCTRI) GO TO 102	RTVY0036
AWSBIT(KB2) = AWSBIT(KB2) + WSBIT	RTVY0037
KB3 = KB3 + 1	RTVY0038
IF(KB3 .LT. NBTRI) GO TO 104	RTVY0039
KB3 = 0	RTVY0040
KB2 = KB2 + 1	RTVY0041
104 GO TO 103	RTVY0042
105 IF(FNPTRI .GT. 98.5) GO TO 108	RTVY0043
DO 107 KB6 = 1,NCTRI	RTVY0044
DO 106 KB7 = 1,KB6	RTVY0045
106 SATRI(KB6) = SATRI(KB6) + AWSBIT(KB7) - CTRI(KB7)	RTVY0046
107 CONTINUE	RTVY0047
108 DO 109 KB5 = 1,MXTRI	RTVY0048
109 CTRI(KB5) = AWSBIT(KB5)	RTVY0049
RETURN	RTVY0050
END	RTVY0051

[illegible]

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SUBROUTINE SNOMEL(BDDFSM,SPTWCC,SPM,FLDIF,DAY,SPBFLW,XDNFS,FFOR, SNOW0001
1 FFSI,MRNSM,DSMGM,SDEPTH,STMP,PXCSA,HOURL,SAX,SOFRF,OFRFIS,SOFRI, SNOW0002
2 AMFSIL,PRH,SPTW,TANSM,SPLW,SEND,OFKF,WT4AM,WT4PM,ASM,ASMRG, SNOW0003
3 SASFX,SARAX,DMXT,DMNT,RICY,FIRR) SNOW0004
C SNOWMELT COMPUTATION SNOW0005
DIMENSION DMNT(366),DMXT(366),FIRR(15),RICY(37) SNOW0006
INTEGER DAY,HOURL SNOW0007
REAL MHSM,MRNSM SNOW0008
IF(DAY.NE.274).OR.(HOURL.NE.1) GO TO 100 SNOW0009
SPLW = 0.0 SNOW0010
XELR = 0.0 SNOW0011
SDSC = 0.0278 SNOW0012
FDSC = 0.0 SNOW0013
FTA = 0.0 SNOW0014
RICD = 0.0 SNOW0015
KRIA = 0 SNOW0016
100 CONTINUE SNOW0017
C CALCULATION OF HOURLY AIR TEMPERATURE SNOW0018
C DMXT CURRENT DAY, DMNT NEXT DAY SNOW0019
IF(HOURL.NE.4) GO TO 101 SNOW0020
FDSC = 0.0 SNOW0021
FTA = FDSC SNOW0022
WT4PM = DMXT(DAY) - 4.0*ELDIF + (XELR/4.0)*0.7*ELDIF SNOW0023
101 IF(HOURL.EQ.10) SDSC = -0.0278 SNOW0024
IF(HOURL.EQ.22) SDSC = 0.0278 SNOW0025
IF(HOURL.NE.16) GO TO 102 SNOW0026
NDAY = DAY + 1 SNOW0027
IF(NDAY.EQ.366) NDAY = 1 SNOW0028
IF(NDAY.EQ.60.AND.DMXT(366).NE.0.0) NDAY = 366 SNOW0029
IF(NDAY.EQ.367) NDAY = 60 SNOW0030
WT4AM = DMNT(NDAY) - (XELR/4.0)*3.3*ELDIF SNOW0031
102 IF(PRH.LE.0.0.OR.XELR.GE.4.0) GO TO 103 SNOW0032
WT4AM = WT4AM - 0.825*ELDIF SNOW0033
WT4PM = WT4PM + 0.175*ELDIF SNOW0034
XELR = XELR + 1.0 SNOW0035
103 IF(PRH.NE.0.0.OR.XELR.LE.0.0) GO TO 104 SNOW0036
WT4AM = WT4AM + 0.825*ELDIF SNOW0037
WT4PM = WT4PM - 0.175*ELDIF SNOW0038
XELR = XELR - 1.0 SNOW0039
104 TEH = WT4AM + FTA*(WT4PM - WT4AM) SNOW0040
FDSC = FDSC + SDSC SNOW0041
FTA = FTA + FDSC SNOW0042
IF(PRH+SPTW.EQ.0.0) GO TO 128 SNOW0043
IF(HOURL.NE.24) GO TO 105 SNOW0044
C CALCULATION OF TIME AGING OF THE SNOWPACK SNOW0045
SAX = SAX + 1.0 SNOW0046
IF(SAX.GT.15.0) SAX = 15.0 SNOW0047
IF(TEH.GT.32.0) GO TO 110 SNOW0048
C PRECIPITATION IN FORM OF SNOW - CALCULATE INTERCEPTION DENSITY OF NEW SNOW SNOW0049
C SNOW COMPACTION, AND SETTLING SNOW PACK AND THE EFFECT ON ALBEDO SNOW0050
IF(PRH.LE.0.0) GO TO 110 SNOW0051
PRH = SPM*PRH SNOW0052
HSF = PRH SNOW0053
ASM = ASM + HSF SNOW0054
PRH = (1.0 - (FFSI*FFOR))*PRH SNOW0055
HSFRG = PRH SNOW0056
ASMRG = ASMRG + HSFRG SNOW0057
FSIL = FFSI*FFOR*HSF SNOW0058
AMFSIL = AMFSIL + FSIL SNOW0059
IF(TEH.LE.0.0) GO TO 106 SNOW0060
DNFS = XDNFS + ((0.01*TEH)**2) SNOW0061
GO TO 107 SNOW0062
106 DNFS = XDNFS SNOW0063
107 IF(SPTW.GT.0.0.AND.SDEPTH.GT.SPTW) SDEPTH = SDEPTH - ((PRH* SNOW0064
1 SDEPTH/SPTW)*((0.10*SDEPTH)**0.25)) SNOW0065
SPTW = SPTW + PRH SNOW0066
SDEPTH = SDEPTH + (PRH/DNFS) SNOW0067
SASFX = SASFX + PRH SNOW0068
IF(SASFX.GE.PXCSA) GO TO 108 SNOW0069
GO TO 109 SNOW0070
108 SAX = SAX - 1.0 SNOW0071
IF(SAX.LT.0.0) SAX = 0.0 SNOW0072
SASFX = SASFX - PXCSA SNOW0073
109 PRH = 0.0 SNOW0074
110 CONTINUE SNOW0075
IF(SPTW.LE.0.0) GO TO 127 SNOW0076
C SEASONAL MELT FACTOR ADJUSTMENT SNOW0077
FDAY = DAY SNOW0078
KAAO = KRIA SNOW0079
KRIA = 1.0 + (FDAY/10.0) SNOW0080
IF(KAAO.NE.KRIA) RICD = RICY(KRIA) SNOW0081
IF(TEH.LE.32.0) GO TO 111 SNOW0082
GO TO 114 SNOW0083
C CALCULATION OF NEGATIVE MELT SNOW0084
111 IF(TANSM.LE.11.5*MRNSM) GO TO 112 SNOW0085
IF(TANSM.LT.1.0) TANSM = TANSM + ((5.0*MRNSM)**(1.3 + 2.0* SNOW0086
1 TANSM)) SNOW0087
GO TO 113 SNOW0088
112 TANSM = TANSM + MRNSM SNOW0089

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113 IF(TANSM .GT. 0.08*SPTW) TANSM = 0.08*SPTW
GO TO 127
C EFFECT OF RAIN CN ALBEDO
114 SARAX = SARAX + PRH
IF(SARAX .LT. PXCSA/2.0) GO TO 115
SAX = SAX + 1.0
IF(SAX .GT. 15.0) SAX = 15.0
SASF = 0.0
SARAX = SARAX - (PXCSA/2.0)
115 IF(TEH .GT. 32.0) HSM = (TEH - 32.0)*BODFSM
IF(TEH .LT. 32.0) HSM = 0.0
HSM = HSM*RICD
KAA = 1.0 + SAX
IF(SAX .LT. 15.0) HSM = HSM*(1.0 - ((1.0 - FFQR)*FIKR(KAA)))
IF(SAX .EQ. 15.0) HSM = HSM*(1.0 - ((1.0 - FFQR)*FIKR(15)))
IF(PRH .GT. 0.0) HSM = HSM + ((TEH - 32.0)*(PRH/144.0))
IF(STM .GT. 0.3 .AND. SPTW .LT. SPTWCC) GO TO 116
GO TO 117
116 MHSM = HSM
HSM = (SPTW/SPTWCC)*HSM
IF(HSM .LT. 0.1*MHSM) HSM = 0.1*MHSM
117 IF(HSM .LT. SPTW) GO TO 118
HSM = SPTW
SDEPTH = 0.0
SPTW = 0.0
SPLW = 0.0
RICD = 0.0
TANSM = 0.0
SAX = 15.0
OFRF = SOFRF
OFRFIS = SOFRFI
GO TO 122
118 SPTW = SPTW - HSM
IF(SFMD .LE. 0.0) GO TO 122
IF(SAX .GE. 15.0) GO TO 121
IF(SAX .GE. 6.0) GO TO 119
SDEPTH = SDEPTH - (HSM/(0.5*SFMD))
GO TO 122
119 IF(SAX .LE. 10.0) GO TO 120
SDEPTH = SDEPTH - (HSM/(0.9*SFMD))
GO TO 122
120 SDEPTH = SDEPTH - (HSM/(0.7*SFMD))
GO TO 122
121 SDEPTH = SDEPTH - (HSM/SFMD)
GO TO 122
122 CONTINUE
IF(SPTW .LT. 0.00001) SPTW = 0.0
C CALCULATION OF LIQUID-WATER-HOLDING CAPACITY
SPLWC = SPFLW*SPTW
IF(SFMD .GT. 0.6) SPLWC = SPFLW*(3.0 - 3.33*SFMD)*SPTW
IF(SPLWC .LT. 0.0) SPLWC = 0.0
C ACCOUNTING OF MELT WATER AND RAIN
IF((SPLW + HSM + PRH) .GT. (SPLWC + TANSM)) GO TO 123
GO TO 124
123 PRH = HSM + PRH + SPLW - SPLWC - TANSM
SPLW = SPLWC
SPTW = SPTW + TANSM
TANSM = 0.0
GO TO 127
124 IF((HSM + PRH) .LE. TANSM) GO TO 126
125 SPTW = SPTW + TANSM
SPLW = SPLW + HSM + PRH - TANSM
PRH = 0.0
TANSM = 0.0
GO TO 127
126 TANSM = TANSM - HSM - PRH
SPTW = SPTW + HSM + PRH
PRH = 0.0
127 CONTINUE
HSM = 0.0
C CALCULATION OF DENSITY AND ADJUSTMENT OF OVERLAND FLOW TIME
IF(SDEPTH .LE. 0.0 .OR. SPTW .GE. SDEPTH) GO TO 128
STM = (SPTW + SPLW)/SDEPTH
SFMD = SPTW/SDEPTH
OFRF = 0.33*SOFRF
IF(SPTW .LE. SPTWCC) OFRF = (1.0 - (SPTW/SPTWCC)*0.67)*SOFRF
128 IF(SDEPTH .LE. 0.0) OFRF = SOFRF
OFRFIS = SOFRFI*OFRF/SOFRF
C CALCULATION OF GROUNDWATER
IF(HOUR .NE. 12 .OR. SPTW .LE. 0.0) RETURN
IF(SPTW .LE. DSMGH) GO TO 129
PRH = PRH + DSMGH
SPTW = SPTW - DSMGH
IF(STM .LT. 0.50 .AND. SDEPTH .GT. 2.0*DSMGH) SDEPTH = SDEPTH -
1 2.0*DSMGH
RETURN
129 PRH = SPTW + PRH + SPLW
TANSM = 0.0
RICD = 0.0
SPLW = 0.0

```

SNOW0090
SNOW0091
SNOW0092
SNOW0093
SNOW0094
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SNOW0099
SNOW0100
SNOW0101
SNOW0102
SNOW0103
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SNOW0174
SNOW0175
SNOW0176
SNOW0177
SNOW0178

SDEPTH = 0.0
SPTW = 0.0
SAX = 15.0
QFRF = SFRF
QFRFIS = SFRFI
RETURN
END

SNOW0179
SNOW0180
SNOW0181
SNOW0182
SNOW0183
SNOW0184
SNOW0185

```

1 SUBROUTINE STAT(R,S,N,AREA,MAXR,MAXS,SSQ,SSQI,SUMD,
    SUMSQ,MEANR,MEANS,VARR,VARS,CORCF)

```

```

    INTEGER I,N
    REAL K(N),S(N),AREA,SUMS,SUMR,MAXS,MAXR,SSQ,SSQI,SUMD,SUMSQ
    REAL MEANS,MEANR,VARS,VARR,CORCF
    REAL TEMP,TEMPS,TEMPR,AS,AR,ASK

```

```

INPUT: S = ARRAY OF SIMULATED READINGS
       R = ARRAY OF OBSERVED READINGS
       N = NUMBER OF READINGS
       AREA = AREA OF WATERSHED

```

```

OUTPUT: SUMS = SUM OF SIMULATED READINGS
        SUMR = SUM OF OBSERVED READINGS
        MAXS = MAXIMUM OF SIMULATED READINGS
        MAXR = MAXIMUM OF OBSERVED READINGS
        SSQ = SUM SQUARED WITH WEIGHT OF 20
        SSQI = SUM SQUARED WITH VARIABLE WEIGHT
        SUMD = SUM OF (OBSERVED - SIMULATED) READINGS
        SUMSQ = SQR OF SUM OF (OBSERVED - SIMULATED)**2)
        MEANS = MEAN OF SIMULATED READINGS
        MEANR = MEAN OF OBSERVED READINGS
        VARS = VARIANCE OF SIMULATED READINGS
        VARR = VARIANCE OF ACTUAL READINGS
        CORCF = CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

```

```

SUMS = 0.
SUMR = 0.
MAXS = S(1)
MAXR = R(1)
SSQ = 0.
SSQI = 0.
SUMD = 0.
SUMSQ = 0.

```

```

DO 100 I=1, N
  TEMPS = S(I)
  TEMPR = R(I)

```

```

  COMPUTE SUM OF READINGS

```

```

  SUMS = SUMS + TEMPS
  SUMR = SUMR + TEMPR

```

```

  FIND MAX OF READINGS

```

```

  MAXS = AMAX1(MAXS,TEMPS)
  MAXR = AMAX1(MAXR,TEMPR)

```

```

  COMPUTE SUM SQUARES

```

```

  IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 50
  WEIGHT = 20.
  IF (N.GT.12.) WEIGHT = WEIGHT / 30.
  TEMP = FLOWDI(TEMPS,TEMPR,WEIGHT)
  SSQ = SSQ + TEMP*TEMP
  WEIGHT = AREA + 10.
  IF (N.GT.12.) WEIGHT = WEIGHT / 30.
  TEMP = FLOWDI(TEMPS,TEMPR,WEIGHT)
  SSQI = SSQI + TEMP*TEMP

```

```

  COMPUTE SUM OF DELTAS & SUM OF DELTAS SQUARED

```

```

50  TEMP=ABS(TEMPR)-ABS(TEMPS)
100 SUMD = SUMD + TEMP
    SUMSQ = SUMSQ + TEMP*TEMP

```

```

  COMPUTE MEANS

```

```

  MEANS = SUMS / N
  MEANR = SUMR / N

```

```

  COMPUTE SQR(SUM(DELTA**2))

```

```

  SUMSQ = SQR(SUMSQ)

```

```

  AS = 0.
  AR = 0.
  ASR = 0.
  VARS = 0.
  VARR = 0.

```

```

STAT0001
STAT0002
STAT0003
STAT0004
STAT0005
STAT0006
STAT0007
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STAT0087
STAT0088
STAT0089

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200

STAT 0110
STAT 0110
STAT 0111

B-90

APPENDIX C
PROGRAM FLOW CHARTS

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APPENDIX C

PROGRAM FLOW CHARTS

MAIN ***** KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 197

C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED WATERSHED MODELS III & IV

C

C ISFLAG IS SET TO BRANCH AS FOLLOWS:

C 1 - BRANCH TO NOMINAL KWM INITIAL RUN

C 2 - PLOTS ONLY, NO NEXT YEAR OF DATA

C 3 - NO PLOTS, NEXT YEAR DATA WITH NEW WATERSHED PARAMETERS

C 4 - NO PLOTS, NEXT YEAR DATA WITH OUT NEW WATER SHED PARAMETERS

C 5 - PLOTS , NEXT YEAR DATA WITH NEW WATERSHED PARAMETERS

C 6 - PLOTS, NEXT YEAR DATA WITHOUT NEW WATERSHED PARAMETERS

C 7 - PLOTS, WITH SIM AND OBS SUPERIMPOSED ONLY(BOTH MONTH AND YER

C 8 - PLOTS, WITH SIM AND OBS SUPERIMPOSED ONLY(MONTHS SCALE)

C 9 - NO PLOTS, NO NEXT YEAR DATA

C

C

DIMENSION TITLE(18), DRSF(366), DSSF(366), CONOPT(16),
THSFD(744,3),PEAKS(6),PHRS(6),NSPTS(6),THSFD(6),Q(337),
TMRTF(12),TMSTF(15,3),
CTRI(99),FIRR(15),RICY(37),DPSE(366),BTRI(99)

COMMON/PLTC/DRSF,DSSF,CONOPT,THSFD,TMSTF,STMROS(121,6),DPY,TITLE,
KFLAG,IDEFLAG,
IENDFG,STUDY(2),PEAKS,PHRS,NSPTS,THSFD,TFMAXD,TMRTF,JPLDT,
NCTRI,CTRI,FIRR,RICY,DPSE,BDDFSM,SPRFLW,SPTWCC,SPM,FLDTF,
XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MRNSM,DSMGM,PXCSA,RMPF,RGPMB,AREA,FIMP,
SATRI(99),UHFA(99),

MNRD,
FWTR,VINTMR,BUZZ,SUZZ,LZZ,ETLF,SUBWF,GWETF,SIAC,BMIP,
BIVF,DESS,DESL,DEMN,DEMNIS,IFRC,CSRX,FSRX,CHCAP,EXQPV,
BFNL,DFRC,GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,BFHRC,RTFL,BFNRL,BFNHR,IFPRC,
IFRL,LSHFT,NBTRI,FNTRI,MXTRI,NCSTP1,BTP1,TECFES,EPACT,FPER,
TPLR,VINTC,HSE,NRTI,SPIF,C&F,SPDR,DFUS,DFUSIS,DFR,DFRIS,PETS,
RHFO,URHF,AMIF,AMNET,AMPET,AMSNE,AMFSL,SASF,SRAX,SRX,VWIN,
WCFS,RHMC,SSRT,DFRT,DFRFS,EQUF,EQDFIS,SOFRE,SOFREI,
SDEPTH,MULTI,1D,ASM,WT4AM,WT4PM,SAX,TANSM,SPTN,STMD,SFMD,ASMPG,
DEPEND(2),VARIN(2),NPTS,JULDI,IYR,TQARY(5,1),
TQARY(7,1),TQARY(5,6,1),TSDARY(6,1),TSMARY(8,1),
TSSARY(3,6,1),TSMCRY(1),TSDCRY(1),TSRARY(1,6,1),
TSRARY(1,6,1),
DRSFT(366),DSSF(366),MI,NI,MULT,TMRTFT(12),TMSTFT(12)

COMMON/COMMON/EMBNX,EMGWS,EMIFS,EMLZS,EMSIAM,EMUZZ,EMUZS,TMBF,
TMIF,TMREC,TMSE,CRFMI,DDIW,DMNT,DMXT,DRGPM,DRHP,DRSDP,DPST,EDLZS,
EPCM,SERA,SEK,SESF,SJER,THSF,TM-SIL,TMNET,TMDF,TMPET,TMRPM,TMSNE,
TMSTFI,TZOPH,TZOPRH,TMRTFI,JULDAT,
TFMAXY,UZC,AEX,XDAY,NSGRD,AEX90,SIAM,NDSDP,RGPM,NDSDR,YR1,
TRHF,
SINDEX,INDEX,AEX96,MAXI,YR2,BYLZS,BYIFS,BYUZZ

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DIMENSION RPLGTC(1832),RCOMMA(12087)
EQUIVALENCE (DPY,RPLGTC(1)),(CRFMI,RCOMMA(1))

DIMENSION CRFMI(22),ODIW(366),
  DMNT(366),DMXT(366),DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),
  DRSGP(366),DPET(366),EDLZS(366),
  EMGFNX(15,3),EMGWS(15,3),EMIFS(15,3),EMLZS(15,3),FMSIAM(15,3),
  EMUZC(15,3),EMUZS(15,3),EPCM(12),
  SERA(22),SERK(22),SESF(22),SQR(22),
  THSF(24),TM3F(15,3),TMHSIL(12),TMIF(15,3),TMNFT(12),
  TMOF(15,3),TMPET(12),TMPREC(15,3),TMKPM(12),TMSE(15,3),
  TMSNE(12),TMSTFI(15,3),T200FH(21),T2OPRH(21),
  TMRTFI(12),JULDAT(6),TFMAXY(366)

REAL LZS,IFS
REAL MNRD
INTEGER TOMARY,TSMARY,TODARY,TSOARY,TOSARY,TSSARY
INTEGER PEAKS,PHRS,CONOPT,NSPTS
INTEGER SINDE,SINDET,MPDAY(15)
INTEGER NUNIT/2/,IER
INTEGER ICCN/1/
REAL SUM(3),APREC(3),QOUT(15)
  INTEGER MONTHS(64),PMONTH,PDATE,EMONTH,EDATE,WYEAR,DATES,PDAY
DATA MONTHS/'JAN ',0,0,0,4,'FEB ',31,31,31,5,'MAR ',59,59,59,6,
  'APR ',39,90,90,7,'MAY ',120,120,8,'JUN ',151,151,151,9,
  'JUL ',181,181,181,10,'AUG ',212,212,212,11,'SEPT',243,243,243,12,
  'OCT ',273,273,274,1,'NOV ',304,304,305,2,'DEC ',334,334,335,3,
  'JAN ',365,365,366/

```

```

READ (5,9)
  TITLE

```

```

FORMAT 9 FORMAT(18A4)

```

```

CALL DSUPDT

```

```

1806 1

```

805

```

CONTINUE
BACKSPACE 5
BACKSPACE 5
REWIND 11
REWIND 18
CALL TAPCON(NUNIT,ICON,IER)
CALL DSUPDT

```

806

```

CONTINUE
  ISFLAG = 1

```

```

JPLT=0
IDFLAG = 0
IENDFG = 0
ID = 1
ID = 5

```

```

      WRITE (6,999)
      IDFLAG, IENDFG, ISFLAG, ID

      CALL READ(IRSTRT)
      CALL READ(PMONTH, PDATE, EMONTH, EDATE, NYEAR, WYEAR)

      DO LOOP TO
      STMT # 101
      KRDL=1, 16

101 CALL READ(CCONPT(KRD))

      PMONTH = ((PMONTH-1)*5)+1
      MSBDIC = MONTHS(PMONTH)
      LEAPY = PMONTH+1

      IF MOD(WYEA, 4).EQ.0 THEN
        LEAPY = PMONTH+2
      ELSE
        LEAPY = PMONTH+3
      ENDIF

      DATES = MONTHS(LEAPY)+PDATE
      PCAY = (MONTHS(LEAPY))
      MONTH = MONTHS(PMONTH+4)
      EMONTH = ((EMONTH-1)*5)+1
      LDAY = MONTHS(LEAPY+5)

      IF PMONTH.EQ.EMONTH THEN
        EDATE = MONTHS(LEAPY)+EDATE
      ELSE
        (PMONTH IF ((PMONTH.NE.EMONTH).AND.(MONTHS(EMONTH+4).NE.4))
        EDATE = (MONTHS(LEAPY+5)+EDATE)
        (PMONTH IF ((PMONTH.NE.EMONTH).AND.(MONTHS(EMONTH+4).EQ.4))
        EDATE = MONTHS(2)+EDATE

        IF (MONTH.EQ.5).AND.(EDATE.EQ.365) THEN
          EDATE = 366
        ELSE
          EDATE = 365
        ENDIF

      ISTART = CONOPT(15)
      NFP = 3

```

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1 ID = 6

WRITE(6,9990)
IDFLAG, IENDFG, ISFLAG, ID

CALL WORSTC(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY)

CALL ZEROP(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY)

CALL FORCST(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY, MPDAY)

CALL INT(NQ, Q, DT, AREA1, LOOKUP, IPLUT, NFP, MSBDIC, MPDAY, DIFFS,
DIFFMP, DIFFPP, SUM, DIFFR, DIFFRP, APREC, DIFFPR, DIFFPP, QOUT,
QMAX, PHRO)

CALL OUTPUT(DIFFS, DIFFMP, DIFFPP, DIFFPP, SUM, DIFFR, DIFFRP, APREC,
DIFFPR, DIFFPP, QOUT, QMAX, PHRO, MSBDIC, MPDAY)

* * * IF * * *
* * * IRSTR.E * * * T
* Q.1 * * * *
* * * F * * *

GO TO 805

STOP

17

CONTINUE

120

2

CONTINUE

CALL PASTRN(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY, MPDAY)

CALL INT(NQ, Q, DT, AREA1, LOOKUP, IPLUT, NFP, MSBDIC, MPDAY, DIFFS,
DIFFMP, DIFFPP, SUM, DIFFR, DIFFRP, APREC, DIFFPR, DIFFPP, QOUT,
QMAX, PHRO)

CALL OUTPUT(DIFFS, DIFFMP, DIFFPP, DIFFPP, SUM, DIFFR, DIFFRP, APREC,
DIFFPR, DIFFPP, QOUT, QMAX, PHRO, MSBDIC, MPDAY)

* * * IF * * *
* * * IRSTR.E * * * T
* Q.1 * * * *
* * * F * * *

GO TO 805

STOP

3

CONTINUE

READ (11)
(RPLUTC(1), I=1, 1832)

READ (18)
(RCOMM4(1), I=1, 12087)

CALL READ (GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,UZC,SIAM)

REWIND 11

REWIND 18

WRITE (11)
(RPLUTC(I),I=1,1832)

WRITE (18)
(RCLMMA(I),I=1,12087)

11 1

END

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SUBROUTINE KWMAIN(1BFLAG)

```

COMMON/PLUTC/DRSF,DSSF,CONOPT,THSFD,TMSTF,STMRDS(121,6),DPY,TITLE,
KFLAG,IOFLAG,
IENDFG,STUDY(2),PEAKS,PHRS,NSPTS,THSFD,TFMAXD,TMRTF,JPLDT,
NCTRI,CTRI,FIPR,RICY,DPSE,RODFSM,SPBFLW,SPWCC,SPM,ELDIF,
XGNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MRNSM,DSMGH,PXCSA,RMPH,RGPMB,ARCA,FIMP,
SATRI,UHFA,
MNRD,
FWTR,VINTMR,BUZZ,SUZZ,LZC,ETLF,SUBWF,GWTF,SIAC,BMIR,
BIVF,OFSS,OFSL,OFMN,OFMNS,IFRC,CSRX,FSRX,CHCAP,EXQPV,
BFNLR,BHRC,GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,BHRC,BHRL,BFNRL,BFNHR,IFPRC,
IFRL,LSHFT,NRTRI,NTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,BTRI,TECF3,EPACT,PPER,
TPLR,VINTCR,HSE,NRTRI,SPIF,CBF,SPDR,OFUS,OFUSIS,OFR,OFRIS,PEIS,
RHFO,URHF,AMIF,AMNET,AMPFT,AMSAE,AMFSL,SASF,SAKAX,SRX,VWIN,
WCFS,RHMC,SSRT,OFH,OFHIS,CJCF,EOFFIS,SCRF,SJRF,
SDEPTH,MULTI,ID,ASH,T4AM,WT4M,SAX,TANSM,SPTA,STMD,SFMD,ASMRG,
DEPEND(2),VARIN(2),NPTS,JULDI,1YR,TODARY(5,1),
TCMARY(7,1),TOSARY(5,6,1),TSDARY(6,1),TSMARY(8,1),
TSSARY(3,6,1),TSMCRY(1),TSDCRY(1),TSKARY(1,6,1),
TCRARY(1,6,1),
DRSFT(366),DSSF(366),MI,NI,MULT,TMRTFT(12),TMSTFT(12)

COMMON/COMMA/EMBNX,EMGWS,EMIFS,EMLZS,EMSIAM,EMUZC,EMUZS,TMBF,
TMIF,TMPREC,TMSE,CRFMI,DDIW,DNT,DMXT,DRGPM,DRHP,DRSGP,DPET,EDLZS,
EPCM,SERA,SERR,SESF,SGER,THSF,TMFSIL,TMNET,TMOF,TMPET,TMRPM,TMSNE,
TMSTFI,T2QFH,T2OPRH,TMRTFI,JULDAT,
TFMAXY,UZC,AETX,DAY,NSGRD,AEX90,SIAM,NDSDP,RGPM,NSDSR,YR1,
TRHF,
SINDEX,INDEX,AEX90,MAXI,YR2,BYLZS,BYIFS,BYUZZ

```

C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970)

C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV

```

DIMENSION BTRI(99),CONOPT(16),CRFMI(22),CTRI(99),DDIW(366),
DMNT(366),DMXT(366),DPSE(366),DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),
DRSGP(366),DPET(366),DRSF(366),DSSF(366),EDLZS(366),
EMBNX(15,3),EMGWS(15,3),EMIFS(15,3),EMLZS(15,3),EMSIAM(15,3),
EMUZC(15,3),EMUZS(15,3),EPCM(12),FIRR(15),MEDCY(12),MEDWY(12),
RICY(37),SATRI(99),SERA(22),SERR(22),SESF(22),SGER(22),
THSFD(24),TITLE(19),TMBF(15,3),TMFSIL(12),TMIF(15,3),TMNET(12),
TMOF(15,3),TMPET(12),TMPREC(15,3),TMRPM(12),TMRTF(12),TMSE(15,3),
TMSNE(12),TMSTFI(15,3),TMSTFI(15,3),T2QFH(21),T2OPRH(21),
UHFA(99),TMRTFI(12),JULDAT(6),THSFD(744,3),TFMAXY(366),
PEAKS(6),PHRS(6),NSPTS(6),THSFD(6)

```

DIMENSION RPLUTC(1832),RCOMMA(12087)

EQUIVALENCE (DPY,RPLUTC(1)),(CRFMI,RCOMMA(1))

LOGICAL LSHFT

INTEGER CDSOR,CN,CNOPT,DATE,DAY,DPY,EHSGD,HOUR,HRE,HRL,PDAY,
PRD,RHPD,KHPH,RSBC,SGMC,SGRT,SGRT2,YEAR,YK1,YR2,PHRS,SINDEX

INTEGER TOMARY,TSMARY,TODARY,TSDARY,TOSARY,TSSARY

REAL IFPRC,IFRC,IFRL,IFS,LZC,LZRX,LZS,LZSR,MHSM,MNRD,MRNSM,NHPT

DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31,59,90,120,151,181,212,243,273,304,334/

DATA MEDWY/304,334,365,31,59,90,120,151,181,212,243,273 /

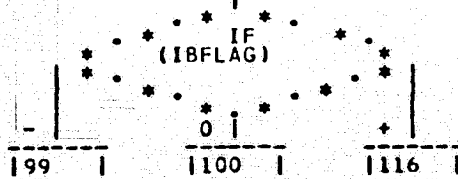
REAL MXDRSF,MXDSSF,MXMRSF,MXMSSF,SSQD

REAL SSQM,SSQDI,SSQMI,VDRSF,VDSSF

REAL VMRSF,VMSSF,SDDRSF,SDDSSF,SDMRSF,SDMSSF,SMDD,SMMD,SMSQD,
SMSQM

REAL MDRSF,MDSSF,MMRSF,MMSSF

98



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```

99      | 18FLAG =13 |
      |-----|
      |
      RETURN
100     CCNTINUE
      CALL READ(GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,UZC,SIAM)
      |-----|
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 102 |
      | KIA = 1,99 |
      |-----|
      |
      | SATRI(KIA) =0.0 |
      | CTRI(KIA) =0.0 |
      | BTRI(KIA) =0.0 |
      |-----|
      |
102     | UHFA(KIA) =0.0 |
      |-----|
      |
      CALL READ(NCTRI)
      |-----|
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 103 |
      | KRD = 1, NCTRI |
      |-----|
      |
103     | CALL READ(CTRI(KRD)) |
      |-----|
      |
      | * * * * * |
      | * IF * * * * * |
      | * CONOPT(7) * * * * * |
      | * ) NE 1 * * * * * |
      | * * * * * |
      | * F * * * * * |
      |-----|
      |
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 104 |
      | KRD = 1,15 |
      |-----|
      |
104     | CALL READ(FIRR(KRD)) |
      |-----|
      |
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 105 |
      | KRD = 1, 37 |
      |-----|
      |
105     | CALL READ(RICY(KRD)) |
      |-----|
      |
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 106 |
      | KRD = 274,360,10 |
      |-----|
      |
106     | CALL READ(DPSE(KRD)) |
      |-----|
      |
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 107 |
      | KRD = 1,273,10 |
      |-----|
      |
107     | CALL READ(DPSE(KRD)) |
      |-----|

```

GO TO 110

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```

      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 109 |
      | ICAY2 = 1, 9 |
      +-----+
      |
      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 108 |
      | ICAY1 = 274,360,10 |
      +-----+
      |
      | DAY = IDAY1+IDAY2 |
      +-----+
108 +-----+ | DPSE(DAY) = DPSE(ICAY1) |
      |
      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 109 |
      | ICAY1 = 1,273,10 |
      +-----+
      |
      | DAY = IDAY1+IDAY2 |
      +-----+
      |
      | IF *
      | * DAY - GT. * T
      | * 273 *
      | * F
      +-----+
      | DPSE(DAY) = DPSE(ICAY1) |
      +-----+
109 +-----+ CONTINUE
      |
      | DPSE(366) = DPSE(55)
      | DPSE(365) = DPSE(363)
      | DPSE(364) = DPSE(363)
      +-----+
      |
      CALL READ(BDDFSM,SPBFLW,SPTWCC,SPM,ELDIF,XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MRNSM,
      DSMGH,PXCSA)
110 CALL READ(RMPF)
      CALL READ(RGPMB,AREA,FIMP,FWTR)
      CALL READ(VINTMR,BUZZ,SUZZ,LZC,ETLF,SUBWF,GWETF,SIAC,BMIR,BIVF)
      CALL READ(DFSS,DFSL,OFMN,OFMNIS,IFRC)
      CALL READ(CSRX,FSRX,CHCAP,EXQPV,BFNLR,BFRC)
      |
      | BFHRC=BFRC*(1.0/24.0)
      | BFRL =-ALGG(BFHRC)
      | BFNRL=0.0
      +-----+
      |
      | IF *
      | * BFNLR .L * T
      | * T. 0.00001 .OR. BFN *
      | * LR .GT. 0.9999 *
      | * F
      +-----+
      | GO TO 111 |

```


111

```

BFNHR=BFNLR**(.0/24.0)
BFNRL=-ALCG(BFNHR)

```

```

IFPRC=IFRC**(.0/96.0)
IFRL=-ALCG(IFPRC)
LSHFT=.FALSE.

```

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * CONOPT(1) * * * * *
      * 3) NE 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 113

```

NBTRI=NCTRI
FNTRI=NCTRI
MXTRI=(10.0**EXQPV)*FNTRI+0.5

```

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * MXTRI.G * * * * *
      * E-58 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F * * * * *

```

WRITE(6,1)

FORMAT

1 FORMAT(29HWARNING:
EXQPV ARRAY OVER RUN)

NCSTRI =99

```

      * * * * *
      * DO LOOP TO * * * * *
      * STMT # 112 * * * * *
      * KIA = 1, NBTRI * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

112

```

      * * * * *
      * BTRI(KIA) =CTRI(KIA) * * * * *
      * TFCFS=1.0 * * * * *

```

```

CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
TFCFS)

```

113

```

EPAET=0.0
FPER =1.0-FIMP-FNTR

```

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * FPER.GT * * * * *
      * 0.01 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 114

```

TPLR =100.0
FPER =0.01

```

115

$$| \text{ TPLR } = (1.0 - \text{FWTR}) / \text{FPER}$$

```
VINTCR = 0.25 * VINTMR
HSE = 0.0
NRTRI = 0.0
SPIF = 0.0
CBF = GWS * BFRL * (1.0 + BFNRL * BFNX)
SPDR = 0.0
OFUS = 0.0
```

```

OFLSIS = 0.0
OFR = 0.0
OFRIS = 0.0
PEIS = 0.0
RHFO = 0.0
URHF = 0.0
AMIF = 0.0
AMNET = 0.0
AMPET = 0.0
AMSNE = 0.0
AMFSL = 0.0
SASFX = 0.0
SARAX = 0.0
SRX = CSRX
VWIN = 26.8388*AREA
WCFS = 24.0*VWIN
RHFC = 0.025*WCFS
TFCFS = CHF*WCFS
SSRT = SSRT(OFS)
OFRF = 1020.0*SSRT/(OFMN*OFS)
OFRFIS = 1020.0*SSRT/(OFMNIS*OFS)
EQDF = 0.00982*((OFMN*OFS/SSRT)
**0.6)
EQDFIS = 0.00982*((OFMNIS*OFS/SSRT)
**0.6)
SOFRF = OFRF
SCFRFI = CFRFIS
SDEPTH = 0.0
IYR = 0
MI = 0
NI = 0
MULT = 0
MULTI = CONOPT(10)
ID = 1

```

```
WRITE(6,9990)
MULTI, CONOPT(10), CONOPT(15), IBFLAG, ID
```

```
CONOPT(15)= ' ,15,'
```

```

      FORMAT 9990 FORMAT(13X,'
IBFLAG=  ',15,'      KW4AIN=  ',15)
      MULTI=  ',15,'
      CONOPT(10)=  ',15.

```

ASM = 0.0

```
IF CONOPT(7) T *****  
EQ. 0  
E I
```

GO TO 116

```
WT4AM=60.0
WT4PM=60.0
SAX  =15.0
TANSM=0.0
SPTW  =0.0
STMD  =0.7
SFMD  =0.7
ASMRG=0.0
```

116

CCONTINUE
C BEGIN NEW YEAR

117

BYLZS=LZS
BYUZZ=UZZ
BYGWS=GWS
BYIFS=IFS

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 118
KIA = 1,22

CRFM(KIA) =0.0
SESF(KIA) =0.0
SERR(KIA) =0.0
SERA(KIA) =0.0

118

SQER(KIA) =0.0
RGPM =RGPM

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 119
KIA = 1,21

T200FM(KIA) =0.0

119

T20PRH(KIA) =0.0

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 120
KIA = 1,12

120

EPCM(KIA) =1.0
ROPT =0.0
PDAY =274

903

CALL READ(YR1,YR2)

TODARY(1,YR) =YR2
TCHARY(1,YR) =YR2
DPY =365

IF
MOD(YR2,
4) .EQ. 0
F

DPY = 366

IF
CONOPT(1
) .EQ. 1
F

CALL READ(CDSR,NDSR)

NDSDP=0
MEDwY(5) =59

```

* * * * *
* 366 DPY IF EQ * * T * * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* F * * * * *
* * * * *

```

C REAC EVAPORATION DATA

* * IF
CCNOPT(T
*) NE. 1 *++
F I

GO TO 125

```

+-----+
+   DO LOOP TO   +
+++++ STMT #    121 +
+   KRD = 274,360,10

```

```
121 *****CALL READ(DPET(KRD))
```

```

+-----+
+   DC LOOP TO   +
+++++ STMT #    122 +
+   KRD = 1,273,10

```

```
122 *****CALL READ(DPET(KRD))
```

```

+-----+
+ DC LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 124 +
+ IDAY2 = 1,9 +

```

```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 123 +
+ IDAY1 = 274,360,10

```

```
| DAY  =|DAY1+|DAY2|
```

```
123 ++++++| DPET(DAY) =DPET([DAY]) |
```

```

+-----+
+      DO LOOP TO      +
+*****+      STMT #    124  +
+*****+      ICAY1 = 1,273.10
+

```

```
DAY = [DAY1] + [DAY2]
```



129 ***** EPAET=EPAET+DPET(DAY) |

IF * * * * T
EPCM(6) * * * *
*NE 1.0 * * * *
F * * * *
|131|

---EPAET = 0.7*EPAET

130 CALL READ(EPAET,MNRD)

| EMAET=EPAET*(365.0+MNRD)/404.0 |

CALL EVPCDAY(DPET,EMAET)

131

AETX = 24.0*EPAET/365.0
AEX96=1.2*AETX
AEX90=0.3*AETX
SIAM = 1.2**SIAC
UZC = SUZC*AEX90+BUZC*EXP(-2.7
*LZS/LZC)

IF * * * * T
UZC *LT. * * * *
* 0.25 * * * *
F * * * *
| SGRT = 0 |

UZC = 0.25

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 132
DAY = 1,366

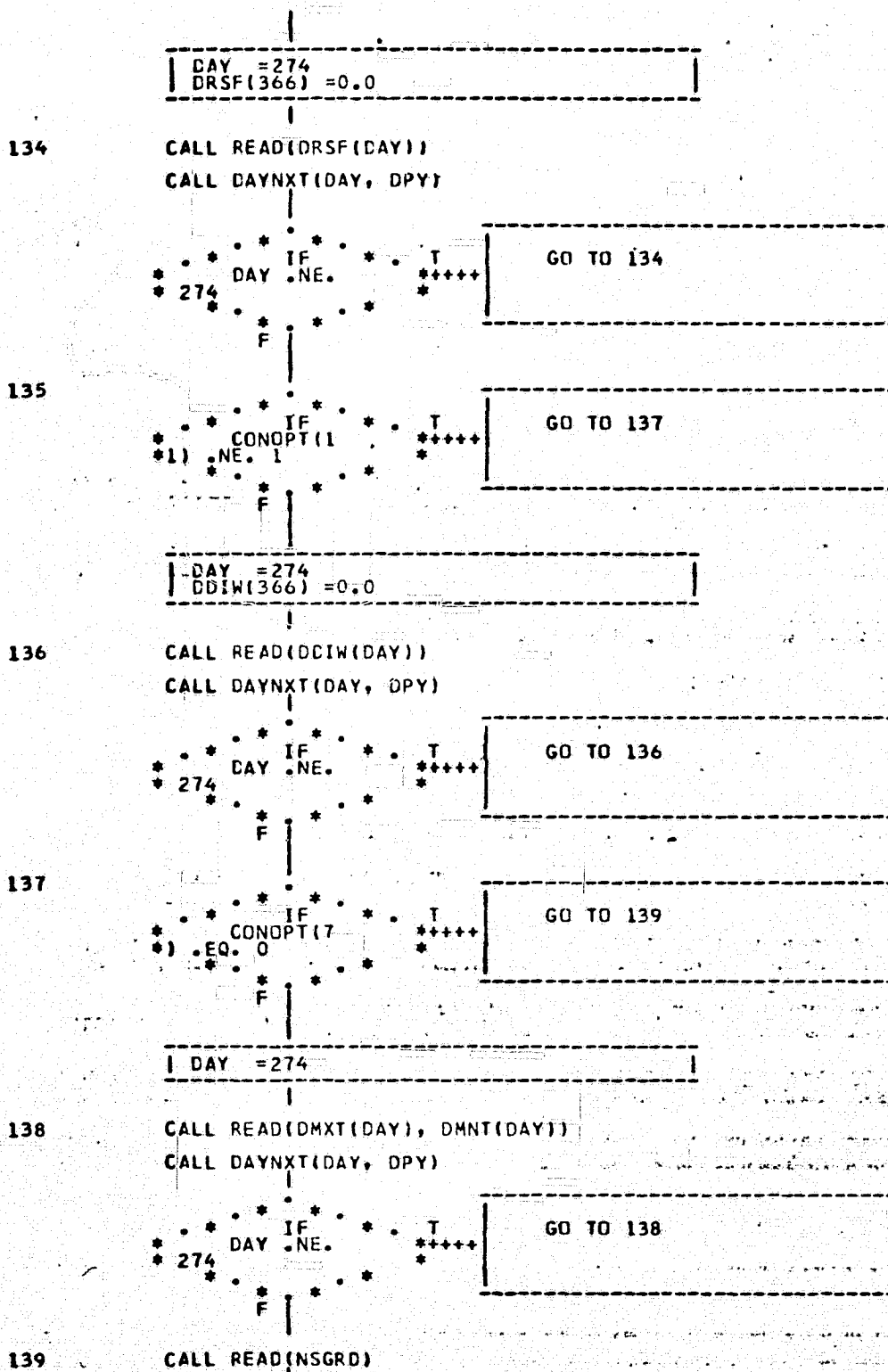
DDIW(DAY) = 0.0
DRSF(DAY) = 0.0
DRGPM(DAY) = RGPMB
DRSGP(DAY) = 0.0

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 132
HOUR = 1,24

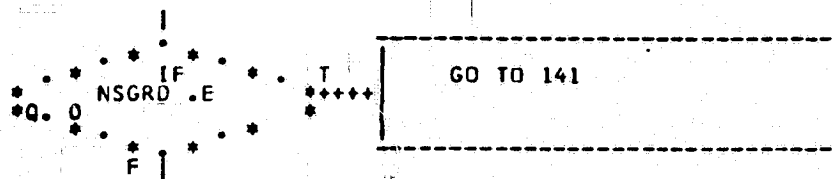
132 *****DRHP(DAY,HOUR) = 0.0

133

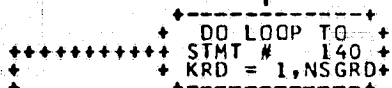
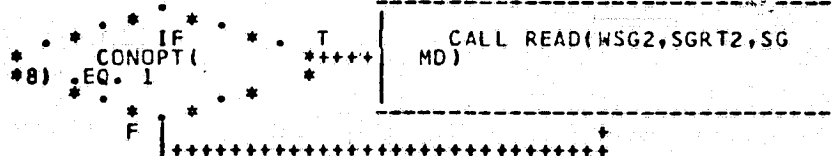
IF * * * * T
CONOPT(9) * * * *
*NE 1 * * * *
F * * * *
GO TO 135



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CALL READ(WSG,SGRT)



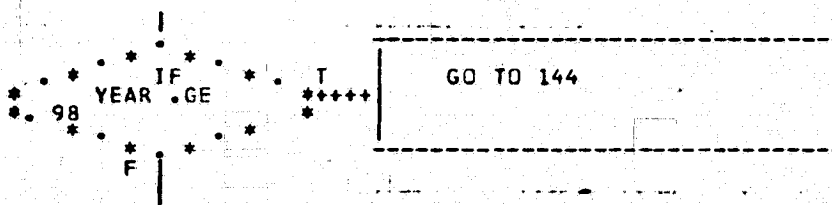
CALL READ(ISGRD)

140 *****CALL READ(DRSGP(ISGRD))

C READ RECORDING RAIN GAGE HOURLY TOTALS

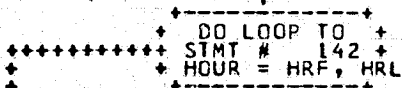
141 CALL READ(IWBG,YEAR,MONTH,DATE,CN)

C PUNCH NO NUMBER AFTER CN ON YEAR .EQ. 98 CARD

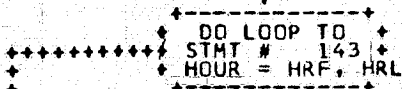
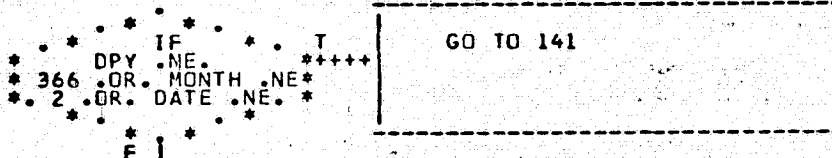


```

      HRF = 12*(CN-1)+1
      HRL = 12*(CN-1)+12
      DAY = MEDCY(MCNTH)+DATE
  
```



142 *****CALL READ(DRHP(DAY,HOUR))



DRHP(366,HOUR) = DRHP(60,HOUR)

143 *****DRHP(60,HOUR) = 0.0

141

C CALCULATE PRECIPITATION WEIGHTING FACTORS

144

DAY = 274

IF NSGRD .E T
 * * * * *
 * Q. 0 * * * * *
 * * * * *
 F

GO TO 151

PDAY = 274
 RDPT = 0.0

145

EHSKD=SGRT

IF SGRT .EQ T
 * * * * *
 * * 0 * * * * *
 * * * * *
 F

EHSKD = 24

EHSKDF = EHSKD

146

CONTINUE

DO LOOP TO
 STMT # 150
 HOUR = 1,24

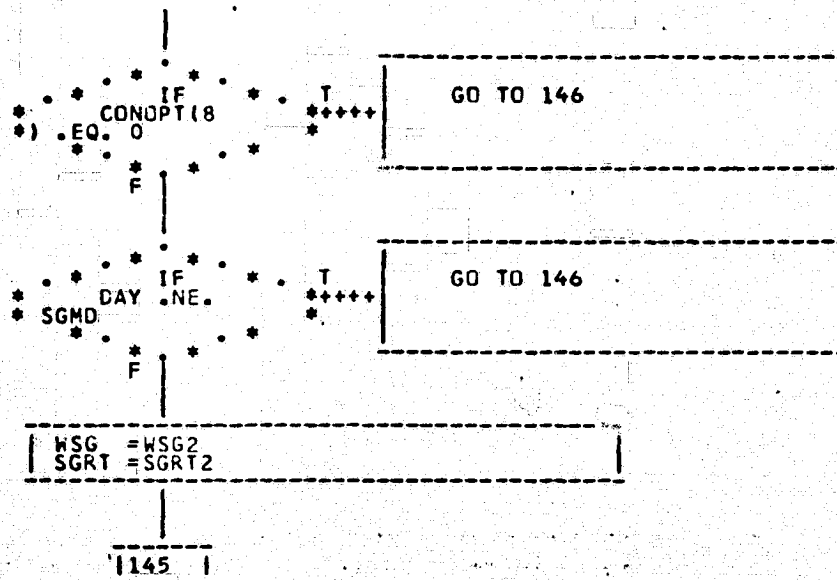
RDPT = RDPT + DRHP(DAY, HOUR)

IF HOUR .NE T
 * * * * *
 * * EHSKD * * * * *
 * * * * *
 F

GO TO 150

IF RDPT .LE T
 * * * * *
 * * 0.0 * * * * *
 * * * * *
 F

GO TO 147



151

BACKSPACE 11

WRITE (11)
(RPLCTC(I), I=1, 1832)

BACKSPACE 18

WRITE (18)
(RCCMMA(I), I=1, 12387)

RETURN

END

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SUBROUTINE WORSTC(PCAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY)

COMMON/PLTDC/DRSF, DSSF, CONOPT, THSFD, TMSTF, STMROS(121,6), DPY, TITLE,
KFLAG, IDFLAG,
TENDFC, STUDY(2), PEAKS, PHRS, NSPTS, THSFD, TFMAXD, TMRTF, JPLOT,
ACTRI, CTRI, FIRR, RICY, DPSC, BDDFSM, SPBFLW, SPTWCC, SPM, ELDIF,
XCNFS, FFOR, FFSI, MANSN, DSMGH, PXCSA, RMPF, RGPMB, AREA, FIMP,
SATRI, UHFA,
MNRD,
FWTR, VINTMR, BUZC, SUZC, LZC, ETLF, SUBWF, GWETF, SIAC, BMIR,
BIVF, OFSS, OFSL, OFMN, OFMNS, IFRC, CSRX, PSRX, CHCAP, EXQPV,
BFNLK, BFRC, CAS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, BFHRC, BFRL, BFNR, IFPRC,
IFRL, LSHFT, NBTRI, FNTRI, MXIRI, NCSTRI, HTRI, TFCFS, EPAFT, FPER,
TPLR, VINTCR, HSE, NRTRI, SPIF, CBF, SPDR, OFUS, OFUSIS, OFR, OFRIS, PEIS,
RHFC, URHF, AMIF, AMAET, AMPET, AMSNE, AMFSL, SASFX, SARAX, SRX, VWIN,
WCFS, RHFC, SSRT, JERF, OFRFS, EQDF, EQDFIS, SOFR, SCFRF,
SDEPTH, MULTI, ID, ASM, T4AM, WT4PY, SAX, TANSN, SPTW, STMD, SFMD, ASMRG,
DEPEND(2), VARIN(2), NPTS, JULDI, IYF, TODARY(5,1),
TSMARY(7,1), TOSARY(5,6,1), TSDARY(6,1), TSMARY(8,1),
TSSARY(3,6,1), TSMCRY(1), TSECRY(1), TSKARY(1,6,1),
TORARY(1,6,1),
DRSFT(366), DSSF(366), MI, NI, MULT, TMRTFT(12), TMSTFT(12)
COMMON/COMMA/EMBNX, EMGWS, EMIFS, EMLZS, EMSTAM, EMUZC, EMUZZ, TMRF,
TMIF, TMPREC, TMSE, CFMI, DCIW, DMNT, DMXT, DRGPM, DRHP, DRSGP, DPET, FDLZS,
EPCN, SEKA, SERR, SESF, SGER, THSF, TMSIL, TMNET, TMOF, TMPET, TMRPM, TMSNE,
TMSTFI, T20OFH, T20PRH, TMRTFI, JULDAT,
TFMAXY, UZC, AETX, DAY, NSGRD, AEX90, SIAM, NDSOP, RGPMB, NDSOR, YR1,
TRHF,
SINDEX, INDEX, AEX96, MAXI, YR2, BYLZS, BYIFS, BYUZZ

C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970)

C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV

DIMENSION BTRI(99), CONOPT(16), CRFMI(22), CTRI(99), DDIW(366),
DMNT(366), DMXT(366), DPSE(366), DRGPM(366), DRHP(366,24),
DRSGP(366), DPET(366), DRSF(366), DSSF(366), FDLZS(366),
EMBNX(15,3), EMGWS(15,3), EMIFS(15,3), EMLZS(15,3), EMSTAM(15,3),
EMUZC(15,3), EMUZZ(15,3), EPCN(12), FIRR(15), MEDCY(12), MEDWY(12),
RICY(37), SATRI(99), SERA(22), SERR(22), SESF(22), SGER(22),
THSF(24), TITLE(18), TMRF(15,3), TMSIL(12), TMIF(15,3), TMNET(12),
TMOF(15,3), TMPET(12), TMPREC(15,3), TMRPM(12), TMRTF(12), TMSE(15,3),
TMSNE(12), TMSTFI(15,3), TMSTFI(15,3), T20OFH(21), T20PRH(21),
UHFA(99), TMRTFI(12), JULDAT(6), THSFD(744,3), TFMAXY(366),
PEAKS(6), PHRS(6), NSPTS(6), THSFD(6)

LOGICAL LSHFT

INTEGER CDSOR, CN, CONOPT, DATE, DAY, DPY, EHSOD, HOUR, HRF, HRL, PDAY,
PRD, RHPD, RHPH, RSBC, SGMD, SGRT, SGRT2, YEAR, YR1, YR2, PHRS, SINDEX

INTEGER TOMARY, TSMARY, TODARY, TSDARY, TOSARY, TSSARY

INTEGER DATES, EDATE

DIMENSION RPLTDC(1832), RCOMMA(12087)

EQUIVALENCE (DPY, RPLTDC(1)), (CRFMI, RCOMMA(1))

REAL IFPRC, IFRC, IFRL, IFS, LZC, LZRX, LZS, LZSR, MHSN, MNRD, MRNSN, NHPT

DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334/

DATA MEDWY/ 304, 334, 365, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273

REAL MXDRSF, MXDSSF, MXMRSF, MXMSSF, SSQD

REAL SSQM, SSQDI, SSQMI, VDRSF, VDSSF

REAL VMRSF, VMSSF, SDRSF, SDDSSF, SDRSF, SDRSSF, SMDD, SMMD, SMSQD,
SMSQM

REAL MDRSF, MDSSF, MMRSF, MMSSF

BACKSPACE 11

READ (11)
(RPLTDC(1), I=1, 1832)

BACKSPACE 18

READ(18)
(RCOMMA(I),I=1,12087)

150

CONTINUE

DATE = PDATE
DAY = DATES
MDAY = PDAY
SINDEX = 0
MAXI = 0
AMRPM = 0.0
AMPREC = 0.0
AMDF = 0.0
AMSE = 0.0
AMSTF = 0.0
AMRTF = 0.0

IF * T
* DPY .EQ. *
* 366 *
* F *

MEDWY(5)=366

WRITE(6,3)
(TITLE(KTA),KTA=1,18)

FORMAT 3 FORMAT (1H1,10X,18A4,//)

WRITE(6,4)
MSBDIC

FORMAT 4 FORMAT(1X,'WORSE CASE
HOURLY CFS VALUES',//,1X,
4A4)

C. BEGIN DAY LOOP

IMONTH = MONTH

152

TDSF = 0.0

IF * T
* MONTH.NE. *
* .4 *
* F *

GO TO 148

IF * T
* MDAY.NE. *
* 31 *
* F *

GO TO 149

148

```

      * * * * *
      *   IF * * * * * T
      * DATE.GT. * * * * *
      * (MOD(DAY,MDAY)) * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F

```

```

      MONTH=MONTH+1

```

149

CCONTINUE

```

      PET = EACM(I MONTH) * PET(DAY)
      PETU = PET
      IFMAX=0.0

```

C EVAPCTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS

```

      * * * * *
      *   IF * * * * * T
      * CONOPT(7 * * * * *
      * ) .NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F

```

```

      GO TO 153

```

```

      * * * * *
      *   IF * * * * * T
      * DMXT(DAY * * * * *
      * ) - 4.0 * ELDIF .LT. * * * * *
      * 4C.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F

```

```

      PET = 0.0

```

```

      * * * * *
      *   IF * * * * * T
      * SPTW.GT. * * * * *
      * SPTWCC * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F

```

```

      PET = FFQR * PET

```

C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION

```

      * * * * *
      *   IF * * * * * T
      * DMNT(DAY * * * * *
      * ) .GT. 32.0 .OR. SP * * * * *
      * TH .LE. DPSE(DAY) * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F

```

```

      GO TO 153

```

```

      SE = DPSE(DAY)
      AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
      SPTW = SPTW - SE

```

```

      * * * * *
      *   IF * * * * * T
      * SFMD.GT. * * * * *
      * 0.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F

```

```

      SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SF
      MD

```

153

```

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 202
HOUR = 1,24

```

```

(NSGRD IF (NSGRD .EQ. 0) .AND. (DRHP(DAY,HOUR) .NE. 0.0) .AND. (PET .EQ.
PETU) .AND. (CONOPT(3) .EQ. 1)) PET = 0.5*PET

```

154

```

* * * * *
* * HOUR .EQ * * T * * * * *
* * SCRT + 1 * * * * *
* * * * *
* * F * * * * *

```

```

RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)

```

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5)

PAGE 5

```

* * * * *
* * HOUR .EQ * * T * * * * *
* * 9 * * * * *
* * * * *
* * F * * * * *

```

```

HSE = (FWTR*PET)/12.0

```

```

* * * * *
* * HOUR .EQ * * T * * * * *
* * 21 * * * * *
* * 2 * * * * *
* * * * *
* * F * * * * *

```

```

HSE = 0.0

```

```

PRH = 1.2*DRHP(DAY,HOUR)
AMPREC = AMPREC+PRH

```

C ENTER SNOWMELT SUBROUTINE

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * T * * * * *
* * CONOPT(7) * * * * *
* * .EQ. 1 * * * * *
* * * * *
* * F * * * * *

```

```

CALL SNOMEL(BDDFSM,SPTH
CC,SPM,ELDIF,DAY,

```

```

SPBFLW, XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MNSM,DSMGH,SDEPTH,STMD, PXCSA,HOUR,
SAX,SQFRF,OFRFIS,SQFRFI,AMFSIL,PRH,SPTH,TANSM,SPLW,SFMD,DFRF,
WT4AM,WT4PM,ASM,ASMRG,SASF, SARAX,DMXT,DMNT,RICY,FIRR)

```

155

```

AMRPM=AMRPM+PRH

```

156

```

TOFR = 0.0
ARHF = 0.0

```

C 15 MINUTE ACCOUNTING AND ROUTING LOOP

```

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 187
PRD = 1,4

```

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C-25

```

PEBI =0.0
PPI =0.0
OFR =0.0
OFRIS=0.0
WI =0.0
WEIFS=0.0
PMEUZZ=0.0
PMEZS =0.0
PMEIFS =0.0
PMECFS =0.0

```

```

PEP =0.25*PRH

```

```

* * * IF * * * T
*) .EQ. 1 CONOPT(2) * * *
* * *
F

```

```

CALL PREPRD(RGPM,DRHP,D
AY,HOUR,DPY,PRD,PEP,

```

```

PRH)

```

```

* * * IF * * * T
*) C.0 PEP .GT. * * *
* * *
F

```

```

GO TO 157

```

```

* * * IF * * * T
*) 0.0 OFUS .GT. * * *
* * *
F

```

```

GO TO 159

```

```

* * * IF * * * T
*) 0.0 IFS .GT. * * *
* * *
F

```

```

GO TO 170

```

```

* * * IF * * * T
*) T.0 NRTRI .G * * *
* * *
F

```

```

GO TO 172

```

```

TRHF =0.0

```

```

* * * IF * * * T
*) 0.0 RHFO .GT. * * *
* * *
F

```

```

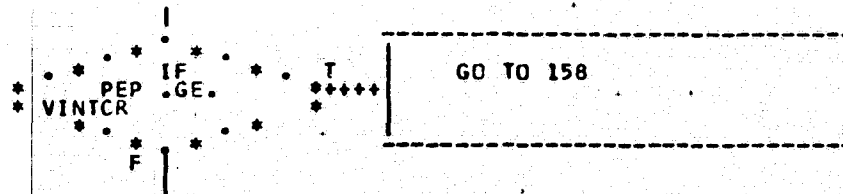
GO TO 181

```

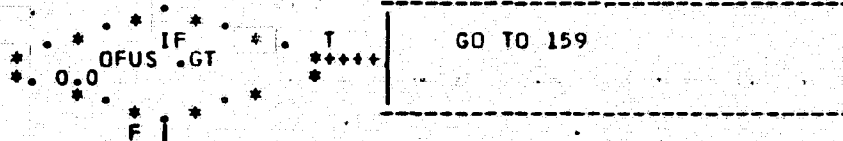

1184

C RAINFALL UPPER ZONE INTERACTION

157



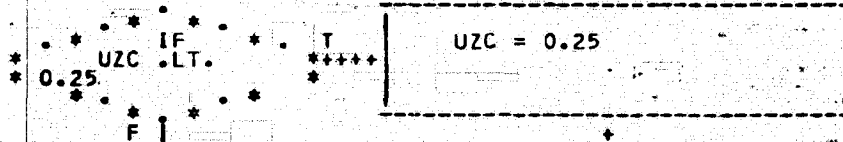
UZZ = UZZ + PEP * TPLR
 VINTCR = VINTCR - PEP
 PPI = 0.0
 PEPI = 0.0
 PPEUZZ = PEP



1170

158

PPI = PEP - VINTCR
 UZZ = UZZ + VINTCR * TPLR
 VINTCR = 0.0
 LZSR = LZS / LZC
 UZC = SUZC * AEX90 + BUZC * EXP(-2.7 * LZSR)



UZRX = 2.0 * ABS(UZZ / UZC - 1.0) + 1.0
 FMR = (1.0 / (1.0 + UZRX)) * UZRX



PEPI = PPI * FMR
 PPEUZZ = PEP - PEPI
 UZZ = UZZ + PPI - PEPI

C LOWER ZONE AND GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION

159

LZSR = LZS/LZC
EID = 4.0*LZSR

IF LZSR .LE 1.0 T
F GO TO 160

EID = 4.0+2.0*(LZSR-1.0)

IF LZSR .LE 2.0 T
F GO TO 160

EID = 6.0

160

PEBI = PEBI+OFUS
CMIR = 0.25*SIAM*BMIR/(2.0**EID)
CIVM = BIVF*2.0**LZSR

IF CIVM .LT 1.0 T
F CIVM = 1.0

PEAI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR*CIVM)

WI = PEBI*PEBI/(2.0*CMIR)

IF PEBI .GE CMIR T
F WI = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR

IF PEBI .GE CMIR*CIVM T
F PEA1 = PEBI - 0.5*CMIR*
CIVM

WEIFS = WI - PEA1

```

      IF (PEBI - OFUS) .LE. 0.001
      GO TO 161
      F
  
```

```

      PMELZS = (PEBI - WI) * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
      PMEIFS = WEIFS * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
      PMECFS = PEA1 * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
  
```

161

CONTINUE

```

      IF (PEAI - OFUS) .GT. 0.0
      GO TO 162
      F
  
```

```

      EQD = (OFUS + PEA1) / 2.0
  
```

163

162

```

      EQD = EQDF * ((PEAI - OFUS) ** 0.6)
  
```

163

```

      IF (OFUS + PEA1) .GT. (2.0 * EQD)
      EQD = 0.5 * (OFUS + PEA1)
      F
  
```

```

      IF (OFUS + PEA1) .LE. 0.001
      GO TO 164
      F
  
```

```

      OFR = 0.25 * OFRF * (((OFUS + PEA1) * 0.5)
      * 1.67) * ((1.0 + 0.6 * ((OFUS
      PEA1) / (2.0 * EQD)) ** 3.0) ** 1.67)
  
```

```

      IF (OFR .GT. 10.75 * PEA1)
      OFR = 0.75 * PEA1
      F
  
```

-C-30

169

```

LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZS/LZC-1.0)+1.0
FMR  = (1.0/(1.0+LZRX))*LZRX

```

170

```

SPIF =IFRL+IFS
AMIF =AMIF+SPIF
IFS  =IFS-SPIF

```

171

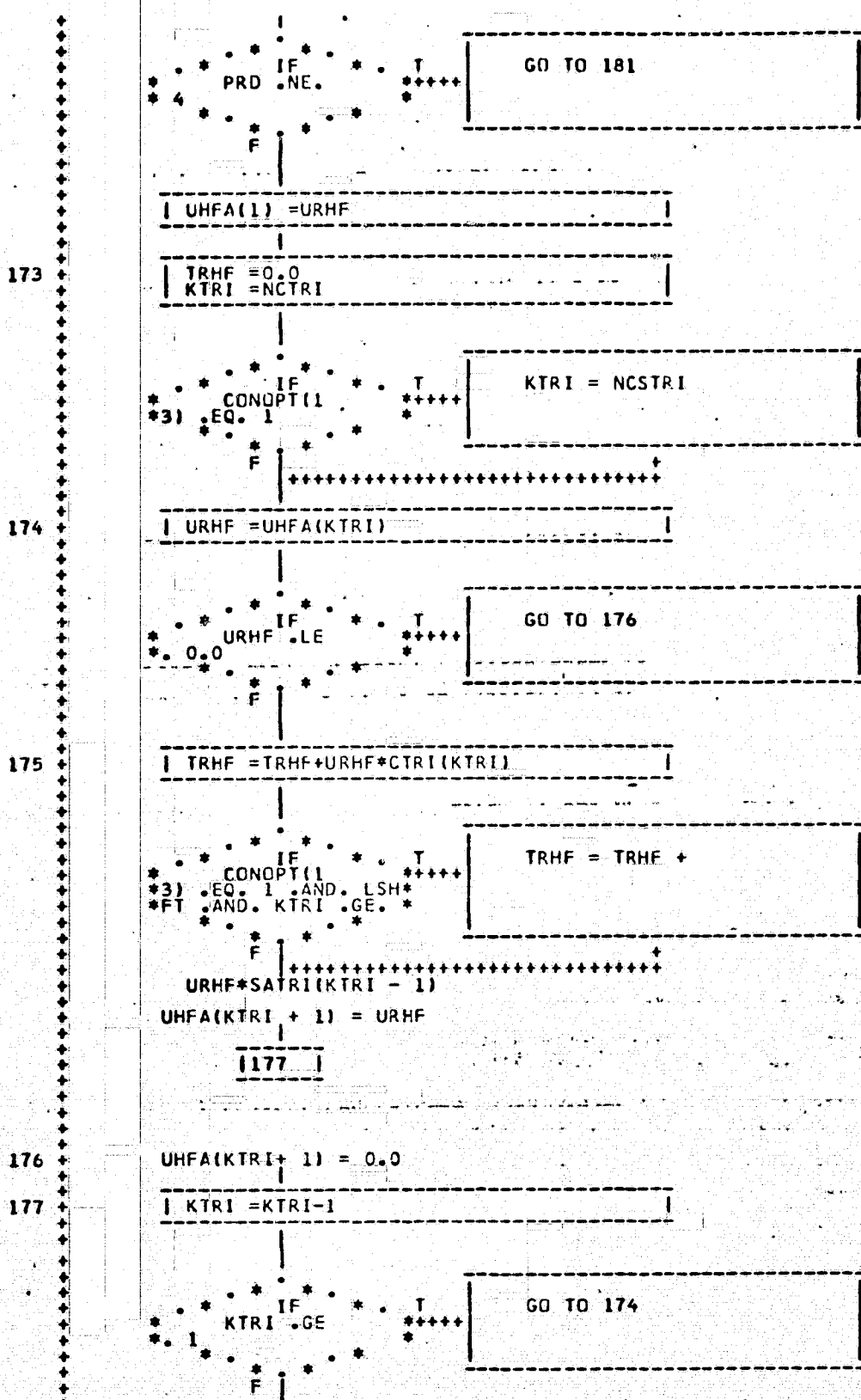
```
UHFA(1) = FPER*CFR+PPI*FWTR+FIMP
          *OFRIS+SPIF
SPDR = UHFA(1)
```

172

```

-----
| URHF = URHF + 0.25 * UHFA(1)

```



```

      * . * IF * . T
      * . * URHF . LE * . * ++++++
      * . 0.0 * . *
      F |
      |-----|
      | NRTRI=NC TRI |
      |-----|
      * . * IF * . T
      * . * CONOPT(1 * . * ++++++
      * 3) EQ 1 * . *
      F |
      |-----|
      | NRTRI=NRTRI-1 |
      | UHFA(1) =0.0 |
      |-----|
      * . * IF * . T
      * . * CONOPT(1 * . * ++++++
      * 3) NE 1 * . *
      F |
      |-----|
      | NNSTRI =NCSTRI+1 |
      | UHFA(NNSTRI) =0.0 |
      |-----|
      | URHF =0.0 |
      |-----|
      * . * IF * . T
      * . * SRX . LE * . * ++++++
      * CSRX * . *
      F |
      |-----|
      | RHFI =TRHF-SRX*(TRHF-RHFO) |
      |-----|
      | RHFO =RHFI |
      |-----|
      * . * IF * . T
      * . * RHFO .LT * . * ++++++
      * . RHFMC * . *
      F |
      |-----|
      | RHFO = 0.0 |
      |-----|
      | TFCFS=(4.0*RHFI+CBF-HSE)*WCFS |
      |-----|

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * CONOPT(1 * * * * *
      *3) * * * * * NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 182

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * CONOPT(1 * * * * *
      *2) * * * * * EQ. 1 .AND. PRD * * * * *
      * * * * * NE. 4 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 182

CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,OTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
TFCFS)

DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * LSHFT * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

WRITE(6,6) DATE,HOUR,PR
D,NCSTRI

BHELEMENTS) FORMAT 6 FORMAT(2X,12,2X,12,2X,
12,2X,20HHISTOGRAM
CHANGES TO,1X,12,1X,

182

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * TFCFS .L * * * * *
      *E. 0.5*CHCAP * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

SRX = CSRX

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * (TFCFS * * * * *
      *GT. 0.5*CHCAP) .AND.* * * * *
      * * * * * (TFCFS .LT. 2.0*C * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

SRX = CSRX

$+(FSRX - CSRX) * ((TFCFS - 0.5 * CHCAP) / (1.5 * CHCAP)) * 3$

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * TFCFS .G * * * * *
      *T. 2.0*CHCAP * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

SRX = FSX

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * TFCFS .L * * * * *
      *E. TFMAX * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 183

PRDF = PRD
TDFP24 = HCUR

IF
HOUR .EQ
24 .AND. PRD .EQ.
FI

1186

```

NDSDP=NDSDP+1

```

IF T
NDSOR E
Q. NDSDP
F

CALL DAYNXT(CDSDR,DPY)
CONTINUE

* * * IF * T
* VINTCR * ****
* LI. 0.25*VINMR *
* * *
F

187 +++++CONTINUE

C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP

CONOPT (5
NE. 1
F

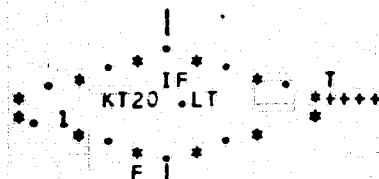
C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING

TOFR .LE T
0.0 *****
E I

GO TO 193

KT 20 = 20

188



GO TO 192

190

189

T200FH(KT20+1) = T200FH(KT20)

191

190

T200FH(KT20+1) = TOFR

193

191

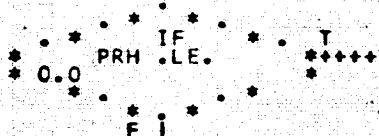
KT20 = KT20 - 1

188

192

T200FH(1) = TOFR

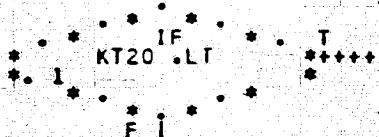
193



GO TO 197

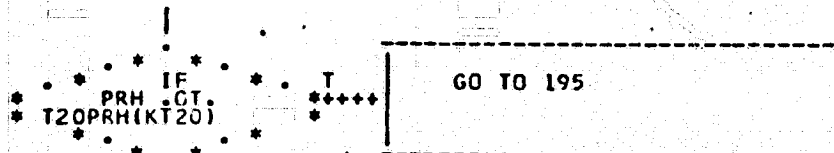
KT20 = 20

194



GO TO 196

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T20PRH(KT20 + 1) = PRH

1197

195 T20PRH(KT20+1) = T20PRH(KT20)

KT20 = KT20 - 1

1194

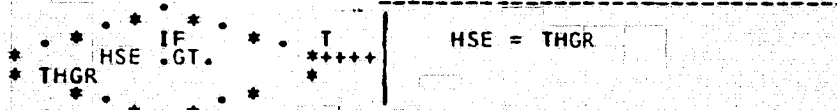
196 T20PRH(1) = PRH

C ADDING GROUNDWATER FLOW

197

```

      CBF = GWS*BFRL*(1.0+BFNRL*BFNX)
      GWS = GWS - CBF
      AMBF = AMBF + CBF
      THGR = ARHF + CBF
  
```



AMSE = AMSE + HSE
 THSF(HOUR) = (THGR - HSE) * WCFS
 TDSF = TDSF + THSF(HOUR)

C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS

C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE

SINDEX = SINDEX + 1

THSFD(SINDEX,1) = THSF(HOUR)

306 UZINFX = (LZS/UZC) - (LZS/LZC)

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 OF POOR QUALITY

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * UZINFX * * * *
      * * LE. 0.0 * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * *
  
```

GO TO 198

```

      LZSR = LZS/LZC
      UZINLZ = 0.003*BMR*UZC*UZINFX*
      * 3.0
  
```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * UZINLZ * * * *
      * * GT. UZS * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * *
  
```

UZINLZ = UZS

```

      UZS = UZS - UZINLZ
      LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZSR-1.0)+1.0
      FMR = (1.0/(1.0+LZRX))*LZRX
  
```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * LZS * * * *
      * * LT. * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * *
  
```

FMR = 1.0 - FMR*LZSR

```

      PGW = (1.0-FMR)*UZINLZ*(1.0-SUBWF)
      * FPER
      PLZS = FMR*UZINLZ
      LZS = LZS+PLZS
      GWS = GWS+PGW
      BFNX = BFNX+PGW
  
```

C 4 PM ADJUSTMENTS OF VARIOUS VALUES

198

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * HOUR .NE * * * *
      * * 16 * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * *
  
```

GO TO 202

```

      AEX90 = 0.9*(AEX90+PET)
      AEX96 = 0.96*(AEX96+PET)
  
```

C INFILTRATION CORRECTION

```

      SIAM = (AEX96/AETX)**SIAC
  
```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * SIAM * * * *
      * * LT. * * * *
      * * 0.33 * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * *
  
```

SIAM = 0.33

BFNX = 0.97 * BFNX

PET IF EQ. T
0.0
F

GO TO 202

C EVAP-TRANS LOSS FROM GROUNDWATER

GWET = GWS * GWETF * PET * FPER
GWS = GWS - GWET
BFNX = BFNX - GWET

BFNX IF LT. T
0.0
F

BFNX = 0.0

AMPET = AMPET + PET

PET IF GE. T
UZS
F

GO TO 199

UZS = UZS - PET
AMNET = AMNET + PET

202

199

PET = PET - UZS
AMNET = AMNET + UZS
UZS = 0.0
LZSR = LZS / LZC

PET IF GE. T
ETLF * LZSR
F

GO TO 200

SET = PET * (1.0 - PET / (2.0 * ETLF * LZSR))

201

```

200 * | SET = 0.5*ETLF*LZSK |
    * |
201 * | LZS = LZS - SET |
    * | AMNET = AMNET + SET |
202 * |
    * | *****CONTINUE
    * |
    * | C END OF HOUR LOOP
    * |
    * | DSSF(DAY) = TDSF/24.0 |
    * |
    * | IF * T | DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) +
    * | CONOPT(1) * | DDIW(DAY)
    * | *1) .EQ. 1 * |
    * | * F |
    * | * |
    * | * |
203 * | AMRTF = AMRTF + DRSF(DAY) |
    * | AMSTF = AMSTF + DSSF(DAY) |
    * |
    * | IF * T | EDLZS(DAY) = LZS
    * | CONOPT(6) * |
    * | *1) .EQ. 1 * |
    * | * F |
    * | * |
    * | * |
    * | C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION
    * |
    * | IF * T | GO TO 204
    * | CONOPT(4) * |
    * | *1) .NE. 1 * |
    * | * F |
    * | * |
    * | | ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY) |
    * |
    * | IF * T | KRFMI = 1.0
    * | DRSF(DAY) * |
    * | *1) .LT. 1.0 * |
    * | * F |
    * | * |
    * | IF * T | KRFMI = 2.0*ALOG(DRSF(DAY)
    * | DRSF(DAY) * | Y)) + 2.0
    * | *1) .GT. 1.0 * |
    * | * F |
    * | * |
    * | C RCFMI(KRFMI) = C RCFMI(KRFMI) + 1.0
    * | SERK(KRFMI) = SERK(KRFMI) + ERR
    * | SEKA(KRFMI) = SEKA(KRFMI) + ABS(ERR)
    * | SQER(KRFMI) = SQER(KRFMI) + ERR*ERR
    * | SESF(KRFMI) = 0.0

```

204

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * T
      * * CRFMI(KR * *
      * * ) .GT. 1.0 * *
      * * * * *
      * * F

```

```

      SESF(KRFMI) = SQRT(ABS(
      (SQER(KRFMI) -

```

```

      SERR(KRFMI)**2/CRFMI(KRFMI))/(CRFMI(KRFMI) - 1.0)))

```

CONTINUE

```

      | DATE = DAY

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * T
      * * (MCNTH.E * *
      * * 0.4).AND.(M * *
      * * DAY.EQ.3 * *
      * * 1) * *
      * * * * *
      * * F

```

DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * T
      * * MONTH.NE * *
      * * 4 * *
      * * * * *
      * * F

```

DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)

```

      WRITE(6,9)
      DATE, (THSF(HCUR), HOUR=1,12)

```

```

      FORMAT 9 FORMAT(1H/,1X/,1X,14,2X,
      2HAM,1X,6F8.1,3X,6F8.1)

```

```

      WRITE(6,10)
      (THSF(HOUR), HOUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)

```

```

      FORMAT 10 FORMAT(1HJ,6X,2HPM,1X,
      6F8.1,3X,7F8.1)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * T
      * * TDFP24 * *
      * * LT. 12.0 * *
      * * * * *
      * * F

```

GO TO 205

```

      | TDFP12 = TDFP24-12.0

```

4HP.M.)

```

      FORMAT 11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=
      ,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,
      3X,F5.2,2X,

```

|206|

205

CONTINUE

4HA.M.)

```

      FORMAT 12 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=
      ,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,

```

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OF POOR QUALITY

SDEPTH, STMD, SAX, TANSM, SPLW

```
FORMAT 13 FORMAT(3X,14,2X,7HDEPTH=
),F8.2,2X,5HSTMD=,F6.2,2X,4HSAX=,F6.2,
```

$$\text{MAXI} = \text{MAXI} + 1$$

```
STMROS(MAXI,1)=DSSF(DAY)
```

```

-----
TMSTF(MAXI,1) = AMSTF
AMSTF=0.0
TMRTF(MONTH) = AMRTF
AMRTF=0.0

```

```
EMBFNX(MAXI,1)=BFNX
TMPREC(MAXI,1)=AMPREC
```

```

AMPREC = 0.0
TMRP(MONTH) = AMRPM
AMRPM = 0.0
TMBF(MAXI,1) = AM3F
AM3F = 0.0
TMIF(MAXI,1) = AMIF
AMIF = 0.0
TMSE(MAXI,1) = AMSE
AMSE = 0.0
TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
AMPET = 0.0
TMNET(MONTH) = AMNET
AMNET = 0.0
TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE
AMSNE = 0.0

```

$$TMFSIL(MONTH) = AMFSIL$$

```
AMFSIL = 0.0
EMGWS(MAXI,1) = GWS
UZC = SUZC*AE*90 + BUZC*EXP(-2.7
      *LZS/LZC)
```

0.25 UZC IF LT T

UZC = 0.25

```

=====
EMUZC(MAXI,1) =UZC
EMUZS(MAXI,1) =UZS
=====

```

```

E=SIAM(MAXI,1)=SIAM

```

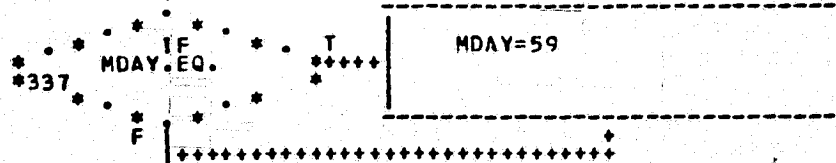
```

-----
EMLZS(MAXI,1) = LZS
EMIFS(MAXI,1) = IFS

```

220

CONTINUE



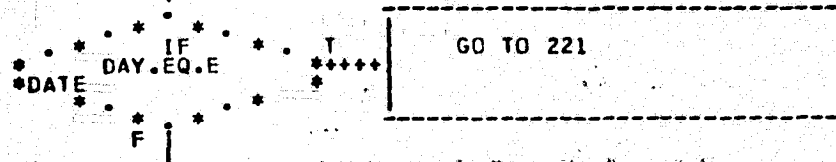
C

C STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR

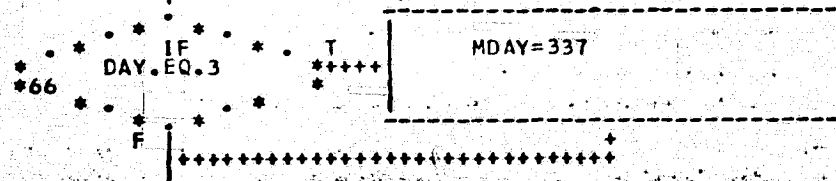
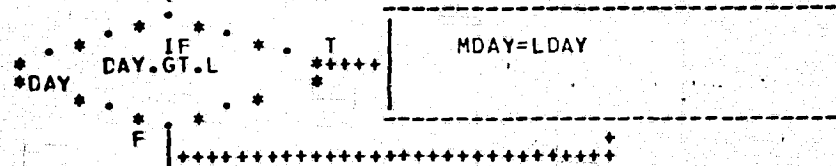
TFMAXY(MAXI) = TFMAX

3001

CONTINUE



CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)



1152 1

C END OF DAY LOOP

221

CONTINUE

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE ZEROP(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, ISDDIC, PDATE, LDAY)

COMMON/PLOTG/DRSF, DSSF, CONOPT, THSFD, TMSTF, STMROS(121,6), DPY, TITLE,
KFLAG, IDFLAG,
IENDFG, STUDY(2), PEAKS, PHRS, NSPTS, THSFD, TFMAXD, TMRTF, JPLOT,
NCTRI, CTRI, FIR, RICY, DPSE, BDDFSM, SPBFLW, SPTWCC, SPM, ELDIF,
XDNFS, FFOK, FFSI, MNSM, DSMGH, PXCSA, RMPF, RGPMB, AREA, FIMP,
SATRI, UHFA,
MNRD,
FVTR, VINTMR, BUZC, SUZC, LZC, ETLF, SUBWF, GWETF, SIAC, RMIR,
BIVF, OFSS, OFSL, OFMN, OFMNI, IFRC, CSRX, FSRX, CHCAP, EXDPV,
BFNL, BFRC, CWS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, BFHRC, BFR, BFNH, IFPRC,
IFRL, LSHFT, NCTRI, FNTRI, MXTRI, NCSTRI, BTRI, TFCFS, EDVET, FOER,
TPLR, VINTCR, HSE, MTRI, SPIF, CBF, SPDR, OFUS, OFUSIS, OFR, OFRIS, PEIS,
RHFO, URHF, AMIF, AMNET, APET, AMSNE, AMFSII, SASFX, SARAX, SRX, VWIN,
WCFS, RHFM, SSRT, JFRF, JFRFIS, EQDF, EQDFIS, SLFRF, SJFRFI,
SDEPTH, MULTI, ID, ASM, WT4AM, WT4PM, SAX, TANSM, SPTW, STMD, SFMD, ASMRG,
DEPEND(2), VARIN(2), NPTS, JULDI, IYR, TODARY(5,1),
TCMRY(7,1), TOSARY(5,6,1), TSDARY(6,1), TSMARY(8,1),
TSSARY(3,6,1), TSMCRY(1), TSDCRY(1), TSMARY(1,6,1),
TCMRY(1,6,1),
DRSFT(366), DSSF(366), MI, NI, MULT, TMRTFT(12), TMSTFT(12)
CCMMCN/COMMA/EMBNX, EMGWS, EMIFS, EMLZS, EMSIAM, EMUZC, EMUZZ, TMRF,
TMIF, TMPREC, TMSE, CRFMI, DCIW, DMNT, DMXT, DRGPM, DRHP, DRSGP, DPET, EDLZS,
EPCN, SERA, SERR, SESF, SQER, THSF, TMSIL, TMNET, TMOF, TMPET, TMRPM, TMSNE,
TMSTFI, T20OFH, T20PRH, TMRTFI, JULDAT,
TFMAXY, UZC, AETX, DAY, NSGRD, AEX90, SIAM, NDSUP, RGPM, NDSOR, YRI,
TRHF,
SINDEX, INDEX, AEX96, MAXI, YR2, BYLZS, BYIFS, BYUZZ

C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970)

C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV

DIMENSION BTRI(99), CONOPT(16), CRFMI(22), CTRI(99), DDIW(366),
DMNT(366), DMXT(366), DPSE(366), DRGPM(366), DRHP(366,24),
DRSGP(366), DPET(366), DRSF(366), DSSF(366), EDLZS(366),
EMBNX(15,3), EMGWS(15,3), EMIFS(15,3), EMLZS(15,3), EMSIAM(15,3),
EMUZC(15,3), EMUZZ(15,3), EPCN(12), FIR(15), MEDCY(12), MEDWY(12),
RICY(37), SATRI(99), SERA(22), SERR(22), SESF(22), SQER(22),
THSF(24), TITLE(18), TMRF(15,3), TMSIL(12), TMIF(15,3), TMNET(12),
TMCF(15,3), TMPET(12), TMPREC(15,3), TMRPM(12), TMRTFI(12), TMSF(15,3),
TMSNE(12), TMSTFI(15,3), TMSTFI(15,3), T20OFH(21), T20PRH(21),
UHFA(99), TMRTFI(12), JULDAT(6), THSFD(744,3), TFMAXY(366),
PEAKS(6), PHRS(6), NSPTS(6), THSFD(6)

LOGICAL LSHFT

INTEGER CDSOR, CN, CONOPT, DATE, DAY, DPY, EHSOD, HOUR, HRF, HRL, PDAY,
PRD, RHPD, RHPH, RSOD, SGMD, SGRT, SGRT2, YEAR, YR1, YR2, PHRS, SINDEX

INTEGER TOMARY, TSMARY, TODARY, TSDARY, TOSARY, TSSARY

INTEGER DATES, EDATE

DIMENSION RPLTC(1832), RCOMMA(12087)

EQUIVALENCE (DPY, RPLTC(1)), (CRFMI, RCOMMA(1))

REAL IFPRC, IFRC, IFRL, IFS, LZC, LZRX, LZS, LZSR, MNSM, MNRD, MRNSM, NHPT

DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334/

DATA MEDWY/ 304, 334, 365, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273 /

REAL MXDRSF, MXDSSF, MXMSF, MXMSSF, SSQD

REAL SSQM, SSQDI, SSQMI, VDRSF, VDSSF

REAL VMRSF, VMSSF, SDRSF, SDDSSF, SDRSF, SDMSF, SMD, SMMD, SMSQD,
SMSQM

REAL MDRSF, MDSSF, MMRSF, MMSSF

BACKSPACE 11

READ (11)
(RPLTC(I), I=1, 1832)

BACKSPACE 18

READ(18)
(RCOMMA(I),I=1,12087)

150

CONTINUE

DATE = PDATE
DAY = DATES
MDAY = PDAY
SINDEX = 0
MAXI = 0
AMRPM = 0.0
AMPKEC = 0.0
AMBF = 0.0
AMSE = 0.0
AMSTF = 0.0
AMRTF = 0.0

MEDWY(5)=366

DPY .EQ.

366

F

FORMAT

3 FORMAT(1H1,1X,'NO PRECIP
HOURLY CFS VALUES',//,1X,44)

WRITE(6,3)
MSBDIC

C BEGIN DAY LOOP

IMONTH = MONTH

152

TDSF = 0.0

IF MONTH.NE

GO TO 148

F

IF MDAY.NE

GO TO 149

31

F

148

IF
DATE.GT.
(MOD(DAY,MDAY))

IMONTH=MONTH+1

F

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OF POOR QUALITY

CONTINUE

```

PET = EPCM(IMCNTH)*DPET(DAY)
PETU = PET
TFMAX = 0.0

```

C EVAPOTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS

```

      IF CONOPT(7) .NE. 1
      F

```

GO TO 153

```

      IF DMXT(DAY) - 4.0 .LE. 0.0
      F

```

PET = 0.0

```

      IF SPTW .GT. SPTWCC
      F

```

PET = FFOR*PET

C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION

```

      IF DMNT(DAY) .GT. 32.0 .OR. SP
      F

```

GO TO 153-

```

SE = DPSE(DAY)
AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
SPTW = SPTW - SE

```

```

      IF SEMD .GT. 0.0
      F

```

SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SF

```

153 DO LOOP TO
      STMT # 202
      HCUR = 1.24

```

```

154      IF HOUR .EQ. 1
      SGRT
      F

```

RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)

C ENTER SNOWMELT SUBROUTINE

155

156

C 15 MINUTE ACCOUNTING AND ROUTING LCOP

C-48

* * * * *
 * C.O PEP IF GT. T * * * * *
 * * * * *
 * F I * * * * *

* * * * *

0.0 OFUS .GT T
F I

* * * * *

IFS IFGT T
0.0
E I

NRTRI.G T
*T.O *
E.I

1 TRHF = 0.0

* * * * *

* . 0.0 RHFO GT T

* * * * *

1184

157

PEP
VINTCR
IF
GE.
T

E

```

UZS      =UZS+PEP*TPLR
VINTCR   =VINTCR-PEP
PPI      =0.0
PEBI     =0.0
PMEUZS   =PEP

```

158

159

160

```

| EID = 6.0
|

```

```

| PEBI = PEBI + OFUS
| CMIR = 0.25 * SIAM * CMIR / (2.0 * EID)
| CIVM = BIVF * 2.0 * LZSR
|

```

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * * * *
* * CIVM .LT. * * * * *
* * 1.0 * * * * *
* * F * * * * *
* * * * *

```

CIVM = 1.0

```

| PEAI = PEBI * PEBI / (2.0 * CMIR * CIVM)
| WI = PEBI * PEBI / (2.0 * CMIR)
|

```

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * * * *
* * PEBI .GE. * * * * *
* * CMIR * * * * *
* * F * * * * *
* * * * *

```

WI = PEBI - 0.5 * CMIR

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * * * *
* * PEBI .GE. * * * * *
* * CMIR * CIVM * * * * *
* * F * * * * *
* * * * *

```

PEAI = PEBI - 0.5 * CMIR * CIVM

```

| WEIFS = WI - PEA1
|

```

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * * * *
* * PEBI .LE. * * * * *
* * OFUS * * * * *
* * F * * * * *
* * * * *

```

GO TO 161

```

| PMELZS = (PEBI - WI) * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
| PMEIFS = WEIFS * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
| PMEGFS = PEA1 * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
|

```

161

CONTINUE

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * * * *
* * (PEAI - OFUS) .GT. 0.0 * * * * *
* * F * * * * *
* * * * *

```

GO TO 162

```

| EQD = (OFUS + PEA1) / 2.0
|

```

1163

162

EQD = EQDF * ((PEAI - OFUS) ** 0.6)

163

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * (OFUS * * * * *
      * *PEAI) .GT. (2.0*EQD*
      * *)

```

EQD = 0.5 * (OFUS + PEA1)

F

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * (OFUS * * * * *
      * *PEAI) .LE. 0.001
      * *)

```

GO TO 164

F

```

      OFR = 0.25*OFRF * ((OFUS+PEAI)*0.5)
      * *1.67) * ((1.0+0.6*((OFUS
      * *PEAI)/(2.0*EQD))**3.0)**1.67)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * OFR .GT. * * * * *
      * (0.75*PEAI)

```

OFR = 0.75 * PEA1

F

164

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * FIMP .EQ * * * * *
      * 0.0

```

GO TO 168

F

165

PEIS = PPI + OFUSIS

```

      * * * * *
      * IF * * * * *
      * (PEIS - * * * * *
      * *OFUSIS) .GT. 0.0
      * *)

```

GO TO 166

F

EQDIS = (OFUSIS + PEIS) / 2.0

167

166

EQDIS = EQDFIS * ((PEIS - OFUSIS) ** 0.6)

167

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * (OFUSIS * * * * *
      * * PEIS) .GT. (2.0*E
      * * QDIS)

```

EQDIS = 0.5*(OFUSIS + P
EIS)

F

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * (OFUSIS * * * * *
      * * PEIS) .LE. 0.01

```

GO TO 168

F

OFRIS=0.25*OFRIS*((OFUSIS+PEIS)
*0.5)**1.67)*((1.0+0.6*((
OFUSIS + PEIS)/(2.0*EQDIS))**3.0)**1.67)

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * OFRIS .G * * * * *
      * * T. PEIS

```

OFRIS = PEIS

F

168

TOFR = TOFR + FPER*OFR + FIMP*OFRIS
+ PPI*FWR
OFUSIS = PEIS - OFRIS
GFUS = PEAL - OFR

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * OFUSIS .GE * * * * *
      * * 0.001

```

GO TO 169

F

LZS = LZS + OFUS
OFUS = 0.0
CFRIS = OFRIS + OFUSIS
CFUSIS = 0.0

169

LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZS/LZC-1.0)+1.0
FMR = (1.0/(1.0+LZRX))**LZRX

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * LZS .LT. * * * * *
      * * LZC

```

FMR = 1.0 - FMR*(LZS/LZ
C)

F

PLZS = FMR*(PEBI-WI)
PGW = (1.0-FMR)*(PEBI-WI)*(1.0
-SUBWF)*FPER
GWS = GWS + PGW
BFNX = BFNX + PGW
LZS = LZS + PLZS
IFS = IFS + WEIFS*FPER

SP-IF = IFRL*IFS
AMIF = AMIF+SP-IF
IFS = IFS-SP-IF

IFS IFGE T
C.COOL
E

GO TO 171

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LZS} &= \text{LZS} + \text{IFS} \\ \text{IFS} &= 0.0 \end{aligned}$$

```
UHFA(1) = FPER*CFR+PPI*FWTR+FIMP
          *OFRIS+SPIF
SPDR = UHFA(1)
```

C ROUTING

IF
CONOPT(1
NE. 1
T
*2)
E I

GO TO 173

$$URHF = URHF + 0.25 * UHFA(1)$$

PRD IF NE T
4 *++*
E I

GO TO 181

UHFA(1) = UHF

```
TRHF = 0.0
KTRI = NCTRI
```

IF T
CONOPT(1) *****
#3) EQ. 1
E I

KTRI = NCSTRI

```

-----
| URHF =UHFA(K,TRI)

```

URHF .LE T
0.0 *****
E I

GO TO 176

175

TRHF = TRHF + URHF * CTRI(KTRI)

IF * * * * T
CONOPT(1 * * * *
3) EQ. 1 AND. LSH
*FT AND. KTRI .GE. *
* * * *
F

TRHF = TRHF +

URHF * SATRI(KTRI - 1)

UHFA(KTRI + 1) = URHF

177

176

UHFA(KTRI + 1) = 0.0

177

KTRI = KTRI - 1

IF * * * * T
KTRI .GE. * * * *
* 1 * * * *
F

GO TO 174

178

IF * * * * T
URHF .LE. * * * *
* 0.0 * * * *
F

GO TO 179

NRTRI = NCTRI

IF * * * * T
CONOPT(1 * * * *
*3) EQ. 1 * * * *
F

NRTRI = MXTRI

179

NRTRI = NRTRI - 1
UHFA(1) = 0.0

IF * * * * T
CONOPT(1 * * * *
*3) NE. 1 * * * *
F

GO TO 180

NNSTRI = NCSTRI + 1
UHFA(NNSTRI) = 0.0

180

| URHF = 0.0 |

181

```

      * * * * *
      * * SRX IF * * T * *
      * * .LE. * * * * *
      * * CSRX * *
      * * F * *
      * * * * *

```

SRX = CSRX

```

      | RHFI = TRHF-SRX*(TRHF-RHFO)
      | RHFO = RHFI

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * RHFO IF * * T * *
      * * .LT * * * * *
      * * RHFC * *
      * * F * *
      * * * * *

```

RHFO = 0.0

```

      | TFCFS = (4.0*RHFI+CBF-HSE)*WCFS

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * CONOPT(1 IF * * T * *
      * * 3) .NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * F * *
      * * * * *

```

GO TO 182

```

      * * * * *
      * * CONOPT(1 IF * * T * *
      * * 2) .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD * * * * *
      * * .NE. 4 * *
      * * F * *
      * * * * *

```

GO TO 182

```

      CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
      TFCFS)

```

```

      | DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * LSHFT IF * * T * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * *
      * * * * *

```

WRITE(6,6) DATE,HOUR,PR
D,NCSTRI

8HELEMENTS)

FORMAT 6 FORMAT(2X,I2,2X,I2,2X,I2,
2X,20HHISTOGRAM CHANGES TO,1X,I2,1X,

182

CONTINUE

```

      * * * * *
      * * TFCFS IF * * T * *
      * * .L * * * * *
      * * E. 0.5*CHCAP * *
      * * F * *
      * * * * *

```

SRX = CSRX

14X,17HSTREAMFLOW ORIGIN,6X,14HSTREAM OUTFLOW/2X,116HNDY HR PD RA
 IN EUZS ELZS EIFS EOFS UZS LZS IFS QFS S
 PCF SPIF SPBF SPTF INCHES CFS)

FORMAT 7 FORMAT(1H//,21X,19HRAINFALL
 DEPOSITION,12X,16HMOISTURE STORAGE,

DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)

QFS = OFUS*FPER+OFUSIS*FIMP
 SPCF = OFR*FPER+OFRIS*FIMP+PPI*FWTR
 SPBF = 0.25*(CBF-HSE)
 SPTF = SPDR+SPBF
 SPDR = 0.0

IF * T
 RHFO .LE *
 0.0 *
 F *
 S TFCFS = (CBF - HSE)*WCF

RSPTF = 0.25*TFCFS/WCF

WRITE(6,8)
 DATE, HOUR, PRD, PEP, PMEUS, PMELZS, PMEIFS, PMEofs, U,
 ZS, LZS

IFS, QFS, SPCF, SPIF, SPBF, SPTF, RSPTF, TFCFS
 F7.1)

FORMAT 8 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,12,1X,
 11,5(1X,F6.4),2X,4(F7.4),2X,5(1X,F6.4),1X,

IF * T
 HOUR .EQ *
 24 .AND. PRD .EQ *
 F *
 GO TO 185

186

NDSDP = NDSDP + 1

IF * T
 NDSDR .E *
 Q. NDSDP *
 F *
 GO TO 186

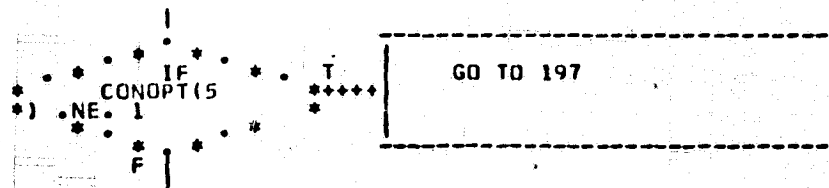
CALL DAYNXT(CDSDR,DPY)
 CONTINUE

IF * T
 VINTCR *
 LT. 0.25*VINTMR *
 F *
 VINTCR = VINTCR + DPET(
 DAY)/96.0

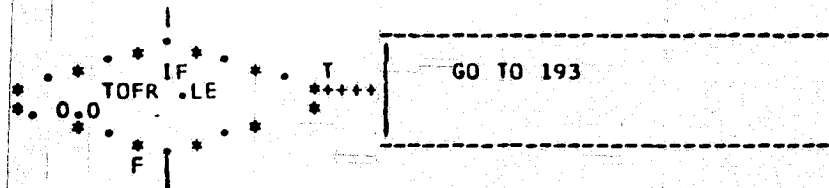
ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

187 *****CONTINUE

C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP

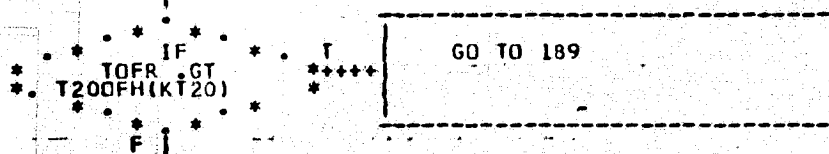
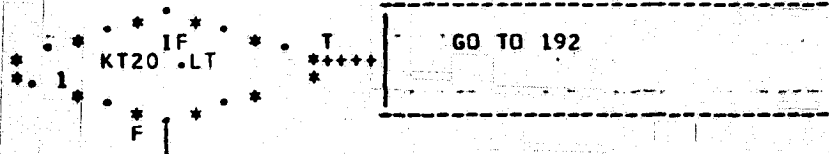


C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING



| KT20 = 20 |

188



| 190 |

189

T200FH(KT20+1) = T200FH(KT20)

| 191 |

190

T200FH(KT20+1) = TOFR

| 193 |

191

| KT20 = KT20-1 |

| 188 |

192

1 T200FH(1) = TQFR

193

PRH IF J
LE. T
O.O. *++*
F I

GO TO 197

1 KT20 = 20

194

KT20 IF LT

GO TO 196

PRH IF T
T20PRH(KT20) GT *****
F I *

GO TO 195

$$T20PRH(KT20 + 1) = PRH$$

1197

195

$$T20PRH(KT20+1) = T20PRH(KT20)$$

KT20 = KT20-1

1194

196

```
1 T20PRH(1) = PRH
```

C ADDING GROUNDWATER FLOW

197

```

CBF      =GWS*BFRL*(1.0+BFNRL*BFNX)
GWS      =GWS-CBF
AMBF     =AMBF+CBF
THGR     =ARHF+CBF

```

THGR HSE IF GT T
F

HSE = THGR

```

AMSE = AMSE + HSE
THSF(HOUR) = (THGR - HSE) * WCFS
TDSF = TDSF + THSF(HOUR)

```

C

C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS

C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE

```

T INDEX = INDEX + 1

```

```

THSFD(INDEX, 2) = THSF(HOUR)

```

306

```

UZINFX = (LZS / UZC) - (LZS / LZC)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * UZINFX * * * * *
      * * * * * *LE. 0.0 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 198

```

LZSR = LZS / LZC
UZINLZ = 0.003 * BMIR * UZC * UZINFX *
      *3.0

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * UZINLZ * * * * *
      * * * * * *GT. UZS * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

UZINLZ = UZS

```

UZS = UZS - UZINLZ
LZRX = 1.5 * ABS(LZSR - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0 / (1.0 + LZRX)) * LZRX

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * LZS *LT. * * * * *
      * * * * * LZC * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

FMR = 1.0 - FMR * LZSR

```

PGW = (1.0 - FMR) * UZINLZ * (1.0 - SUBWF)
      *FPER
PLZS = FMR * UZINLZ
LZS = LZS + PLZS
GWS = GWS + PGW
BFNX = BFNX + PGW

```

C 4 PM ADJUSTMENTS OF VARIOUS VALUES

C INFILTRATION CORRECTION

* * * SIAM IF T
0.33 LT **++
F

SIAM = 0.33

+++++

```

      *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *
      *   C.O   PET   IF.EQ   T   GO TO 202
      *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *
      *   F

```

GWET = GWS*GWETF*PET*FPER
GWS = GWS-GWET
BFNX = BFNX-GWET

```
* * * * *
```

BFNX IF T

0.0 .LT +++++ BFNX = 0.0

F

+++++

U.S. PET IF T
U.S. GE. * * * * *
U.S. F

GO TO 199

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

202

PET = PET-UZS
AMNET=AMNET+UZS
UZS =0.0
LZSR =LZS/LZC

GO TO 200

1201

```
SET = 0.5*ETLF*LZSR
```

LZS = LZS-SET
AMNET=AMNET+SET

C END OF HOUR LOOP

```

      IF CONOPT(1)
      *1) EQ 1
      T *****
      E

```

$$DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) + DDIW(DAY)$$

```

AMRTF=AMRTF+DRSF(CAY)
AMSTF=AMSTF+DSSF(CAY)

```

IF T
CONOPT(6) *++
*) .EQ. 1 *

EDLZS(DAY) = LZS

C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * CONOPT(4) * * * * *
      * * ) .NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 204

```

      | ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY) |

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * DRSF(DAY) * * * * *
      * * ) .LT. 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

KRFMI = 1.0

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * DRSF(DAY) * * * * *
      * * ) .GT. 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

KRFMI = 2.0 * ALOG(DRSF(DAY)) + 2.0

```

      | CRFMI(KRFMI) = CRFMI(KRFMI) + 1.0
      | SERR(KRFMI) = SERR(KRFMI) + ERR
      | SERA(KRFMI) = SERA(KRFMI) + ABS(ERR)
      | SQER(KRFMI) = SQER(KRFMI) + ERR * ERR
      | SESF(KRFMI) = 0.0

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * CRFMI(KRFMI) * * * * *
      * * ) .GT. 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

SESF(KRFMI) = SQRT(ABS(SQER(KRFMI) -

SERR(KRFMI) * 2 / CRFMI(KRFMI) / (CRFMI(KRFMI) - 1.0))

204

CONTINUE

```

      | DATE = DAY |

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * (MONTH.E * * * * *
      * * ) .AND. (MDAY.EQ.3 * * * * *
      * * ) * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

DATE = MOD(DAY, MDAY)

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * MONTH.NE * * * * *
      * * ) .AND. (MDAY.EQ.3 * * * * *
      * * ) * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

DATE = MOD(DAY, MDAY)

```

      | WRITE(6,9)
      | DATE, (THSF(HCUR), HOUR=1,12)

```

```
WRITE(6,10)  
(THSF(HCUR),HCUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)
```

GO TO 205

TDF
LI 12.0

12 = TDFP 24-12.0

4HP.M.1

```
FORMAT 11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=
,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
```

1206

205

CONTINUE

4 H.A.M. 1

```
FORMAT 12 FORMAT(1H/,1CX,8HMAXIMUM=
,F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
```

206

```
WRITE(6,13)DATE,
```

```

      IF T
      CONOPT(7) = EQ
      SDEP = 1
      GT = 0.0
  
```

```

DEPTH,STMD,SAX,TANM,SPLW  FORMAT 13  FORMAT(3X,14,2X,7HDEPTH=
,F8.2,2X,5HSTMD=,F6.2,2X,4HSAX=,F6.2,
2X,6HTANM=,F6.2,2X,5HSPLW=,F6.2)

```

```

-----
I MAXI = MAXI + 1

```

C. MONTHLY SUMMARY STORAGE

```
STMROS(MAXI,2)=DSSF(DAY)
```

```

-----
TMSTF(MAXI,2) =AMSTF
AMSTF=0.0
TMRTF(MONTH) =AMRTF
AMRTF=0.0

```

```
EMBFNX(MAXI,2)=BFNX
TMPREC(MAXI,2)=AMPREC
```

```

AMPREC = 0.0
TMRPM(MONTH) = AMRPM
AMRPM = 0.0
TMBF(MAXI,2) = AMBF
AMBF = 0.0
TMIF(MAXI,2) = AMIF
AMIF = 0.0
TMSX(MAXI,2) = AMSE
AMSE = 0.0
TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
AMPET = 0.0
TMMET(MONTH) = AMNET
AMNET = 0.0
TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE
AMSNE = 0.0

```

TMFSIL(MCNTH) = *AMFSIL

AMFSIL = 0.0
EMGWS(MAXI,2) = GWS
UZC = SUZC*AFx90+BUZC*EXP(-2.7
*LZS/LZC)

IF * T
* UZC * LT. *
* 0.25 *
* F *

UZC = 0.25

EMUZC(MAXI,2) = UZC

EMUZS(MAXI,2) = UZS

EMSIAM(MAXI,2) = SIAM

EMLZS(MAXI,2) = LZS
EMIFS(MAXI,2) = IFS

220

CONTINUE

IF * T
* MDAY.EQ. *
* 337 *
* F *

MDAY=59

C

C STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR

TFMAXY(MAXI) = TFMAX

3001

CONTINUE

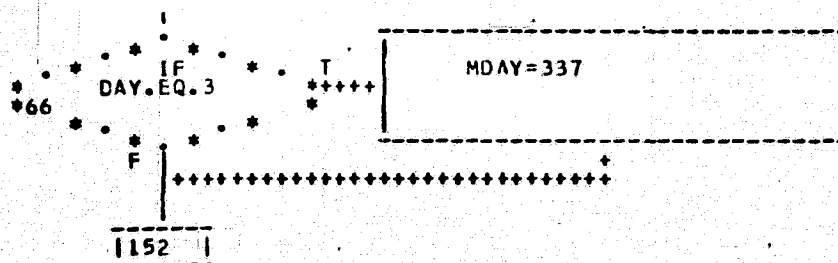
IF * T
* DAY.EQ.E *
* DATE *
* F *

GO TO 221

CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)

IF * T
* DAY.GT.L *
* DAY *
* F *

MDAY=LDAY



C END OF DAY LOOP

221

CONTINUE
RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE FORCST(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSHDIC, PDATE, LDAY, MPDAY)

COMMON/PLUTC/DRSF, DSSF, CONOPT, THSFD, TMSTF, STMROS(121,6), DPY, TITLE,
KFLAG, IDFLAG,
IENDFC, STUDY(2), PEAKS, PHRS, NSPTS, THSFD, TFMXD, TMRTF, JPLDT,
NCTRI, CTRI, FIRR, RICY, DPSE, BDDFSM, SPBFLW, SPWCC, SPM, ELDIF,
XDNFS, FFOP, FFSI, MRNSM, DSMGH, PXCSA, RMPF, RGPMB, AREA, FIMP,
SATRI, UHFA,
MNRD,
FWTR, VINTMR, BUZC, SUZC, LZC, ETLF, SUBWF, GWETF, SIAC, BMIR,
BIVF, OFSS, OFSL, OFMN, OFNIS, IFRC, CSRX, FSRX, CHCAP, EXOPV,
BFLR, BFKC, GNS, UZS, LZS, BFNX, IFS, BFHRC, BFKL, BFNRL, HFNHR, IFPRC,
IFRL, LSHFT, NBTRI, FTRI, MXTRI, NCSTRI, BTRI, TFCFS, EPAET, FPER,
TPLR, VINTCR, HSE, NRTR, SPIF, CBF, SPDR, OFUS, OFUSIS, GFR, OFRIS, PEIS,
RHFO, URHF, AMIF, AMNET, AMPET, AMSNE, AMFSIL, SASFX, SARAX, SRX, VWIN,
WCFS, RHFC, SSRT, OFRF, OFRFIS, EQDF, EQDFIS, SORFX, SORFRI,
SDEPTH, MULTI, ID, ASM, WT4AM, WT4PM, SAX, TANSM, SPTW, STMD, SFMD, ASMRG,
DEPEND(2), VARIN(2), NPTS, JULDT, IYR, TODAY(5,1),
TOMARY(7,1), TOSARY(5,6,1), TSDARY(6,1), TSMARY(8,1),
TSSARY(3,6,1), TSMCRY(1), TSDCRY(1), TSRAKY(1,6,1),
TCRARY(1,6,1),
DRSFT(366), DSSF(366), MI, NI, MULT, TMRTFT(12), TMSTFT(12)
COMMON/COMMA/EMBFNX, EMGWS, EMIFS, EMLZS, EMSIAM, EMUZO, EMUZO, TMBF,
TMIF, IMPREC, TMSE, CRFMI, DCIW, DMNT, DMXT, DRGPM, DRHP, DRSGP, DPET, EDLZS,
EPCM, SERA, SERR, SESF, SQER, THSF, THFSIL, TMNET, TMOF, TMPET, TMRPM, TMSNE,
TMSTFI, T20DFH, T20PRH, TMRTFI, JULDAT,
TFMAXY, UZC, AETX, DAY, NSGRD, AEX99, SIAM, NDSOP, RGP, NDSOR, YRI,
TRHF,
SINDEX, INDEX, AEX96, MAXI, YR2, BYLZS, BYIFS, BYUZO

C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970)

C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV

DIMENSION BTRI(99), CONOPT(16), CREMI(22), CTRI(99), DDW(366),
DMNT(366), DMXT(366), DPSE(366), DRGPM(366), DRHP(366,24),
DRSGP(366), DPET(366), DRSF(366), DSSF(366), EDLZS(366),
EMBFNX(15,3), EMGWS(15,3), EMIFS(15,3), EMLZS(15,3), EMSIAM(15,3),
EMUZO(15,3), EMUZO(15,3), EPCM(12), FIRR(15), MEDCY(12), MEDWY(12),
RICY(37), SATRI(99), SERA(22), SERR(22), SESF(22), SQER(22),
THSF(24), TITLE(18), TMBF(15,3), TMFSIL(12), TMIF(15,3), TMNET(12),
TMOF(15,3), TMPET(12), TMPREC(15,3), TMRPM(12), TMSNE(15,3),
TMSNE(12), TMSTFI(15,3), TMSTFI(15,3), T20DFH(21), T20PRH(21),
UHFA(99), TMRTFI(12), JULDAT(6), THSFD(744,3), TFMAXY(366),
PEAKS(6), PHRS(6), NSPTS(6), THSFD(6)

LOGICAL LSHFT

INTEGER CDSR, CN, CONOPT, DATE, DAY, DPY, EHSOD, HOUR, HRF, HRL, PDAY,
PRD, RHPD, RHPH, RSBD, SGMD, SGRT, SGRT2, YEAK, YRI, YR2, PHRS, SINDEX

INTEGER TOMARY, TSMARY, TODAY, TSDARY, TOSARY, TSSARY

INTEGER DATES, EDATE, SINDET, MPDAY(15)

DIMENSION RPLUTC(1832), RCOMMA(12087)

EQUIVALENCE (DPY, RPLUTC(1)), (CRFMI, RCOMMA(1))

REAL IFPRC, IFRC, IFRL, IFS, LZC, LZRX, LZS, LZSR, MHSM, MNRD, MRNSM, NHPT
DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334/
DATA MEDWY/ 304, 334, 365, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273 /

REAL MXDRSF, MXDSSF, MXMRSF, MXMSSF, SSQD

REAL SSQM, SSQDI, SSQMI, VDRSF, VDSSF

REAL VMRSF, VMSSF, SDRSF, SDDSSF, SDRSF, SDRSSF, SMDD, SMMD, SMSQD,
SMSQM

REAL MDRSF, MDSSF, MMRSF, MMSSF

BACKSPACE 11

READ (11)
(RPLUTC(1), I=1, 1832)

BACKSPACE 18

READ(18)
(RCOMMA(1),I=1,12087)

150

CCONTINUE

DATE = PDATE
DAY = DATES
MDAY = PDAY
SINDEX = 0
MAXI = 0
AMRPV = 0.0
AMPREC = 0.0
AMBE = 0.0
AMSE = 0.0
AMSTF = 0.0
AMRTF = 0.0

IF
DPY .EQ. 366

MEDWY(5)=366

FORMAT 3 FORMAT(1H1,1X,'FORECAST
CASE HOURLY CFS VALUES',//,1X,444)

WRITE(6,3)
MSBDIC

C BEGIN DAY LOOP

IMCNTH = MCNTH

152

TDSF = 0.0

IF
MONTH.NE. 4

GO TO 148

IF
MDAY.NE. 31

GO TO 149

148

IF
DATE.GT.
(MOD(DAY,MDAY))

IMONTH=MONTH+1

CCNTINUE

```

PET = EPCM(1MONTH)*DPET(DAY)
PETU = PET
TFMAX = 0.0

```

C EVAPOTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS

```

      IF * * * * * T
      CONOPT(7) * * * * *
      NE 1 * * * * *
      F * * * * *

```

GO TO 153

```

      IF * * * * * T
      DMXT(DAY) * * * * *
      - 4.0*ELDIF .LT. * * * * *
      40.0 * * * * *
      F * * * * *

```

PET = 0.0

```

      IF * * * * * T
      SPTW .GT. * * * * *
      SPTWCC * * * * *
      F * * * * *

```

PET = FFOR*PET

C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION

```

      IF * * * * * T
      DMNT(DAY) * * * * *
      .GT. 32.0 .OR. SP * * * * *
      TW .LE. DPSE(DAY) * * * * *
      F * * * * *

```

GO TO 153

```

SE = DPSE(DAY)
AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
SPTW = SPTW - SE

```

```

      IF * * * * * T
      SFMD .GT. * * * * *
      0.0 * * * * *
      F * * * * *

```

SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SF
MD

153

```

      DO LOOP TO * * * * *
      STMT # 202 * * * * *
      HOUR = 1,24 * * * * *

```

```

      (NSGRD IF ((NSGRD .EQ. 0) .AND. (DRHP(DAY,HOUR) .NE. 0.0) .AND. (PET .EQ.
      PETU) .AND. (CCNOPT(3) .EQ. 1)) PET = 0.5*PET

```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

```

      IF (SGRT .EQ. 1) THEN
        RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)
      ELSE
        HSE = (FWTR*PET)/12.0
      END IF
      IF (SGRT .EQ. 9) THEN
        HSE = 0.0
      ELSE
        PRH = RGPM*DRHP(DAY,HOUR)
        AMPREC = AMPREC+PRH
      END IF

```

```

      * . *   !
      * . *   IF * . T
      * . *   CONOPT(7 * . +++++
      * ) .EQ. 1 * .
      * . *   F * .
      * . *   |
      * . *   ++++++
      SPBFLW, XDNFS, FFQR, FFSI, MRNSM, DSMGH, SDEPTH, STMD, PXCSA, HOUR,
      SAX, SOFRF, OFRFSI, SOFRFI, AMFSTL, PRH, SPIW, TANS4, SPLW, SFMD, OFRF,
      WT4AM, WT4PM, ASM, ASMRG, SASFX, SARAX, DMXT, DMNT, RICY, FIRRI)

```

$$| \text{AMRPM} = \text{AMRPM} + \text{PRH}$$

TOFR = 0.0
ARHF = 0.0

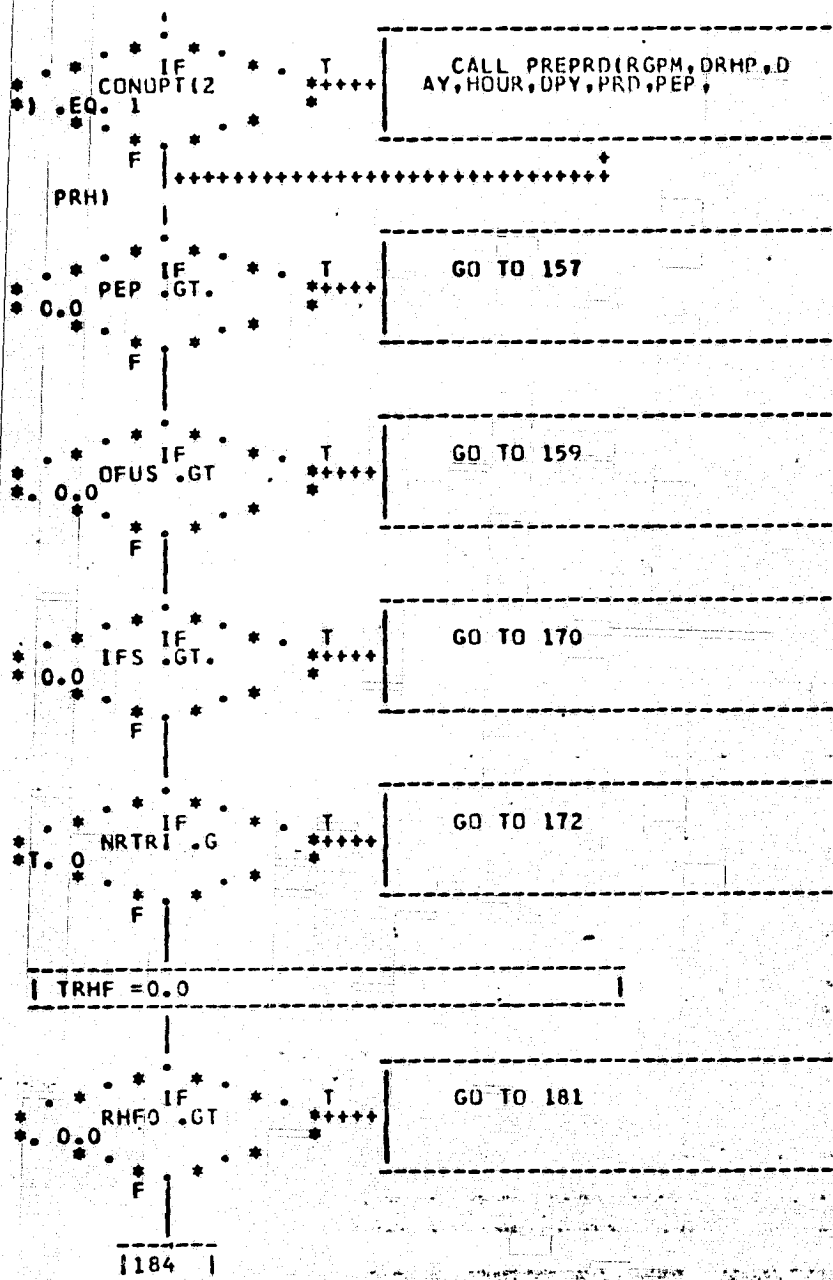
```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 187 +
+ PRD = 1,4  +
+-----+

```

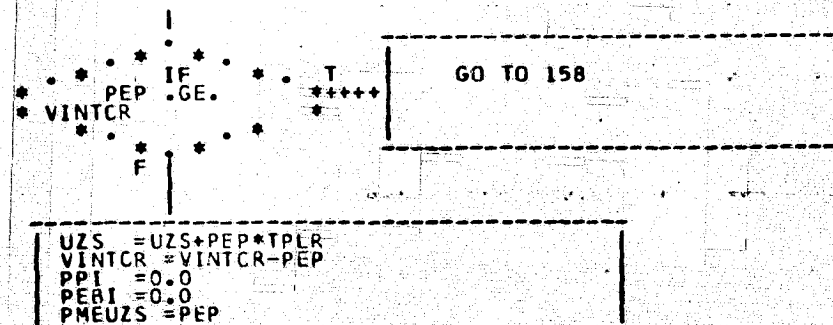
```
PEBI =0.0
PPI =0.0
CFR =0.0
OFRIS=0.0
WI =0.0
WEIFS=0.0
PMEUZS =0.0
PME LZS =0.0
PMEIFS =0.0
PME OFS =0.0
PEP =0.25*PRH
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

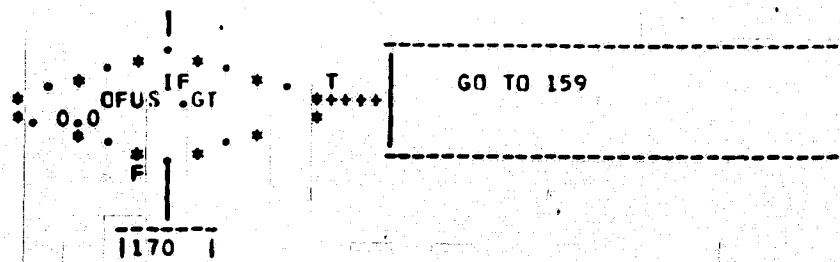


C RAINFALL UPPER ZONE INTERACTION

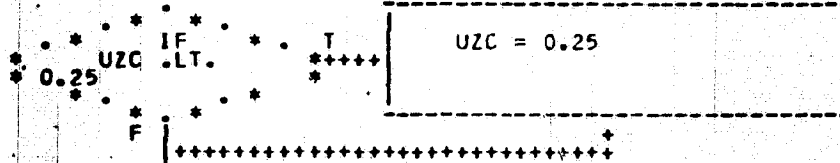
157



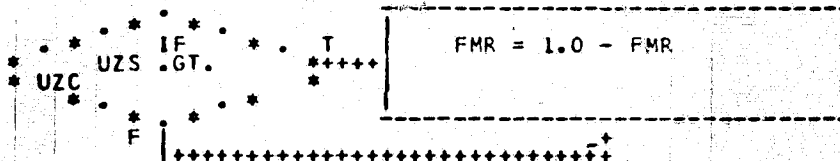
158



$PPI = PEP - VINTCR$
 $UZR = UZS + VINTCR * TPLR$
 $VINTCR = 0.0$
 $LZSR = LZS / LZC$
 $UZC = SUZC * AEX90 + BUZC * EXP(-2.7 * LZSR)$



$UZR = 2.0 * ABS(UZS / UZC - 1.0) + 1.0$
 $FMR = (1.0 / (1.0 + UZR)) * UZR$

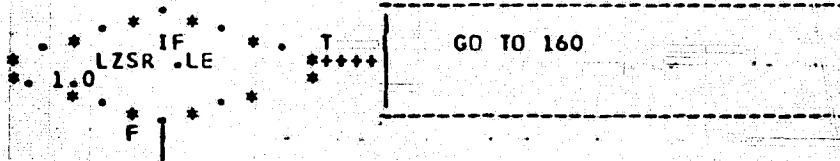


$PEBI = PPI * FMR$
 $PMEUZS = PEP - PEBI$
 $UZS = UZS + PPI - PEBI$

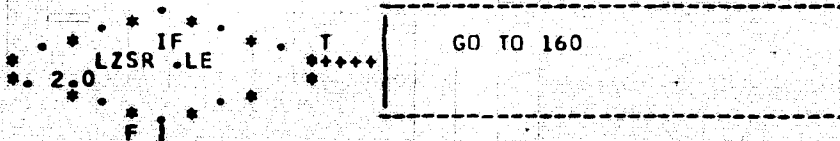
C LOWER ZONE AND GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION

159

$LZSR = LZS / LZC$
 $EID = 4.0 * LZSR$



$EID = 4.0 + 2.0 * (LZSR - 1.0)$



160

```

EID = 6.0

```

```

PEBI = PEBI + OFUS
CMIR = 0.25 * SIAM * CMIR / (2.0 * EID)
CIVM = BIVF * 2.0 * LZSR

```

```

      IF CIVM .LT. 1.0
      T
      CIVM = 1.0
      F

```

```

PEAI = PEBI * PEBI / (2.0 * CMIR * CIVM)

```

```

WI = PEBI * PEBI / (2.0 * CMIR)

```

```

      IF PEBI .GE. CMIR
      T
      WI = PEBI - 0.5 * CMIR
      F

```

```

      IF PEBI .GE. CMIR * CIVM
      T
      PEA1 = PEBI - 0.5 * CMIR * CIVM
      F

```

```

WEIFS = WI - PEA1

```

```

      IF PEBI .LE. OFUS
      T
      GO TO 161
      F

```

```

PHELZS = (PEBI - WI) * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
PMEIFS = WEIFS * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)
PMEOFS = PEA1 * ((PEBI - OFUS) / PEBI)

```

161

CONTINUE

```

      IF (PEAI - OFUS) .GT. 0.0
      T
      GO TO 162
      F

```

```

EQD = (OFUS + PEA1) / 2.0

```


167

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * (OFUSIS * * *
      * * PEIS) .GT. (2.0*E * * *
      * * QDIS) * * *

```

$$EQDIS = 0.5 * (OFUSIS + PEIS)$$

```

      * * *
      * * F * * *
      * * ++++++ * * *

```

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * (OFUSIS * * *
      * * PEIS) .LE. 0.01 * * *

```

GO TO 168

```

      * * *
      * * F * * *

```

$$OFRIS = 0.25 * OFRFIS * (((OFUSIS + PEIS) * 0.5) ** 1.67) * (((1.0 + 0.6 * ((OFUSIS + PEIS) / (2.0 * EQDIS)) ** 3.0) ** 1.67)$$

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * OFRIS .G * * *
      * * T. PEIS * * *

```

OFRIS = PEIS

```

      * * *
      * * F * * *
      * * ++++++ * * *

```

168

```

      TOFR = TOFR + FPER * JFR + FIMP * OFRIS
      + PPI * FWTR
      OFUSIS = PEIS - OFRIS
      CFUS = PEAI - OFR

```

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * OFUS .GE * * *
      * * 0.001 * * *

```

GO TO 169

```

      * * *
      * * F * * *

```

```

      LZS = LZS + OFUS
      OFUS = 0.0
      OFRIS = OFRIS + OFUSIS
      OFUSIS = 0.0

```

169

```

      LZRX = 1.5 * ABS(LZS / LZC - 1.0) + 1.0
      FMR = (1.0 / (1.0 + LZRX)) * LZRX

```

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * LZS .LT. * * *
      * * LZC * * *

```

$$FMR = 1.0 - FMR * (LZS / LZC)$$

```

      * * *
      * * F * * *
      * * ++++++ * * *

```

```

      PLZS = FMR * (PEI - WI)
      PGW = (1.0 - FMR) * (PEI - WI) * (1.0
      - SUBWF) * FPER
      GWS = GWS + PGW
      BFNX = BFNX + PGW
      LZS = LZS + PLZS
      IFS = IFS + WE IFS * FPER

```

170

SPIF = IFRL*IFS
AMIF = AMIF+SPIF
IFS = IFS-SPIF

IF .GE. 0.0001
T *****
F

GO TO 171

LZS = LZS+IFS
IFS = 0.0

171

UHFA(1) = FPER*OFR+PPI*FWTR+FIMP
*OFRIS+SPIF
SPDR = UHFA(1)

C ROUTING

172

IF .GT. 0.0
CONOPT(1) .NE. 1
T *****
F

GO TO 173

URHF = URHF+0.25*UHFA(1)

IF .GT. 0.0
PRD .NE. 4
T *****
F

GO TO 181

UHFA(1) = URHF

173

TRHF = 0.0
KTRI = NCSTRI

IF .GT. 0.0
CONOPT(1) .EQ. 1
T *****
F

KTRI = NCSTRI

174

URHF = UHFA(KTRI)

IF .LE. 0.0
T *****
F

GO TO 176

175

| TRHF = TRHF + URHF * CTRI (KTRI) |

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      *3) CONOPT(1) * * *
      * * * EQ. 1 AND. LSH *
      * FT AND. KTRI GE. *

```

| TRHF = TRHF +

URHF * SATRI (KTRI - 1)

UHFA (KTRI + 1) = URHF

| 177 |

176

UHFA (KTRI + 1) = 0.0

177

| KTRI = KTRI - 1 |

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * KTRI GE. * * *
      * * * 1 * * *

```

| GO TO 174 |

178

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * URHF LE. * * *
      * * * 0.0 * * *

```

| GO TO 179 |

| NRTRI = NCTRI |

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      *3) CONOPT(1) * * *
      * * * EQ. 1 * * *

```

| NRTRI = MXTRI |

179

| NRTRI = NRTRI - 1
UHFA(1) = 0.0 |

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      *3) CONOPT(1) * * *
      * * * NE. 1 * * *

```

| GO TO 180 |

| NNSTRI = NCSTRI + 1
UHFA(NNSTRI) = 0.0 |

180

1 URHF = 0.0

181

CSRX SRX IF LE T
F i

SRX = CSRX

$$|RHF| = TRHF - SRX * (TRHF - RHFO)$$

1 RHFO = RHF1

* * * * *
 * RHFO IF * T
 * RHFC .LT * * * * *
 * * * * *
 * * * * *
 * * * * *

RHFC = 0.0

```
| TFCFS=(4.0*RHF1+CBF-HSE)*WCFS
```

IF T
CONDPT(1) ****
NE. 1 *
E I

GO TO 182

IF T
CONOPT (1 *****
2) EQ 1 AND PRD
NE 4
F I

GO TO 182

CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
TFCFS)

```
DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
```

LSHFT IF T
E I

WRITE(6,6) DATE,HOUR,PR
D,NCSTRI

8HELEMENTS)

```

*****
      FORMAT      6 FORMAT(2X,12,2X,12,2X,
12,2X,20)HISTOGRAM CHANGES TO,1X,12,1X,

```

182

CONTINUE

IF T
E. 0.5*CHCAP L *++*
F

SRX = CSRX

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

```

      IF (TFCFS .GT. 0.5*CHCAP) .AND. (TFCFS .LT. 2.0*CHCAP)
      *T*****
      SRX = CSRX

```

```

      F
      +((FSRX - CSRX)*((TFCFS - 0.5*CHCAP)/(1.5*CHCAP)))**3

```

```

      IF (TFCFS .G.T. 2.0*CHCAP)
      *T*****
      SRX = FSRX

```

```

      F

```

```

      IF (TFCFS .L.E. TFMX)
      *T*****
      GO TO 183

```

```

      F

```

```

      PRDF = PRD
      TDFP24 = HQUR

```

```

      IF (PRD .LE. 3)
      *T*****
      TDFP24 = (TDFP24 - 1.0)
      + 0.15*PRDF

```

```

      F

```

```

      TFMX = TFCFS

```

```

      ARHF = ARHF + RHF1

```

183

C STORM OUTPUT REQUESTED BY CONOPT(1)

184

```

      IF (CONOPT(1) .NE. 1)
      *T*****
      GO TO 186

```

```

      F

```

```

      IF (DAY .NE. CDSR)
      *T*****
      GO TO 186

```

```

      F

```

```

      IF (HOUR .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .EQ. 1)
      *T*****
      WRITE(6,7)

```

```

      F

```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

14X,17HSTREAMFLOW ORIGIN,6X,14HSTREAM OUTFLOW/2X,116HDI STUFE STORAGE,
 IN EUZS ELZS EIFS EDFS UZS LZS IFS UFS S
 PCF SPIF SPBF SPTF INCHES CFS)

DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
 CFS = (OFUS*FPER+OFUSIS*FIMP
 SPOF = OFR*FPEP+OFRIS*FIMP+PPI*FWTR
 SPBF = 0.25*(CBF-HSE)
 SPTF = SPOK+SPBF
 SPDR = 0.0

IF * . T
 RHFO .LE * .
 0.0 * .
 F * .

TFCFS = (CBF - HSE)*WCF

RSPTF=0.25*TFCFS/WCFS

WRITE(6,8)
 DATE, HOUR, PRD, PEP, PMEUSZ, PMELZS, PMEIFS, PMEofs, U
 +ZS, LZS

IFS, OFS, SPCF, SPIF, SPBF, SPTF, RSPTF, TFCFS
 F7.1)

FORMAT 8 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,12,1X,11,
 5(1X,F6.4),2X,4(F7.4),2X,5(1X,F6.4),1X,

IF * . T
 HOUR .EQ * .
 24 .AND. PRD .EQ. * .
 4 * .
 F * .

GO TO 185

186

NDSOP=NDSOP+1

IF * . T
 NDSOR .E * .
 *Q. NDSOP * .
 F * .

GO TO 186

CALL DAYNXT(CDSOR,DPY)

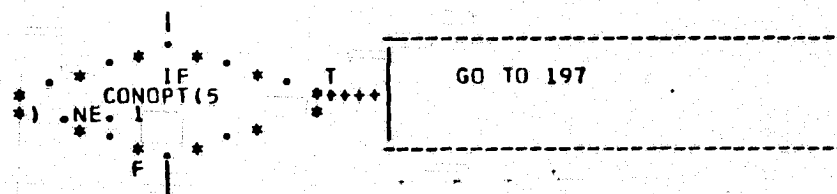
CONTINUE

IF * . T
 VINTCR * .
 *LT. 0.25*VINTMR * .
 F * .

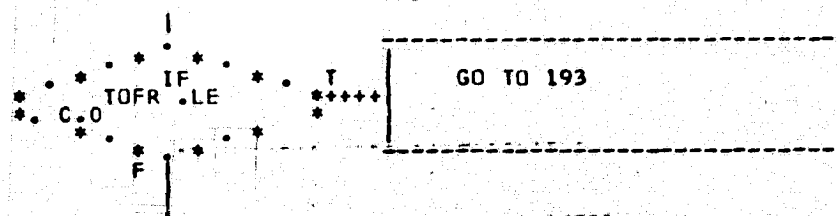
VINTCR = VINTCR + DPET(DAY)/96.0

187 *****CONTINUE

C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP

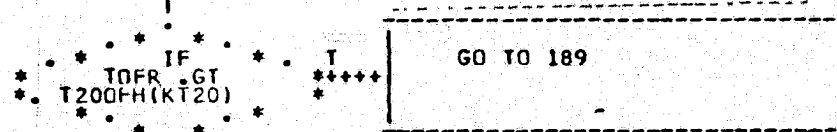
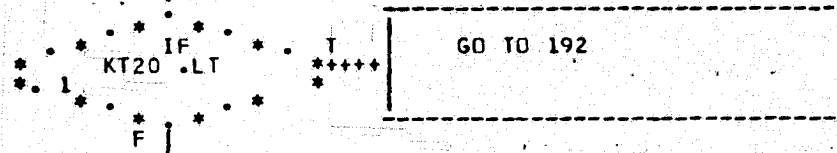


C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING



KT20 = 20

188



1190

189

T20OFH(KT20+1) = T20OFH(KT20)

1191

190

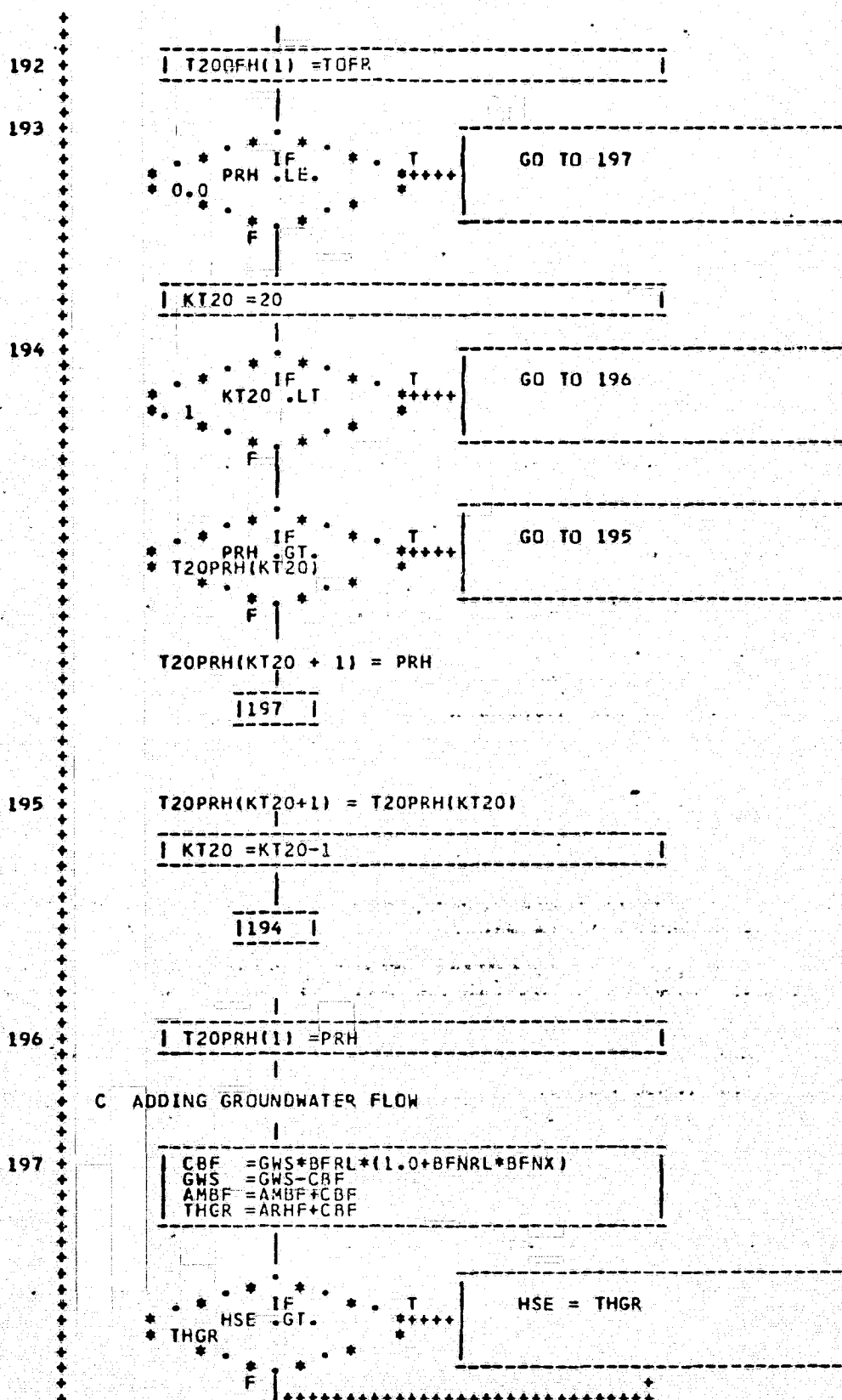
T20OFH(KT20+1) = TOFR

1193

191

KT20 = KT20 - 1

1188



```

AMSE = AMSE + HSE
THSF(HOUR) = (THGR - HSE) * WCFS
TDSF = TDSF + THSF(HOUR)

```

C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS

C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE

```
| INDEX = INDEX+1 |
```

```
THSFD(SINDEX,3)=THSF(HOUR)
```

$$| \text{UZINFX} = (\text{UZS}/\text{UZC}) - (\text{LZS}/\text{LZC}) |$$

IF
LE. 0.0
FI

GO TO 198

LZSR=LZS/LZC
UZINLZ=0.003*BMIR*UZC*UZINFX*
*3.0

GT. UZS IF T
UZINLZ
F I

UZINLZ = UZS

```
UZS = UZS-UZINLZ  
LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZSR-1.0)+1.0  
FMR = (1.0/(1.0+LZRX))*LZRX
```

LZC LZS IF.LT. T
FI

$$FMR = 1.0 - FMR \cdot LZSR$$

```
PGW  = (1.0-FMR)*UZINLZ*(1.0-SUBWF)
      *FPER
PLZS  = FMR*UZINLZ
LZS   = PLZS+PLZS
GWS   = GWS+PGW
BFNX  = BFNX+PGW
```

C 4 PM ADJUSTMENTS OF VARIOUS VALUES

C INFILTRATION CORRECTION

Diagram illustrating a neural network structure. The input layer consists of nodes labeled F, 0.33, SIAM, IF, LT, and T. The hidden layer contains a node labeled SIAM = 0.33. The output layer is represented by a long horizontal line with many '+' signs.

* * * * *

C.O PET IF T

* * * * *

F

GO TO 202

```
GWET = GWS*GWETF*PET*FPER
GWS  = GWS-GWET
BFNX = BFNX-GWET
```

BFNX = 0.0

U.S. PET. GE. T. GO TO 199

1207

199

PET = PFT - UZS
AMNET = AMIT + UZS
UZS = 0.5
LZSR = LZS / LZC

IF PET .GT. 0.0
* ETLF = LZSR
* F

GO TO 200

SET = PFT * (1.0 - PET / (2.0 * ETLF * LZSR))

1201

200

SET = 0.5 * ETLF * LZSR

201

LZS = LZS - SET
AMNET = AMIT + SET

202 *****CCNTINUE

C END OF HOUR LOOP

DSSF(DAY) = TDSF / 24.0

IF CONCEPT(1) .EQ. 1
* 1) .EQ. 1
* F

DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) +
DDIW(DAY)

203

AMRTF = AMRTF + DRSF(DAY)
AMSTF = AMSTF + DSSF(DAY)

IF CONCEPT(5) .EQ. 1
* 1) .EQ. 1
* F

EDLZS(DAY) = LZS

C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * CONOPT(4 * * * * *
      * * ) .NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 204

ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY)

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * DRSF(DAY * * * * *
      * * ) .LT. 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

KRFMI = 1.0

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * DRSF(DAY * * * * *
      * * ) .GT. 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

KRFMI = 2.0 * ALOG(DRSF(DAY)) + 2.0

```

      CRFMI(KRFMI) = CRFMI(KRFMI) + 1.0
      SERR(KRFMI) = SERR(KRFMI) + ERR
      SERA(KRFMI) = SERA(KRFMI) + ABS(ERR)
      SQER(KRFMI) = SQER(KRFMI) + ERR * ERR
      SESF(KRFMI) = 0.0

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * CRFMI(KR * * * * *
      * * FMI) .GT. 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

SESF(KRFMI) = SQRT(ABS(SQER(KRFMI) - 1.0))

SERR(KRFMI) = 2 / CRFMI(KRFMI) / (CRFMI(KRFMI) - 1.0)

CONTINUE

DATE = DAY

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * (MONTH.E * * * * *
      * * Q.4).AND.(M * * * * *
      * * DAY.EQ.3 * * * * *
      * * ) * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

DATE = MOD(DAY, MDAY)

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * MONTH.NE * * * * *
      * * 4 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

DATE = MOD(DAY, MDAY)

```

      WRITE(6,9)
      DATE, (THSF(HOUR), HOUR=1,12)

```

204

FORMAT 9 FORMAT(1H/,1X/,1X,14,
2X,2HAM,1X,6F8.1,3X,6F8.1)

WRITE(6,10)
(THSF(HOUR),HOUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)

FORMAT 10 FORMAT(1HJ,6X,2HPM,1X,
6F8.1,3X,7F8.1)

GO TO 205

IF * . T
*LT. TDFP24 . *
* 12.0 *
* F *

TDFP12 = TDFP24 - 12.0

4HP.M.)

206

FORMAT 11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=
F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,

205

CONTINUE
4HA.M.)

FORMAT 12 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=
F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,
FORMAT 4033 FORMAT(1X,5HGFUS=,F7.3,1X,
6HNRTRI=,F7.3,1X,5HR4FO=,F7.3)

206

IF * . T
* CONOPT(7 *
*) .EQ. 1 .AND. SDEP *
*TH .GT. 0.0 *
* F *

WRITE(6,13)DATE,

SDEPTH,STMD,SAX,TANSM,SPLW

2X,6HTANSM=,F6.2,2X,5HSPLW=,F6.2) ,F8.2,2X,5HSTMD=,F6.2,2X,4HSAX=,F6.2,

MAXI = MAXI + 1
MPDAY(MAXI) = DATE

C MONTHLY SUMMARY STORAGE

STMROS(MAXI,3)=DSSF(DAY)

TMSTF(MAXI,3) = AMSTF
AMSTF = 0.0
TMRTF(MONTH) = AMRTF
AMRTF = 0.0

EMBFNX(MAXI,3)=BFNX

TMPREC(MAXI,3)=AMPREC

```

AMPREC = 0.0
TMRPM(MONTH) = AMRPM
AMRPM = 0.0
TMBF(MAXI,3) = AMBF
AMBF = 0.0
TMIF(MAXI,3) = AMIF
AMIF = 0.0
TMSE(MAXI,3) = AMSE
AMSE = 0.0
TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
AMPET = 0.0
TMNET(MONTH) = AMNET
AMNET = 0.0
TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE
AMSNE = 0.0

```

```
TMFSIL(MONTH) = AMFSIL
```

```

AMFSIL = 0.0
EMGWS(MAXI,3) = GWS
UZC = SUZC * AEX90 + BUZC * EXP(-2.7
      * LZS / LZC)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * UZC .LT. * * * * *
      * 0.25 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

```
UZC = 0.25
```

```

EMUZC(MAXI,3) = UZC
EMUZS(MAXI,3) = UZS

```

```
EMSIAM(MAXI,3) = SIAM
```

```

EMLZS(MAXI,3) = LZS
EMIFS(MAXI,3) = IFS

```

220

CONTINUE

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * MDAY .EQ. * * * * *
      * 337 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

```
MDAY = 59
```

C STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR

```
TFMAXY(MAXI) = TFMAX
```

3001

CONTINUE

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * T
      * * DAY .EQ. E * * * * *
      * DATE * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * F * * * * *

```

```
GO TO 3002
```

CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)

* * * * *
* * IF * * T * * * * *
* * DAY.GT.L * * * * *
* * DAY * * * * *

MDAY=LDAY

F

* * * * *
* * IF * * T * * * * *
* * DAY.EQ.3 * * * * *
* * 66 * * * * *

MDAY=337

F

1152

3002

* * * * *
* * IF * * T * * * * *
* * CONOPT(1 * * * * *
* * 6).EQ.0 * * * * *

GO TO 221

F

BACKSPACE 11

WRITE (11)
(RPLCTC(I),I=1,1832)

BACKSPACE 18

WRITE (18)
(RCOMMA(I),I=1,12087)

C END OF DAY LOOP

221

CONTINUE

RETURN

FND

SUBROUTINE PASTRN(PDAY, DATES, MONTH, EDATE, MSBDIC, PDATE, LDAY, MPDAY)

```
COMMON/PLUTC/DRSF,DSSF,CONOPT,THSFD,TMSTF,STMRUS(121,6),DPY,TITLE,
KFLAG,IDFLAG,
IENDFG,STUDY(2),PEAKS,PHRS,NSPTS,THSFD,TFMAXD,TMRTF,JPLDT,
NCTRI,CTRI,FIRR,RICY,DPSE,BDDFSM,SPBFLW,SPTWCC,SP4,FLOIF,
XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MKNMS,DSMGR,PXCSA,RMPF,KGPMB,AREA,FIMP,
SATRI,UHFA,
MRD,
FNTF,VINTMR,BUZZ,SUZZ,LZC,ETLF,SUBWF,GWTF,SIAC,BMIR,
BIVF,OFSS,DFSL,OFMN,CFMNI,IFRC,CSRX,FSRX,CHCAP,EXOPV,
BFNLR,BFRC,GWS,UZS,LZS,3FNX,IFS,BFHR,CFRL,BFRL,BFNHR,IFPRC,
IFRL,LSHFT,NBTRI,FNTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,BTKI,TFCFS,EP4ET,FP4R,
TPLR,VINTCR,HSE,NRTRI,SPIF,CHF,SPDR,CFUS,OFUSIS,OFR,OFRIS,PEIS,
RHFO,URHF,AMIF,AMNET,AMPET,AMSNE,AMFSL,SASF,SRAX,SRX,VWIN,
WCFS,RHFC,SSRT,OFRF,OFRFIS,EDDF,EDDFIS,SQRF,SQRFI,
SDEPTH,MULTI,ID,ASM,WT4M,WT4PM,SAX,TANSM,SPTA,STMD,SFMD,ASMRG,
DEPEND(2),VARIN(2),NPTS,JULDI,LYR,TODARY(5,1),
TCMAY(7,1),TOSARY(5,6,1),TSDARY(6,1),TSMARY(8,1),
TSSARY(3,6,1),TSMCRY(1),TSDCRY(1),TSRARY(1,6,1),
TCRARY(1,6,1),
DRSFT(366),DSSF(366),MI,NI,MULT,TMRTFT(12),TMSTFT(12)
COMMON/COMMA/EMBNX,EMGWS,EMIFS,EMLZS,EMSIAM,EMUZC,EMUZS,TMBF,
TMIF,TMPREC,TMSE,ERFMI,DDIW,DMNT,DMXT,DRGPM,DRHP,DRSGP,DPET,EDLZS,
EPCN,SERA,SERR,SESF,SQER,THSF,TMFSIL,TMNET,TMOF,TMPET,TMRPM,TMSNE,
TMSTFI,T2ODFH,T2OPRH,TMRTFI,JULDAT,
TFMAXY,UZC,AETX,DAY,NSGRD,AEX90,SIAM,NDSDP,RGPM,NDSDR,YR1,
TRHF,
SINDEX,INDEX,AEX96,MAXI,YR2,BYLZS,BYIFS,BYUZZ
```

C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970)

C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV

```
DIMENSION BTRI(99),CONOPT(16),CRFMT(22),CTRI(99),DDIW(366),
DMNT(366),DMXT(366),DPSE(366),DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),
DRSGP(366),DPET(366),DRSF(366),DSSF(366),EDLZS(366),
EMBNX(15,3),EMGWS(15,3),EMIFS(15,3),EMLZS(15,3),EMSIAM(15,3),
EMUZC(15,3),EMUZS(15,3),EPCN(12),FIRR(15),MEDCY(12),MEDWY(12),
RICY(37),SATRI(99),SERA(22),SERR(22),SESF(22),SQER(22),
THSF(24),TITLE(18),TMBF(15,3),TMFSIL(12),TMIF(15,3),TMNET(12),
TMOF(15,3),TMPET(12),TMPREC(15,3),TMRPM(12),TMRTF(12),TMS(15,3),
TMSNE(12),TMSTF(15,3),TMSTFI(15,3),T2ODFH(21),T2OPRH(21),
UHFA(99),TMRTFI(12),JULDAT(6),THSFD(744,3),TFMAXY(366),
PEAKS(6),PHRS(6),NSPTS(6),THSFD(6)
```

LOGICAL LSHFT

INTEGER CDSOR,CN,CONOPT,DATE,DAY,DPY,EHSGD,HOUR,HRF,HRL,PDAY,
PRO,RHPD,RHPH,RSDD,SGMD,SGRT,SGRT2,YEAR,YR1,YR2,PHRS,SINDEX

INTEGER TOMARY,TSMARY,TODARY,TSDARY,TOSARY,TSSARY

INTEGER DATES,EDATE,SINET,MPDAY(15)

DIMENSION RPLUTC(1832),RCOMMA(12087)

EQUIVALENCE (DPY,RPLUTC(1)),(CRFMT,RCOMMA(1))

REAL IFPRC,IFRC,IFRL,IFS,LZC,LZRX,LZS,LZSR,MHSM,MNRD,MNNSM,NHPT

DATA MEDCY/ 0, 31,59,90,120,151,181,212,243,273,304,334/

DATA MEDWY/304,334,365,31,59,90,120,151,181,212,243,273 /

REAL MXDRSF,MXDSSF,MXMRSF,MXMSSF,SSQD

REAL SSQM,SSQDI,SSQMI,VDRSF,VDSF

REAL VMRSF,VMSSF,SDDRSF,SDSSF,SDMRSF,SDMSSF,SMDD,SMMD,SMSQD,
SMSQM

REAL MDRSF,MDSSF,MMRSF,MMSSF

BACKSPACE 11

```
READ (11)
(RPLUTC(1),I=1,1832)
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

BACKSPACE 18

READ(18)
(RCOMMA(1),I=1,12087)

CALL READ(GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,UZC,SIAM)

WRITE (6,5005)
GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,UZC,SIAM

FORMAT 5005 FORMAT (1X,4HGWS=,F7.3,1X,4HUZS=,F7.3,1X,4HLZS=,F7.3,1X,5HBFNX=,
F7.3,1X,4HIFS=,F7.3,1X,4HUZC=,F7.3,1X,5HSIAM=,F7.3)

150

CONTINUE

DATE =PDATE
DAY =DATES
MCAY =PDAY
SINDEX =0
MAXI =0
AMRPM=0.0
AMPREC =0.0
AMBF =0.0
AMSE =0.0
AMSIF=0.0
AMRTF=0.0

* * * * *
* * IF * * T
* DPY .EQ. * * * * *
* 366 * * * * *
* * * * *
* F * * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *

MEDWY(5)=366

WRITE (6,4)
(TITLE(KTA),KTA=1,18)

FORMAT 4 FORMAT(11H1,10X,18A4,//)
FORMAT 3. FORMAT(1X,'PAST RUN HOURLY
CFS VALUE',//,1X,4A4)

WRITE(6,3)
MSBDCIC

C BEGIN DAY LOOP

IMONTH =MCNTH

152

TDSF =0.0

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * MONTH.NE * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

GO TO 148

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * MDAY.NE. * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

GO TO 149

148

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * DATE.GT. * * * * *
      * * (MOD(DAY,MDAY)) * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

1MONTH=MONTH+1

149

CONTINUE

```

      PET =EPCM(1MONTH)*UPET(DAY)
      PETU =PET
      TFMAX=0.0

```

C EVAPTRANSPIRATION ADJUSTMENTS

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * CONOPT(7 * * * * *
      * * ) .NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

GO TO 153

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * DMXT(DAY * * * * *
      * * ) - 4.0*ELDIF .LT. * * * * *
      * * 40.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

PET = 0.0

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * SPTW .GT. * * * * *
      * * SPTWCC * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

PET = FFOR*PET

C CALCULATION OF SNOW EVAPORATION

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * DMNT(DAY * * * * *
      * * ) .GT. 32.0 .OR. SP * * * * *
      * * TW .LE. DPSE(DAY) * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

GO TO 153

```

SE = DPSE(DAY)
AMSNE = AMSNE + SE
SPTW = SPTW - SE

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * SFMD .GT * * * * *
      * * 0.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

```

SDEPTH = SDEPTH - SE/SF
MD

```

```

153 * * * * * DO LOOP TO * *
      * * STMT # 202 * *
      * * HOUR = 1,24 * *
      * * * * *

```

```

      * * (NSGRD IF((NSGRD .EQ. 0) .AND. (DRHP(DAY,HOUR) .NE. 0.0) .AND. (PET .EQ.
      * * PETU) .AND. (CCNUPT(3) .EQ. 1)) PET = 0.5*PET
      * * (CONTINUED CN PAGE 5)

```

PAGE 5

154

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * HOUR .EQ * * * * *
      * * SGRT + 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

```

RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * HOUR .EQ * * * * *
      * * 9 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

```

HSE = (FWTR*PET)/12.0

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * HOUR .EQ * * * * *
      * * 21 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

```

HSE = 0.0

```

```

PRH = RGPM*DRHP(DAY,HOUR)
AMPREC = AMPREC + PRH

```

C ENTER SNOWMELT SUBROUTINE

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * * T
      * * CONOPT(7 * * * * *
      * * .EQ. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

```

CALL SNOMEL(BDDFSM,SPTW
CC,SPM,ELDIF,DAY,

```

```

SPBFLW, XDNFS, FFOR, FFSI, MRNSM, DSMGH, SDEPTH, STMD, XCSA, HOUR,
SAX, SOFRF, OFRFIS, SOFRFI, AMFSIL, PRH, SPTW, TANSM, SPLW, SFMD, OFRF,
WT4AM, WT4PM, ASM, ASMRG, SASFX, SARAX, UMXT, DMNT, RICY, FIRR)

```

155

```

AMP RPM = AMP RPM + PRH

```

156

TOFR = 0.0
ARHF = 0.0

C 15 MINUTE ACCOUNTING AND ROUTING LOOP

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 187
PRD = 1.4

PEBI = 0.0

PPI = 0.0
OFR = 0.0
CFRIS = 0.0
WI = 0.0
WEIFS = 0.0
PMEUFS = 0.0
PMEZFS = 0.0
PMEIFS = 0.0
PMECFS = 0.0
PEP = 0.25*PRH

IF CONOPT(2) .EQ. 1
T
CALL PREPRD(RGPM, DRHP, D
AY, HOUR, DPY, PRD, PEP,

PRH)

IF PEP .GT. 0.0
T
GO TO 157

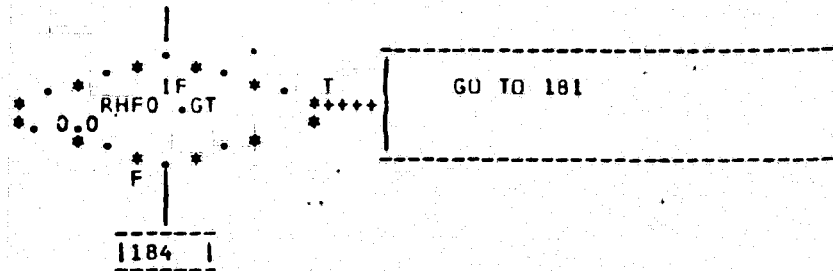
IF OFUS .GT. 0.0
T
GO TO 159

IF IFS .GT. 0.0
T
GO TO 170

IF NRTRI .GT. 0
T
GO TO 172

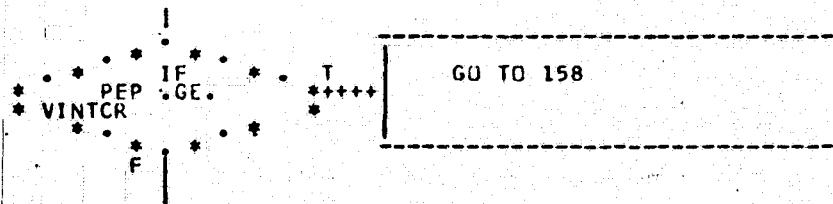
TRHF = 0.0

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OF POOR QUALITY



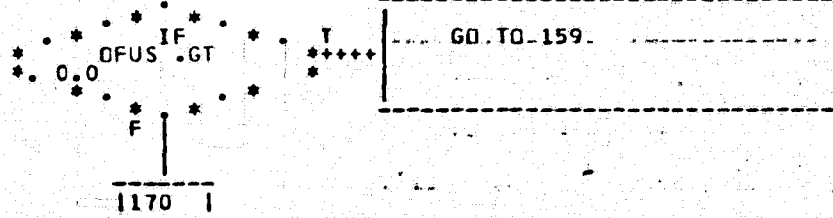
C RAINFALL UPPER ZONE INTERACTION

157



```

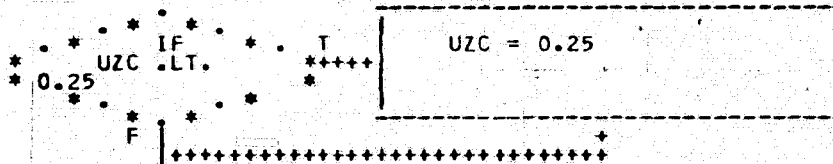
UZZ = UZZ + PEP * TPLR
VINTCR = VINTCR - PEP
PPI = 0.0
PEBI = 0.0
PMEUZZ = PEP
  
```



158

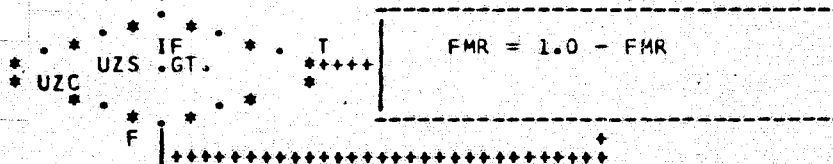
```

PPI = PEP - VINTCR
UZZ = UZZ + VINTCR * TPLR
VINTCR = 0.0
LZSR = LZS / LZC
UZZ = SUZZ * AEX90 + BUZZ * EXP(-2.7 * LZSR)
  
```



```

UZR = 2.0 * ABS(UZZ / UZZ - 1.0) + 1.0
FMR = (1.0 / (1.0 + UZR)) * UZR
  
```



```

PEBI = PPI * FMR
PMEUZS = PFP - PEBI
UZS = UZS + PPI - PEBI

```

C LOWER ZONE AND GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION

159

```

LZSR = LZS / LZC
EID = 4.0 * LZSR

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * LZSR .LE * * * * *
      * * 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 160

```

EID = 4.0 + 2.0 * (LZSR - 1.0)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * LZSR .LE * * * * *
      * * 2.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 160

```

EID = 6.0

```

160

```

PEBI = PERI + OFUS

```

```

CMIR = 0.25 * SIAM * BMIR / (2.0 * EID)
CIVM = BIVF * 2.0 * LZSR

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * CIVM .LT * * * * *
      * * 1.0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

CIVM = 1.0

```

PEAI = PEBI * PEBI / (2.0 * CMIR * CIVM)
WI = PEBI * PEBI / (2.0 * CMIR)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * PEBI .GE * * * * *
      * * CMIR * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

WI = PEBI - 0.5 * CMIR

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * PEBI .GE * * * * *
      * * CMIR * CIVM * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

PEAI = PEBI - 0.5 * CMIR * CIVM

WEIFS=W(-PEAI)

IF (PEBI .LE. T) GO TO 161
CFUS

PMELZS = (PEBI-WI)*((PEAI-OFUS)/PEBI)
PMEIFS = WEIFS*((PEBI-OFUS)/PEBI)
PMEOFS = PEA1*((PEBI-OFUS)/PEBI)

161 CONTINUE

IF (PEAI .GT. 0.0) GO TO 162
OFUS

EQD = (OFUS+PEAI)/2.0

163

162 EQD = EQDF*((PEAI-OFUS)**0.6)

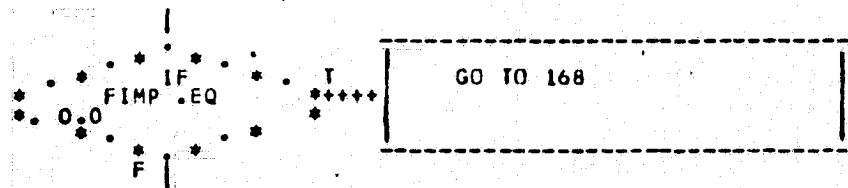
163 IF (OFUS .GT. (2.0*EQD*PEAI)) EQD = 0.5*(OFUS + PEA1)
F

IF (OFUS .LE. 0.001) GO TO 164
PEAI

OFR = 0.25*OFRF*((OFUS+PEAI)*0.5)**1.67*((1.0+0.6*((OFUS+PEAI)/(2.0*EQD))**3.0)**1.67)

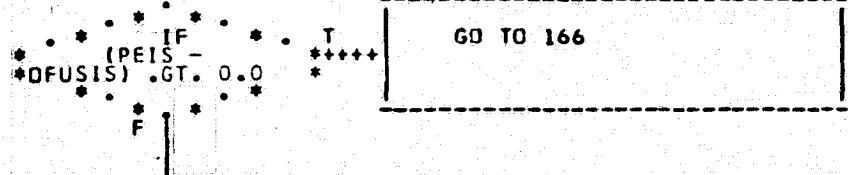
IF (OFR .GT. (0.75*PEAI)) OFR = 0.75*PEAI
F

164



165

PEIS = PPI + OFUSIS



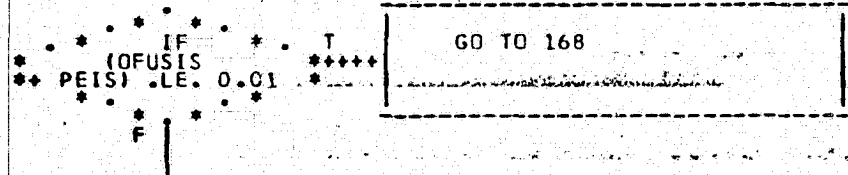
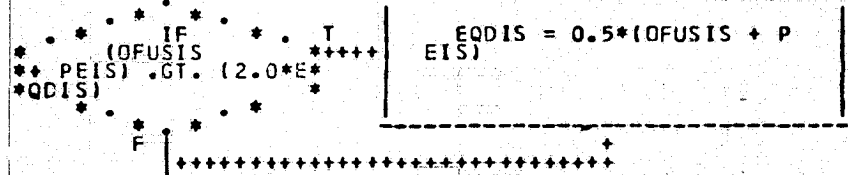
EQDIS = (CFUSIS + PEIS) / 2.0

167

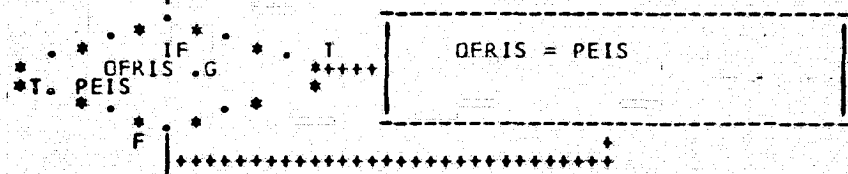
166

EQDIS = EQDFIS * ((PEIS - OFUSIS) ** 0.6)

167



QFRIS = 0.25 * QFRFIS * (((OFUSIS + PEIS) * 0.5) ** 1.67) * (((1.0 + 0.6 * ((OFUSIS + PEIS) / (2.0 * EQDFIS))) ** 3.0) ** 1.67)



168

TOFR = TOFR + FPER * QFR + FIMP * QFRIS
 + PPI * FWTR
 OFUSIS = PEIS - QFRIS
 OFUS = PEAL - QFR

169

```

| LZRX = 1.5*ABS(LZS/LZC-1.0)+1.0
| FMR  = (1.0/(1.0+LZRX))*LZRX

```

170

```

SPIF = IFRL*IFS
AMIF = AMIF+SPIF
IFS  = IFS-SPIF

```

171

```
UHFA(1) = FPER*OFR+PPI*FWTR+FIMP  
          *OFRIS+SPIF  
SPDR = UHFA(1)
```

172

```

-----
| URHF =URHF+0.25*UHFA(1)
-----

```

C-100

178

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * URHF .LE * * * * *
      * * * * * C.0 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 179

```

      | NRTRI = NCTRI

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * CONOPT(1 * * * * *
      * * * * * EQ. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

NRTRI = MXTRI

179

```

      | NRTRI = NRTRI - 1
      | UHFA(1) = 0.0

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * CONOPT(1 * * * * *
      * * * * * NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 180

```

      | NNSTRI = NCSTRI + 1
      | UHFA(NNSTRI) = 0.0

```

180

```

      | URHF = 0.0

```

181

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * SRX .LE. * * * * *
      * * * * * CSRX * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

SRX = CSRX

```

      | RHFI = TRHF - SRX * (TRHF - RHFO)
      | RHFO = RHFI

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * RHFO .LT * * * * *
      * * * * * RHFO * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

RHFO = 0.0

```

      | TFCFS = (4.0 * RHFI + CRF - HSE) * WCFS

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * CONOPT(1 * * * * *
      * * * * * NE. 1 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 182

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * CONOPT(1 * * *
      * 2) .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD * * *
      * .NE. 4 * * *
      * * *
      * F

```

GO TO 182

CALL RTVARY (CTRI,SATRI,BTRI,CHCAP,NBTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,EXQPV,LSHFT,
TFCFS)

DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * LSHFT * * *
      * * *
      * F

```

WRITE(6,6) DATE, HOUR, PR
D, NCSTRI

8HELEMENTS)

FORMAT 6 FORMAT(2X,12,2X,12,2X,12,
2X,20) HISTOGRAM CHANGES TO, 1X,12,1X,

CONTINUE

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * TFCFS .L * * *
      * E. 0.5*CHCAP * * *
      * * *
      * F

```

SRX = CSRX

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * (TFCFS * * *
      * GT. 0.5*CHCAP) .AND. * * *
      * * * (TFCFS .LT. 2.0*C * * *
      * * *
      * F

```

SRX = CSRX

+(FSRX - CSRX)*((TFCFS - 0.5*CHCAP)/(1.5*CHCAP))*3

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * TFCFS .G * * *
      * T. 2.0*CHCAP * * *
      * * *
      * F

```

SRX = FSX

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * TFCFS .L * * *
      * E. TFMAX * * *
      * * *
      * F

```

GO TO 183

PRDF = PRD
TDFP24 = HOUR

```

      * * * IF * * * T
      * * * PRD .LE. * * *
      * 3 * * *
      * * *
      * F

```

TDFP24 = (TDFP24 - 1.C)
+ 0.15*PRDF

182

```

183
+-----+
+ TFCFS = TFCFS
+-----+
+-----+
+ ARHF = ARHF + RHF1
+-----+

```

C STORM OUTPUT REQUESTED BY CONOPT(1)

```

184
+-----+
+ IF CONOPT(1) .NE. 1
+-----+
+-----+
+ GO TO 186
+-----+
+-----+
+ IF DAY .NE. 1
+-----+
+-----+
+ GO TO 186
+-----+
+-----+
+ IF HOUR .EQ. 1 .AND. PRD .EQ. 1
+-----+
+-----+
+ WRITE(6,7)
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
+ FORMAT 7 FORMAT(1H//,21X,19HRAINFALL
+ DEPOSITION,12X,16HMOISTURE STORAGE,
+ 14X,17HSTREAMFLOW ORIGIN,6X,14HSTREAM
+ IN EUZS ELZS EIFS EDFS UZS LZS IFS QFS S
+ PCF SPIF SPBF SPTF INCHES CFS)
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
+ DATE = MOD(DAY,MDAY)
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
+ QFS = QFUS*FPER+QFUSIS*FIMP
+ SPCF = QFR*FPER+QFRIS*FIMP+PPI*FWTR
+ SPBF = 0.25*(CBF-HSE)
+ SPTF = SPDR+SPBF
+ SPDR = 0.0
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
+ IF RHFO .LE. 0.0
+-----+
+-----+
+ S TFCFS = (CBF - HSE)*WCF
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
+ RSPTF = 0.25*TFCFS/WCF
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
+ WRITE(6,8)
+ DATE, HOUR, PRD, PEP, PMEUSZ, PMELZS, PMEIFS, PMEDFS, U+
+ ZS, LZS
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
+ IFS, CFS, SPOF, SPIF, SPBF, SPTF, RSPTF, TFCFS
+ F7.1)
+-----+
+-----+
+ FORMAT 8 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,12,1X,11
+ 5(1X,F6.4),2X,4(F7.4),2X,5(1X,F6.4),1X,

```

GO TO 185

1186

185

$$NDSCP = NDSDP + 1$$

GO TO 186

CALL DAYNXT(CDSDR,DPY)
CCNTINUE

186

```
VINTCR = VINTCR + DPET(
DAY)/96.0
```

187

+++++CONTINUE

C END OF 15 MINUTE LOOP

GO TO 197

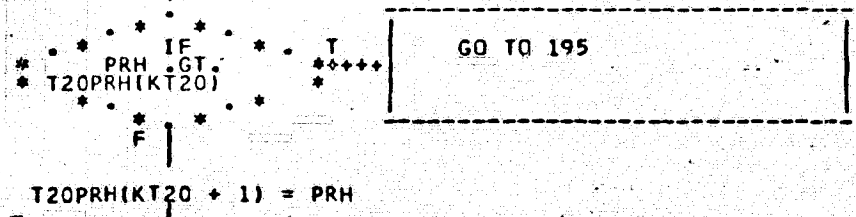
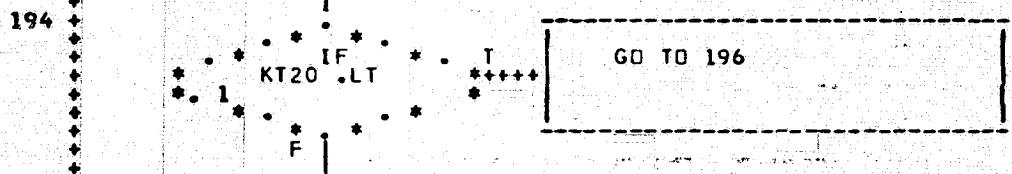
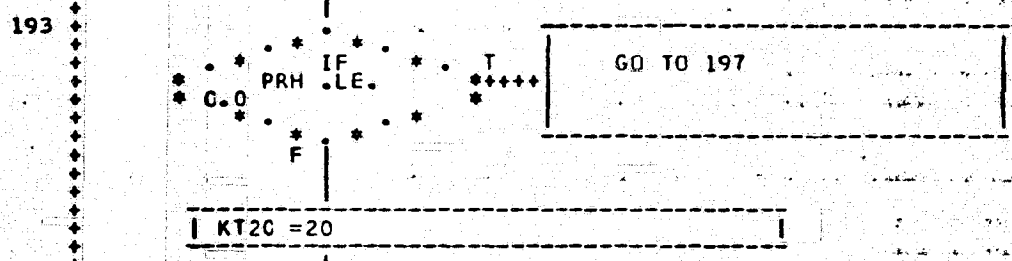
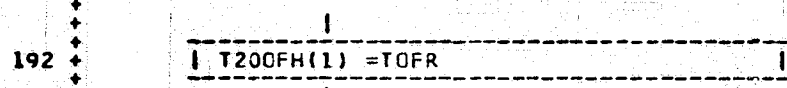
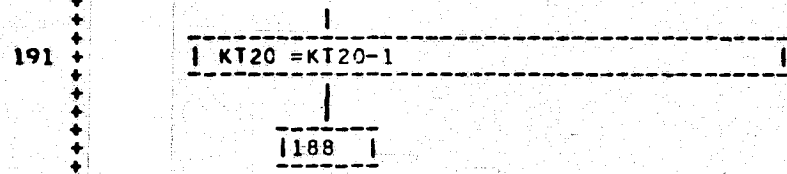
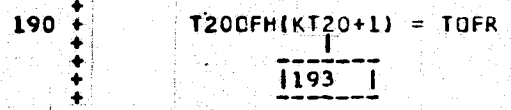
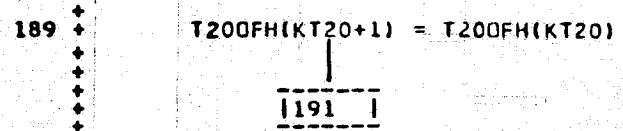
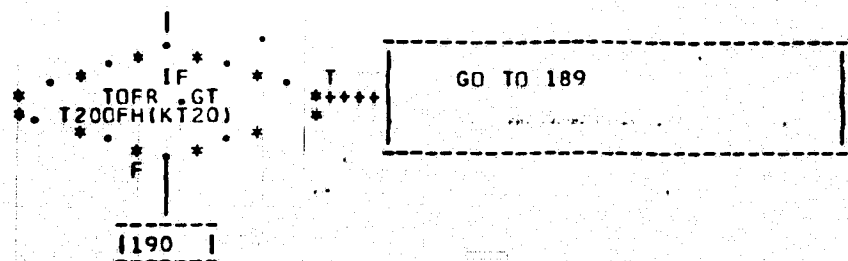
C HOURLY OVERLAND FLOW AND RAINFALL SORTING

GO TO 193

1 KT20 = 20

188

GO TO 192



T20PRH(KT20 + 1) = PRH

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OF POOR QUALITY

1197

195 T2OPRH(KT20+1) = T2OPRH(KT20)

KT20 = KT20-1

1194

196 T2OPRH(1) = PRH

C ADDING GROUNDWATER FLOW

197 CBF = GWS*BFRL*(1.0+BFNRL*BFNX)
GWS = GWS-CBF
AMBF = AMBF+CBF
THGR = ARHF+CBF

IF THGR .GT. HSE
T *****
F *****

HSE = THGR

AMSE = AMSE+HSE
THSF(HOUR) = (THGR-HSE)*WCFS
TDSF = TDSF+THSF(HOUR)

C

C STORE SIMULATED HOURLY STREAM FLOWS

C DRAINING OF UPPER ZONE STORAGE

SINDEX = SINDEX+1

THSFD(SINDEX,1) = THSF(HOUR)

306 UZINFX = (UZS/UZC)-(LZS/LZC)

IF UZINFX .LE. 0.0
T *****
F *****

GO TO 198

LZSR = LZS/LZC
UZINLZ = 0.303*BMIR*UZC*UZINFX*
*3.0

C EVAP-TRANS LOSS FROM GROUNDWATER

GWET = GWS*GWETF*PET*FPER
GWS = GWS-GWET
BFNX = BFNX-GWET

BFNX .LT T
0.0 F

BFNX = 0.0

```

=====
AMPET=AMPET+PET

```

U Z S P E T I F G E . T + + + + +
F I

GO TO 199

UZS =UZS-PET
AMNET=AMNET+PET

1202

199

PET = PET - UZS
AMNET = AMNET + UZS
UZS = 0.0
LZSR = LZS / LZC

PET IF T
ETLF* LZSR GE. + + + + +
E I

GO TO 200

```
| SET =PET*(1.0-PET/(2.0*ETLF*LZSR)) |
```

1201

200

1 SET = 0.5*ETLF*LZSR

201

LZS = LZS-SET
AMNET = AMNET + SET

202 ♦♦♦♦♦♦♦♦ CONTINUE

C END OF HOUR LOOP

DSSF(DAY) = TDSF/24.0

IF CONOPT(1) .EQ. 1
DSSF(DAY) = DSSF(DAY) + DDIW(DAY)

203

AMRTF = AMRTF + DRSF(DAY)
AMSTF = AMSTF + DSSF(DAY)

IF CONOPT(6) .EQ. 1
EDLZS(DAY) = LZS

C STORE ERRORS AND FLOW DURATION

IF CONOPT(4) .NE. 1
GO TO 204

ERR = DSSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY)

IF DRSF(DAY) .LT. 1.0
KRFGI = 1.0

IF DRSF(DAY) .GT. 1.0
KRFGI = 2.0 * ALOG(DRSF(DAY)) + 2.0

CRFGI(KRFGI) = CRFGI(KRFGI) + 1.0
SERR(KRFGI) = SERR(KRFGI) + ERR
SERA(KRFGI) = SERA(KRFGI) + ABS(ERR)
SQER(KRFGI) = SQER(KRFGI) + ERR * ERR
SESF(KRFGI) = 0.0

IF CRFGI(KRFGI) .GT. 1.0
SESF(KRFGI) = SQRT(ABS(SQER(KRFGI) -
SERR(KRFGI) ** 2 / CRFGI(KRFGI) / (CRFGI(KRFGI) - 1.0)))

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204

CONTINUE

DATE = DAY

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * (MCNTH.E * * *
      * * * Q.4).AND.(MDAY.EQ.3 * * *
      * * * 1) * * *

```

DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)

F

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * MONTH.NE * * *
      * * * .4 * * *

```

DATE=MOD(DAY,MDAY)

F

```

      * * * WRITE(6,9)
      * * * DATE, (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=1,12)

```

FORMAT

9 FORMAT(1H/,1X/,1X,14,2X,
2HAM,1X,6F8.1,3X,6F8.1)

```

      * * * WRITE(6,10)
      * * * (THSF(HOUR),HOUR=13,24), DSSF(DAY)

```

FORMAT

10 FORMAT(1HJ,6X,2HPM,1X,
6F8.1,3X,7F8.1)

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * TDFP24 * * *
      * * * LT. 12.0 * * *

```

GO TO 205

F

TDFP12 = TDFP24 - 12.0

4HP.M.)

1206

FORMAT

11 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=
F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X,

205

CONTINUE

FORMAT

12 FORMAT(1H/,10X,8HMAXIMUM=
F8.1,2X,6HC.F.S.,5X,4HTIME,3X,F5.2,2X, 4HA.M.)

206

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * CONOPT(7 * * *
      * * * ) .EQ. 1 .AND. SDEP * * *
      * * * TH .GT. 0.0 * * *

```

WRITE(6,13)DATE,

F

SDEPTH,STMD,SAX,TANSM,SPLW

FORMAT

13 FORMAT(3X,14,2X,7HSDEPTH=
F8.2,2X,5HSTMD=F6.2,2X,4HSAX=F6.2,
2X,6HTANSM=F6.2,2X,5HSPLW=F6.2)

```

MAXI = MAXI + 1
MPDAY(MAXI) = DATE

```

C MONTHLY SUMMARY STORAGE

```
STMROS(MAXI,1)=DSSF(DAY)
```

```

      TMSTF(MAXI,1) = AMSTF
      AMSTF=C.0
      TMRTF(MGNTH) = AMRTF
      AMRTF=0.0

```

```
EMBFNX(MAXI,1)=BFNX
```

```

TMPREC(MAXI,1)=AMPREC

```

```

AMPREC = 0.0
IMRPM(MONTH) = AMRPM
AMRPM = 0.0
TMBF(MAX1,1) = AMBF
AMBF = 0.0
TPIF(MAX1,1) = AMIF
AMIF = 0.0
TMSE(MAX1,1) = AMSE
AMSE = 0.0
TMPET(MONTH) = AMPET
AMPET = 0.0
TMNET(MONTH) = AMNET
AMNET = 0.0
TMSNE(MONTH) = AMSNE
AMSNE = 0.0

```

$$TMFSIL(MONTH) = AMFSIL$$

```
AMFSIL=0.0
EMGWS(MAXI,1)=GWS
UZC=SUZC*AEX90+BUZC*EXP(-2.7
      *LZS/LZC)
```

0.25 UZC IF LT T
FI

U2C = 0.25

```
EMUZZC(MAXI,1) = UZC  
EMUZZS(MAXI,1) = UZS
```

```

      ENSIAM(MAXI,1)=SIAM

```

```

EMLZS(MAXI,1) = LZS
EMIFS(MAXI,1) = IFS

```

220

CONTINUE

337 IF EQ T
E I

MDAY=59

C STORE MAXIMUM DAILY STREAM FLOW FOR YEAR

TFMAXY(MAXI) =TFMAX

3001

CONTINUE

IF DAY.EQ.E
DATE
F

GO TO 3002

CALL DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)

IF DAY.GT.L
DAY
F

MDAY=LDAY

IF DAY.EQ.3
66
F

MDAY=337

1152

3002

IF CONOPT(1)
6).EQ.0
F

GO TO 221

BACKSPACE 11

WRITE (11)
(RPLCTC(I),I=1,1832)

BACKSPACE 18

WRITE (18)
(RCCPMA(I),I=1,12087)

C END OF DAY LOOP

221

CONTINUE

RETURN

END

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C-113

SUBROUTINE OUTPUT(DIFFS,DIFFMP,DIFFP,DIFFPP,SUM,DIFFR,DIFFRP,

APREC,DIFFPR,DIFFP,QOUT,QMAX,PHRD,MSBDIC,
MPDAY)

COMMON/PLUTC/DRSF,DSSF,CONOPT,THSFD,TMSTF,STMROS(121,6),DPY,TITLE,

KFLAG,IDFLAG,

IENDFG,STUDY(2),PEAKS,PHRS,NSPTS,THSFD,TFMAXD,TMRTF,JPLDT,

NCTRI,CTRI,FIRR,RICY,DPSE,BDLSM,SPBLW,SPWCC,SPM,ELDIF,

XUNFS,FFCR,FFSI,MKNSM,DSMGH,PXCSA,KMPF,RGPMB,AREA,FIMP,

SATRI,UHFA,

MNRD,

FWTR,VINTMR,BUZZ,SUZZ,LZZ,ETLE,SUBWF,GWETF,SIAC,PMIR,

BIVF,OFSS,OFSL,OFMN,OFNIS,IFRC,CSRX,FSRX,CHCIP,EXQPV,

BFNL,BFRC,GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,BFHR,BFRL,BFNKL,BFNHR,IFPRC,

IFRL,LSHFT,NBTRI,ENRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,BTRI,TECF,CPAET,PPER,

TPLR,VINTCK,HSE,NRTI,SPIF,CSE,SPUR,CFUS,OFUSIS,UFA,IFRIS,PEIS,

RHFO,URHF,AMIF,AMNET,AMPET,AMSSE,AMFSL,SASF,SRAX,SRX,VHIN,

WCFS,RHFC,SSRT,DERF,OFRFIS,EDOF,EDCFIS,SORF,SORFI,

SDEPTH,MULTI,TD,ASH,AT4AM,WT4PM,SAX,TANSM,SPTH,STMD,SFMD,ASMRG,

DEPEND(2),VARIN(2),NPTS,JULDI,IYR,TODARY(5,1),

TOMARY(7,1),TUSARY(5,6,1),TSDARY(6,1),TSMARY(8,1),

TSSARY(3,6,1),TSMCRY(1),TSDCRY(1),TSRARY(1,6,1),

TORARY(1,6,1),

DKSTT(366),DSSFT(366),MI,NI,MULT,TMRTFT(12),TMSTFT(12)

COMMON/COMMA/EMBFNX,EMGWS,EMIFS,EMLZS,EMSIAM,EMUZC,EMUZS,TMBF,

TMIF,TMPREC,TMSE,CRFMI,DDIW,DMNT,DMXT,DRGPM,DRHP,DRSGP,UPET,EDLZS,

EPCM,SERA,SERR,SESF,SWER,THSF,T4FSL,TMNET,TMOF,TMPET,TMRP4,TMSNE,

TMSTFI,T200FH,T20PRH,TMRTFI,JULDAT,

TFMAXY,UZC,AETX,DAY,NSGRD,AEX90,SIAM,NDSOP,RGPM,NDSOR,YR1,

TRHF,

SINDEX,INDEX,AEX96,MAXI,YR2,BYLZS,BYIFS,BYUZZ

C KENTUCKY WATERSHED MODEL (VERSION OF JUNE 6, 1970)

C BASED ON STANFORD WATERSHED MODELS III & IV

DIMENSION BTRI(99),CONOPT(16),CRFMI(22),CTRI(99),DDIW(366),
DMNT(366),DMXT(366),DPSE(366),DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),
DRSGP(366),UPET(366),DPSE(366),DSSF(366),EDLZS(366),
EMBFNX(15,3),EMGWS(15,3),EMIFS(15,3),EMLZS(15,3),EMSIAM(15,3),
EMUZC(15,3),EMUZS(15,3),EPCM(12),FIRR(15),MEDCY(12),MEDWY(12),
RICY(37),SATRI(99),SERA(22),SEKR(22),SESF(22),SWER(22),
THSF(24),TITLE(13),TMHF(15,3),TMFSL(12),TMIF(15,3),TMNET(12),
TMOF(15,3),TMPET(12),TMPREC(15,3),TMRP4(12),TMRTF(12),TMSE(15,3),
TMSNE(12),TMSTFI(15,3),TMSTFI(15,3),T200FH(21),T20PRH(21),
UHFA(99),TMRTFI(12),JULDAT(6),THSFD(744,3),TFMAXY(366),
PEAKS(6),PHRS(6),NSPTS(6),THSFD(6)

REAL*8 MSVT(9)/'MOISTURE', 'STORAGE', 'VALUES',
'T', 'ABLE 3A', '4*'

REAL*8 SUBT(11)/'ABLE 3A', 'ABLE 3B', 'PAST', '3A', 'UES',
'PAST RUN', 'ABLE 1A', 'ABLE 1B', '3B', 'MMARY',
'PAST', '/'

REAL QOUT(15),SUM(3),APREC(3),MSBDIC

INTEGER MPDAY(15),TYPE,CONOPT

REAL*4 SCPAST(36)/18* '3* 'OBSE', 'RVED', 'SIMU', 'LATE',
'SIMU', 'LATE', 'D', '3* 'OBSE', 'RVED', 'SIMU', 'LATE',
'D', '/'

REAL*4 MSPAST(36)/20* 'SIMU', 'LATE', 'D', '5* 'SIMU',
'LATE', 'D', '5* 'SIMU', 'LATE', 'D', '5* 'SIMU',

REAL*4 SSPAST(36)/21* 'O', 'BSE', 'VED', 'S', 'IMUL',
'ATED', 'DIFF', 'ZDIFF', '4* 'S', 'IMUL',

REAL*8 STST(9)/'STORM SU', 'MMARY TA', 'BLE 2', '6* ' /

REAL*8 STRMT(9)/'STORM CH', 'ARACTERI', 'STICS T', 'ABLE 1A',
'5* ' /

REAL*8 STCHAR(252)/ 'STORM CH', 'ARACTERI', 'STICS',
'FORECAST', 'RUN', 'ABLE 1A', '12* 'WORS',
'T NO', 'F/CA', 'ST', 'WORS', 'NU',
'F/CASE', 'CASE', 'PRECIP', 'PRECIP',
'2* 'PRECIP', '3* 'PRECIP', '3* 'SUR',
'IP', '3* 'PRECIP', '3* 'SUR',
197*


```

REAL*8 STCSP(197)/R/O
3* FL 3* SUR R/O 3* INT FL 3* INT
R/O 3* BASE FL 3* STM
PRECIP 3* STM R/O 3* PRECIP 3* INT SUR
R/O 3* SUR R/O 3* INT FL 3* BASE FL 3*
STM R/O 3* STM R/O 3* PRECIP 3* IP 3*
SUR R/O 3* PRECIP 3* SUR R/O 3*
INT FL 3* INT FL 3* STM
R/O 3* STM R/O 3* PRECIP 3*
R/O 3* SUR R/O 3* INT SUR
3* BASE FL 3* STM
STM R/O 3*

```

```

REAL*8 STSUD(208) /2* STORM SU MMARY F PRECAS
T RUN TAB LC 2 13* WORST NO F/C
AST DIFF DIFF 4* CASE PRECIP 14
PEAK (HR) (CFS) 7* R/O (IN) 16*
PRECIP (IN) 7*

```

```

REAL*8 MSVARD(441)/
UES FURE CAST RUN TABLE 3A 10*
WORST NO F/CAST 2* CASE
PRECIP 2* IFS 3* PRECIP IFS 2*
9* UZS 3* UZS 4*
LZS 3* LZS 4*
GWS 3* GWS 4*
BFNX 3* BFNX 4*
SIAM 3* SIAM 4*
UZC 3* UZC 4*
9* IFS 3* IFS 4*
UZS 3* UZS 4*
LZS 3* LZS 4*
GWS 3* GWS 4*
BFNX 3* BFNX 4*
SIAM 3* SIAM 4*
UZC 3* UZC 4*
261*

```

```

REAL*8 MSVSUD(135)/
IFS 3* IFS 4*
UZS 3* UZS 4*
LZS 3* LZS 4*
GWS 3* GWS 4*
BFNX 3* BFNX 4*
SIAM 3* SIAM 4*
UZC 3* UZC 4*
9* IFS 3* IFS 4*
UZS 3* UZS 4*
LZS 3* LZS 4*
GWS 3* GWS 4*
BFNX 3* BFNX 4*
SIAM 3* SIAM 4*
UZC 3* UZC 4*

```

REAL BLANK/

REAL*4 STCHAS(648)

REAL*4 STCSS(394)

REAL*4 MSVARY(648)

REAL*4 STSMRY(416)

REAL*4 MSVSUP(270)

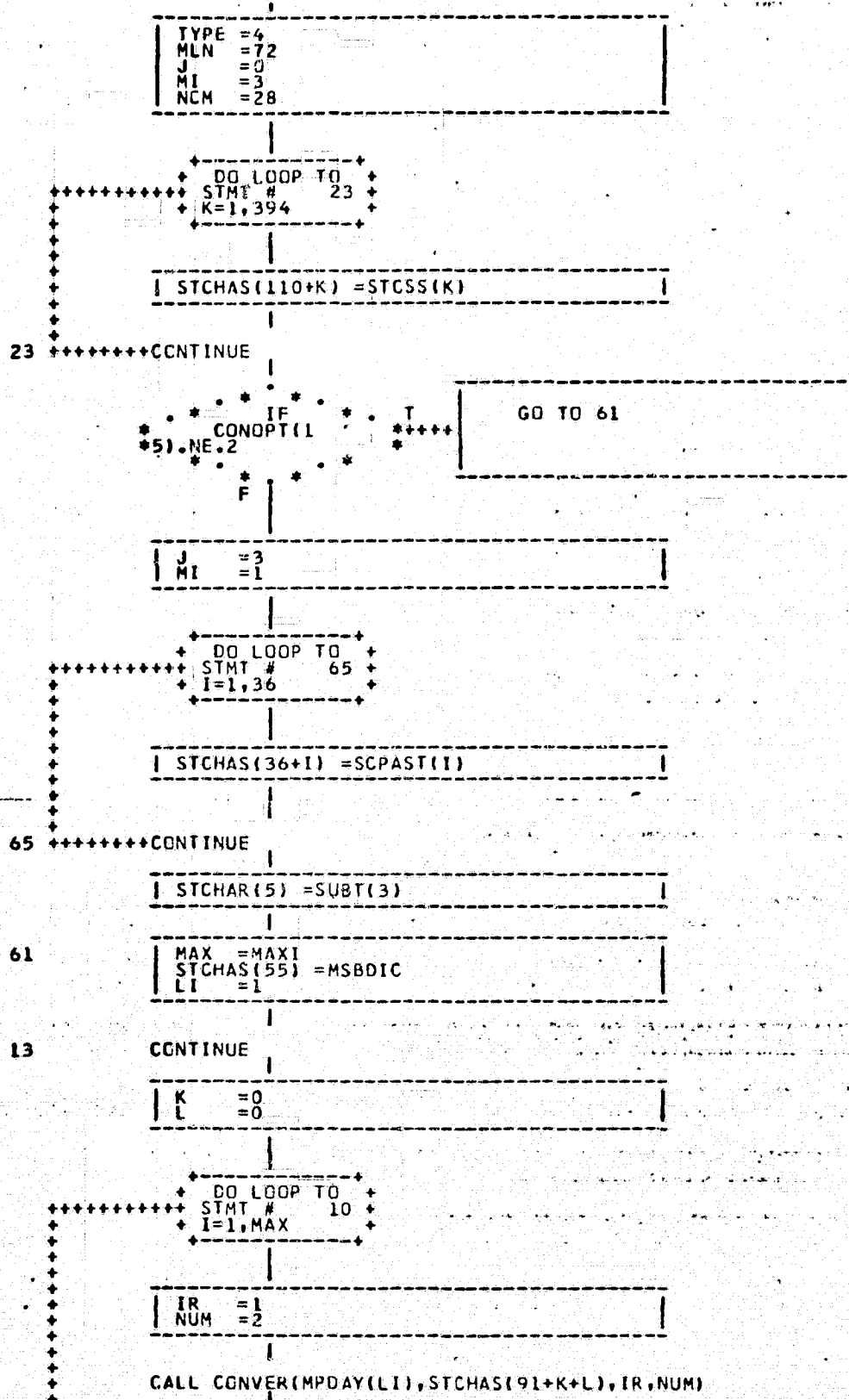
EQUIVALENCE (MSVARD(1),MSVARY(1))

EQUIVALENCE (MSVSUD(1),MSVSUP(1))

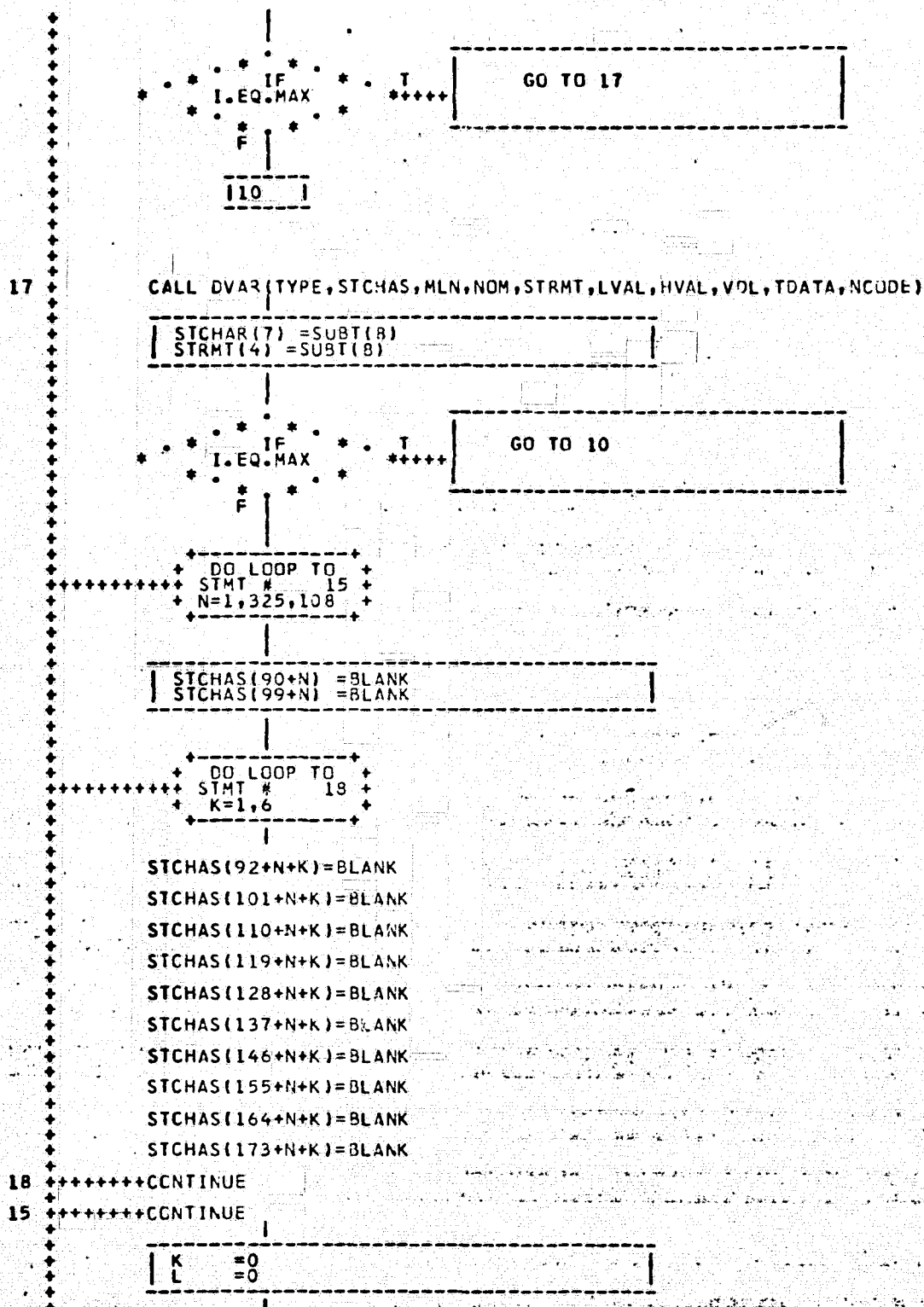
EQUIVALENCE (STSUD(1),STSMRY(1))

EQUIVALENCE (STCHAR(1),STCHAS(1))

EQUIVALENCE (STCSP(1),STCSS(1))



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10 *****CONTINUE

IF *
CONOPT(1) *
*5).NE.2 *
F *
T *****

GO TO 32

STSRD(5) = SUBT(3)
STSRD(4) = SUBT(11)

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 39
I=1,36

STSMRY(36+I) = SSPAST(I)

39 *****CONTINUE

IR = 0
NUM = 4

CALL CCNVER(QMAX,STSMRY(95),IR,NUM)
CALL CCNVER(PEAKS(1),STSMRY(98),IR,NUM)
CALL CCNVER(APREC(1),STSMRY(203),IR,NUM)
CALL CCNVER(APREC(1),STSMRY(207),IR,NUM)

IR = 1
NUM = 3

CALL CCNVER(PHRD,STSMRY(131),IR,NUM)
CALL CCNVER(PHRS(1),STSMRY(134),IR,NUM)

IR = 0

CALL CCNVER(SUM(1),STSMRY(167),IR,NUM)
CALL CCNVER(SUM(2),STSMRY(170),IR,NUM)

135

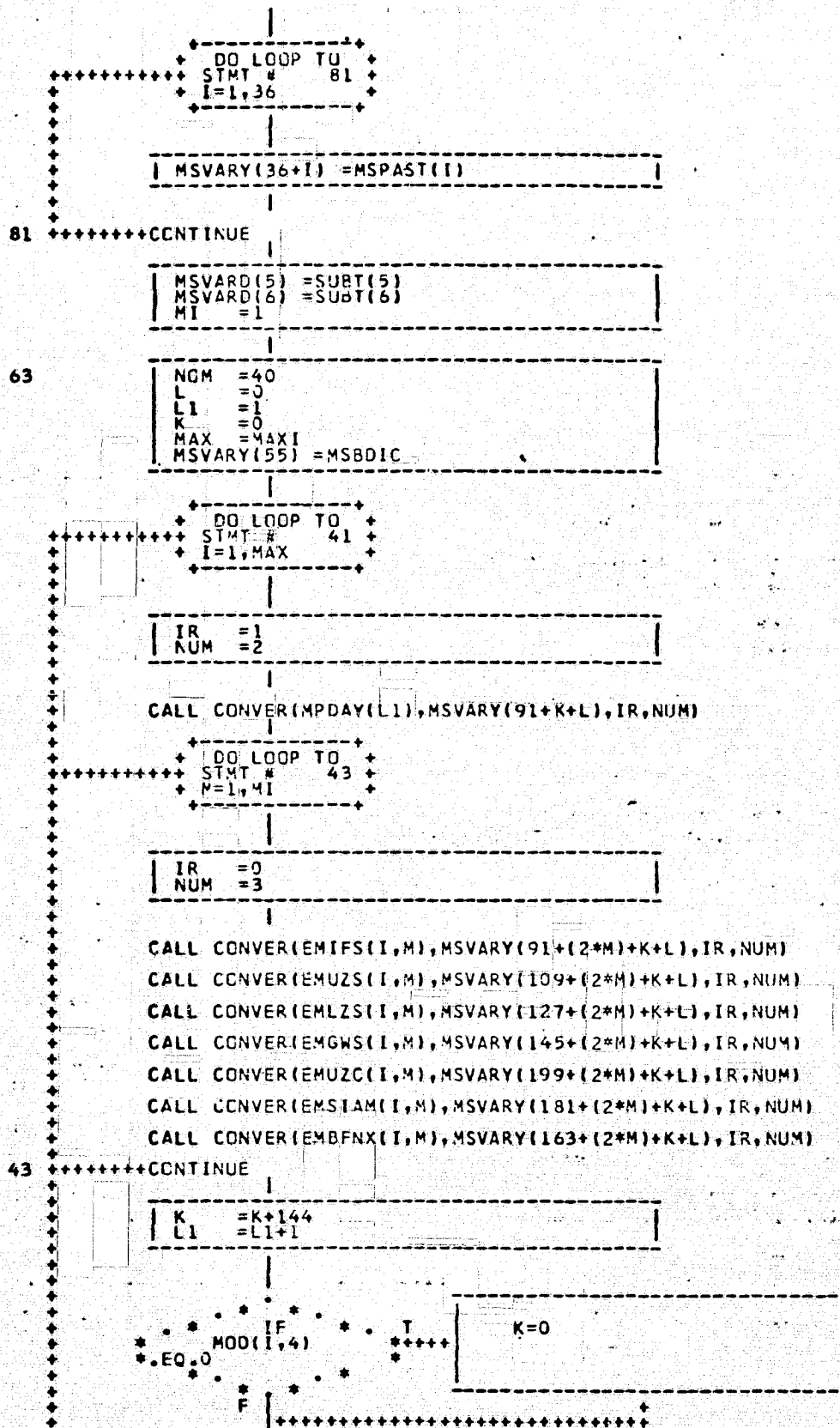
32 *****
DO LOOP TO
STMT # 31
I=1,3

IR = 0
NUM = 4

CALL CCNVER(PEAKS(I),STSMRY(93+(2*I)),IR,NUM)
CALL CCNVER(APREC(I),STSMRY(201+(2*I)),IR,NUM)

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C-120




```

MSVARY(127+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(135+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(145+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(153+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(163+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(171+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(181+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(189+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(199+N+K)=BLANK
MSVARY(207+N+K)=BLANK

```

55 ++++++CCONTINUE

53 ++++++CCONTINUE

K	=0
L	=0

41 ++++++CCONTINUE

```

CALL PLTEND(0)
RETURN

```

END

SUBROUTINE ATTN

C THIS IS THE 2250 OPERATOR INTERFACE ROUTINE

```
COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,OAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
VSP3 ,VSPL ,NOUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUK ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,HX ,
AY ,BY ,VLDS ,
LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODE1 ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL
```

LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)

REAL*8 WORK(36)

INTEGER*4 INTAR(10),GSP1,UNITN,NULLV(1),OAREA

LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODE1,GSPIN

LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD

REAL*4 RNTAR(10),XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)

EQUIVALENCE (INTAR(1),RNTAR(1),WORK(1)),(ISYM,ICODE)

ND3 = IARS(IDSP)+1

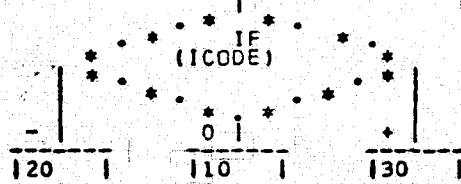
CALL ENATN(IATN,0,28,34)

5 CONTINUE

CALL INCL(IGDS5,NULLV,IKEY1)

C REQUEST ATTENTION INFORMATION

10 CALL RQATN(IATN,ICODE,2,INTAR,0,28,34)



20 CALL TMGSP(GSP1)

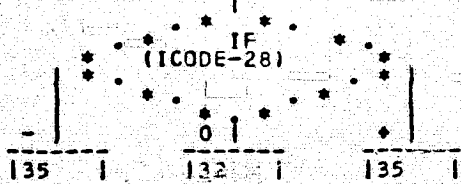
WRITE(NOUT,1000)

STOP

22 RETURN

C

30 CONTINUE



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```

-----
| GMODE1 =.NOT.GMODE1

```

```
WRITE(NOUT,1020)  
GMODE1
```

110

CONTINUE

IF T
INTAR(1) *****
IGDS6
EQ
F

GO TO 200

```

      IF INTER(1)
      IGD5
      T
      NE
      F
      +++++

```

GO TO 10

```

      IF INTER(2) .EQ. 1
      THEN
        T = T + 1
      END IF
    END DO
  END DO
  PRINT *, T
  END

```

GO TO 40

IF
INTAR(2)
EQ. IKEY2

GO TO 400

IF T
INTAR(2) *****
IKEY3 *

GO TO 100

CONTINUE

```
CALL DSATN(IATN,0,28,34)
CALL OMIT(IGDS5,NULLV,IKEY1)
RETURN
```

C

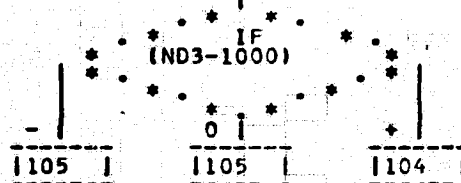
C BRING UP PLOT DICTIONARY. THE DICTIONARY CAN ONLY BE REQUESTED

C FROM THE LATEST DISPLAY

C

100 CCNTINUE
 CALL OMIT(IGDS5)
 CALL OMIT(IGDSC)
 103 CALL INCL(IGDS6)

ND2 = MIN0(ND3,1000)
 ND1 = 1



104 CALL INCL(IGDS6)
 CALL INCL(IGDS6,-3,NULLV)
 105 CALL INCL(IGDS6,-2,NULLV)
 CALL INCL(IGDS6,-1,NULLV)

DO LOOP TO
 STMT # 110
 I=ND1,ND2

110 CALL INCL(IGDS6,I,NULLV)

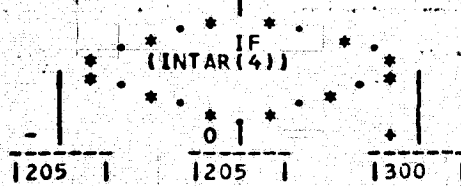
110

C

C PLOT DICTIONARY ATTENTION ROUTINE

C

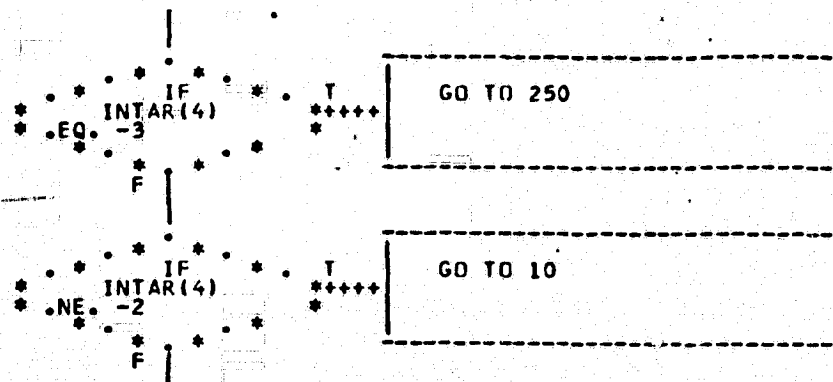
200 CCNTINUE



205

IF
 INTAR(4)
 EQ. -1
 F

GO TO 10

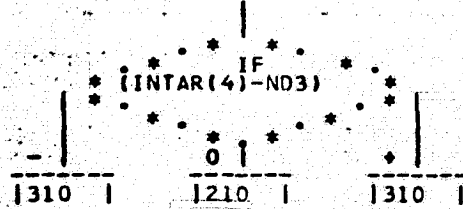


210 CALL OMIT(IGDS6)
 CALL INCL(IGDSC)
 CALL INCL(IGDS5)
 CALL INCL(IGDS5,NULLV,IKEY3)
 CALL INCL(IGDS5,NULLV,IKEY1)

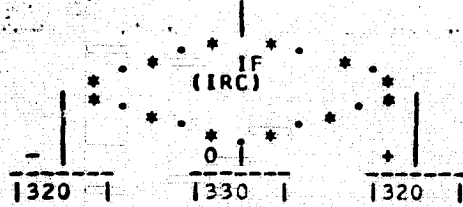
110 1

C
 C BRING UP PLOT SELECTED IN PLOT DICTIONARY
 C

300 CONTINUE



310 CONTINUE
 CALL BUFIN(12250,INTAR(4),IRC)
 CALL INCL(IGDSC)



320 WRITE(NOUT,1010)
 IRC

110

330 CALL INCL(IGDS5, NULLV, IKEY2)

110

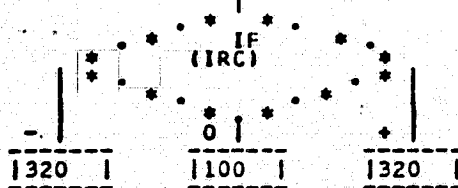
C

C RETURN FROM A RECALLED DISPLAY

C

400 CONTINUE

CALL BUFIN(12250, ND3, IRC)



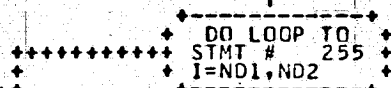
C

C BRING UP NEXT PAGE OF DICTIONARY

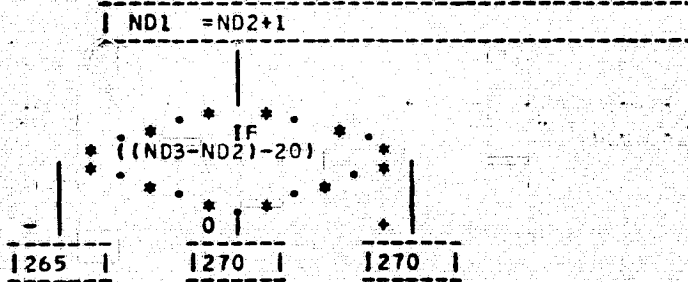
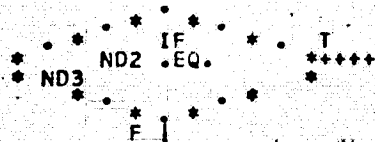
C

250 CONTINUE

CALL OMIT(IGDS6)



255 CALL OMIT(IGDS6, I, NULLV)



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OF POOR QUALITY

265

| ND2 =ND3 |

| 104 |

270

| ND2 =ND2+20 |

| 104 |

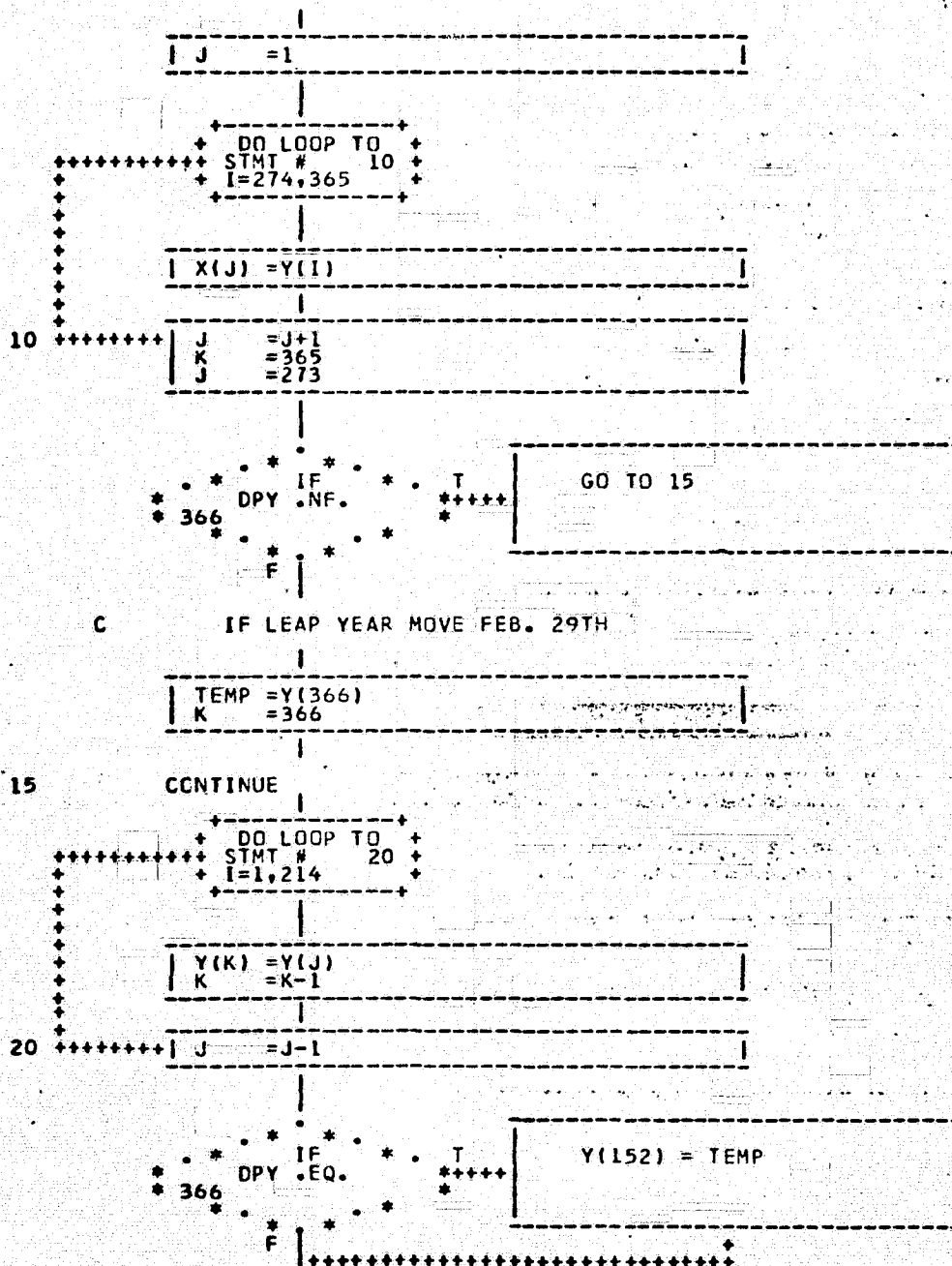
FORMAT 1000 FORMAT(' ATTN: PROGRAM TERMINATED BY ''TERMINATE JOB'' OPTION').
 FORMAT 1010 FORMAT(' ***BUFFER WRITE FAILED - R.C. = ',Z8)
 FORMAT 1020 FORMAT(' *GMODEL CHANGE ',Z2)

END

SUBROUTINE CHANGE(Y,DPY)

REAL * 4 X(92), Y(366)

C KMM STORES DATA IN THE ORDER JAN.(YEAR 2) TO SEPT (YEAR 2)
C FOLLOWED BY OCT.(YEAR 1) TO DEC.(YEAR 1). FEB. 29 IS PLACED
C IN DAY 366.
C CHANGE REARRANGES THE DATA ARRAY TO STORE THE DATA IN NORMAL
C SEQUENCE. OCT.(YEAR 1) TO SEPT.(YEAR 2).




```

      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 25  |
      | I=1,59     |
      +-----+
      |
      | J = I+92
      |
      |
25  +-----+ | Y(J) = Y(I) |
      |
      |
      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 30  |
      | I=1,92     |
      +-----+
      |
      |
30  +-----+ | Y(I) = X(I) |
      |
      |
      RETURN

```

END

SUBROUTINE CONVER(X,A,IR,NUM) •

REAL CON(24)

DATA CON/10000.,8.,10000.,7.,1000.,6.,100.,5.,10.,4.,1.,3.,1,
2.,.01,2.,.001,2.,.0001,2.,.00001,2.,.000001,2./

INTEGER*4 A(2),B(2),IR,NUM

DATA B/2*4H /

EQUIVALENCE (Z,IX)

```

      Z = X
      F = Z
      IF (IR.EQ.1) F = IX
      IS = 64
  
```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * F.LT.0.0 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *
  
```

IS=96

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * IS.EQ.96 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *
  
```

F=-F

```

      | M = 2 |
  
```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * (IR.EQ.1 * * * * *
      * * * * * *.AND.(NUM.LE.4) * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *
  
```

M=1

```

      * * * * * DO LOOP TO * * * * *
      * * * * * STMT # 9 * * * * *
      * * * * * I=1,M * * * * *
  
```

```

      | A(I) = B(I) |
  
```

9 *****CONTINUE

```

      | L = 1 |
  
```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * (F-10000 * * * * *
      * * * * * *.GE.0. * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *
  
```

GO TO 15

```

      | L = 3 |
  
```

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OF POOR QUALITY

CALL ISCHAR(IS,I,A)

NUMA = NUM+2

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 10
I=2, NUMA

J2 = 0
J1 = F/CCN(L)
F = F-J1*CCN(L)
J1 = J1+240

IF ((ICNT-I).EQ.0).AND.(IR.EQ.1) *
* * * * * T *
* * * * * F *
* * * * *

GO TO 12

IF (ICNT-I).EQ.0 *
* * * * * T *
* * * * * F *
* * * * *

J2=75

IF J2.EQ.75 *
* * * * * T *
* * * * * F *
* * * * *

CALL ISCHAR(J2,I,A)

IF J2.EQ.75 *
* * * * * T *
* * * * * F *
* * * * *

I=I+1

CALL ISCHAR(J1,I,A)

L = L+2

10 *****CONTINUE

112

23 J1 = 240

CALL ISCHAR(J1,I,A)

RETURN

12

END

ROUTINE CORREL IS USED TO CALCULATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

C X1 = ARRAY 1 , X2 = ARRAY2 , IV = NO.OF VARIABLES IN ARRAY

C ANS = ANSWER OF CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

C

SUBROUTINE CORREL (X1, X2, IV, ANS)

C

DIMENSION X1(1), X2(1)

REAL*4 X1, X2, TX1, TX2, MX1, MX2, DX1, DX2, AX1, AX2, AX3, ANS

C

C

```

AX1 = 0.0
AX2 = 0.0
AX3 = 0.0
DX1 = 0.0
DX2 = 0.0
MX1 = 0.0
MX2 = 0.0
TX1 = 0.0
TX2 = 0.0
    
```

C

C DETERMINE THE MEAN OF ARRAY X1, X2

C

```

      DO LOOP TO
      STMT # 100
      I = 1, IV
      TX1 = TX1 + X1(I)
100 TX2 = TX2 + X2(I)
      MX1 = TX1/IV
      MX2 = TX2/IV
    
```

C

```

      DO LOOP TO
      STMT # 101
      I = 1, IV
      DX1 = X1(I) - MX1
      DX2 = X2(I) - MX2
      AX1 = AX1 + DX1 * DX1
      AX2 = AX2 + DX2 * DX2
101 AX3 = AX3 + DX1 * DX2
      ANS = AX3 / SQRT(AX1 * AX2)
      RETURN
    
```

END

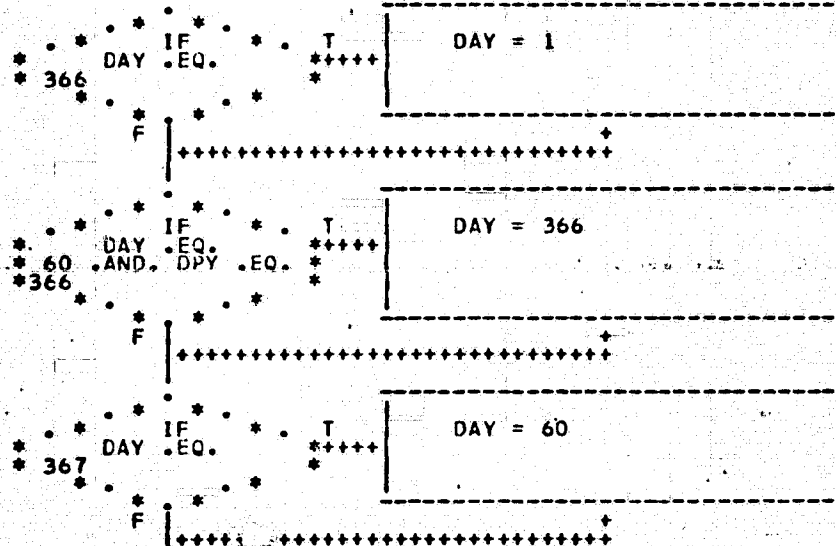
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OF POOR QUALITY

SUBROUTINE DAYNXT(DAY,DPY)

C DETERMINES NUMBER OF NEXT DAY OF THE YEAR

INTEGER DAY,DPY

DAY = DAY+1



RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE DAYOUT(VDCY,MEDWY,DPY)

C PRINTS TABLE OF DAILY VALUES

DIMENSION MEDWY(12),VDCY(366),VDMD(12)

INTEGER DATE,DAY,DPY

100

WRITE(6,1)

FORMAT 1 FORMAT(7X,'DAY',7X,'OCT'
,5X,'NOV',5X,'DEC',5X,'JAN',5X,'FEB',
,5X,'MAR',5X,'APR',5X,'MAY',5X,'JUNE',4X,'JULY',4X,'AUG',5X,
,5X,'SEPT',8X,'ANNUAL')

MEDWY(3) = 0

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 104
DATE = 1,28,1

IF
MOD(DATE
,5).NE.1
F

GO TO 102

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 101
KMD = 1,12

DAY = MEDWY(KMD) + DATE

101

VDMD(KMD) = VDCY(DAY)

WRITE(6,2)
DATE,VDMD(12),(VDMD(KMD),KMD=1,11)

FORMAT 2 FORMAT(1H0,3X,16,3X,12F8.1)

104

102

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 103
KMD = 1,12

DAY = MEDWY(KMD) + DATE

103 +-----+ VDMC(KMD) = VDCY(DAY) +-----+

WRITE(6,3)
DATE,VDMC(12),(VDMC(KMD), KMD = 1,11)

FORMAT 3 FORMAT(1X,3X,16,3X,12F8.1)

104 +-----+ CCNTINUE

IF DPY NE. T
366 F

GO TO 106

DATE = 29
TEMP = VDCY(60)
VDCY(60) = VDCY(366)

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 105
KMD = 1,12

DAY = MEDWY(KMD) + DATE

105 +-----+ VDMC(KMD) = VDCY(DAY) +-----+

WRITE(6,3)
DATE,VDMC(12),(VDMC(KMD), KMD=1,11)

1107

106 CCNTINUE

WRITE(6,4)
VDCY(302),VDCY(333),VDCY(363),VDCY(29),VDCY(88)

VDCY(119),VDCY(149),VDCY(180),VDCY(210),VDCY(241),VDCY(272)

FORMAT 4 FORMAT(1X,7X,2H29,3X
4F8.1,8X,7F8.1)

107 CONTINUE

108 WRITE(6,5)
VDCY(303),VDCY(334),VDCY(364),VDCY(30),VDCY(89)

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OF POOR QUALITY

VDCY(120),VDCY(150),VDCY(181),VDCY(211),VDCY(242),VDCY(273)
 FORMAT 5 FORMAT(1X,7X,2H30,3X,
 4F8.1,8X,7F8.1)

WRITE(6,6)
 VDCY(304),VDCY(365),VDCY(31),VDCY(90),VDCY(151)

VDCY(212),VDCY(243)

FORMAT 6 FORMAT(1H/,7X,2H31,3X
 ,F8.1,8X,2F8.1,8X,F8.1,6X,F8.1,8X,2F8.1)

MEDWY(3) = 365

DPY IF EQ. T
 366 F
 VDCY(60) = TEMP

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE DICTRY(TEXT)

```

COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,OAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPINQ ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,PWORK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NOUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPDS ,
LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODEL ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL

```

```

LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)
REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)
INTEGER*4 UNITN,OAREA,NULLV(1),GSP1
LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODEL,GSPIN
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD
LOGICAL*1 LINE(49)/47* ' ',' ',' '
LOGICAL*1 TEXT(72)
REAL*8 WORK(36)
EQUIVALENCE(RWORK1,IABSDP)

```

C

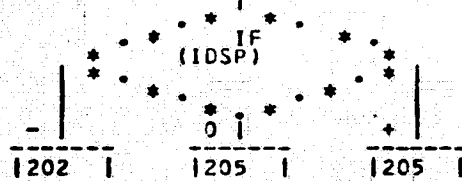
C CREATE DICTIONARY ENTRY

C

```

| IABSDP = IABS(IDSP)+1 |

```



202

```

| LINE(1) = TEXT(1) |
| LINE(2) = TEXT(2) |
| LINE(3) = TEXT(3) |

```

```

+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 203 +
+ I=4,47 +

```

203

```

| LINE(1) = LINE(49) |

```

```

| 215 |

```

205

```

+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 210 +
+ I=1,47 +

```

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210 ***** LINE(I) = TEXT(I)

215 CALL PTEXT(IGDS6,LINE,48,IABSDP,NULLV,2,0.,YLPOS)
CALL EXEC(IGDS6)

YLPOS=YLPOS-1.5*VSPL

IF * T
* YLPOS .L *
* T. 376. *
* F *

YLPOS=RU-2.5*VSPL

RETURN

END

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

SUBROUTINE DLPO(IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,NCODE)

INTEGER *4 TYPE/1/,LVAL(1)/1/,HVAL(1)/1/,VDL/1/,TDATA/1/

INTEGER *4 IPAR(192)

INTEGER *4 OPAR(32)

CALL CVAR(TYPE,IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,LVAL,HVAL,VDL,TDATA,NCODE)

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE DMSG(IPAR,MLN,NOM,NCODE)

INTEGER *4 TYPE/4/,LVAL(1)/1/,HVAL(1)/1/,VDL/1/,TDATA/1/

INTEGER *4 IPAR(192)

INTEGER *4 OPAR(32)

CALL DVAR(TYPE,IPAR,MLN,NOM,OPAR,LVAL,HVAL,VDL,TDATA,NCODE)

RETURN

END

C* TITLE: DISPLAY / OPTION PROCESSING MODULE (DVAR) *

C* *

C* FUNCTION: DVAR ALLOWS THE CALLER TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE *

C* USER(S) VIA THE 2250 DISPLAY CONSOLE TERMINAL. *

C* DVAR PROCESSES LIGHT PEN OPTIONS, VARIABLE DATA *

C* OPTION(S), AND TUTORIAL TYPE MESSAGE(S), AND *

C* DATA SET UPDATING. *

C* THE USER(S) RESPONSE(S), LIGHT PEN(S) OR KEYBOARD *

C* ACTION(S), AS APPLICABLE, ARE RETURNED TO THE *

C* CALLING PROGRAM. *

C* *

C* ENTRY POINT: DVAR CALLED BY USING PROGRAM *

C* EXIT: RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM *

C* *

C* PARM LIST AND DEFINITIONS: *

C* 1. TYPE - TYPE OF REQUEST - 1 = LP ACTION, 2 = VAR. DATA *

C* 3 = DATA SET UPDATING *

C* 4 = MESSAGES *

C* 2. IPAR - LIST OF OPTION(S), MESSAGES, OR DATA SET *

C* RECORDS TO BE TO BE DISPLAYED AND/OR UPDATED *

C* 3. MLN - SIZE IN BYTES OF EACH MEMBER IN IPAR ARRAY *

C* 4. NUM - NO. OF IPAR MEMBERS *

C* 5. OPAR - AN ARRAY USED TO RETURN USER(S) SELECTIONS *

C* 6. LVAL - LO VALUE ARRAY (VARIABLE DATA) *

C* 7. HVAL - HI VALUE ARRAY (VARIABLE DATA) *

C* 8. VDL - MAX. CHARS. USER CAN ENTER FROM 2250 KEYBOARD *

C* 9. TDATA - LEGAL VAR. DATA - FLT. PT. = 1, INTG. = 2 *

C* 10. NCODE - RETURN CODE *

C* *

```
CCCOMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,DAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,ZWORK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSP1 ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NOUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,BX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPOS ,
LOGXSW ,LCGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODEL ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL ,IFLAG
```

```
INTEGER*4 GSP1,UNITN,OAREA, NULLV(1),STAR(19)
```

```
REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6),GLAB(16)
```

LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODE1

EQUIVALENCE (WORK(1),STAR(1)),(WORK(11),GLAB(1))

EQUIVALENCE (NULL, NULLV)

COMPLEX *16 HDR(21)/'SELECT OPTION(S)', ' OR CONTINUE ' ,

' SELECT VARIABLE ', ' TO UPDATE ' ,

• SELECT LINE TO B', 'E' UPDATED

SELECT CONTINUE
TO RESUME

***** INVALID - ENTER AGAIN *****

ENTER FLT. PT. 0, R INTEGER AS APP,
LICABLE

COMPLEX #16 BLANKS(5) / 1

CCOMPLEX *16 BLINE(5)/

COMPLEX *16 RBUF{5}/'

```
INTEGER*4 PREFIX(32)/'
```

1.	2.	3.	4.						
5.	6.	7.	8.						
9.	10.	11.	12.						
13.	14.	15.	16.						
17.	18.	19.	20.			21.		22.	
23.	24.	25.	26.						
27.	28.	29.	30.			31.		32.	/

COMPLEX *16 SUFFIX/'-----'/

COMPLEX #16 FOOT(2)/' CONTINUE', '----a

COMPLEX *16 FOOT1(2)/' TERMINAT','E---a

COMPLEX #16 FOOT2(2)/' BACKWARD', '----a

INTEGER *2 DISP/1/

INTEGER *4 ECODE

```
INTEGER*4 IPAR(1)
```

INTEGER *2 LP/'a ' /

INTEGER #4 LPCA(10)

INTEGER *4 MSG(7)

INTEGER #4 TYDATA

INTEGER #4 TYPE

```

INTEGER *4 TDATA
INTEGER *4 VDL
INTEGER *4 Y
INTEGER *4 Z3,Z4
REAL *4 HVAL(32)
REAL *4 LVAL(32)
REAL*4 OPAR(1)
EQUIVALENCE (IALEV,IATN)
EQUIVALENCE (MIDSP,IDSP)
REAL *8 VDATA/'|||||||'/
REAL *4 Z1,Z2
EQUIVALENCE (X,Y)
EQUIVALENCE (Z1,Z3),(Z2,Z4)

```

C*

C** USER'S OPTION(S) PROCESSING

C*

10000

CONTINUE

FORMAT 1 FORMAT('O DVAP DISPLAY
ACTION - TYPE =',I4,' TDATA =',I4)

```

      !
      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * IFLAG.EQ * * * * *
      * * 1 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

GO TO 11001

C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC SERVICES

CALL INGSP(GSP1, NULLV)

C SPECIFY SUBROUTINE LINK/LOAD STATUS

CALL SPEC(GSP1,2,17,19,26,-28,53,-56)

CALL SPEC(GSP1,1,7,8,16,29,-31,37,-40)

C INITIALIZE THE 2250

CALL INDEV(GSP1,UNITN,I2250)

C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC DATA SETS

CALL INGDS(I2250,IGDSC,3072)

CALL INGDS(I2250,IGDS5,128)

CALL INGDS(I2250,IGDS6,512)

C SET NO SCISSURING FOR ALL DATA SETS

CALL SSCIS(IGDSC,3)

CALL SSCIS(IGDS5,3)

CALL SSCIS(IGDS6,3)

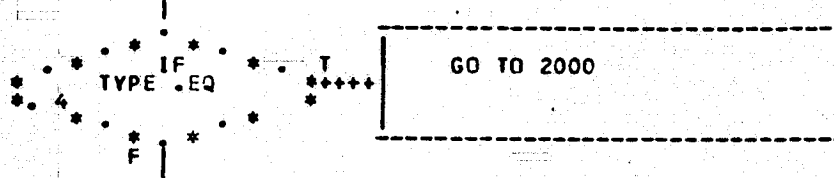
C*

C** SET UP TO BUILD DATA SET(S)

11001

C*

CONTINUE



CALL INGDS(12250,IGDS,1536)

CALL INGDS(12250,MSG(1),128,NULL,MSG(2),MSG(3),MSG(4),MSG(5),MSG(6),MSG(7))

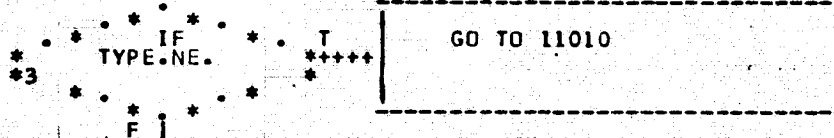
CALL SGRAM(IGDS,2)

CALL SDATM(IGDS,3)

CALL CRATL(12250,IALEV)

CALL SLPAT(IGDS,1)

NCHMOD	=4
NX	=48
NY	=20



NCHMOD	=3
NX	=72
NY	=49

11010

C*

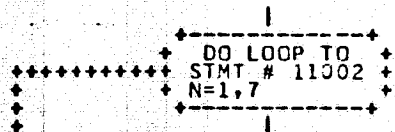
CONTINUE

CALL SCHAM(IGDS,NCHMOD)

CALL SDATL(IGDS,0,0,NX,NY)

C** BUILD MSG DATA SET(S)

C*



CALL SCHAM(MSG(N),NCHMOD-2)

CALL SGRAM(MSG(N),2)

CALL SDATM(MSG(N),3)

CALL SGDSL(MSG(N),0,NY-1,NX,NY,0,0,NX,NY)

CALL PTEXT(MSG(N),HDR(3*N-2),48,1,NULL,1,0,NY)

11002 *****CONTINUE

C*

C** SET UP TO COMMUNICATE WITH 2250 OPERATOR

C*

11003 CCNTINUE

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 11004
N=1,6

CALL INCL(MSG(N))

11004 *****CCNTINUE

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,FOOT ,32,100,NULL,1,0,6)

IF TYPE.NE. T
*3 * * * * *
F

GO TO 5

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,FOOT1,32,101,NULL,1,0,4)

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,FOOT2,32,102,NULL,1,0,2)

5 CCNTINUE

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,BLANKS,NX,50,NULL,1,0,1)

ECODE=4

GO TO (10,10,3000,2000), TYPE

1040

10 CONTINUE

ECODE=8

IF MLN.LE.0 T
* * * * *
OR MLN.GT.12
F

GO TO 1040

ECODE=12

IF NOM.LE.0 T
* * * * *
OR NOM.GT.32
F

GO TO 1040

IF TYPE.EQ. T
*1 * * * * *
F

GO TO 20

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OF POOR QUALITY

1 ECODE=16

IF T
VDL LE 0 *++*
* CR VDL GT 6 *
E I

GO TO 1040

```
-----
| ECODE=20
-----
```

IF T
T.DA.TE LE T
T.DA.TE GT 2 T
E

GO TO 1040

C*

C** SET UP TO ACCESS I/P ARRAY MEMBERS

C*

CONTINUE

```

ECODE=0
X      =NOM
X      =(X/2.0)+0.75
M      =X

```

CONTINUE

X = MLN
X = (X/4.0) + 0.75
I = X
LTH = 4 * I

C*

C** BUILD VARIABLE CR OPTIGN(S) DATA SET

C*

1 NCV = 0

```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 100 +
+ L=1,4,1    +

```

| NCV = NCV+1

```
CALL PTEXT(IGDS,PREFIX(L),3,NULL,NULL,1,0,19-NCV)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS,IPAR(1*(L-1)+1),LTH,NULL,NULL,1,4,19-NCV)
```

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C*

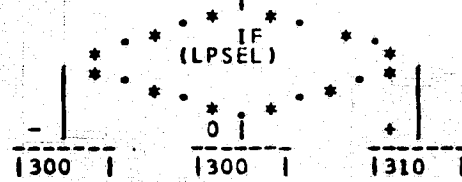
C** PROCESS LP ACTION

C*

CALL RQATN(IALEV,NCODE,2,LPCA,34)

CALL DSATN(IALEV,34)

LPSEL=LPCA(4)



310

CONTINUE

IF LPSEL.EQ.100 OR LPSEL.EQ.101
F

GO TO 1050

IF TYPE.EQ.4 OR LPSEL.GT.NCM
F

GO TO 300

320

CONTINUE

WRITE (6,330)
LPSEL

FORMAT 330 FORMAT ('- LP SEL. = ',I2)

C*

C** DISPLAY VARIABLE I/P AREA

C*

400

CONTINUE

GO TO (620,405,402), TYPE

402

CONTINUE

LPS = 50

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,BLINE,VOL,LPS,NULL,3,0,NY-(2*LPSEL)-1)

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

1411 1

405

CCNTINUE

* * * * *
* * IF * * T
* 2 TYPE.NE. * * * * *
* * * * *
* F

GO TO 620

CALL EXEC(MSG(6))

LPS =50
N =18
K =19-LPSEL

* * * * *
* * IF * * T
* * LPSEL.EQ * * * * *
* .1.OR.LPSEL.LT.M * * * * *
* * * * *
* F

GO TO 410

N =43
K =M+18-LPSEL

410

CCNTINUE

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,VDATA,VDL,LPS,NULL,3,N,K)

411

CCNTINUE

CALL INCL(IGDS,LPS)

CALL ICURS(IGDS,LPS,NULL,1)

CALL EXEC(IGDS)

CALL ENATN(IALEV,32,34)

CALL RQATN(IALEV,MCODE,2,LPCA,32,34)

CALL DSATN(IALEV,32,34)

CALL OMIT(IGDS,LPS)

* * * * *
* * IF * * T
* * MCODE.EQ * * * * *
* 32 * * * * *
* * * * *
* F

GO TO 500

* * * * *
* * IF * * T
* * (LPCA(4)) * * * * *
* * * * *
* 0

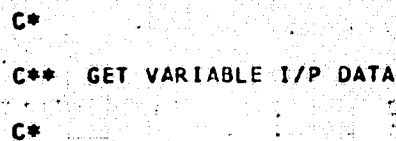
1411 1

1411 1

1420 1

420

CCNTINUE



CCNTINUE

```
1 RBUF(N) = BLANKS(1)
```

505 *****CONTINUE

NC = VDL

INS == 1*NC

CALL GSPRD(IGDS,RBUF,NS,1,NTCODE,LPS,NULL)

WRITE (6,510)
RBUF

```
FORMAT 510 FORMAT (1 VAR. ENTRY =
      1,10A8)
```

IF
(NTCODE)
0

1512 1 1513 1 1514

512

| NTCODE = -1*NTCODE |

514

| NC = NTCODE |

C*

C** CONVERT DATA TO REAL OR INTEGER AS APPLICABLE

C*

513

CONTINUE

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * TYPE.EQ. * * * * *
      * * 3 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 700

CALL CVRTIN(RBUF,NC,X,IERR,TYDATA)

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * IERR.NE. * * * * *
      * * 0.OR.TDATA.NE.TYDAT * * * * *
      * * A * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 1030

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * TDATA.EQ. * * * * *
      * * 2 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 610

600

CONTINUE

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * X.LT.LVA * * * * *
      * * L(LPSEL).OR.X.GT.HV * * * * *
      * * AL(LPSEL) * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 1030

1630 |

610

CONTINUE

```

      Z1 = LVAL(LPSEL)
      Z2 = HVAL(LPSEL)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * Y.LT.Z3 * * * * *
      * * OR.Y.GT.Z4 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 1030

1630

620

CONTINUE

Y = 1

CALL OMIT(IGDS,LPSEL)

630

CONTINUE

OPAR(LPSEL) = X

1300

C*

C** UPDATE LINE OF DATA

C*

700

CONTINUE

CALL CSMRG(IPAR(I*(LPSEL-1)+1),RBUF,NC)

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,IPAR(I*(LPSEL-1)+1),MLN,LPSEL,NULL,3,0,NY-2*LPSEL)

1300

C*

C** BUILD TEXT DATA SET

C*

2000

CONTINUE

ECODE=8

IF * T
MLN .LE. 80 *
OR. MLN .GT. 80 *
F

GO TO 1040

ECODE=16

IF * T
NCM .LE. 49 *
OR. NCM .GT. 49 *
F

GO TO 1040

```

| ECODE=0
| RECAL =0
|
| FLAG=1
| X =MLN
| X =(X/4.0)+0.75
| X =X

```

```

CALL SHIFT1
CALL DICTRY(OPAR(1))

```

```

+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 2003 +
+ N = 1, NOM +

```

```

| X =3920.0-N*80

```

```

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,IPAR(I*(N-1)+1),MLN,NULL,NULL,1,0.0,X)

```

```

2003 ++++++CCONTINUE

```

```

FORMAT 9999 FORMAT(' DVAR TERMINATE
RECALL: TYPE =' ,14,' TDATA =' ,14,

```

```

' MLN =' ,14,' NOM =' ,14,' NCODE =' ,14)

```

```

|1052 |

```

```

C*

```

```

C** SET UP TO UPDATE DATA SET

```

```

C*

```

```

3000

```

```

CONTINUE

```

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * T
* * NCODE.NE * * +
* * 0 * *
* * * *
* * F *

```

```

GO TO 1050

```

```

| ECODE=8

```

```

* * * * *
* * IF * * T
* * MLN.LE.0 * * +
* * GR.MLN.GT.80 * *
* * * *
* * F *

```

```

GO TO 1040

```

```

| ECODE=16

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * NOM.LE.0 * * * * *
      * * * * * CR.NOM.GT.22 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 1040

```

      * * * * *
      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * *
      * * * * * VDL.LE.0 * * * * *
      * * * * * CR.VDL.GT.72 * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 1040

```

      ECODE=0
      X      =MLN
      X      =(X/4.0)+0.75
      I      =X

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * * * * DO LOOP TO * * * * *
      * * * * * STMT # 3010 * * * * *
      * * * * * N=1,NOM,1 * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

CALL PTEXT(IGDS,IPAR(I*(N-1)+1),MLN,N,NULL,1,0,NY-2*N)

3010 *****CCNTINUE--

1299

```

C*
C** CONVERSION ROUTINE ERROR RETURN
C*

```

```

1030 CCNTINUE
      CALL EXEC(MSG(5))
      CALL INCL(IGDS,LPS)
      * * * * *
      * * * * * WRITE (6,1031) * * * * *
      * * * * *

```

1411

FORMAT 1031 FORMAT (' *** INVALID
2250 ENTRY *** ')

```

C*
C** RETURN TO CALLER
C*

```

1040 CCNTINUE

```
WRITE(6,1041)
NCODE
```

FORMAT 1041 FURMAT(' INVALID I/P
PARM(S)',14)

CCNTINUE

```

| FLAG=1
| IRECAL=0
|

```

CALL EXEC(MSG(7))

```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 1051 +
+ N=1,7 +
+-----+

```

CALL TMGDS(MSG(N))

+++++CONTINUE

CONTINUE

```

| NCODE=ECODE

```

*3 * * * * T
* TYPE.EQ. *
* F *
* * * * *

```

NCODE = NCODE + LPSEL

```

RETURN

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

BLOCK DATA

```

COMMON/GSPD/
WORK      ,GSP1      ,UNITN      ,I2250      ,IATN
CAREA     ,NULLV     ,IGDSC     ,IPTNOW     ,MAXPT
IPT        ,ISYM     ,RWORK1    ,IGDS4      ,IGDS5
IGDS6     ,IDSP      ,RU        ,HSPB      ,HSPB
VSPB      ,VSPL      ,NOUT       ,NXD        ,NYD
XSIZE     ,YSIZE     ,XLL       ,YLL       ,XUR
YUR        ,XTIC     ,YTIC       ,XDVAL     ,YDVAL
IKEY1     ,IKEY2     ,IKEY3     ,IKEY4     ,AX
BX         ,AY        ,BY        ,YLPOS     ,ERRHD
LOGXSW    ,LOGYSW    ,NPTF      ,NRGF      ,IRECAL
FA         ,FB        ,FC        ,GMODEL,GSPIN ,DUM

LOGICAL*1 DUM(2)

REAL*8 WORK(36)/10*'*'*'*'*'*'*', 'CONTINUE', '-----', '-----@TABL',
'E OF CON', 'TENTS--a', 'RETURN--', '-----@NEXT', 'PAGE--a',
18*

REAL*4 RU/4C96./ ,HSPB/56./ ,HSPB/84./ ,VSPB/80./ ;
VSPL/120./ ,XLL/896./ ,XUR/3984./ ,YUR/3616./ ;
YLPOS/3796./ ,RWORK1/1810./

INTEGER*4 UNITN/10/ ,OAREA/768/ ,NULLV(1)/-5/ ,IDSP/0/ ;
NOUT/48/ ,NXD/6/ ,NYD/6/ ,GSP1 ;
IPT/36/ ,MAXPT/640/ ,IPTNOW/0/

REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)

LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD

LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODEL/.TRUE./,GSPIN/.FALSE./

```

END

SUBROUTINE EVPCAY(DPET, EMAET)

C DETERMINES CATED PAN EVAPORATION TOTALS

DIMENSION DPET(366)

INTEGER DAY

```

+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 100 +
+ DAY = 1,5 +
+-----+
100 ++++++ DPET(DAY) = 0.00060*EMAET
      DPET(6) = 0.00059*EMAET
      DPET(7) = DPET(6)
+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 101 +
+ DAY = 8,10 +
+-----+
101 ++++++ DPET(DAY) = 0.00058*EMAET
+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 102 +
+ DAY = 11,16 +
+-----+
102 ++++++ DPET(DAY) = 0.00057*EMAET
      DPET(17) = DPET(8)
+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 103 +
+ DAY = 18,20 +
+-----+
103 ++++++ DPET(DAY) = DPET(6)
+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 104 +
+ DAY = 21,32 +
+-----+
104 ++++++ DPET(DAY) = DPET(1)
      DPET(33) = 0.00061*EMAET
+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 105 +
+ DAY = 34,38 +
+-----+
105 ++++++ DPET(DAY) = 0.00062*EMAET
      DPET(39) = 0.00063*EMAET
      DPET(40) = DPET(39)
      DPET(41) = 0.00064*EMAET
      DPET(42) = 0.00065*EMAET
      DPET(43) = 0.00066*EMAET

```

```

      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 106 |
      | DAY = 44,50 |
      +-----+
106 +-----+ DPET(DAY) = 0.00067*EMAET

```

```

      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 107 |
      | DAY = 51,55 |
      +-----+
107 +-----+ DPET(DAY) = 0.00068*EMAET
      DPET(56) = 0.00069*EMAET

```

```

      +-----+
      | DO LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 108 |
      | DAY = 57,61 |
      +-----+
108 +-----+ DPET(DAY) = 0.00070*EMAET
      DPET(62) = 0.00071*EMAET
      DPET(63) = 0.00072*EMAET
      DPET(64) = DPET(63)
      DPET(65) = 0.00073*EMAET
      DPET(66) = 0.00074*EMAET
      DPET(67) = 0.00075*EMAET
      DPET(68) = 0.00076*EMAET
      DPET(69) = 0.00077*EMAET
      DPET(70) = DPET(69)
      DPET(71) = 0.00078*EMAET
      DPET(72) = DPET(71)
      DPET(73) = 0.00079*EMAET
      DPET(74) = DPET(73)
      DPET(75) = 0.00080*EMAET
      DPET(76) = 0.00081*EMAET
      DPET(77) = 0.00082*EMAET
      DPET(78) = 0.00083*EMAET
      DPET(79) = 0.00084*EMAET
      DPET(80) = 0.00085*EMAET
      DPET(81) = 0.00086*EMAET
      DPET(82) = 0.00087*EMAET
      DPET(83) = 0.00088*EMAET

```

```

      DPET(84) = 0.00089*EMAET
      DPET(85) = 0.00090*EMAET
      DPET(86) = 0.00091*EMAET
      DPET(87) = 0.00092*EMAET
      DPET(88) = 0.00093*EMAET
      DPET(89) = 0.00094*EMAET
      DPET(90) = 0.00095*EMAET
      DPET(91) = 0.00096*EMAET
      DPET(92) = 0.00097*EMAET
      DPET(93) = 0.00098*EMAET
      DPET(94) = 0.00099*EMAET
      DPET(95) = 0.00100*EMAET
      DPET(96) = 0.00101*EMAET
      DPET(97) = 0.00102*EMAET
      DPET(98) = 0.00103*EMAET
      DPET(99) = 0.00104*EMAET
      DPET(100) = 0.00105*EMAET
      DPET(101) = 0.00106*EMAET
      DPET(102) = 0.00107*EMAET
      DPET(103) = 0.00108*EMAET
      DPET(104) = 0.00109*EMAET
      DPET(105) = 0.00110*EMAET
      DPET(106) = 0.00111*EMAET
      DPET(107) = 0.00112*EMAET
      DPET(108) = 0.00113*EMAET
      DPET(109) = 0.00114*EMAET
      DPET(110) = 0.00115*EMAET
      DPET(111) = 0.00116*EMAET
      DPET(112) = 0.00117*EMAET

```

DPET(113) = 0.00256*E MAET
 DPET(114) = 0.00262*E MAET
 DPET(115) = 0.00268*E MAET
 DPET(116) = 0.00276*E MAET
 DPET(117) = 0.00281*E MAET
 DPET(118) = 0.00287*E MAET
 DPET(119) = 0.00293*E MAET
 DPET(120) = 0.00299*E MAET
 DPET(121) = 0.00305*E MAET
 DPET(122) = 0.00310*E MAET
 DPET(123) = 0.00317*E MAET
 DPET(124) = 0.00322*E MAET
 DPET(125) = 0.00328*E MAET
 DPET(126) = 0.00333*E MAET
 DPET(127) = 0.00338*E MAET
 DPET(128) = 0.00344*E MAET
 DPET(129) = 0.00348*E MAET
 DPET(130) = 0.00354*E MAET
 DPET(131) = 0.00359*E MAET
 DPET(132) = 0.00365*E MAET
 DPET(133) = 0.00370*E MAET
 DPET(134) = 0.00374*E MAET
 DPET(135) = 0.00378*E MAET
 DPET(136) = 0.00382*E MAET
 DPET(137) = 0.00387*E MAET
 DPET(138) = 0.00391*E MAET
 DPET(139) = 0.00394*E MAET
 DPET(140) = 0.00399*E MAET
 DPET(141) = 0.00402*E MAET
 DPET(142) = 0.00407*E MAET
 DPET(143) = 0.00411*E MAET
 DPET(144) = 0.00417*E MAET
 DPET(145) = 0.00420*E MAET
 DPET(146) = 0.00426*E MAET
 DPET(147) = 0.00430*E MAET
 DPET(148) = 0.00436*E MAET
 DPET(149) = 0.00440*E MAET
 DPET(150) = 0.00446*E MAET
 DPET(151) = 0.00450*E MAET
 DPET(152) = 0.00455*E MAET
 DPET(153) = 0.00460*E MAET
 DPET(154) = 0.00466*E MAET
 DPET(155) = 0.00470*E MAET

DPET(156) = 0.00473*E MAET
 DPET(157) = 0.00478*E MAET
 DPET(158) = 0.00482*E MAET
 DPET(159) = 0.00487*E MAET
 DPET(160) = 0.00491*E MAET
 DPET(161) = 0.00495*E MAET
 DPET(162) = 0.00500*E MAET
 DPET(163) = 0.00504*E MAET
 DPET(164) = 0.00508*E MAET
 DPET(165) = 0.00513*E MAET
 DPET(166) = 0.00512*E MAET
 DPET(167) = 0.00514*E MAET
 DPET(168) = 0.00515*E MAET
 DPET(169) = 0.00517*E MAET
 DPET(170) = 0.00519*E MAET
 DPET(171) = 0.00520*E MAET
 DPET(172) = 0.00521*E MAET
 DPET(173) = DPET(172)
 DPET(174) = DPET(172)
 DPET(175) = 0.00522*E MAET
 DPET(176) = 0.00523*E MAET
 DPET(177) = 0.00524*E MAET
 DPET(178) = 0.00525*E MAET
 DPET(179) = 0.00527*E MAET
 DPET(180) = 0.00528*E MAET
 DPET(181) = DPET(180)
 DPET(182) = 0.00529*E MAET
 DPET(183) = 0.00530*E MAET
 DPET(184) = DPET(183)
 DPET(185) = 0.00531*E MAET
 DPET(186) = 0.00532*E MAET
 DPET(187) = 0.00533*E MAET
 DPET(188) = 0.00534*E MAET
 DPET(189) = DPET(188)
 DPET(190) = 0.00535*E MAET
 DPET(191) = 0.00535*E MAET
 DPET(192) = 0.00537*E MAET
 DPET(193) = 0.00538*E MAET
 DPET(194) = DPET(193)
 DPET(195) = 0.00539*E MAET
 DPET(196) = 0.00540*E MAET
 DPET(197) = DPET(196)


```

DPET(198) = 0.00541*EMAET
DPET(199) = 0.00542*EMAET
DPET(200) = 0.00543*EMAET
DPET(201) = 0.00545*EMAET
DPET(202) = 0.00546*EMAET
DPET(203) = 0.00547*EMAET
DPET(204) = 0.00548*EMAET
DPET(205) = 0.00549*EMAET
DPET(206) = 0.00550*EMAET
DPET(207) = 0.00551*EMAET
DPET(208) = 0.00552*EMAET
DPET(209) = 0.00553*EMAET
DPET(210) = 0.00555*EMAET
DPET(211) = 0.00557*EMAET
DPET(212) = 0.00558*EMAET
DPET(213) = 0.00560*EMAET
DPET(214) = DPET(213)
DPET(215) = 0.00561*EMAET
DPET(216) = 0.00562*EMAET
DPET(217) = 0.00563*EMAET
DPET(218) = 0.00565*EMAET
DPET(219) = 0.00567*EMAET
DPET(220) = DPET(219)

```

```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 109 +
+ DAY = 221,226+
+-----+

```

```

109 +-----+ DPET(DAY) = 0.00568*EMAET

```

```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 110 +
+ DAY = 227,229+
+-----+

```

```

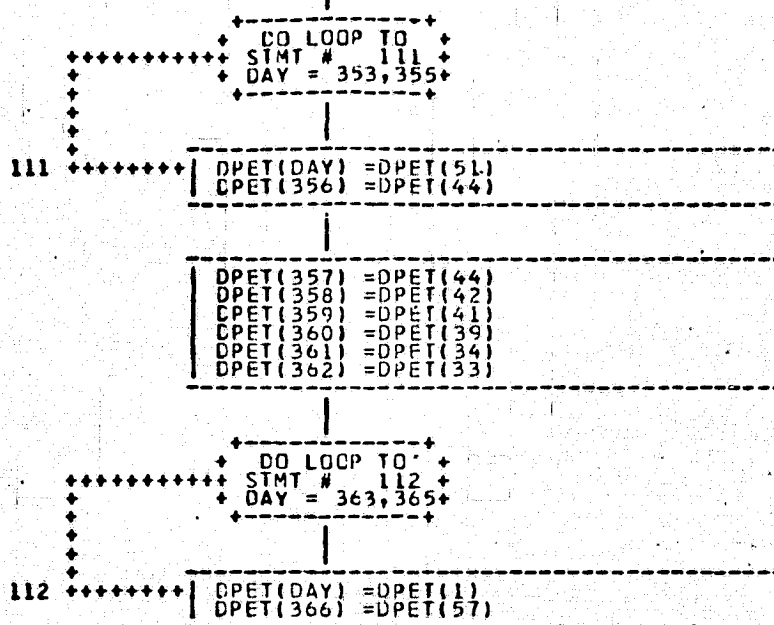
110 +-----+ DPET(DAY) = DPET(219)
DPET(230) = 0.00566*EMAET
DPET(231) = 0.00564*EMAET
DPET(232) = DPET(217)
DPET(233) = DPET(216)
DPET(234) = DPET(213)
DPET(235) = 0.00559*EMAET
DPET(236) = DPET(211)
DPET(237) = DPET(210)
DPET(238) = DPET(209)
DPET(239) = DPET(206)
DPET(240) = DPET(203)
DPET(241) = DPET(199)
DPET(242) = DPET(193)
DPET(243) = DPET(190)
DPET(244) = DPET(185)
DPET(245) = DPET(179)
DPET(246) = DPET(175)
DPET(247) = DPET(169)
DPET(248) = 0.00511*EMAET
DPET(249) = DPET(163)
DPET(250) = 0.00497*EMAET
DPET(251) = 0.00490*EMAET
DPET(252) = DPET(158)
DPET(253) = 0.00476*EMAET
DPET(254) = 0.00468*EMAET
DPET(255) = 0.00461*EMAET
DPET(256) = 0.00454*EMAET
DPET(257) = DPET(150)
DPET(258) = 0.00437*EMAET
DPET(259) = 0.00427*EMAET
DPET(260) = 0.00418*EMAET
DPET(261) = DPET(142)
DPET(262) = 0.00397*EMAET
DPET(263) = DPET(137)
DPET(264) = 0.00377*EMAET
DPET(265) = 0.00367*EMAET
DPET(266) = 0.00356*EMAET
DPET(267) = 0.00347*EMAET
DPET(268) = 0.00337*EMAET
DPET(269) = 0.00329*EMAET
DPET(270) = DPET(124)
DPET(271) = 0.00315*EMAET
DPET(272) = 0.00308*EMAET

```

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OF POOR QUALITY

DPET(273) = 0.00303*E MAET
 DPET(274) = 0.00300*E MAET
 DPET(275) = 0.00298*E MAET
 DPET(276) = 0.00294*E MAET
 DPET(277) = 0.00290*E MAET
 DPET(278) = 0.00286*E MAET
 DPET(279) = 0.00283*E MAET
 DPET(280) = 0.00279*E MAET
 DPET(281) = DPET(116)
 DPET(282) = 0.00271*E MAET
 DPET(283) = DPET(115)
 DPET(284) = DPET(114)
 DPET(285) = 0.00259*E MAET
 DPET(286) = 0.00254*E MAET
 DPET(287) = 0.00252*E MAET
 DPET(288) = 0.00247*E MAET
 DPET(289) = 0.00244*E MAET
 DPET(290) = 0.00239*E MAET
 DPET(291) = DPET(110)
 DPET(292) = 0.00230*E MAET
 DPET(293) = 0.00225*E MAET

DPET(294) = 0.00222*E MAET
 DPET(295) = 0.00217*E MAET
 DPET(296) = 0.00213*E MAET
 DPET(297) = 0.00210*E MAET
 DPET(298) = 0.00206*E MAET
 DPET(299) = 0.00200*E MAET
 DPET(300) = 0.00197*E MAET
 DPET(301) = 0.00194*E MAET
 DPET(302) = 0.00189*E MAET
 DPET(303) = 0.00186*E MAET
 DPET(304) = 0.00183*E MAET
 DPET(305) = 0.00180*E MAET
 DPET(306) = 0.00177*E MAET
 DPET(307) = 0.00174*E MAET
 DPET(308) = 0.00172*E MAET
 DPET(309) = DPET(100)
 DPET(310) = DPET(99)
 DPET(311) = 0.00160*E MAET
 DPET(312) = 0.00156*E MAET
 DPET(313) = 0.00152*E MAET
 DPET(314) = 0.00149*E MAET
 DPET(315) = 0.00146*E MAET
 DPET(316) = DPET(95)
 DPET(317) = 0.00138*E MAET
 DPET(318) = 0.00135*E MAET
 DPET(319) = 0.00131*E MAET
 DPET(320) = 0.00127*E MAET
 DPET(321) = 0.00124*E MAET
 DPET(322) = 0.00120*E MAET
 DPET(323) = DPET(90)
 DPET(324) = 0.00116*E MAET
 DPET(325) = DPET(89)
 DPET(326) = 0.00110*E MAET
 DPET(327) = 0.00107*E MAET
 DPET(328) = 0.00104*E MAET
 DPET(329) = DPET(86)
 DPET(330) = 0.00100*E MAET
 DPET(331) = 0.00098*E MAET
 DPET(332) = 0.00097*E MAET
 DPET(333) = 0.00095*E MAET
 DPET(334) = 0.00093*E MAET
 DPET(335) = DPET(81)
 DPET(336) = DPET(80)
 DPET(337) = 0.00087*E MAET
 DPET(338) = DPET(79)
 DPET(339) = DPET(78)
 DPET(340) = DPET(77)
 DPET(341) = DPET(75)
 DPET(342) = DPET(73)
 DPET(343) = DPET(71)
 DPET(344) = DPET(71)
 DPET(345) = DPET(69)
 DPET(346) = DPET(68)
 DPET(347) = DPET(66)
 DPET(348) = DPET(63)
 DPET(349) = DPET(62)
 DPET(350) = DPET(57)
 DPET(351) = DPET(57)
 DPET(352) = DPET(56)



RETURN

END

PROGRAM FINDS THE INTEGRAL OF A GIVEN HYDROGRAPH AND PLOTS THE

C INPUT DATA.
C
C DATA INPUT IN HRS.FT.
C DATA PLOTTED IN HRS.FT. OR HRS.SEC.FT.
C DATA INTEGRATED IN DAY.FT. OR DAY.SEC.FT.
C IFLAG= 1 TRAPEZOIDAL INTEGRATION SCHEME USED.
C IFLAG= 2 SIMPSON'S 1/3 INTEGRATION SCHEME USED.
C IPLOT= 0 1403 PRINTER PLOTS ONLY.
C IPLOT= 1 BOTH 1403 PRINTER PLOTS AND SC4020 PLOTS.
C LOOKUP= -1 NO TABLE LOOKUP REQUIRED FOR CURRENT CASE.
C LOOKUP= 0 PREVIOUS TABLE REQUIRED FOR CURRENT CASE.
C LOOKUP= 1 NEW TABLE REQUIRED FOR CURRENT CASE.
C

SUBROUTINE INT(NO,Q,DT,AREAI,LOOKUP,IPLOT,NFP,MSBDIC,MPODAY,DIFFS,
DIFFMP,DIFFPP,DIFFFP,SUM,DIFFRA,DIFFRP,APREC,DIFFPR,DIFFP,QOUT,
QMAX,PHRO)

COMMON/PLTCT/DRSF,DSSF,CONOPT,THSFD,TMSTF,STMROS(121,6),DPY,TITLE,

KFLAG,IFLAG,

TENDFG,STUDY(2),PEAKS,PHRS,NSPTS,THSFD,TFMAXD,TMRTF,JPLDT,

NCTRI,CTRI,FIRK,RICY,DPSE,BDDFSM,SPBFLW,SPTWCC,SP4,ELDTF,

XDNFS,FFOR,FFSI,MRNSM,DSMGM,PXCSA,RMPF,RGPMB,AREA,FIMP,

SATRI,UHFA,

MNRD,

FWR,VINTMR,BUZZ,SUZZ,LZZ,ETLF,SURWF,GWETF,SIAC,BMIR,

BIVF,OFSS,OFSL,OFMN,OFMNS,IFRC,CSRX,FSRX,CHCAP,EXOPV,

BENLR,BFRC,GWS,UZS,LZS,BFNX,IFS,BPHKC,BFRL,BFNRL,BFNHR,IFPRC,

IFRL,LSHFT,NHTRI,FHTRI,MXTRI,NCSTRI,RTRI,TFCSF,EPACT,EPER,

TPLR,VINTCR,HSE,ARTRI,SPIF,CBF,SPDR,CFUS,OFUSIS,OFER,PEIS,

RHFO,URHF,AMIF,AMNET,AMPET,AMSNE,AMFSL,SASF,SRAX,SRX,VWIN,

WCFS,RHFG,SSRT,DERF,UFKFS,EQDF,EQDFIS,SQERF,SQRFI,

SDEPTH,MULTI,IO,ASH,WT4AM,WT4PM,SAX,TANSM,SPTW,STMD,SFMD,ASMRG,

DEPEND(2),VARIN(2),NPIS,JULDI,IYR,TODARY(5,1),

TODARY(7,1),TOSARY(5,6,1),TSDARY(6,1),TSMARY(8,1),

TSSARY(3,6,1),TSMCRY(1),TSDCRY(1),TSRARY(1,6,1),

TORARY(1,6,1),

DRSFT(366),DSSF(366),MI,NI,MULT,TMRTFT(12),TMSTFT(12)

COMMON/COMMA/EMBNX,EMGWS,EMIFS,EMLZS,EMSIAM,EMUZC,EMUZS,TMBF,

TMIF,TMPREC,TMSE,CRFMI,DDIW,DANI,DMXT,DRGPM,DRHP,DRSGP,DPET,EOLZS,

EPCM,SEKA,SERR,SESF,SQER,THSF,TMFSIL,TMNET,TMOF,TMPET,TMRPM,TMSNE,

TMSTFI,T200FH,T200RH,TMRTFI,JULDAT,

TFMAXY,UZC,AETX,DAY,NSGRD,AEX90,SIAM,NDSOP,RGPM,NDSOR,YR1,

TRHF,

SINDEX,INDEX,AEX96,MAXI,YR2,BYLZS,BYIFS,BYUZZ

DIMENSION TITLE(18),Q(337),T(337),TABT(18)

,FLDT(18),FLDQ(18),IDF(18),TEMP(1540)

,YLAB(13),FLD(6),A(10),SQ(500),ANSS(3),ANSS(3),

NSPTS(6),SUBT(18),DRSF(366),DSSF(366),TITLA(18),CONOPT(16),

THSFD(744,3),PEAKS(6),THSFD(6),PHRS(6),TMRT(12),TMSTF(15,3),

CTRI(99),FIRR(15),RICY(37),DPSE(366),ATRI(99),

CRFMI(22),DDIW(366),DMNT(366),DMXT(366),DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),

EMBNX(15,3),EMGWS(15,3),EMIFS(15,3),EMLZS(15,3),EMSIAM(15,3),

DRSGP(366),DPET(366),EOLZS(366),SEKA(22),SERR(22),SESF(22),

SCER(22),

EMUZC(15,3),EMUZS(15,3),EPCM(12),

THSF(24),TMOF(15,3),TMFSIL(12),TMIF(15,3),TMNET(12),

TMOF(15,3),TMPET(12),TMPREC(15,3),TMRPM(12),TMSE(15,3),

TMSNE(12),TMSTFI(15,3),T200FH(21),T200RH(21),

TMRTFI(12),JULDAT(6),TFMAXY(366),

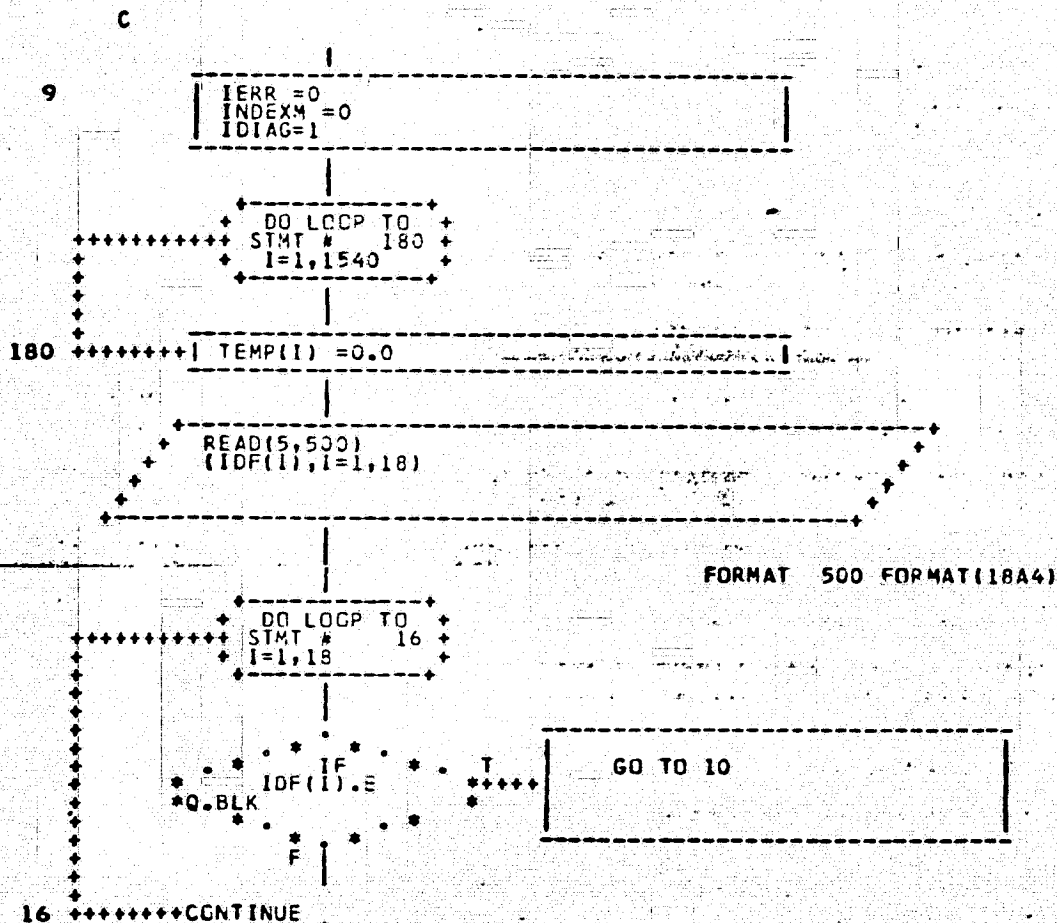
SATRI(99),UHFA(99),APREC(3),QOUT(15)

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```

INTEGER DIFFP,STPTS,PHRS,FLDY(18),STUDY,TITLA,TABT,END
INTEGER TOMARY,TSMARY,TODARY,TSOARY,TOSARY,TSSARY
INTEGER FLDP(18),CONOPT,PCHARP(2),PCHARF(3),PCHAR(3),SINDEX,
MPDAY(15),FLDQ,FLDT
INTEGER ANSC,ANSS,PHRO,SUBT
REAL SUM(3)
DATA PCHARP/38,50/
DATA PCHARF/54,57,22/
INTEGER PFCHAR(3)/-230,-233,198/,PPCHAR(2)/-214,226/
INTEGER PRCHAR(3)
DATA SUBT/'REF ','R/O ','3*4H',' IN ','<TIM',
'E(HR','> S','IM R','/O ','3*4H',' IN ','3*4H' /
DATA END/'END '/
DATA BLK /4H /
DATA FLDQ/'W/C ','VS N','/P V','S F','C HD','URLY',' R/O',
11*4H /
DATA FLDP/'HOUR','LY ','PREC','IPAT','ATIO','N ','(IN)',
11*4H /
DATA FLDY/'HOUR','LY O','BS A','ND S','IM R','/O ('','CFS)',
11*4H /
DATA FLDT/6*4H ,'TIME','(HRS',')' ','9*4H /
DATA FLD /'E(FT',')' ',' ','E(SE','C.FT',')' /

```





63 ++++++CONTINUE

61 ++++++CONTINUE

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 65
I=1,NFP

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 67
J=1,MAXI

TMSTF(J,I) = (TMSTF(J,I))/VWIN
TMOF(J,I) = TMSTF(J,I) - TMIF(J,I)
- TMBF(J,I) + TMSE(J,I)

67 ++++++CONTINUE

65 ++++++CONTINUE

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 322
I=1,NFP

THSFDI = THSFD(1,I)

PEAKS(I) = THSFD(1,I)
PHRS(I) = 1

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 320
J=2,SINDEX

IF THSFD(J,I) .LE. THSFDI
T
F

GO TO 320

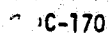
PEAKS(I) = THSFD(J,I)
THSFDI = THSFD(J,I)
PHRS(I) = J

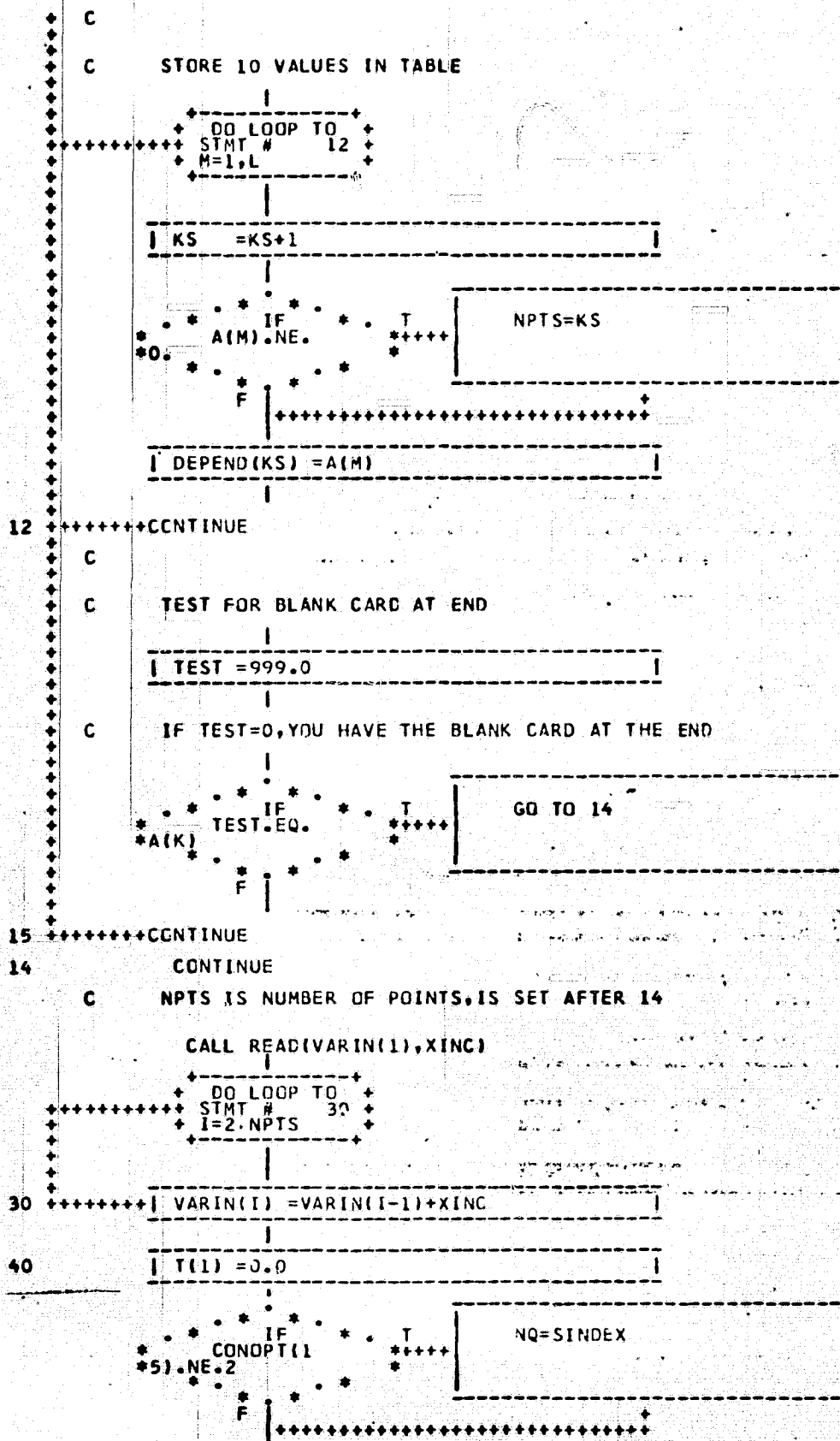
320 ++++++CONTINUE

322 ++++++CONTINUE

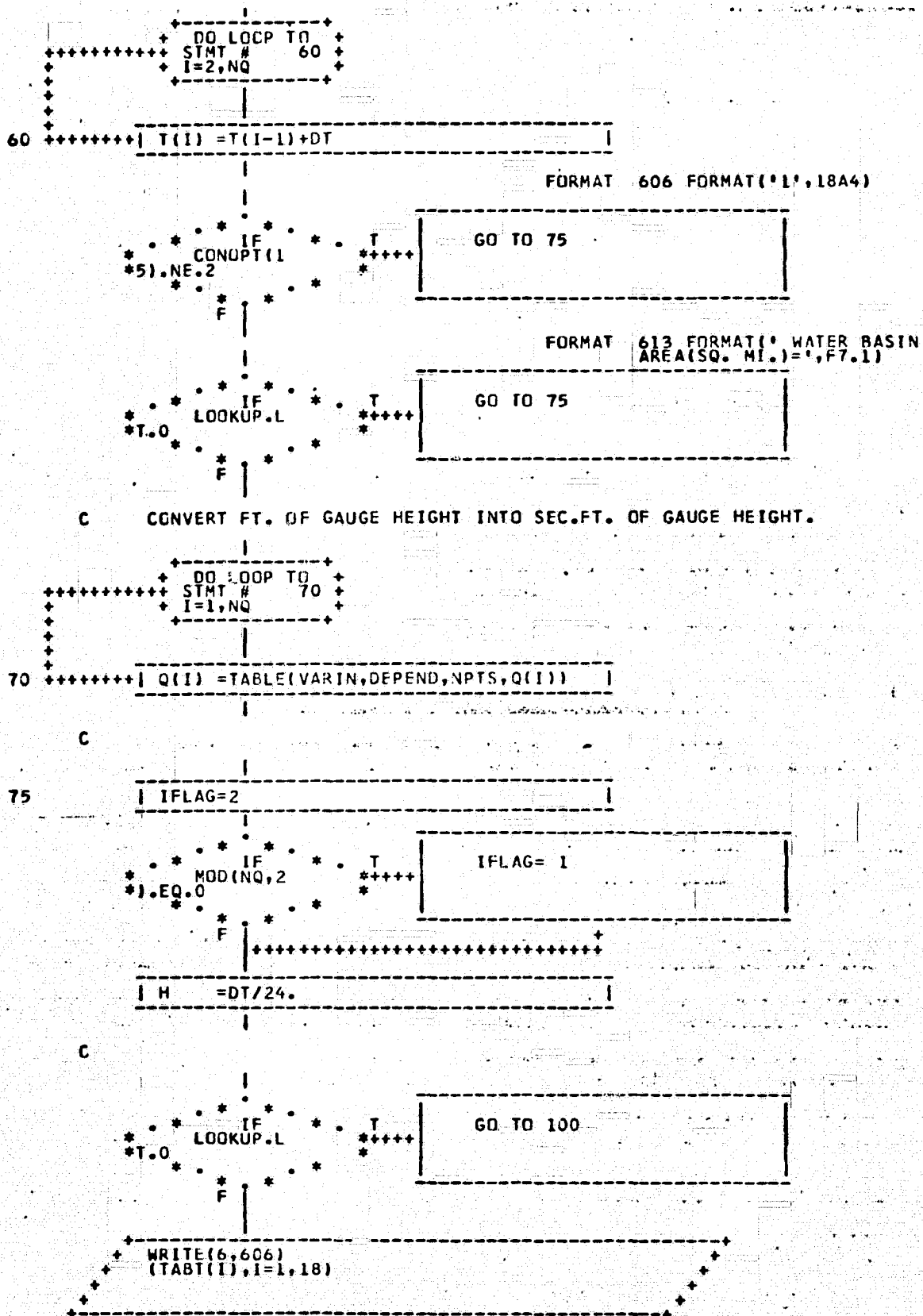
DO LOOP TO
STMT # 332
I=1,NFP

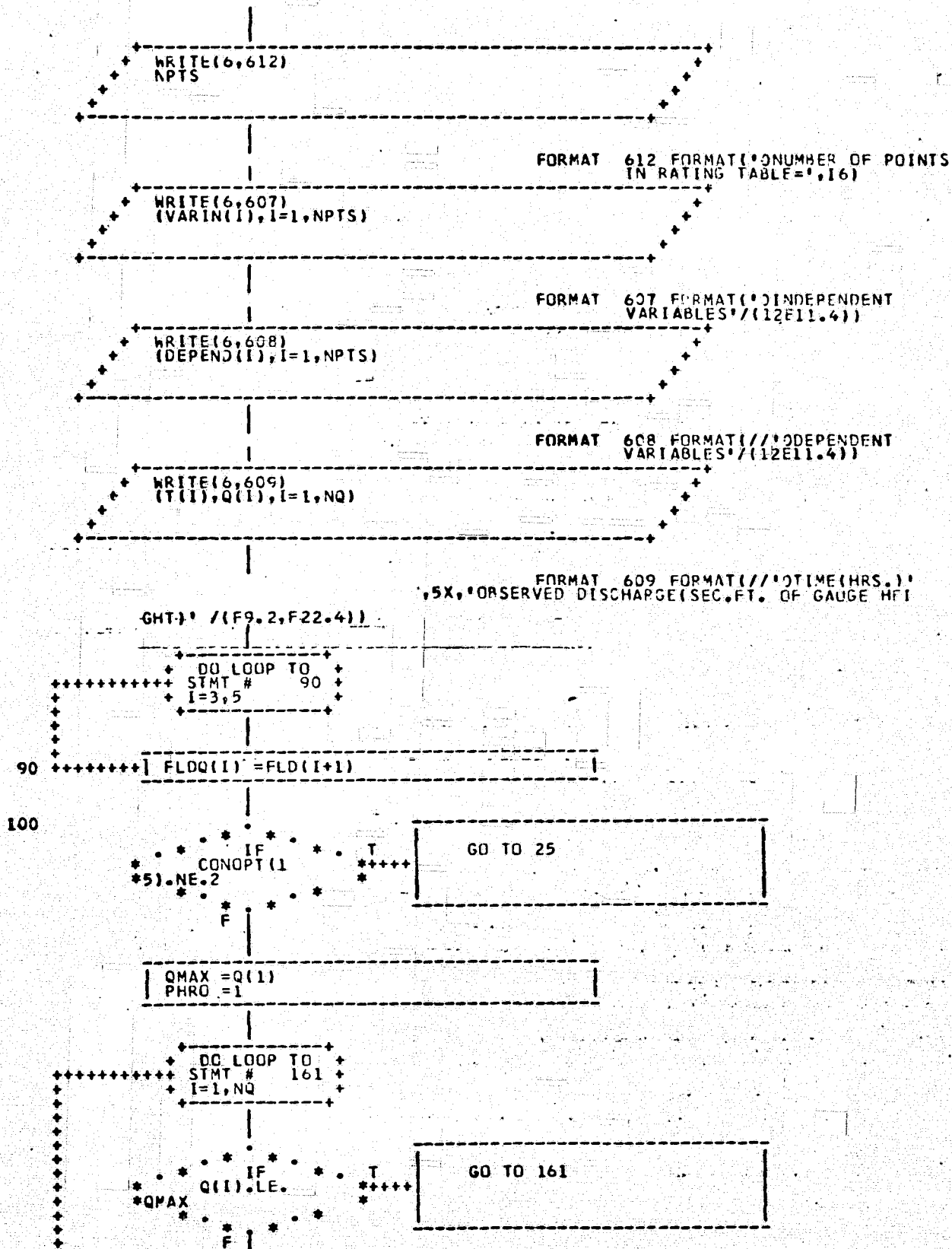
THSFDI = THSFD(1,I)



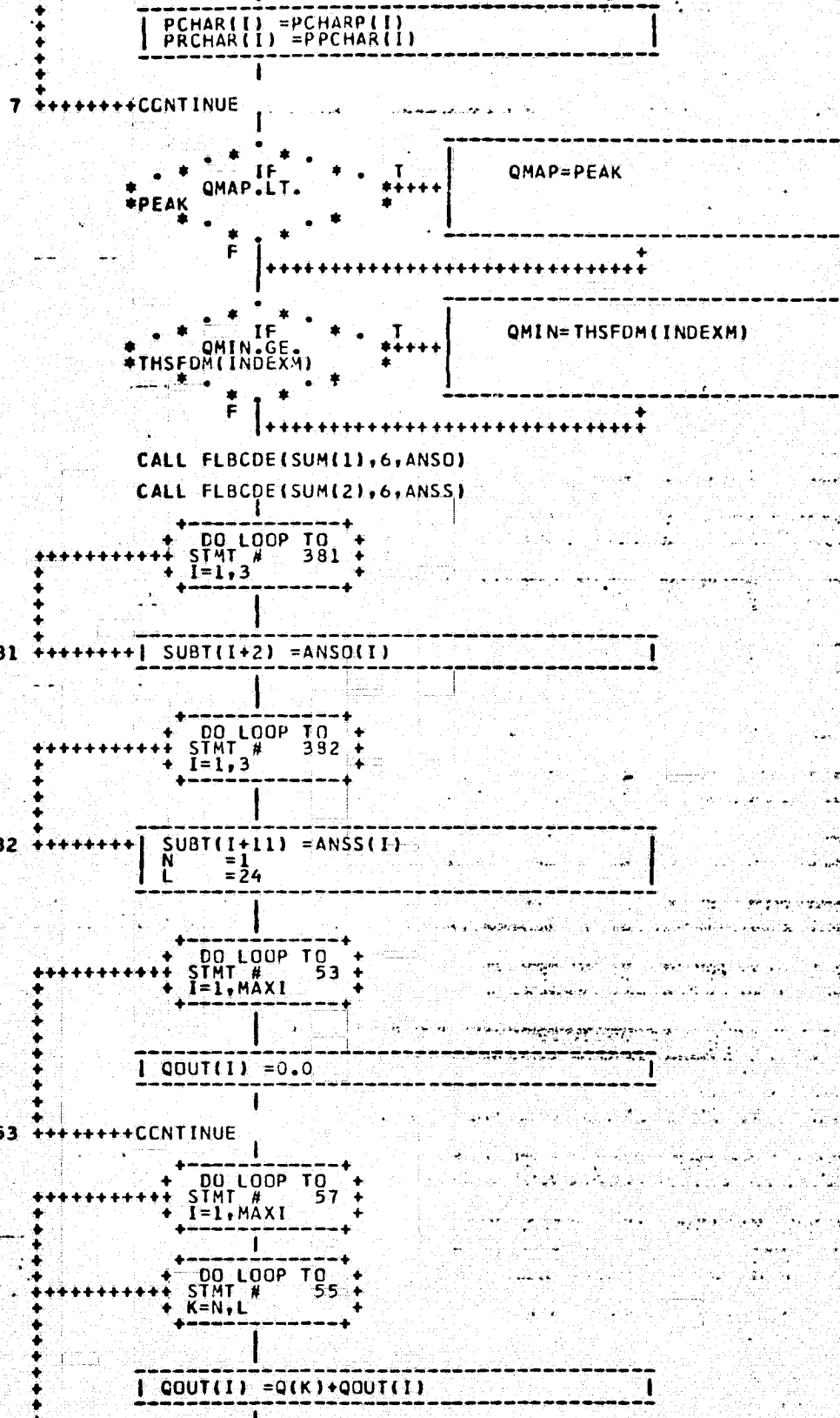


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```

55 ++++++CONTINUE
    |
    | QOUT(I) = QOUT(I)/24.0
    | N = K
    | L = N+23
    |

```

```

57 ++++++CONTINUE
    |
    | APREC(3) = APREC(1)
    |
    | 11000 |

```

```

25 CONTINUE
    |
    | PEAK = PEAKS(1)
    | QMIN = THSFDM(1)
    |
    | DO LOOP TO
    | STMT # 13
    | I=1,3
    |
    | PEAK = AMAX1(PEAK, PEAKS(I))
    | QMIN = AMIN1(QMIN, THSFDM(I))
    |

```

```

13 ++++++CONTINUE
    |
    | * * * IF * * * T
    | * * MOD(SIND * * *
    | * * EX,2).EQ.0 * * *
    | * * F * * *
    |
    | IFLAG=1
    |
    | PEAK = AINT(PEAK+1)
    | QMAP = PEAK
    |

```

```

    | DO LOOP TO
    | STMT # 17
    | I=1,3
    |
    | DO LOOP TO
    | STMT # 19
    | K=1, SINDEX
    |
    | SQ(K) = THSFDM(K, I)
    |
19 ++++++CONTINUE
    |
    | CALL INTEG(IFLAG, H, SQ, SSUM, SINDEX)
    |
    | SUM(I) = SSUM/(26.9*AREA1)
    |

```

17 ++++++CCONTINUE

M = 2
KNT = 3
QMAX = PEAKS(3)
PHRO = PHRS(3)
SSUM = SUM(3)

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 11
I=1,3

PCHAR(I) = PCHARF(I)
PRCHAR(I) = PFCHAR(I)

11 ++++++CONTINUE

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 33
K=1, SINDEX

Q(K) = THSFD(K,1)

33 ++++++CONTINUE

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 3
I=1,18

SUBT(I) = FLOT(I)
FLDY(I) = FLDQ(I)

3 ++++++CONTINUE

1000

IF IPLOT.NE 0
T
F

GO TO 1001

CALL PL360(NPPTS,TEMP,T,T(1),T(NQ),SUBT,Q,QMIN,QMAP,FLDY,
TITLA,-214)

CALL PL360(STPTS,TEMP,T,T(1),T(NQ),SUBT,SQ,QMIN,
QMAP,FLDY,TITLA,226)

C

C SC4020 PLOTS

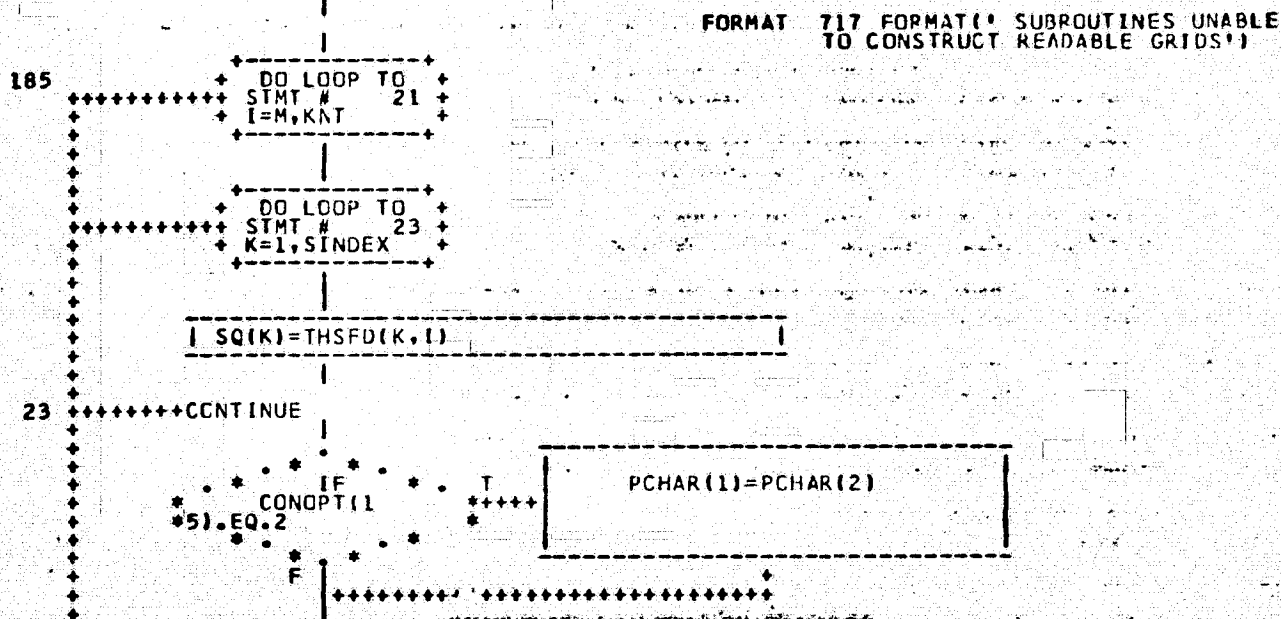
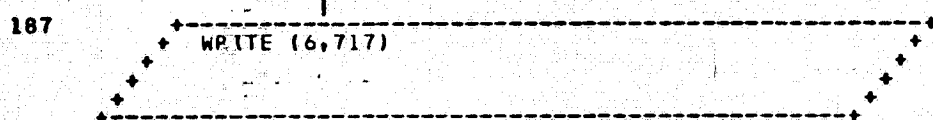
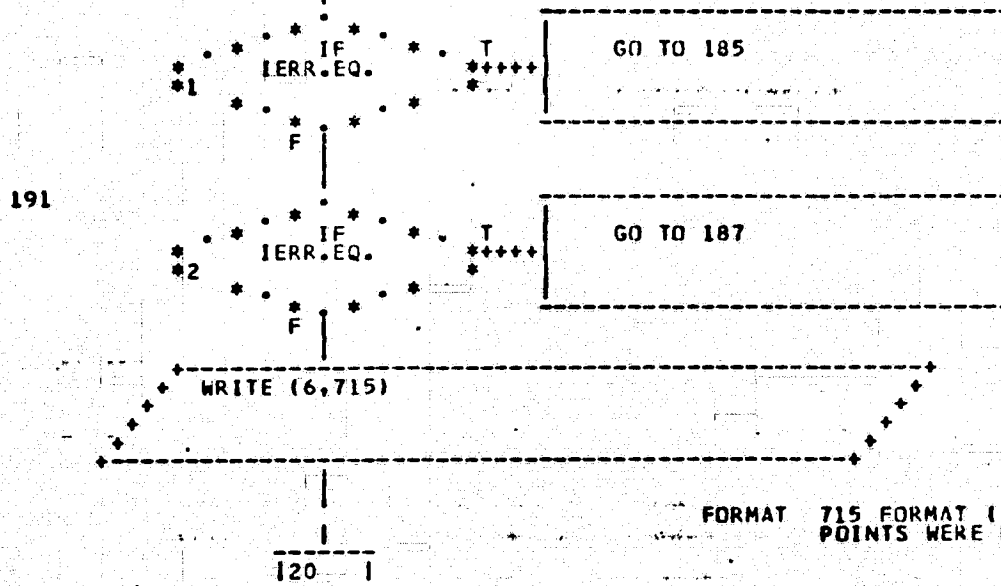
1001

IF IPLOT.EQ 0
T
F

GO TO 391

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CALL PL4020(1,1,PCHAR(1),SINDEX,T,Q,T(1),T(NQ),QMIN,QMAP,SUBT,
FLDY,TITLA,IERR)
CALL PL36J(SINDEX,TEMP,T,T(1),T(NQ),SUBT,Q,QMIN,QMAP,FLDY,TITLA,
PRCHAR(1))



C COMPUTE DIFFERENCE AND %DIFFERENCE IN RUNOFF

DIFFR=SUM(1)-SSUM

DIFFRA=DIFFR

IF DIFFR.LT 0.0
T
F

DIFFRA=-DIFFR

DIFFRP=(DIFFRA/SSUM)*100.0

C

C

C COMPUTE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FORCASTED&WORSTCASE PRECIP

DIFFPR=APREC(1)-APREC(3)
DIFPP=DIFFPR/APREC(1)*100

WRITE (6,700)
(TITLE(1),1=1,18)

IF CCNOPT(1)
5).EQ.2
T
F

GO TO 729

FORMAT 700 FORMAT('1',18A4)

WRITE (6,710)
MSBDIC

FORMAT 710 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X
'ONE',3X,'FORECAST RUN',/,64X,A4,13X,'WORST
CASE',10X,'NO PRECIP',10X,'FORECAST',/)

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 71
I=1,MAX1

WRITE (6,711)
MPDAY(I),(TMPREC(I,K),K=1,3),(TMOF(I,K),K=1,3)

```

      (TMIF(I,K),K=1,3),(TMBF(I,K),K=1,3),(STMROS(I,K),K=1,3)
      FORMAT 711 FORMAT(64X,12,2X,'PRECIP',
      .8X,F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,'SUR R/D',7X,
      F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,'INT FL',8X,F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,
      'BASE FL',7X,F5.3,2(15X,F5.3),/,68X,'SIM R/D',3X,F7.1,2(15X,F7.1),
      //)
71 *****CONTINUE

      WRITE (6,700)
      (TITLE(I),I=1,18)

      WRITE (6,712)

      FORMAT 712 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X,
      'TWO',3X,'FORECAST RUN',/,43X,'WORST CASE',
      10X,'NO PRECIP',10X,'FORECAST',10X,'DIFF',8X,'%DIFF',/)

      WRITE (6,713)
      (PEAKS(I),I=1,3),DIFFS,DIFFMP

      FORMAT 713 FORMAT(31X,'PEAK (CFS)',
      ,3X,F7.1,11X,F7.1,11X,F7.1,8X,F8.2,8X,F5.2,
      //)

      WRITE (6,714)
      (PHRS(I),I=1,3),DIFFPP,DIFFFP

      FORMAT 714 FORMAT(31X,'PEAK (HRI)',6X,
      ,13,15X,13,15X,13,12X,13,10X,F5.2,/)

      WRITE (6,719)
      (SUM(I),I=1,3),DIFFR,DIFFRP

      FORMAT 719 FORMAT(31X,'R/O (IN)',9X,
      F5.2,12X,F5.2,12X,F5.2,12X,F5.2,10X,F5.2,
      //)

      WRITE (6,721)
      (APREC(I),I=1,3),DIFFPR,DIFFPP

      FORMAT 721 FORMAT(31X,'PRECIP (IN)',
      ,2X,F7.3,11X,F7.3,11X,F7.3,8X,F8.3,8X,
      F5.2)

      WRITE (6,700)
      (TITLE(I),I=1,18)

      WRITE (6,723)
      MSBDIC

```

```

      FORMAT 723 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',
1X,'THREE',3X,'FORECAST RUN',/,64X,A4,10X,
'WORST CASE',10X,'NO PRECIP',10X,'FORECAST',/)
      DO LOOP TO
      STMT # 725
      I=1,MAXI
      WRITE(6,727)
      MPCAY(I),(EM(FS(I,K),K=1,3),(EMUZS(I,K),K=1,3),
      (EMLZS(I,K),K=1,3),(EMGWS(I,K),K=1,3),(EMBFNX(I,K),K=1,3),
      (EMSIAM(I,K),K=1,3),(EMUZC(I,K),K=1,3)
      FORMAT 727 FORMAT(64X,I2,2X,'IFS',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2),/,68X,'UZZS',11X,F5.2,
      2(15X,F5.2)/,68X,'LZS',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2)/,68X,'GWS',11X,F5.2,
      2(15X,F5.2)/,68X,'BFNX',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2)/,68X,'SIAM',10X,
      F5.2,2(15X,F5.2)/,68X,'UZZC',11X,F5.2,2(15X,F5.2)/)
725 *****CONTINUE
      1751 1
      CONTINUE
729
      WRITE(6,731)
      MSBOIC
      FORMAT 731 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X
      ,10X,'SIMULATED',/), 'ONE',10X,'PAST RUN',/,64X,A4,10X,'OBSERVED'
      DO LOOP TO
      STMT # 85
      I=1,MAXI
      WRITE(6,735)
      MPCAY(I),TMPREC(I,1),TMPREC(I,1),TMOF(I,1),TMIF
      (I,1),
      TMBF(I,1),QCUT(I),STMROS(I,1)
      FORMAT 735 FORMAT(66X,I2,'PRECIP',8X
      ,F5.3,15X,F5.3/,68X,'SUR R/O',27X,F5.3,
      7X,F7.1,10X,F7.1,/)
85 *****CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,700)
      (TITLE(I),I=1,18)
      WRITE(6,737)

```

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```

      FORMAT 737 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',1X,
      'TWO',10X,'PAST RUN',/,46X,'OBSERVED',2X,
      'SIMULATED',3X,'DIFF',3X,'% DIFF',/)

```

```

      WRITE (6,739)
      CMAX,PEAKS(1),DIFFS,DIFFMP

```

```

      FORMAT 739 FORMAT(11X,'PEAK (CFS)',
      ,23X,2(F7.1,3X),F8.2,1X,F5.1,/)

```

```

      WRITE(6,741)
      PHRO,PHRS(1),DIFFP,DIFFPP

```

```

      FORMAT 741 FORMAT(11X,'PEAK (HR)',
      ,24X,13,9X,13,9X,13,2X,F5.1,/)

```

```

      WRITE (6,743)
      SUM(1),SUM(2),DIFFR,DIFFRP

```

```

      FORMAT 743 FORMAT(11X,'R/O (IN)',
      ,27X,F5.2,5X,F5.2,6X,F5.2,1X,F5.1,/)

```

```

      WRITE (6,745)
      APREC(1),APREC(1)

```

```

      FORMAT 745 FORMAT(11X,'PRECIP IN',
      ,23X,F7.3,3X,F7.3)

```

```

      WRITE (6,700)
      (TITLE(I),I=1,18)

```

```

      WRITE (6,747)
      MSBDIC

```

```

      D')
      FORMAT 747 FORMAT(63X,'TABLE',
      1X,'THREE',2X,'PAST RUN',/,64X,A4,10X,'SIMULATE

```

```

      DO LOOP TO
      STMT # 87
      I=1,MAXI

```

```

      WRITE(6,749)
      MPDAY(I),EMIFS(I,1),EMUZS(I,1),EMLZS(I,1),EMGWS
      (I,1),

```

```

      EMBFNX(I,1),EMSIAM(I,1),EMUZC(I,1)

```

```

      FORMAT 749 FORMAT(66X,12,2X,'IFS
      ,10X,F5.2,/,70X,'UZS',10X,F5.2,/,70X,
      'LZS',10X,F5.2,/,70X,'GWS',10X,F5.2,/,70X,'BFNX',10X,F5.2,/,
      70X,'SIAM',10X,F5.2,/,70X,'UZC',10X,F5.2,/)

```

```

87 *****CONTINUE

```

751

CCNTINUE

777

CCNTINUE

RETURN

C

FORMAT 603 FORMAT('OPOINT
NUMBER',I5,' IS OUTSIDE PLOT LIMITS')

112

I L =K-1 I

1113 I

END

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SUBROUTINE INTEG(IFLAG,DT,Q,SUM,NQ)

C

DIMENSION Q(1)

SUM = 0.0

IF IFLAG.EQ 2
T
F

GO TO 80

LU = NQ-1

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 40
I=2,LU

40 SUM = SUM + 2.*Q(I)
SUM = (SUM + Q(1) + Q(NQ)) * DT * .5

RETURN

C

80

LU = NQ-3

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 100
I=2,LU,2

100 SUM = SUM + 4.*Q(I) + 2.*Q(I+1)
SUM = DT/3.*(Q(1) + SUM + 4.*Q(NQ-1) + Q(NQ))

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE LABELS(BCDX,BCDY,IDF,IERR)

```

CCMCN/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,OAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPINOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWUPK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NGUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,BX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPOS ,
LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODE1 ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL

```

```

LCGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)
INTEGER*4 PTLID(3)/'PLOT', ' NO ', ' /
INTEGER*4 EDVAL(3),ZERO(3)/' ', ' 0 ', ' /
INTEGER*4 IDF(18),BCDX(18),BCDY(18),BCDY2(72)
REAL*8 DYDVAL,WORK(36)
REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)
INTEGER*4 UNITN,OAREA,NULLV(1),GSP1
LCGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODE1
LCGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD
EQUIVALENCE (RWORK1,RN),(ISYM,IRNO)

```

C CREATE PLOT TITLE LABEL

```

| ICNT =IFIX(XSIZE/HSPB)+5
| RN =XLL-5.*HSPB
|

```

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,IDF,ICNT,NULLV,NULLV,1,RN,YUR+5.*VSPB)

C CREATE X AXIS LABEL ELEMENTS

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,BCDX,ICNT,NULLV,NULLV,1,RN,YLL-3.5*VSPB)

C CREATE Y AXIS LABEL ELEMENTS

CALL PLOT(BCDY,BCDY2,72,IRNO)

```

| RN =YUR+6.*VSPB
| IRNO =MINO(IRNO,IFIX(YSIZE/VSPB)
| +5)
|

```

```

+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 40 +
+ I = 1,IRNO +
+

```

```

| RN =RN-VSPB
|

```

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,BCDY2(I),1,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,RN)

40 ++++++ CONTINUE

```

* * * IF * * * T
* * IERR .EQ * * +
* * 2 * * *
* * *
* * F

```

GO TO 70

C THE TEXT ELEMENTS NECESSARY FOR DISPLAYING

```
50 *****CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,EDVAL,11,NULLV,NULLV,1,XLL-13.*HSPB,YTIC(1))
```

C THE TEXT ELEMENTS NECESSARY FOR DISPLAYING

```
60 *****CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,EDVAL,9,NULLV,NULLV,1,XTIC(I))-6.*HSPB,  
YLL-1.5*VSPB)
```

C CREATE PLOT ID

70 CONTINUE

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE PL4020(INPLOT,MODE,NCHAR,NP,X,Y,XMIN,XMAX,

YMIN,YMAX,BCDX,BCDY,IDF,IERR)

C THIS IS THE MAIN ROUTINE FOR GENERATING 2250 PLOTS

C

C INPUT PARAMETER DEFINITION:

C

C NPLOT - CONTROLS NUMBER OF CURVES PER DISPLAY

C (NPLOT=1 START NEW DISPLAY)

C (NPLOT=2 SUPERIMPOSE CURVE ON PREVIOUS DISPLAY)

C MODE - TYPE OF GRID

C = 1 X-LINEAR AND Y-LINEAR

C = 2 X-LOG AND Y-LINEAR

C = 3 X-LINEAR AND Y-LOG

C = 4 X-LOG AND Y-LOG

C NCHAR - SELECTS PLOT SYMBOL TO BE USED

C NP - NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE PLOTTED

C X,Y - NAMES OF ARRAYS CONTAINING THE X AND Y COORDINATES

C XMIN,XMAX - MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES FOR X COORDINATES

C YMIN,YMAX - MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES FOR Y COORDINATES

C BCDX,BCDY - CHARACTER LABELS FOR X AND Y AXES (72 CHAR MAX)

C IDF - NAME OF 72 CHARACTER HEADING FOR EACH DISPLAY

C IERR - ERROR INDICATOR. NOT SET BY THIS ROUTINE

C SINCE ERROR MESSAGES ARE DISPLAYED ON THE

C 2250 SCREEN. STANDARD MEANINGS ARE GIVEN BELOW.

C = 1 NORMAL RETURN

C = 2 UNABLE TO CONSTRUCT READABLE GRAPH

C = 3 OFF-SCALE PLOT POINTS ENCOUNTERED

C

```

COMMON/ GSPD/WORK , GSP1 , UNITN , I2250 , IATN , OAREA ,
NULLV , IGDS4 , IGDS5 , IGDS6 , IDSP , IPT , ISYM , RWORK1 ,
VSPB , VSPL , NOUT , NXD , NYD , HSPB , HSPL ,
XLL , YLL , XUR , YUR , XTIC , YTIC , XVAL ,
YDVAL , IKEY1 , IKEY2 , IKEY3 , IKEY4 , AX , BX ,
AY , BY , YLPOS ,
LOGXSW , LOGYSW , NPTF , NRGF , ERRHD , FA , FB ,
FC , GMODE1 , GSPIN , DUM , IRECAL

```

```

LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)
REAL*8 ERR1(6)/'NO POINT', 'S SPECIF', 'IED FOR ', '1 OR MOR',
'E CURVES',
REAL*8 ERR2(6)/'UNABLE T', 'O CONSTR', 'UCT READ', 'ABLE GRA',
PH
REAL*8 PLTID(2)/'<<< ERRO', 'RS >>> '
DIMENSION A(1)
INTEGER*4 UNITN, OAREA, NULLV(1), GSP1
REAL*4 LGXMAX, LGXMIN, LGYMAX, LGYMIN
REAL*4 XTIC(5), YTIC(6), XDVAL(6), YDVAL(6)
LOGICAL*1 FA, FB, FC, GMODE1
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW, LOGYSW, NPTF, NRGF, ERRHD
DIMENSION X(NP), Y(NP)
REAL*8 BCDX(9), BCDY(9), IDF(9), WORK(36)

```

```

-----
IERR = 1
-----

```

```

GO TO(10,200),NPLOT
CONTINUE
CALL SHIFT1

```

```

-----
LOGXSW = .FALSE.
LOGYSW = .FALSE.
FA = .FALSE.
IPTNDW = 0
ERRHD = .TRUE.
NPTF = .FALSE.
NRGF = .FALSE.
-----

```

```

-----
WRITE(NOUT,1020)
IDSP, (IDF(I), I=1,9), NPLOT, MODE, NCHAR, NP,
-----

```

```

XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX
CALL SGRID

```

```

* * * * *
* * * * * IF * * * * * T
* * * * * XMAX .LE. * * * * *
* * * * * XMIN .OR. YMAX .L * * * * *
* * * * * E. YMIN * * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * * F

```

```

GO TO 100

```

```

GO TO(20,30,40,50),MODE

```

```

C
C MODE = 1 X-LINEAR Y-LINEAR
C

```

```

CONTINUE

```

```

-----
AX = XSIZE/(XMAX-XMIN)
BX = XLL-AX*XMIN
AY = YSIZE/(YMAX-YMIN)
-----

```

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OF POOR QUALITY

160

C

C

CONTINUE

IF
XMIN.LE
0.0
FI

GO TO 100

```

LGXMIN =ALOG10(XMIN)
LGXMAX =ALOG10(XMAX)
LOGSW  =.TRUE.
AX     =XSIZE/(LGXMAX-LGXMIN)
BX     =XLL-AX*LGXMIN
AY     =YSIZE/(YMAX-YMIN)
BY     =YLL-AY*YMIN
XINC   =(XMAX/XMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NXD)
      -1.0))

```

160

C

C

CONTINUE

IF
YMIN .LE
0.0
FI
T

GO TO 100

```

LGYMAX =ALOG10(YMAX)
LGYMIN =ALOG10(YMIN)
LOGYSW =.TRUE.
AX      =XSIZE/(XMAX-XMIN)
BX      =XLL-AX*XMIN
AY      =YSIZE/(LGYMAX-LGYMIN)
BY      =YLL-AY*LGYMIN
XINC    =(XMAX-XMIN)/(FLOAT(NXD)-1.0)
YINC    =(YMAX/YMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NYD)
          -1.0))

```

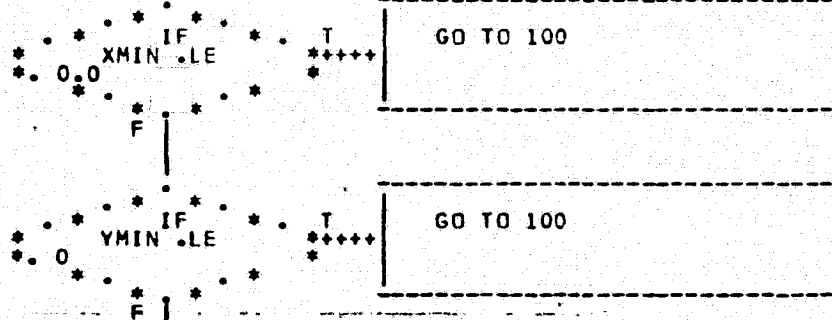
160 1

C

C MODE = 4 X-LOG Y-LOG

C

50 CONTINUE



```

LGXMIN = ALOG10(XMIN)
LGXMAX = ALOG10(XMAX)
LGYMAX = ALOG10(YMAX)
LGYMIN = ALOG10(YMIN)
LOGXSW = .TRUE.
LOGYSW = .TRUE.
AX = XSIZE/(LGXMAX-LGXMIN)
RX = XLL-AX*LGXMIN
AY = YSIZE/(LGYMAX-LGYMIN)
BY = YLL-AY*LGYMIN
XINC = (XMAX/XMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NXD)
-1.0))
YINC = (YMAX/YMIN)**(1.0/(FLOAT(NYD)
-1.0))
  
```

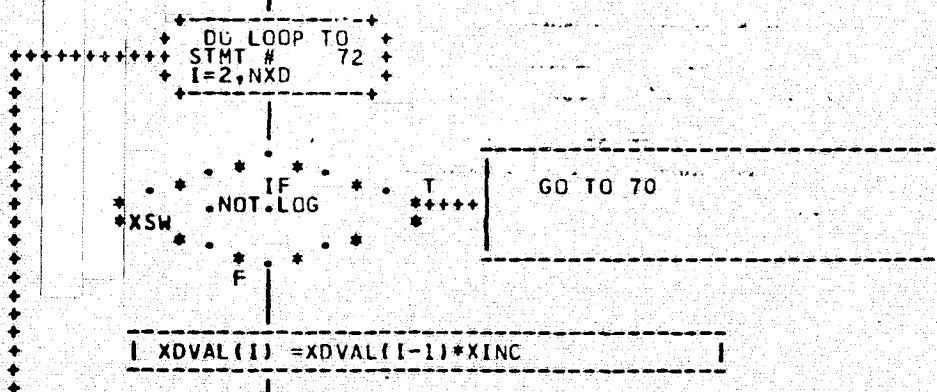
C

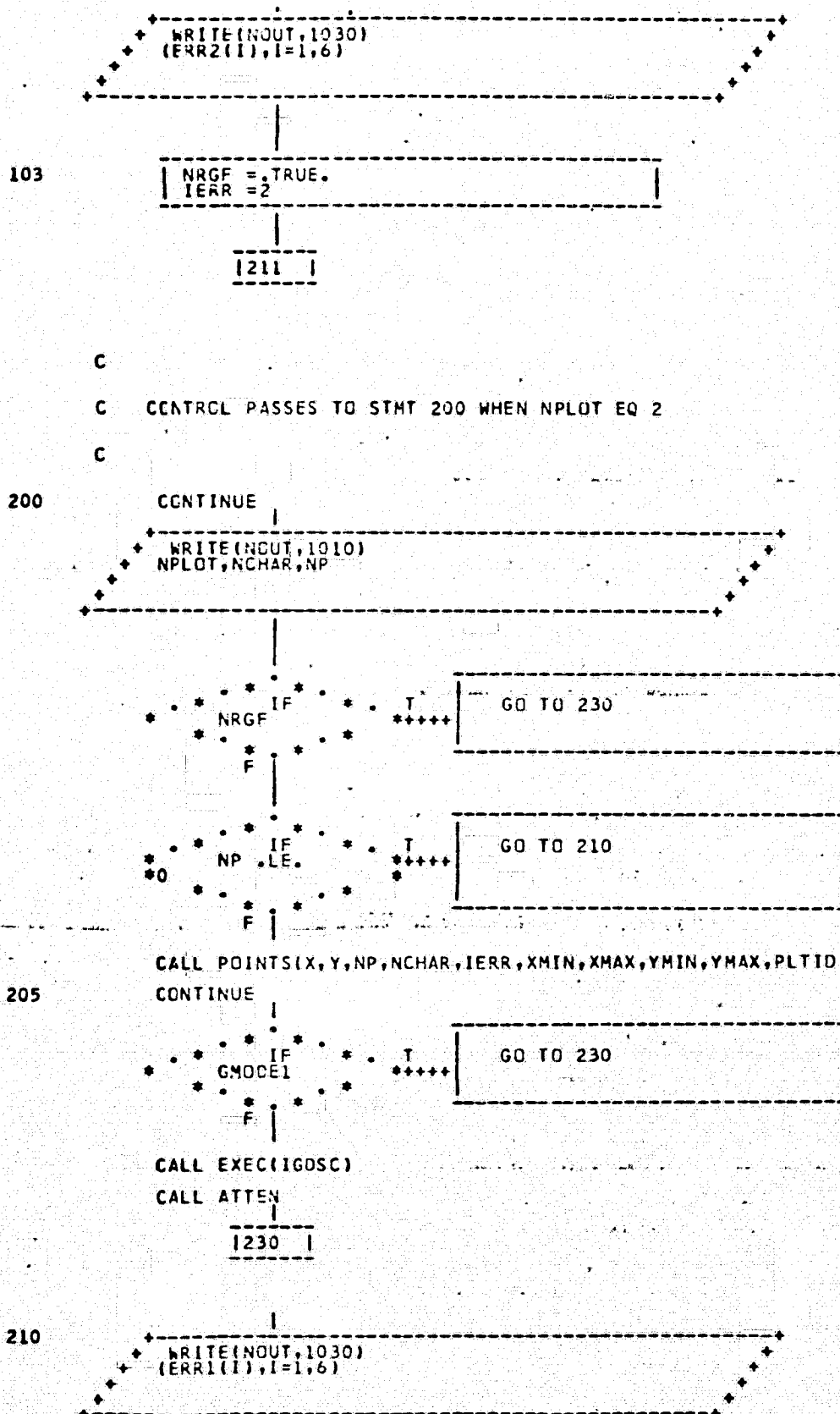
60

CONTINUE

```

XDVAL(1) = XMIN
YDVAL(1) = YMIN
  
```





SUBROUTINE PLOTID(IDF)

```

COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,DAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NOUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,BX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPDS ,
-- LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODEL ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL

```

```

INTEGER*4 STAR(19)/19*'*'*/
LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)
INTEGER*4 GSP1,UNITN,DAREA,NULLV(1)
REAL*8 IDF(9),WORK(36)
REAL*4 TBLCCN(5)/'TABL','E OF',' CON','TENT','S' /
REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6),GLAB(16)
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD
LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODEL
EQUIVALENCE (WORK(11),GLAB(1))
EQUIVALENCE (RWORK1,Y,X,XINC,YINC)

```

11111

```

WRITE(NOUT,1000)
(IDF(I),I=1,9)

```

C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC SERVICES

CALL INGSP(GSP1,NULLV)

C SPECIFY SUBROUTINE LINK/LOAD STATUS

CALL SPEC(GSP1,1,30,37,38,40)

CALL SPEC(GSP1,2,17,-19,53,-56)

C INITIALIZE THE 2250

CALL INDEV(GSP1,UNITN,I2250)

C INITIALIZE GRAPHIC DATA SETS

CALL INGDS(I2250,IGDSC,DAREA)

CALL INGDS(I2250,IGDS5,128)

CALL INGDS(I2250,IGDS6,512)

C SET NO SCISSORING FOR ALL DATA SETS

CALL SSCIS(IGDSC,3)

CALL SSCIS(IGDS5,3)

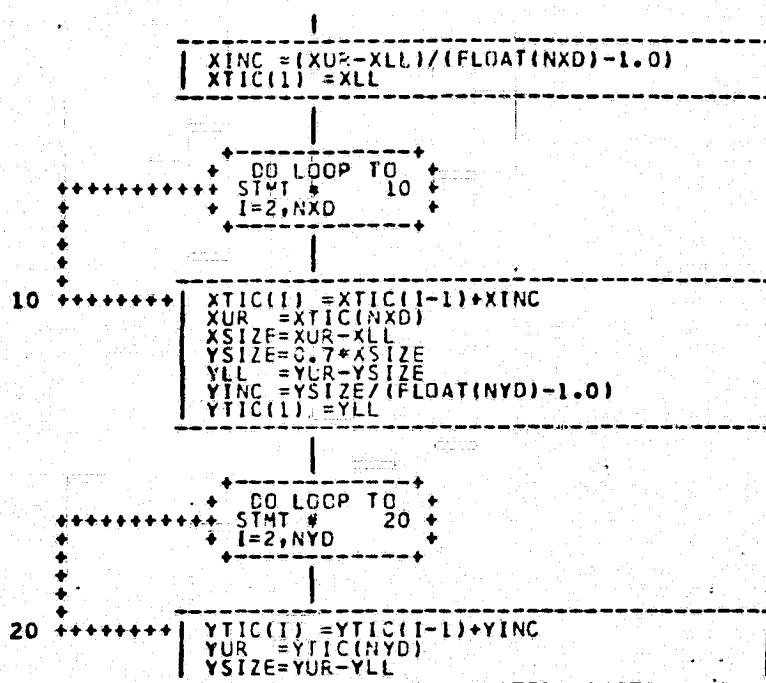
CALL SSCIS(IGDS6,3)

11111

CCONTINUE

C COMPUTE X AND Y TIC MARK COORDINATES AND ADJUST GRID SIZE

C PARAMETERS FOR TRUNCATION ERRORS



C CREATE TEXT ELEMENTS FOR LIGHT PEN OPTION SELECTION IN IGDS5.

```

      |
      |-----|
      | X = (RU-21.*HSPB)-1.0             |
      |-----|
  
```

```

CALL STPOS(IGDS5,X,4.5*VSPB)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS5,GLAB,20,NULLV,IKEY1,2)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS5,GLAB(6),20,NULLV,IKEY3,2,X,1.5*VSPB)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS5,GLAB(11),12,NULLV,IKEY2,2,X,3.*VSPB)
CALL EXEC(IGDS5)
CALL INCL(IGDS5)
  
```

C CREATE DICTIONARY STATIC ELEMENTS IN IGDS6

```

CALL SCHAM(IGDS6,2)
CALL STPOS(IGDS6,1375.,4095.)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS6,T3LCON(1),17,-1,NULLV,2)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS6,GLAB(11),12,-2,NULLV,2,3000.,0.)
CALL PTEXT(IGDS6,GLAB(14),12,-3,NULLV,2,3000.,1.5*VSPL)
CALL EXEC(IGDS6)
  
```

C CREATE ATTENTION LEVEL FOR 2250

```
CALL CRATL(12250,IATN)
```

C DESIGNATE THAT BOTH CHARACTER CODE AND COORDINATES OF CHARACTER

C DETECTED BY THE LIGHT PEN ARE TO BE RETURNED BY RQATN SUBROUTINE

```
CALL MLPEO(IATN,2,4,1)
```

C SET L.P. ATTENTIONS AND LIGHT F.K. 0

CALL SLPAT(IGDS5,1)

CALL SLPAT(IGDS6,1)

CALL MLITS(12250,3)

C GENERATE ID FRAME IN IGDS

CALL STPOS(IGDSC,0.,2290.)

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,STAR,74,NULLV,NULLV)

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,STAR,74,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,1810.)

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,IDF,72,NULLV,NULLV,1,56.,2050.)

C CREATE VERTICAL BOX OUTLINE ELEMENTS

| Y =1810. |

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 1
I=1,5

| Y =Y+80. |

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,STAR,1,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,Y)

1 *****CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,STAR,1,NULLV,NULLV,1,4088.,Y)

C PLACE ID FRAME TITLE IN PLOT DICTIONARY

CALL DICTRY(IDF)

RETURN

FORMAT 1000 FORMAT('1',T24,
'<<< ',9A8,' >>>')

END

SUBROUTINE PLTEND(IDUM)

```

COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,OAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORR1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NOUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,RX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPOS ,
LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODE1 ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL ,IFLAG

```

LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)

REAL*8 END(1)/END , //,WORK(36)

INTEGER*4 GSP1,UNITN,NULLV(1),OAREA

LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODE1

LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD

REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)

IRECAL = 1

CALL SHIFT1

CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,END,4,NULLV,NULLV,1,1879.,2047.)

CALL EXEC(IGDSC)

IFLAG=0
YLPOS=3796.0

CALL TMDEV(I2250)

CALL TMGSP(GSP1)

FORMAT 100 FORMAT(' ***END OF
GRAPHIC PORTION')

RETURN

END

ROUTINE TO PRINT PL360 GRAPH

C

C

WRITTEN BY C G HOOKS

IBM HUNTSVILLE

C

SLBROUTINE PR360 (ARRAY)

C

DIMENSION ARRAY (1540)

EQUIVALENCE (TEST,A)

INTEGER *4 TEST /'DAYS'/

A	=ARRAY(1490)
A1	=ARRAY(1491)
A2	=ARRAY(1492)
A3	=ARRAY(1493)
A4	=ARRAY(1494)

C

C

TEST FOR JUST PRINTING THE FIELD OF ARRAY WITHOUT SCALES

IJ	=1515
J1	=1520

IF
*(ARRAY(IJ)-ARRAY(J1))

141	1	142	1	141	1
-----	---	-----	---	-----	---

42

CONTINUE

WRITE (6, 43)
ARRAY

FORMAT 43 FORMAT (28A4)

RETURN

C

41

CONTINUE

WRITE (6,6)
(ARRAY(I), I = 1,56)

FORMAT 6 FORMAT (2A4, 8X, 26A4)

WRITE (6,9)

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

```
WRITE (6,7)
      (ARRAY(I), I = 57,1456)
```

FORMAT		7 FORMAT(A4, F11.2, 1H+, 25A4, A1, 1H+ / 2A4, 7X, 1H , 25A4, A1, 1H /	
2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H	/ 2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H
2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H	/ 2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H
2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H	/ 2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H
2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H	/ 2A4, 7X, 1H	, 25A4, A1, 1H

```
WRITE (6,5)  
(ARRAY(I), I = 1457,1484)
```

FORMAT 5 FORMAT(A4,F11.2,1H+,25A4,A1,1H+)

TEST IF T
TEST EQ T++++
FI

GO TO 50

```
WRITE (6,8)
      (AKRAY(I), I = 1515,1520)
```

```

9X, F11.0, 5(9X,F11.0) /)      FORMAT      8 FORMAT (16X,      1H+, 5(19H-----,1H+) /

```

```
WRITE (6,6)  
  (ARRAY(I), I = 1485,1512)
```

RETURN
CONTINUE

C-201

PAGE 3

```
WRITE(6,11)
```

```
WRITE(6,10)
```

```

      FORMAT 11 FORMAT(16X,'+00000000NNNNNNNNNDDDD+DDDDJJJJJJJJJF+FFFF+',
      'FMMAAAAAAAAAAAM+MMMMMMJJJJJJJJJJ+',
      'JJAAAAAAAASSSSSSSS+')
      FORMAT 10 FORMAT(19X,'OCT.      NOV.      DEC.      JAN.      FEB.      ',
      'MARCH      APRIL      MAY      JUNE      JULY      ',
      'AUG.      SEPT.      ')

```

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE POINTS(X,Y,NP,NCHAR,IERR,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,PLTID)

```
COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,OAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPC ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NOUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,BX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPOS ,
LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODEL ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL
```

LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)

REAL*8 ERR3(6) / 'OFF SCAL', 'E POINTS', ' ENCOUNT', 'ERED',
2* ' / ,WORK(36),PLTID(2)

LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODEL

LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,OFSC,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD

INTEGER*4 UNITN,OAREA,NULLV(1),GSP1

REAL*4 XPOS(36),YPOS(36),XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)

LOGICAL*1 OFF

DIMENSION X(NP),Y(NP)

ISAVE=NP
OFSC = .FALSE.

IF FA .AND. T .AND. *****
F

GO TO 102

IPTNOW =IPTNCW+NP

IF (IPTNOW-MAXPT)

11 11 17

CONTINUE

NP =NP-(IPTNOW-MAXPT)
FA =.TRUE.

WRITE(NOUT,2000)
MAXPT

IF (NP)

1102 1102 11

C DETERMINE PLOT SYMBOL TO BE USED. A VALUE OF 0 IS RETURNED
 C IF THE SELECTED PLOT SYMBOL IS 'POINTS' OR A NON-DISPLAYABLE
 C SYMBOL. IN THE LATTER CASE 'POINTS' IS THE DEFAULT.

1

CONTINUE

CALL PLOTSM(NCHAR,ISYM)

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * ISYM.EQ * * * * *
      * * 0 * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
  
```

GO TO 5

ASSIGN 2 TO M

```

      * * * * *
      * * DO LOOP TO * * * * *
      * * STMT # 3 * * * * *
      * * K=1,NP * * * * *
      * * * * *
  
```

OFF = .FALSE.

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * LOGXSW * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
  
```

XPOS(1)=AX*ALOG10(X(K))
 + BX

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * NOT.LOG * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
  
```

XPOS(1)=AX*X(K) + BX

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * LOGYSW * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
  
```

YPOS(1)=AY*ALOG10(Y(K))
 + BY

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * NOT.LOG * * * * *
      * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *
  
```

YPOS(1)=AY*Y(K) + BY

175 1

5 CONTINUE
ASSIGN 80 TO M

J1 = 1
 N = 1
 NL = NP

IF
(NP-1PT)

10 | J2 = NP

|

| 70 |

20

$N_{J2} = 2$
 $= 1 PT$

170

40

NL	=NL-1PT
J1	=J2+1

IF
(NL-1PT)

- 0 +

60	50	65
----	----	----

50

N	=1
---	----

65

60

J2	=NP
----	-----

N	=1
---	----

70

65

J2	=J2+1PT
----	---------

70

K	=J1-1
L	=J2-J1+1

DO LOOP TO	80
STMT #	
I=1,L	

K	=K+1
---	------

IF	LOGXSW	T	*****
F			

XPOS(I)=AX*ALOG10(X(K))
+ BX

IF	NOT LOG	T	*****
F			

XPOS(I)=AX*X(K) + BX

IF	LOGYSW	T	*****
F			

YPOS(I)=AY*ALOG10(Y(K))
+ BY

IF	NOT LOG	T	*****
F			

YPOS(I)=AY*Y(K) + BY

```

75  CONTINUE
      IF X(K) .LT. XMIN .OR. X(K) .GT. XMAX THEN
        GO TO 78
      ELSE
        IF Y(K) .GE. YMIN .AND. Y(K) .LE. YMAX THEN
          GO TO 72
        ELSE
          CONTINUE
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
      IF CFF = .TRUE. THEN
        GO TO 79
      ELSE
        IF OFSC = .TRUE. THEN
          CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,ERR3,48,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,YLL-7.0*VSPB)
          IF ERRHD THEN
            CALL PTEXT(IGDSC,PLTID,1,4,NULLV,NULLV,1,0.0,YLL-5.5)
            ERRHD=.FALSE.
          ENDIF
        ENDIF
        WRITE(NOUT,1000)
        X(K),Y(K)
      ENDIF
      GO TO M,(2,80)
80  CONTINUE
90  CALL PPNT(IGDSC,XPOS,YPOS,NULLV,NULLV,1,L,1,1)
    GO TO(100,40),N
100 CONTINUE
C   CREATE ZERO POSITION LINES IF ON GRAPH
C   X(0)=BX AND Y(0)=BY FOR LINEAR GRAPHS

```


SUBROUTINE PRECHK(DRGPM,DRHP,DRSF,VWIN,SGRT,NATRH)

C CHECKS PRECIPITATION-STREAMFLOW ANOMALIES AND ADJUSTS PRECIPITATION

C WHERE NECESSARY

DIMENSION DRGPM(366),DRHP(366,24),DRSF(366)

INTEGER DAY,HOUR,SGRT

AHP = 0.0
NRHA = 24 - NATRH
RGPM = DRGPM(90)
DAY = 90
RMWR = 1.25

100

DAY = DAY + 1

IF DAY.GT.200 OR VWIN.GT.750.0
T
F

RMWR = 2.00

RFRISE = (DRSF(DAY) - DRSF(DAY-1)) / VWIN

DO LOOP TO
STMT # 101
HOUR = 1,24

IF HOUR.EQ.SGRT+1
T
F

RGPM = DRGPM(DAY)

AHP = AHP + DRHP(DAY,HOUR)*RGPM

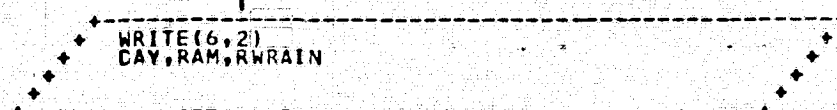
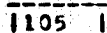
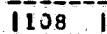
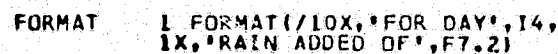
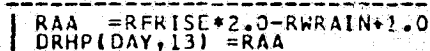
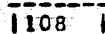
IF HOUR.NE.NRHA
T
F

GO TO 101

RWRRAIN = AHP

AHP = 0.0

101 *****CONTINUE



```

+-----+
+ DC LOOP TO +
+ STMT #    106 +
+ HOUR = 1,NRHA +
+-----+

```

Q. O IF T
NATRH .E
F I

$$1 \text{ NFRHA} = \text{NRHA} + 1$$

```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 107 +
+ HCUR = NFRHA,24
+-----+

```

106

273 DAY IF NE. T
F I

RETURN

- C-210

SUBROUTINE PREPFD(RGPM,DRHP,DAY,HOUR,DY,PRD,PEP,PRH)

C DIVIDES HOURLY PRECIPITATION TOTALS AMONG PERIODS FOR SMALL BASINS

DIMENSION DRHP(366,24), PE4P(4)

INTEGER DAY,DY,HOUR,PRD

PEP = 0.0

IF PRH .EQ. 0.0 THEN RETURN

PRD = 1
IF PRD .EQ. 1 THEN GO TO 100

PEP = PE4P(PRD)

RETURN

100

LHOUR = HOUR - 1
LDAY = DAY

IF LHOUR .GE. 0 THEN GO TO 101

LHOUR = 24
LDAY = DAY - 1

IF LDAY .EQ. 0 THEN LDAY = 365

IF LDAY .EQ. 365 THEN LDAY = 59

```

      * * * * *
      * * LDAY IF * * T
      * * 59 .EQ * * *
      * * 366 .AND. DPY .EQ. *
      * * * * *
      F
      ++++++

```

LDAY = 366

101

```

      PRLH = RGPM*DRHP(LDAY,LHOUR)
      NHOUR = HCUR+1
      NCAY = DAY

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * NHOUR IF * * T
      * * E. 24 .L * * *
      * * * * *
      F

```

GO TO 102

```

      NHOUR=1

```

CALL DAYNXT(NDAY,DPY)

102

```

      PRNH = RGPM*DRHP(NDAY,NHOUR)

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * PRH IF * * T
      * * PRH .GT. * * *
      * * PRLH .AND. PRH .GT. *
      * * PRNH * * *
      F

```

GO TO 103

1104

103

```

      PE4P(1) = 0.10
      PE4P(2) = 0.28
      PE4P(3) = 0.46
      PE4P(4) = 0.16

```

1108

104

```

      * * * * *
      * * PRH IF * * T
      * * PRLH .LT. * * *
      * * PRNH .AND. PRH .LT. *
      * * * * *
      F

```

GO TO 105

1106

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OF POOR QUALITY

```
PE4P(1) = 0.28
PE4P(2) = 0.10
PE4P(3) = 0.16
PE4P(4) = 0.46
```

PRNH IF GE T
PRLH ++++ GO TO 107
E

```
PE4P(1) = 0.46
PE4P(2) = 0.16
PE4P(3) = 0.28
PE4P(4) = 0.10
```

```
PE4P(1) =0.10
PE4P(2) =0.28
PE4P(3) =0.16
PE4P(4) =0.46
```

```

+-----+
+ DO LOOP TO +
+ STMT # 109 +
+ KPRD = 1,4 +
+-----+

```

```

++++++ | PE4P(KPRD) = PE4P(KPRD)*PRH
        | PEP = PE4P(1)

```

END

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T * * * * * LSHFT = .TRUE.
      * * * * * FNSTRI * * * * * * * * * *
      * * * * * NE * * * * * FNPTRI * * * * *
      * * * * * * * * * *
      * * * * * F * * * * * * * * * *
      * * * * * * * * * *

```

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * .NOT. LS * * *
      * * * *HFT * * *
      * * * F * * *
      * * * ++++++

```

RETURN

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * FNPTRI * * *
      * * * .GT. 98.5 * * *
      * * * F * * *
      * * * ++++++

```

GO TO 101

| FCNTRI =ABS(FNSTRI-FNPTRI) |

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * FCNTRI * * *
      * * * .LE. 1.1 * * *
      * * * F * * *
      * * * ++++++

```

GO TO 101

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * FNSTRI * * *
      * * * .GT. FNPTRI * * *
      * * * F * * *
      * * * ++++++

```

FNSTRI = FNPTRI + 1.0

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * FNSTRI * * *
      * * * .LT. FNPTRI * * *
      * * * F * * *
      * * * ++++++

```

FNSTRI = FNPTRI - 1.0

| NCNTRI=FNSTRI |

101

| KB1 =0
KB2 =1
KB3 =0 |

102

| KB1 =KB1+1 |

```

      * * * IF * * * T * * *
      * * * KB1 .GT. * * *
      * * * .ABTRI * * *
      * * * F * * *
      * * * ++++++

```

GO TO 105

| KB4 =0
WSBIT=BTRI(KB1)/FNSTRI |

103

| KB4 =KB4+1 |

SUBROUTINE SGRID

```
COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,OAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNOW ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPR ,HSPL ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NCUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XDVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,BX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPOS ,
LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,ERRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMODEL ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL
```

```
LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)
INTEGER*4 UNITN,OAREA,NULLV(1),GSP1
REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)
REAL*8 WORK(36)
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD
LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMODEL
EQUIVALENCE (RWORK1,DEL)
```

C CREATE GRID BOX ELEMENTS

```
CALL STPOS(IGDSC,XLL,YLL)
CALL PLINE(IGDSC,XUR,YLL)
CALL PLINE(IGDSC,XUR,YUR)
CALL PLINE(IGDSC,XLL,YUR)
CALL PLINE(IGDSC,XLL,YLL)
```

```
DEL = .5*VSPB
```

C CREATE LOWER TIC MARK ELEMENTS

```
CALL PSGMT(IGDSC,XTIC,YLL-DEL,XTIC,YLL+DEL,NULLV,NULLV,1,NXD,
1,0,1,0)
```

C CREATE UPPER TIC MARK ELEMENTS

```
CALL PSGMT(IGDSC,XTIC,YUR-DEL,XTIC,YUR+DEL,NULLV,NULLV,1,NXD,
1,0,1,0)
```

C CREATE LEFT TIC MARK ELEMENTS

```
CALL PSGMT(IGDSC,XLL-DEL,YTIC,XLL+DEL,YTIC,NULLV,NULLV,1,NYD,
0,1,0,1)
```

C CREATE RIGHT TIC MARK ELEMENTS

```
CALL PSGMT(IGDSC,XUR-DEL,YTIC,XUR+DEL,YTIC,NULLV,NULLV,1,NYD,
0,1,0,1)
```

```
RETURN
```

END

SUBROUTINE SHIFT1

```

COMMON/GSPD/WORK ,GSP1 ,UNITN ,I2250 ,IATN ,OAREA ,
NULLV ,IGDSC ,IPTNCH ,MAXPT ,IPT ,ISYM ,RWORK1 ,
IGDS4 ,IGDS5 ,IGDS6 ,IDSP ,RU ,HSPB ,HSPL ,
VSPB ,VSPL ,NOUT ,NXD ,NYD ,XSIZE ,YSIZE ,
XLL ,YLL ,XUR ,YUR ,XTIC ,YTIC ,XOVAL ,
YDVAL ,IKEY1 ,IKEY2 ,IKEY3 ,IKEY4 ,AX ,RX ,
AY ,BY ,YLPOS ,
LOGXSW ,LOGYSW ,NPTF ,NRGF ,FRRHD ,FA ,FB ,
FC ,GMOU1 ,GSPIN ,DUM ,IRECAL

```

```

LOGICAL*1 GSPIN, DUM(2)
REAL*4 XTIC(6),YTIC(6),XDVAL(6),YDVAL(6)
INTEGER*4 UNITN,OARFA,NULLV(1),GSP1
LOGICAL*1 FA,FB,FC,GMOU1
LOGICAL*1 LOGXSW,LOGYSW,NPTF,NRGF,ERRHD
REAL*8 WORK(36)

```

```

I IABSDP = IABS(IDSP)+1

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * IRECAL * * * * *
      *EQ. 0 * * * * *
      * * * * * F
      * * * * *
      * * * * * CALL OMIT(IGDSC)

```

```

CALL EXEC(IGDSC)
CALL BUFOUT(I2250,IABSDP,IRC)

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * IRC * * * * * NE.
      * * * * * C
      * * * * * F
      * * * * *
      * * * * * WRITE(NOUT,1040) IRC

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * * T
      * * * * * IRECAL * * * * *
      *EQ. 0 * * * * *
      * * * * * F
      * * * * *
      * * * * * GO TO 17

```

```

      * * * * * IF * * * * *
      * * * * * (IDSP)
      * * * * *
      * * * * * 0
      * * * * *
      * * * * * 111 112 111

```

```

11 CALL INCL(IGDS5,NULLV,IKEY3)
12 CALL ATTEN
CALL OMIT(IGDS5,NULLV,IKEY3)
17 CALL RESET(IGDSC)

```

```

I IDSP = IABSDP

```

```

14 RETURN

```

FORMAT 1040 FORMAT(' BUFFER READ
ERROR - R.C. = ',Z8)

END

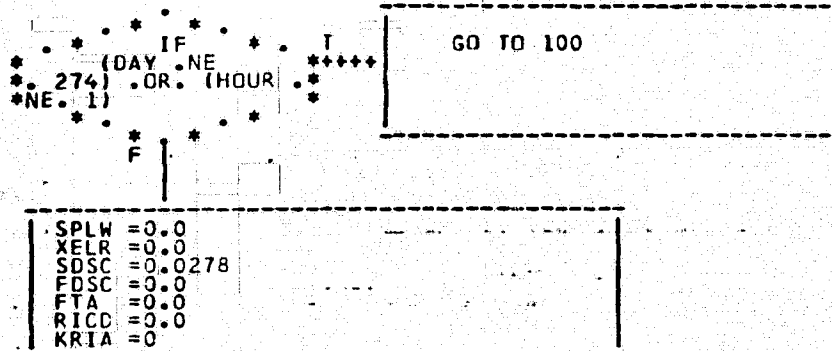
ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

FFSI,MRNSM,DSMGGH,SDEPTH,STMD,PXCSA,HOUR,SAX,SOFRF,QFRFIS,SOFRFI,
AMFSL,PRH,SPTW,TANSM,SPLW,SFMD,QFRF,WT4AM,WT4PM,ASM,ASMRG,
SASFX,SARAX,DMXT,DMNT,RICY,FIRRI)

```

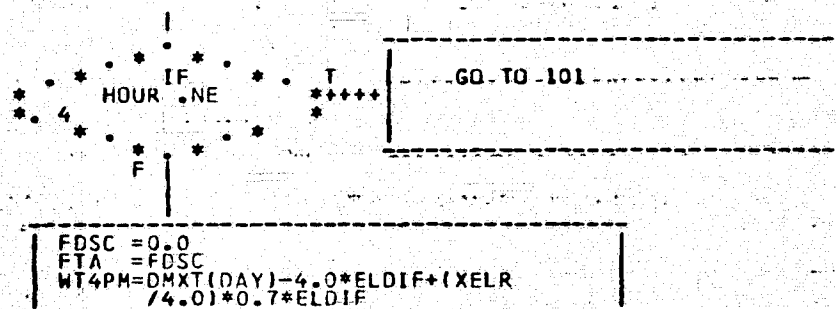
DIMENSION DMNT(366),DMXT(366),FIRR(15),RICY(37)
INTEGER DAY,HOUR
REAL MHSM,PRNSM

```



CONTINUE

C DMXT CURRENT DAY, DMNT NEXT DAY



```

graph TD
    START([START]) --> IF_EQ{IF .EQ}
    IF_EQ -- T --> SDSC_1[SDSC = -0.0278]
    IF_EQ -- F --> SDSC_2[SDSC = 0.0278]
    SDSC_1 --> IF_NE{IF .NE}
    SDSC_2 --> IF_NE
    IF_NE -- T --> GO_TO_102[GO TO 102]
    IF_NE -- F --> GO_TO_102
    GO_TO_102 --> STOP([STOP])
  
```

NDAY = DAY + 1

IF NDAY .EQ 366 THEN
NDAY = 1

IF NDAY .EQ 60 AND DMXT(366) .NE. 0.0 THEN
NDAY = 366

IF NDAY .EQ 367 THEN
NDAY = 60

WT4AM = DMNT(NDAY) - (XELR/4.0) * 3.3
*ELDIF

102

IF PRH .LE. 0.0 OR XELR .GE. 4.0 THEN
GO TO 103

WT4AM = WT4AM - 0.825 * ELDIF

WT4PM = WT4PM + 0.175 * ELDIF
XELR = XELR + 1.0

103

IF PRH .NE. 0.0 OR XELR .LE. 4.0 THEN
GO TO 104

WT4AM = WT4AM + 0.825 * ELDIF
WT4PM = WT4PM - 0.175 * ELDIF
XELR = XELR - 1.0

104

TEH = WT4AM + FTA * (WT4PM - WT4AM)
FDSC = FDSC + SDSC
FTA = FTA + FDSC

1107

106

DNFS = XDNFS

107

IF SPTW .GT. SDEPTH *++++
 * C.O. AND SPTW *
 * .GT. SPTW *
 * F *
 SDEPTH/SPTW*((0.10*SDEPTH)*0.25)

SDEPTH = SDEPTH - (PRH

SPTW = SPTW + PRH
 SDEPTH = SDEPTH + (PRH/DNFS)
 SASFX = SASFX + PRH

IF SASFX .GT. PXCSA *++++
 * E. PXCSA *
 * F *
 GO TO 108

1109

108

SAX = SAX - 1.0

IF SAX .LT. 0.0 *++++
 * 0.0 *
 * F *
 SAX = 0.0

SASFX = SASFX - PXCSA

109

PRH = 0.0

110

CONTINUE

IF SPTW .LE. 0.0 *++++
 * 0.0 *
 * F *
 GO TO 127

C SEASONAL MELT FACTOR ADJUSTMENT

FCAY = DAY

$KAAO = KRIA$
 $KRIA = 1.0 + (FDAY/10.0)$

IF $KAAO \leq NE$ THEN
 $RICD = RICV(KRIA)$

IF $TEH \leq LE$ THEN
 GO TO 111

1114

C CALCULATION OF NEGATIVE MELT

111

IF $TANSM \leq L$ THEN
 GO TO 112

IF $TANSM \leq L$ THEN
 $TANSM = TANSM + ((5.0 * MRNSM) ** (1.3 + 2.0 * TANSM))$
 1113

112

$TANSM = TANSM + MRNSM$

113

IF $TANSM \leq G$ THEN
 $TANSM = 0.08 * SPTH$
 1127

C EFFECT OF RAIN ON ALBEDO

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 OF POOR QUALITY

114

SARAX=SARAX+PRH

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * SARAX .L * * * * *
      * * PXCSA/2.0 * * * * *
      * * T * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

GO TO 115

SAX =SAX+1.0

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * SAX .GT. * * * * *
      * * 15.0 * * * * *
      * * T * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

SAX = 15.0

```

SASFX=0.0
SARAX=SARAX- (PXCSA/2.0)

```

115

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * TEH .GT. * * * * *
      * * 32.0 * * * * *
      * * T * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

HSM = (TEH -32.0)*BUDFS

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * TEH .LT. * * * * *
      * * 32.0 * * * * *
      * * T * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

HSM = 0.0

```

HSM =HSM*RICD
KAA =1.0+SAX

```

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * SAX .LT. * * * * *
      * * 15.0 * * * * *
      * * T * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

$$HSM = HSM * (1.0 - ((1.0 - FFOR) * FIRR(KAA)))$$

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * SAX .EQ. * * * * *
      * * 15.0 * * * * *
      * * T * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

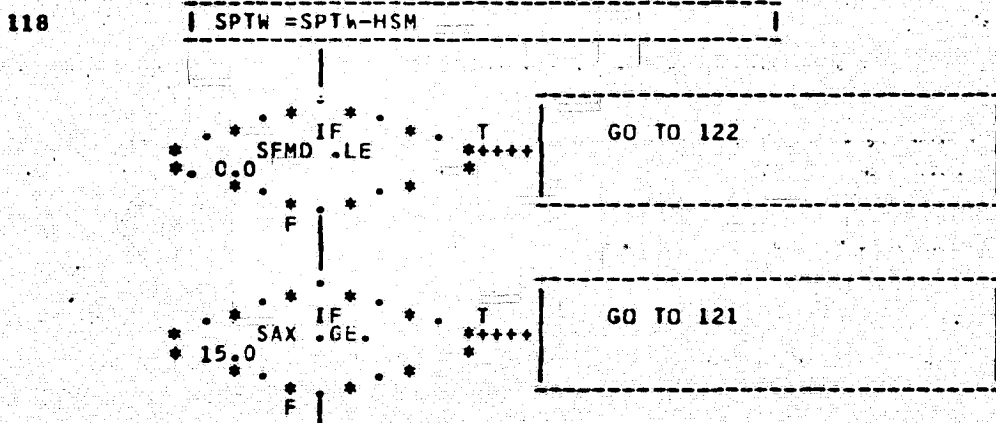
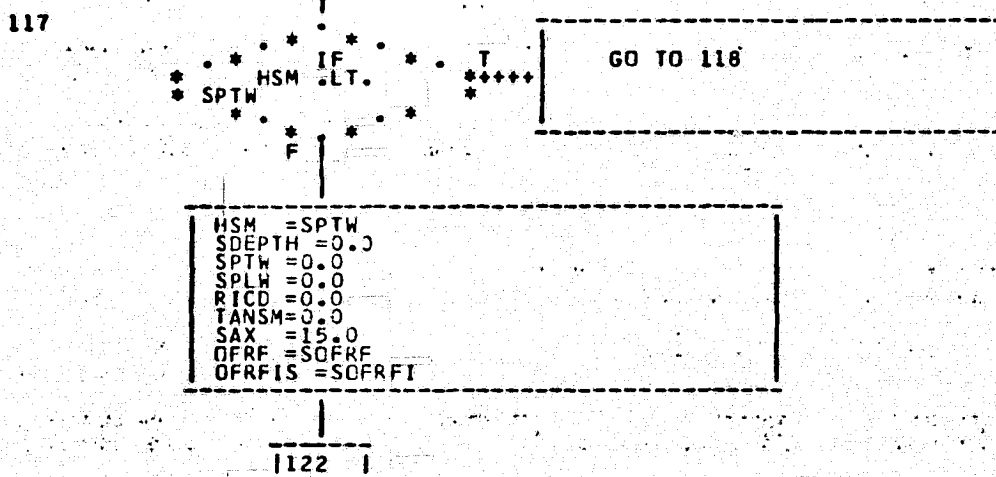
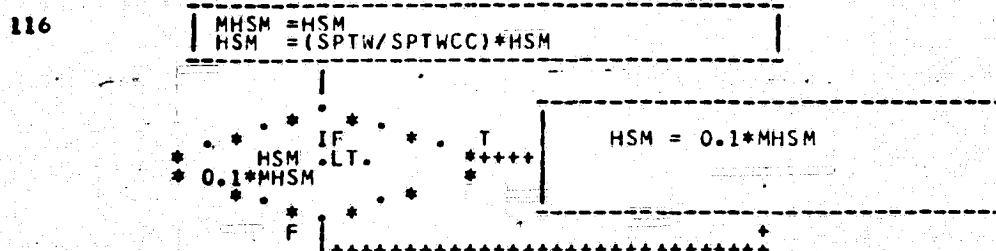
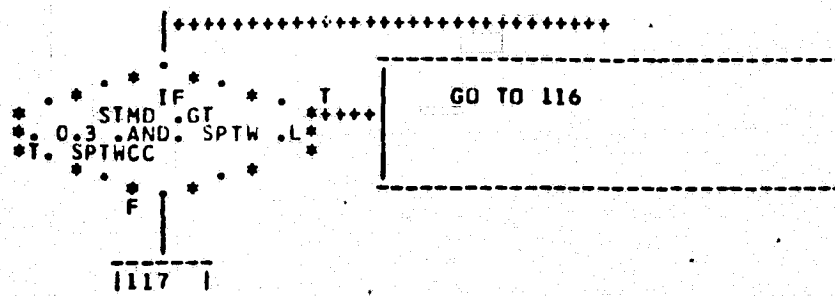
$$HSM = HSM * (1.0 - ((1.0 - FFOR) * FIRR(15)))$$

```

      * * * * *
      * * IF * * * * *
      * * PRH .GT. * * * * *
      * * 0.0 * * * * *
      * * T * * * * *
      * * F * * * * *

```

$$HSM = HSM + ((TEH - 32.0) * (PRH/144.0))$$



1122

1122

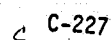
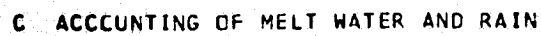
1122

CONTINUE

C CALCULATION OF LIQUID-WATER-HOLDING CAPACITY

* * * IF * T
* SFMD GT * +++++
* 0.6 *
* F

SPLWC = SP8FLW*(3.0 - 3
.33*SFMD)*SPTW



C CALCULATION OF DENSITY AND ADJUSTMENT OF OVERLAND FLOW TIME

GO TO 128

```
STMD = (SPTW+SPLW)/SDEPTH
SFMD = SPTW/SDEPTH
OFRF = 0.33*SOFRF
```

$$QFRF = (1.0 - (SPTW/SPTWCC) * 0.67) * SQFRF$$

OFRF = SOFRF

$$OFRFIS = SOFRFI * OFRF / SOFRF$$

C CALCULATION OF GROUND MELT

RETURN

GO TO 129

PRH = PRH+DSMGH
SPTW = SPTW-DSMGH

SDEPTH = SDEPTH -

2.0*DSMGH

129

RETURN

PRH = SPTW + PRH + SPLW
TANSM = 0.0
RICO = 0.0
SPLW = 0.0
SDEPTH = 0.0
SPTW = 0.0
SAX = 15.0
QFRF = SOFRF
QFRFIS = SOFRFI

RETURN

END

```

SUBROUTINE STAT(R,S,N,AREA,MAXR,MAXS,SSQ,SSQI,SUMD,
                SUMSQ,MEANR,MEANS,VARR,VARF,CORCF)

```

```

C

```

```

C

```

```

    INTEGER I,N

```

```

    REAL R(N),S(N),AREA,SUMS,SUMR,MAXS,MAXR,SSQ,SSQI,SUMD,SUMSQ

```

```

    REAL MEANS,MEANR,VARF,VARR,CORCF

```

```

    REAL TEMP,TEMPS,TEMPR,AS,AR,ASR

```

```

C

```

```

C

```

```

C    INPUT: S = ARRAY OF SIMULATED READINGS

```

```

C           R = ARRAY OF OBSERVED READINGS

```

```

C           N = NUMBER OF READINGS

```

```

C           AREA = AREA OF WATERSHED

```

```

C

```

```

C    OUTPUT: SUMS = SUM OF SIMULATED READINGS

```

```

C           SUMR = SUM OF OBSERVED READINGS

```

```

C           MAXS = MAXIMUM OF SIMULATED READINGS

```

```

C           MAXR = MAXIMUM OF OBSERVED READINGS

```

```

C           SSQ = SUM SQUARED WITH WEIGHT OF 20

```

```

C           SSQI = SUM SQUARED WITH VARIABLE WEIGHT

```

```

C           SUMD = SUM OF (OBSERVED - SIMULATED) READINGS

```

```

C           SUMSQ = SQRT OF SUM OF (OBSERVED - SIMULATED)**2)

```

```

C           MEANS = MEAN OF SIMULATED READINGS

```

```

C           MEANR = MEAN OF OBSERVED READINGS

```

```

C           VARF = VARIANCE OF SIMULATED READINGS

```

```

C           VARR = VARIANCE OF ACTUAL READINGS

```

```

C           CORCF = CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

```

```

C

```

```

C

```

```

C

```

```

SUMS = 0.
SUMR = 0.
MAXS = S(1)
MAXR = R(1)
SSQ = 0.
SSQ1 = 0.
SUMD = 0.
SUMSQ = 0.

```

```

DO LOOP TO
  STMT # 100
  I = 1, N

```

```

TEMPS = S(I)
TEMPR = R(I)

```

COMPUTE SUM OF READINGS

```

SUMS = SUMS + TEMPS
SUMR = SUMR + TEMPR

```

FIND MAX OF READINGS

```

MAXS = AMAX1(MAXS, TEMPS)
MAXR = AMAX1(MAXR, TEMPR)

```

COMPUTE SUM SQUARES

```

IF I .EQ. 1
  F

```

GO TO 50

```

WEIGHT = 20.

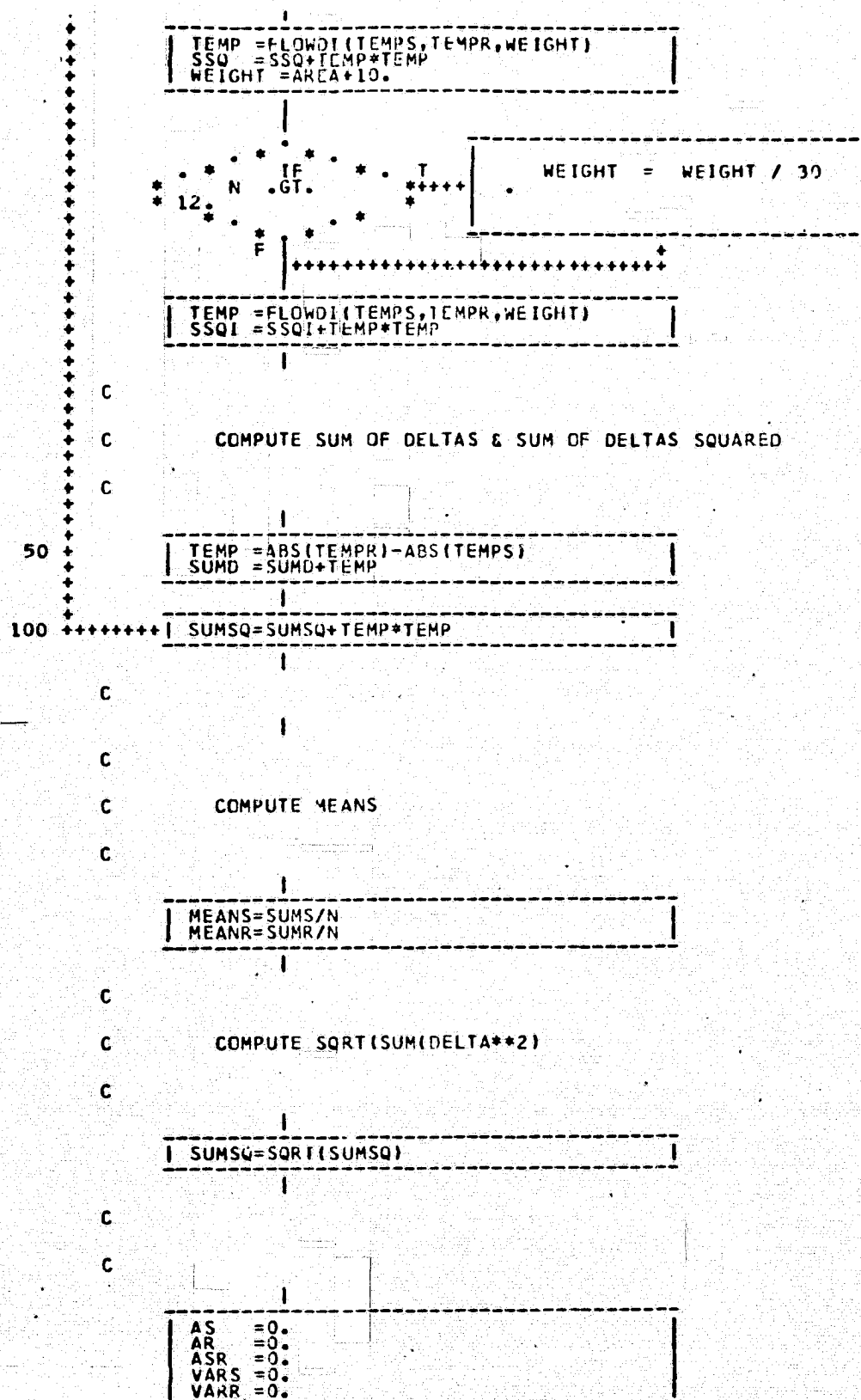
```

```

IF N .GT. 12
  F

```

WEIGHT = WEIGHT / 20



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OF POOR QUALITY

```

C
C
      +-----+
      | DC LOOP TO |
      | STMT # 200 |
      | I= 1, N    |
      +-----+
C
C
      COMPUTE INTERMEDIATE VARIANCE & CORRELATION COEFFICIENT
C
      +-----+
      | TEMPS=S(I)-MEANS |
      | TEMP =TEMPS*TEMPS |
      | AS  =AS+TEMP      |
      | VARS =VARS+TEMP   |
      +-----+
C
      +-----+
      | TEMPR=R(I)-MEANR |
      | TEMP =TEMPR*TEMPR |
      | AR  =AR+TEMP      |
      | ASR =ASR+TEMPS*TEMPR |
      +-----+
200 +-----+ | VARR =VARR+TEMP |
      +-----+
C
C
      COMPUTE VARIANCE & CORRELATION COEFFICIENT
C
      +-----+
      | VARS =VARS/(N-1) |
      | VARR =VARR/(N-1) |
      | CORCF=ASR/SQRT(AS*AR) |
      +-----+
      RETURN

```

E

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

FUNCTION TABLE(X,Y,N,VALX)

DIMENSION X(1),Y(1)

C

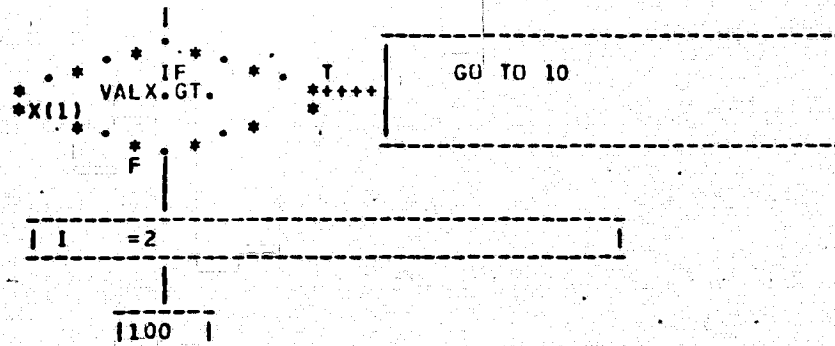
C SUBROUTINE TO PERFORM A TABLE LOOKUP AND LINEAR INTERPOLATION

C

YINT(X1,X2,Y1,Y2) = (Y1-Y2)*(VALX-X2)/(X1-X2) + Y2

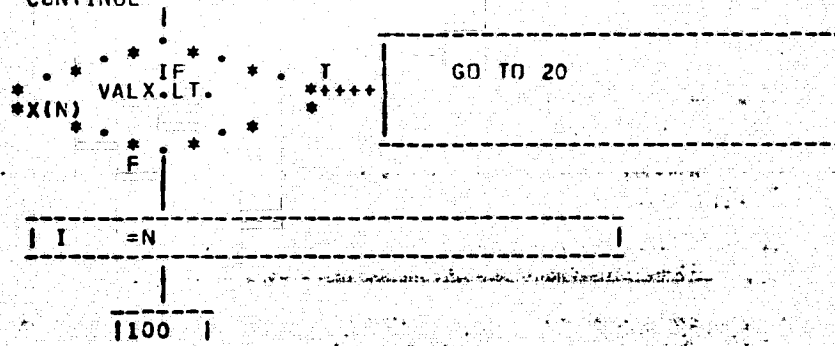
C

C TEST FOR VALX OUTSIDE RANGE OF X TABLE



10

CONTINUE

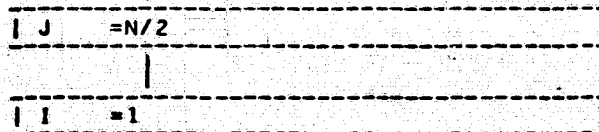


C

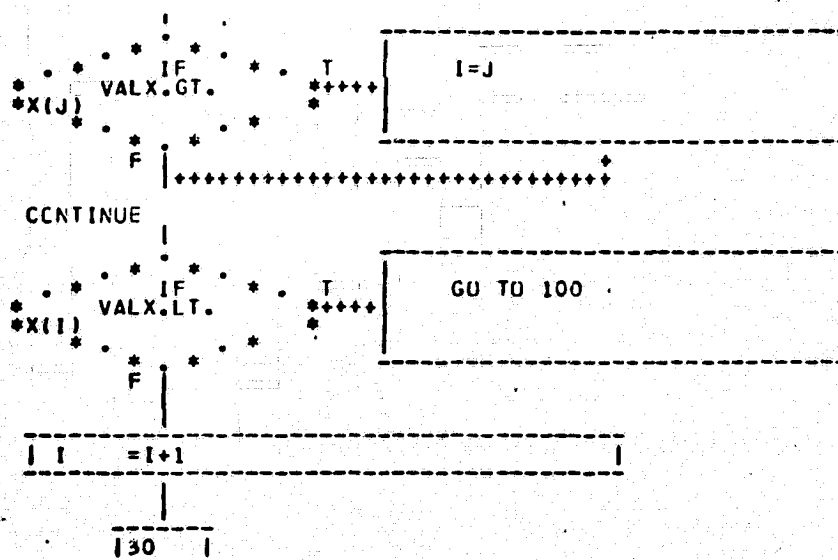
C VALX WITHIN RANGE OF X TABLE

20

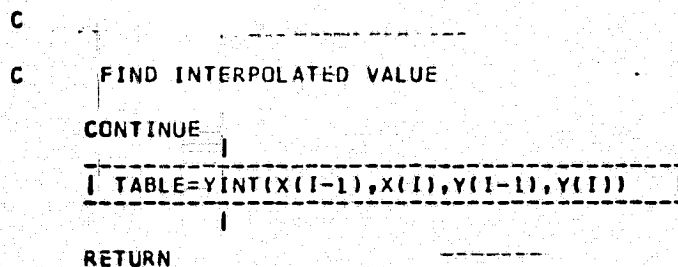
CONTINUE



30



100



END